A logo for college computing

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**Assessment Cover Page**

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| --- | --- |
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| *Module Title* | Storage Solutions for Big Data |
| *Assessment Title* | CA2 |
| *Assessment Due Date* | 24th November |
| *Date of Submission* |  |

**Declaration**

By submitting this assessment, I confirm that I have read the CCT policy on academic misconduct and understand the implications of submitting work that is not my own or does not appropriately reference material taken from a third party or other source.

I declare it to be my own work and that all material from third parties has been appropriately referenced.

I further confirm that this work has not previously been submitted for assessment by myself or someone else in CCT College Dublin or any other higher education institution.

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# Assessment Task

## Question 1

Define Big Data and outline its key characteristics. Discuss the potential for banks to increase profits through big data processing and analysis. Identify three businesses that have successfully leveraged big data storage solutions in recent times.

(10 Marks)

## Answer

Big data refers to extremely large and complex data sets that cannot be easily managed or analysed with traditional data processing tools, particularly spreadsheets (Oracle, 2024). Big Data includes diverse formats, such as structured, semi-structured, and unstructured data from a wide range of sources like social media, sensors, transactional activities, and more.

**Main Characteristics of Big Data:**

Traditionally, big data was recognised by three characteristics known as the “three Vs”: variety, volume, and velocity. Over the past few years, two additional Vs have emerged: value and veracity.

