

## Homework Suggested Problems

sec 0.1 : {4b,5k,6b,7c}  
sec 0.2 : {29}  
sec 2.1 : {3c,6a,11,14b}  
sec 2.2 : {5b,8c,12b}  
sec 3.1 : {11 correction:  $\text{floor}(x) + n = \text{floor}(x+n)$  and  $n$  is an integer, 31a}  
sec 3.2 : {20a,23b,23c,24c}  
sec 3.3 : {6,22b}

## Problems from the Notes

**Problem 1.** Use a truth table to show that  $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge (Q \rightarrow R) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow R)$ .

**Problem 2.** Prove that if  $x$  is odd then  $x^2$  is odd.

**Problem 3.** Let  $x$  be an integer. Prove that  $x^2 - 3x + 9$  is odd.

**Problem 4.** Prove that if  $x^2$  is even then  $x$  is even.

**Problem 5.** Prove that no odd integer can be expressed as the sum of three even integers.

**Problem 6.** Disprove the following statement. For all positive integers  $x$ , if  $\frac{x(x+1)}{2}$  is odd then  $\frac{(x+1)(x+2)}{2}$  is odd.

**Problem 7.** Is the statement "Let  $x$  be a real number." a mathematical statement?

**Problem 8.** Write out the elements of the following sets.

1.  $\{x | x^2 + 2x - 3 = 0\}$
2.  $\{\{\}, 1, \{1, 2, 3\}\}$

**Problem 9** (The Division Algorithm). Let  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}, b \neq 0$ . Then there exist unique integers  $q$  and  $r$ , with  $0 \leq r < |b|$  such that  $a = qb + r$ .

**Problem 10.** Which of the common sets are supersets of  $\mathbb{I}$ ? Which of the common sets are subsets of  $\mathbb{I}$ ?

**Problem 11.** Write the power set for the set  $\{\{1, 2\}, 3, \{\}\}$ .

**Problem 12.** How many elements are in the power set of a set containing exactly three elements?

**Problem 13.** Let  $A, B$ , and  $C$  be sets such that  $A \in B$ . Prove that if  $B \subseteq C$  then  $A \in C$ .

**Problem 14.** Let  $A = \{a, b, c\}$  and  $B = \{A, b, 3\}$ . Find  $A \cup B$  and  $A \cap B$ .

**Problem 15.** Make a Venn diagram for the sets  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ ,  $B = \{1, 4, 5\}$ , and  $C = \{2, 5, 7\}$ .

**Problem 16.** Prove that for any set  $A$  and  $B$ ,  $(A \cap B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$ .

**Problem 17.** Suppose  $a, b$ , and  $c$  are integers such that  $c \mid a$  and  $c \mid b$ . Show that  $c \mid (ax + yb)$  for any integers  $x$  and  $y$ .

**Problem 18.** Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and  $B = \{a, b, c, d\}$ . Give an example of a relation from  $A$  to  $B$  containing exactly three elements such that the relation is not a function from  $A$  to  $B$ .

**Problem 19.** Let  $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$  and  $B = \{x, y, z\}$ . Then  $f\{(a, y), (b, z), (c, y), (d, z)\}$  is a function from  $A$  to  $B$ . Determine  $\text{dom } f$  and  $\text{rng } f$ .

**Problem 20.** Show that the function  $\{(x_1, x_2) \mid x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{Z}, x_1^2 = x_2\}$  is one-to-one.

**Problem 21.** Using the definition of function composition, verify that  $g \circ f$  is a function from  $A$  to  $C$ .

**Problem 22.** Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ ,  $B = \{a, b, c, d\}$  and  $C = \{r, s, t, u, v\}$  and define the functions  $f : A \rightarrow B$  and  $g : B \rightarrow C$  by

$$f = \{(1, b), (2, d), (3, a), (4, a)\} \text{ and } g = \{(a, u), (b, r), (c, r), (d, s)\}.$$

Determine  $g \circ f$  and  $(g \circ f)(1)$ .

**Problem 23.** Suppose  $f$  is a one-to-one and onto function from  $\mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ . Prove that the function  $g$  from  $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{Z}$  defined by  $g : (m, n) \mapsto (m, f(n))$  is one-to-one and onto.