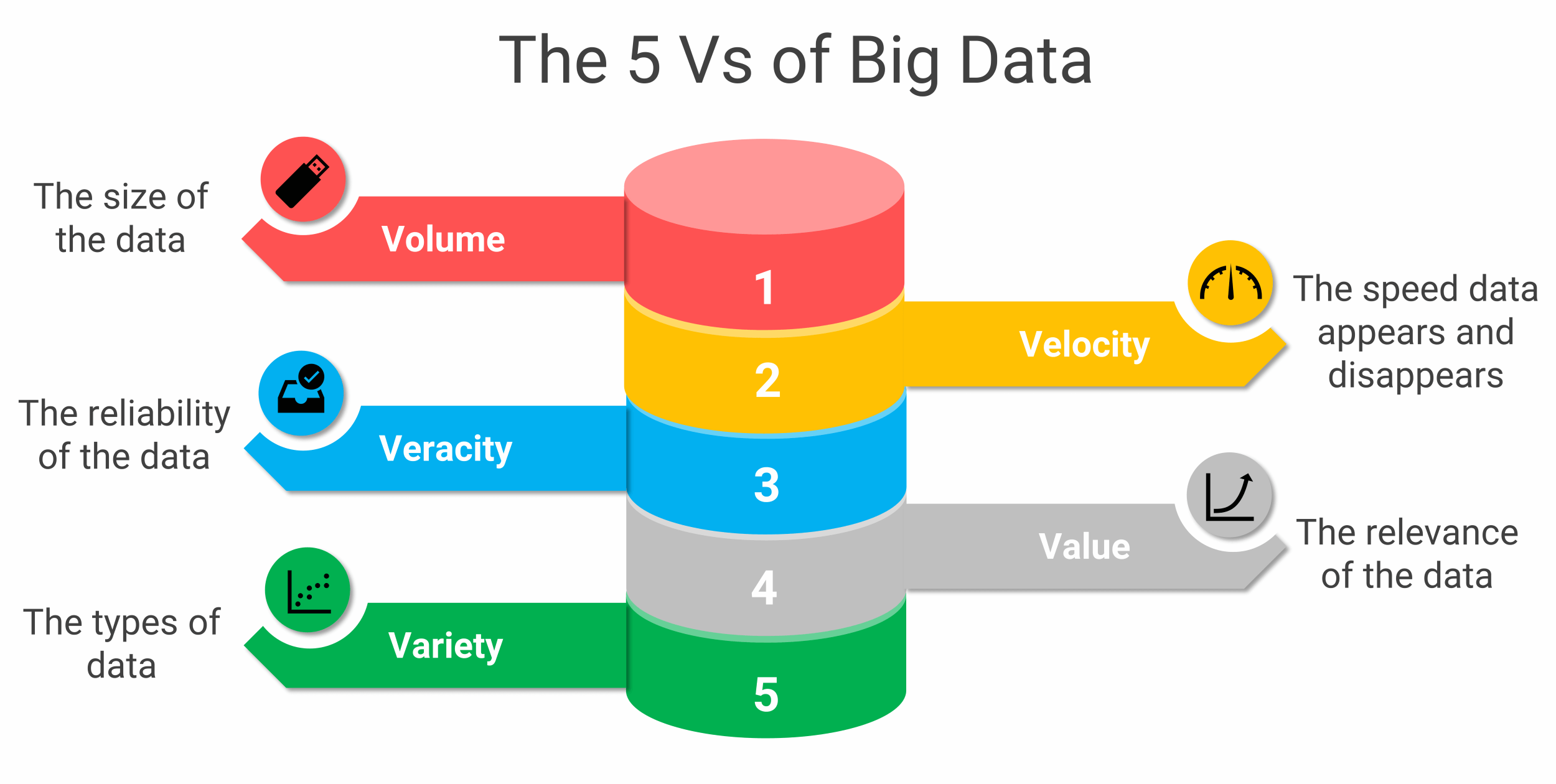


Fig 1. 5Vs of Big Data (Passionned Group. 2024).

**Potential for banks to increase profits through Big Data:**

Banks can increase their profits significantly by ramping up their Big Data capabilities in the following ways:

* **Customer profiling:** By analysing transactional and behavioural data, banks can offer personalized financial products and services, boosting customer satisfaction and loyalty.
* **Fraud detection:** Real-time Big Data processing enables banks to identify potential fraudsters swiftly, minimizing losses.
* **Decisions on lending:** Big Data can streamline loan approvals and decision-making processes, which can be optimized or even automated.
* **Compliance with regulations:** Big data analytics and BI tools go a long way in making the task of compliance with regulations easier.
* **Cybersecurity:** While cyber-attacks have been growing, banks are looking towards big data analytics and AI tools to improve their cybersecurity because threats from inside the organizations have also started emerging. (V. Zubenko, 2023)

**Three businesses that have successfully leveraged big data storage solutions:**

* **Uber:** Big data in route optimization, demand estimation, and dynamic pricing are applied. Gathering enormous pieces of information on GPS, traffic patterns, and user behaviour, Uber analyses the data in real time to fit ride-matching. It actively predicts rider demand to study scheduling. This helps in improving the experience of users and reduces costs. (ProjectPro, 2024)
* **Spotify:** Spotify uses big data in recommending music and curated playlists to users, each according to taste. Using machine learning by analysing user listening habits, playlists, and genre preferences, Spotify predicts and recommends songs that their users are likely to enjoy. This personalisation keeps them on the platform for longer periods of time and raises subscription revenue. (Y. Müstecaplıoğlu, 2024)
* **John Deere:** Agricultural machinery company John Deere installs big data and IoT devices in its agricultural machinery. These devices will give actionable data with respect to crop health, soil quality, and weather conditions. This sets of information, therefore, aids farmers right from planting to harvest with optimized yield and minimal wastage. They help farmers speed up profitability and efficiency by providing actionable insights into data and, in the process, enhance their relationship with customers and their service offerings. (John Deere, 2024)

## Question 2

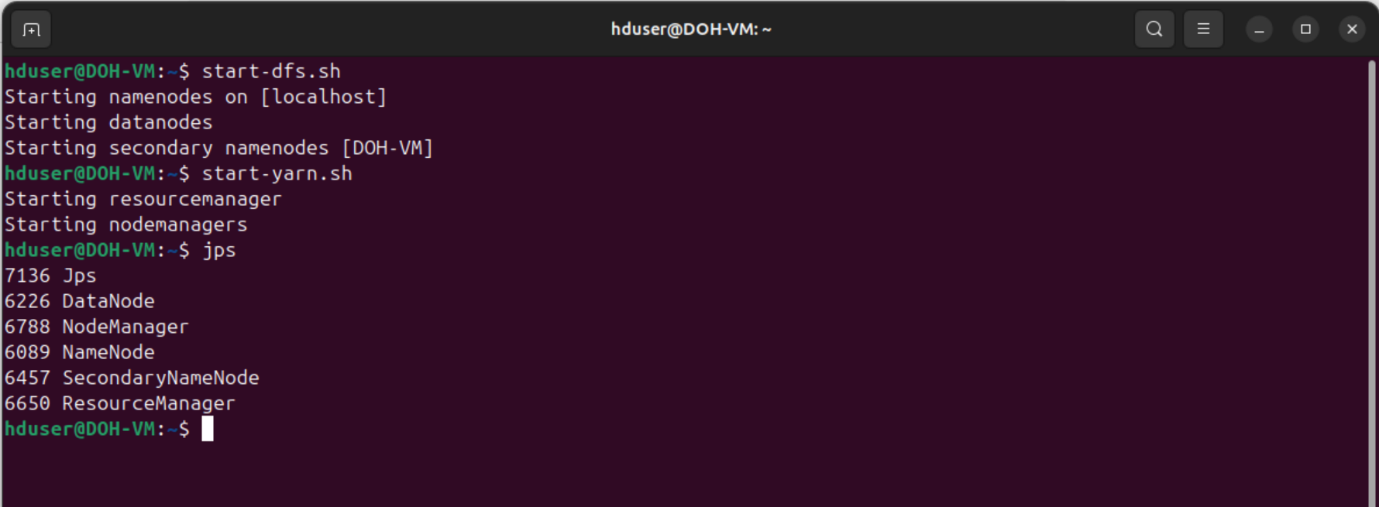
Provide the screenshots based on your VM (hduser@studentusername:~$) or Google cloud platform (we check the Google cloud has been used or not, if not used, zero marks) for the following processes

1. Start all five processes of hadoop distributed file system
2. Find the text dataset of size (600 MB at least) and create a folder on hadoop named CA2. Copy the dataset from VM to the hdfs directory (CA2) the data.
3. Execute Mapper and Reducer programmes by using loaded input file.
4. Display the frequency of each word obtained from the dataset
5. Download the output file from hadoop and upload it on Moodle. If you could not provide the screenshots for all commands or related files, no marks will be awarded.

(30 Marks)

## Answer

1. Start all five processes of Hadoop distributed file system.

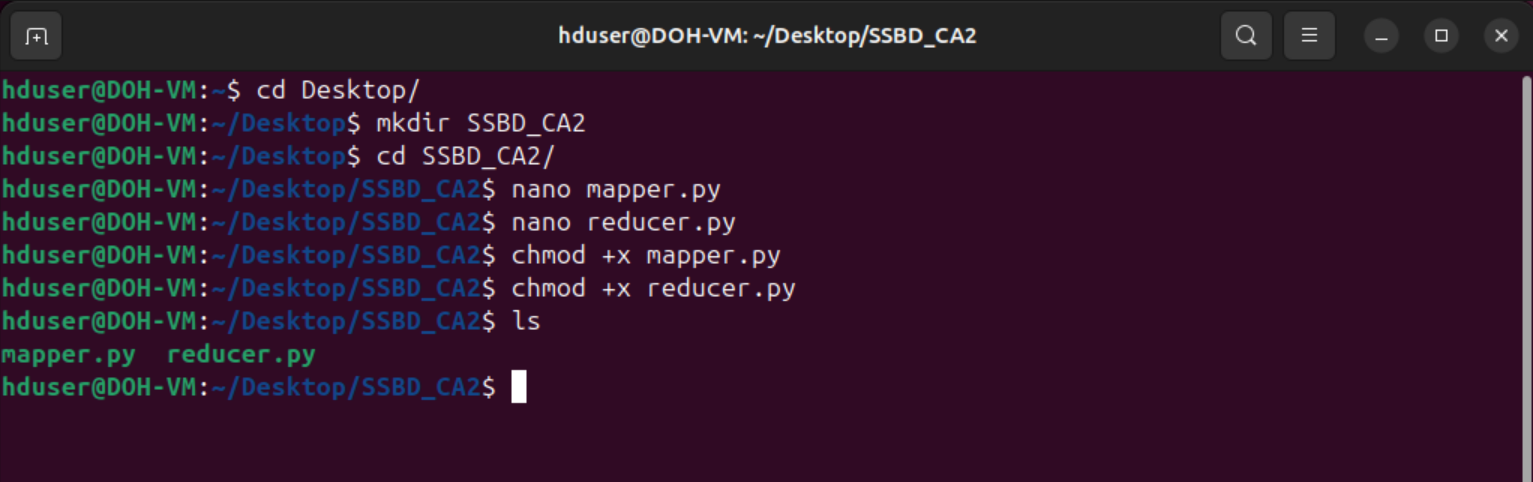


1. I found “[The Enron email dataset](https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/wcukierski/enron-email-dataset)” which consists of around 500,000 emails generated by employees of the Enron Corporation. The dataset comprises of two columns “file” & “message” and is approximately 1.39GB in size.

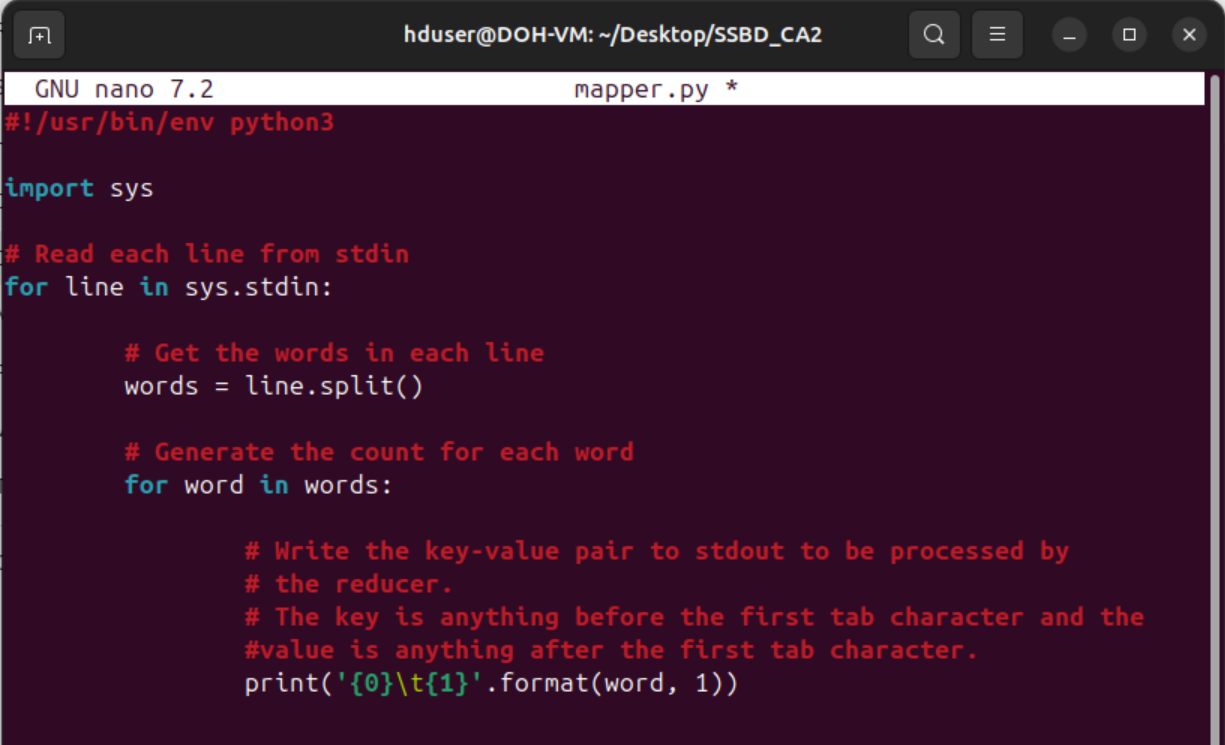
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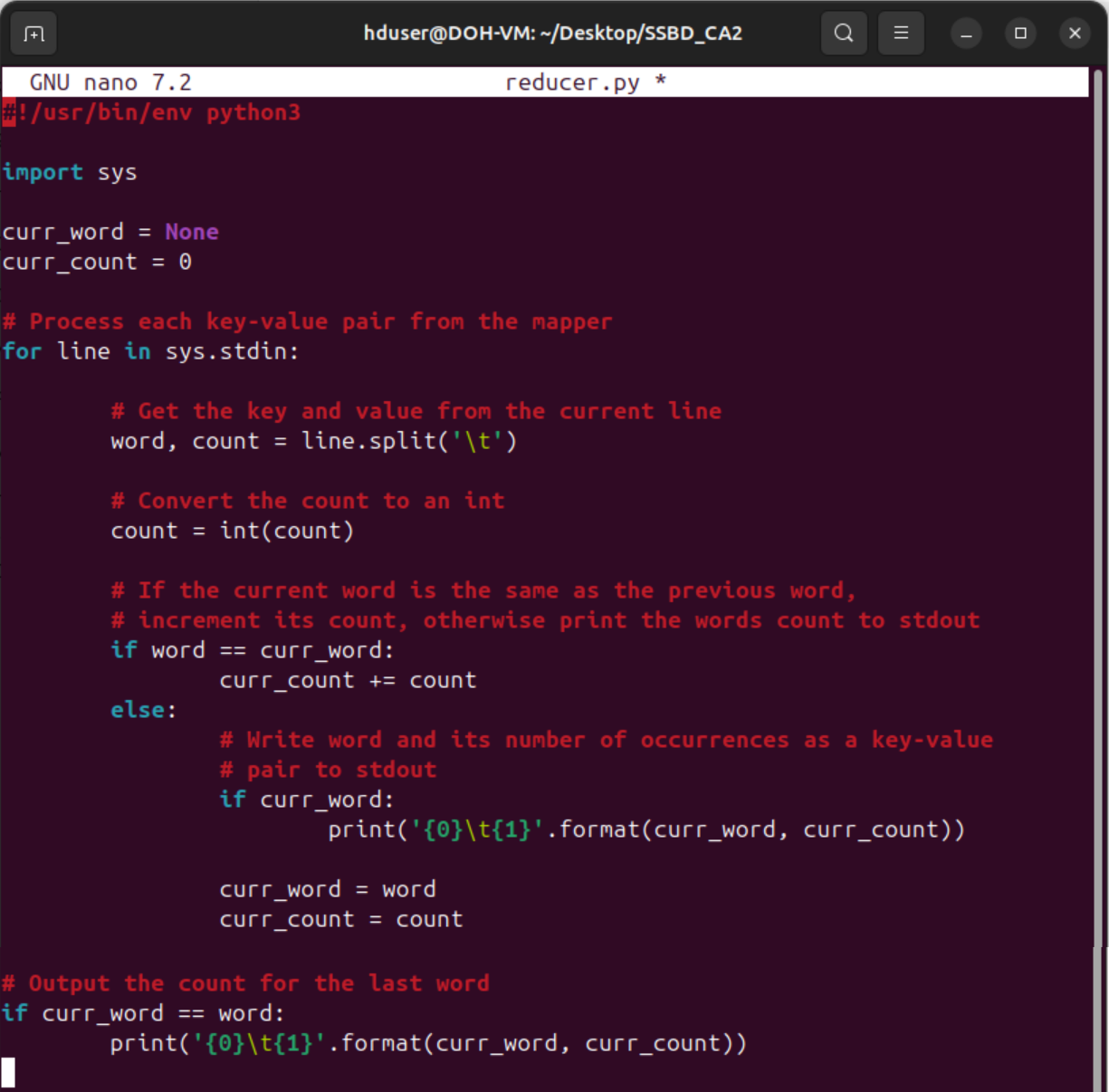
1. Execute Mapper and Reducer programmes by using loaded input file.



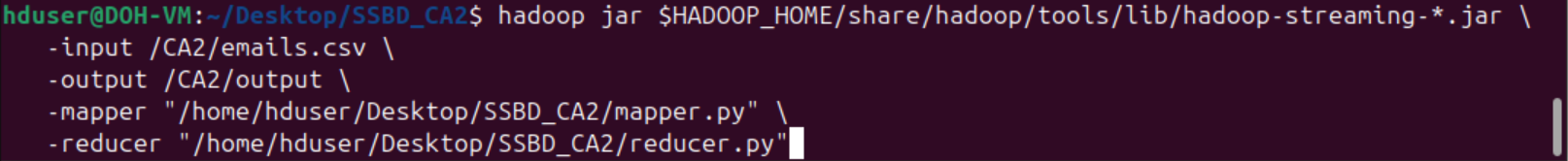
Creating the mapper.py file.

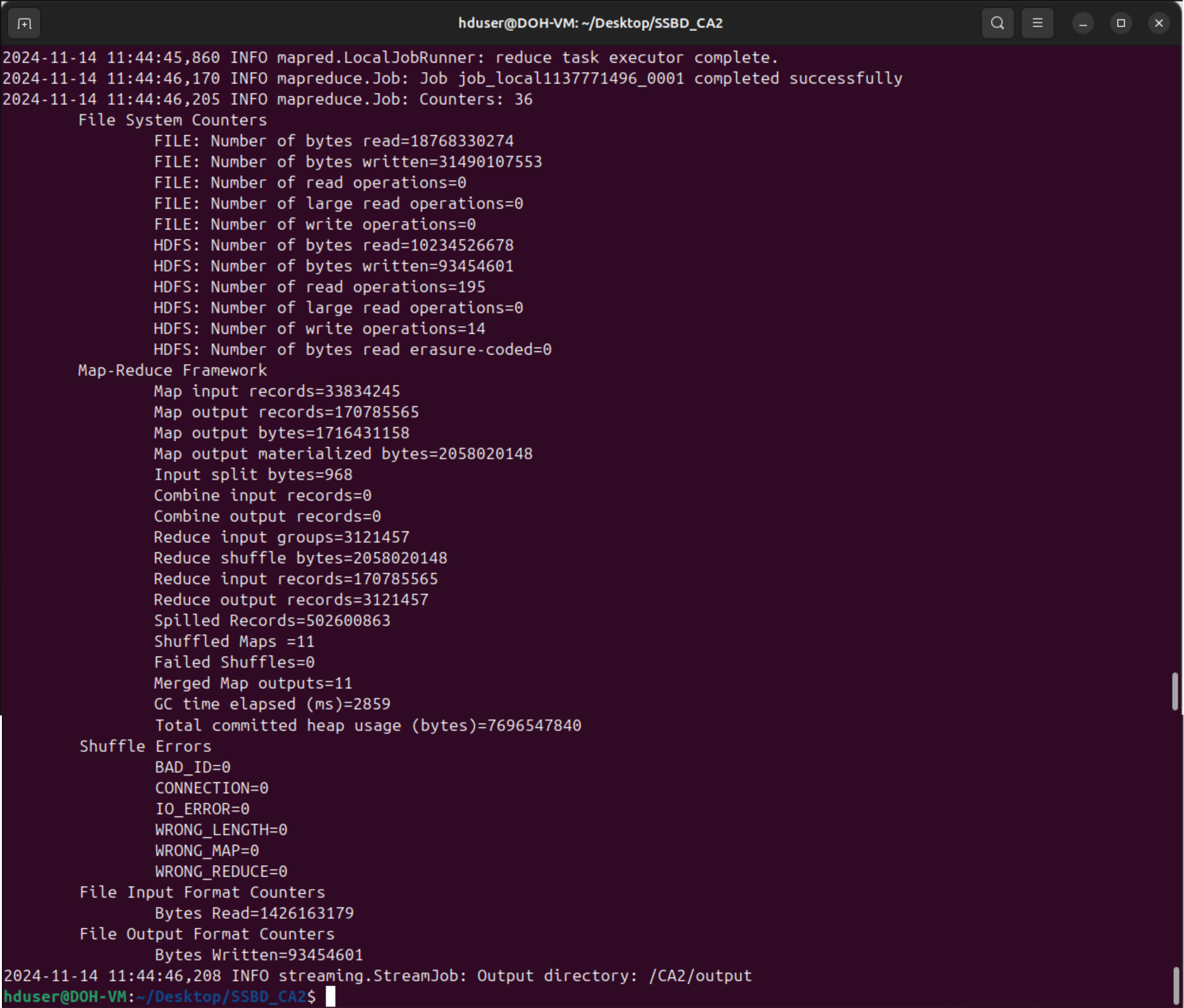


Creating the reducer.py file.



Creating the reducer.py file.

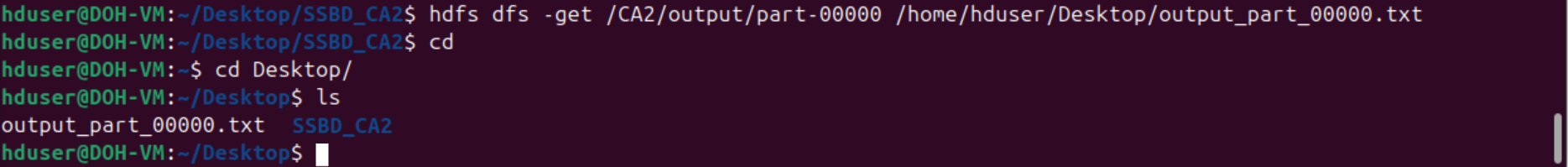






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## Question 3

Discuss and demonstrate a comparison of MySQL and Apache Hive based on the architecture and performance. Consider a dataset and perform a query on both systems with at least 5,000 rows and at least 5 features. Show the duration of query execution by displaying screenshots obtained from a virtual machine (VM).

(20 Marks)

## Answer

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Aspect** | **MySQL** | **Hive** |
| **Architecture** | Relational database (RDBMS) | Data warehouse system built on top of Hadoop. |
| **Processing Model** | Row-based processing. | Batch processing via MapReduce or Tez (columnar storage). |
| **Execution Engine** | Single-node processing for queries. | Distributed processing using Hadoop. |
| **Storage** | Stores data directly in database files. | Reads data from HDFS or similar distributed storage. |
| **Schema** | Strict schema enforcement. | Schema-on-read (data can be queried without enforcement). |
| **Performance** | Low-latency queries, optimized for OLTP. | High-latency but scales well for OLAP and large datasets. |
| **Data Size** | Best suited for small to medium datasets. | Handles petabyte-scale datasets. |
| **Use Cases** | Transactional systems, small-medium datasets. | Data warehousing, analytics on large datasets. |

Hive example

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MYSQL example



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## Question 4

Using Apache Pig and the provided dataset with columns Invoice, StockCode, Description, Quantity, InvoiceDate, Price, Customer ID, and Country, write a Pig script to calculate the total sales generated by customers in each country, as well as identify the top 10 products sold overall. Your script should compute the total sales for each country and then list the top 10 products based on the total sales amount. Ensure to handle any null or invalid values appropriately in the dataset. Provide the Screenshots for the execution of Pig Script on VM and explain the purpose of all these steps.

(20 Marks)

## Answer

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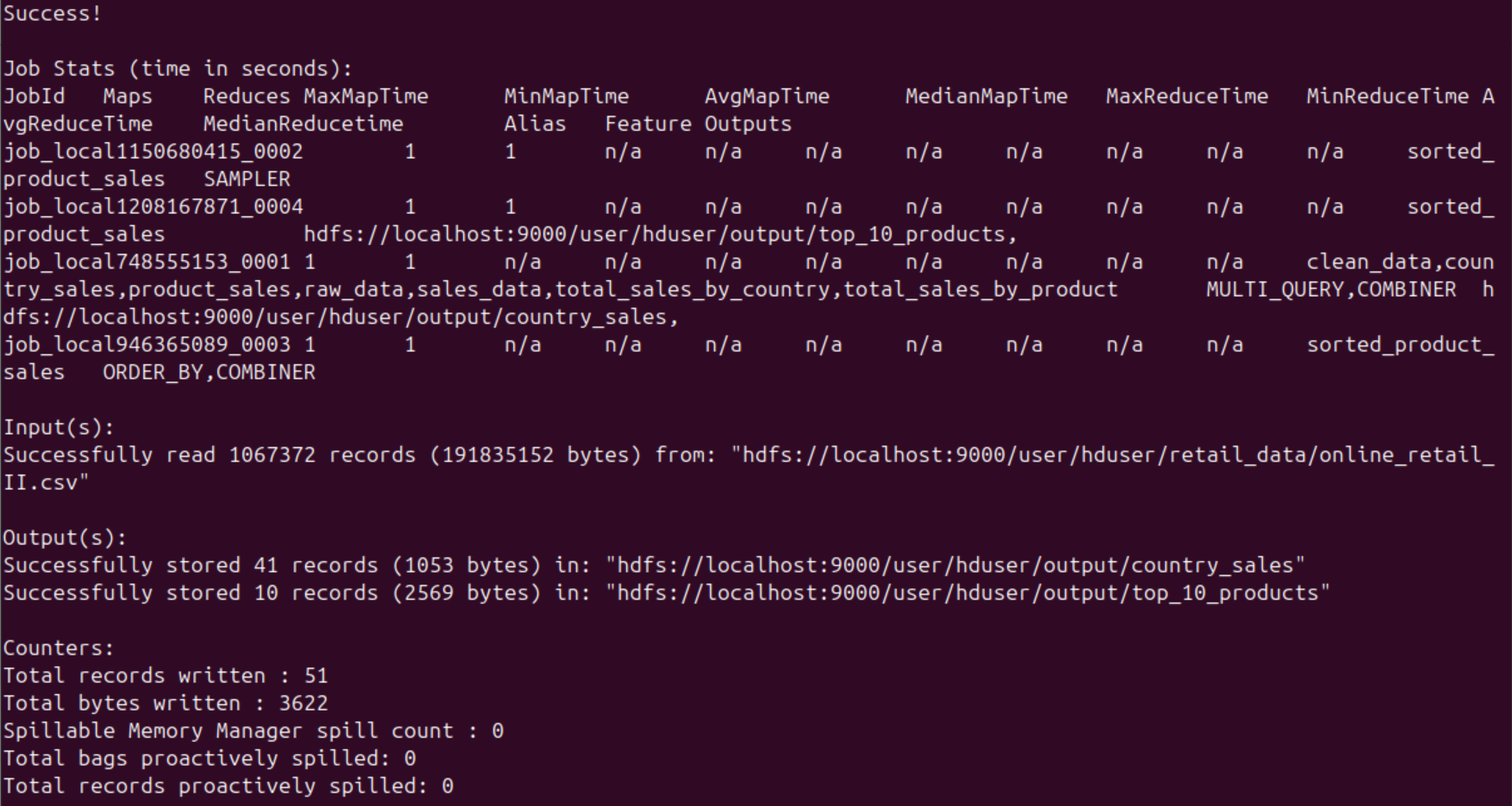
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## Question 5

Explain Apache Flink architecture and illustrate with your own conceptual diagram (Use of online/ book images is prohibited, Use draw.io to create the image). What is Apache Storm, and how does it differ from other distributed computing systems? Consider a text file comprising at least 25,000 words and write a wordcount program (Java/ Python) to count the frequency of words and related aggregation functions.

(20 Marks)

## Answer

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Fig 1. 5Vs of Big Data: Passionned Group. (2024). Big Data Analytics: Definition, Pros and Cons, Applications, Opportunities, and Risks. Available at: <https://www.passionned.com/big-data/>

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