

Fraud Risk Awareness Briefing – Slide Deck

Complete Presentation Content for Leadership & Trustees

Presentation Metadata

- **Total Slides:** 12 core + 3 optional
- **Duration:** 30 minutes (45-60 with optional modules)
- **Format:** PowerPoint/Google Slides/Keynote
- **Design Notes:** Professional, minimal text, high-impact visuals

SLIDE 1: Title Slide

Visual Design

Background: Professional gradient (navy to teal) or organisational brand colors

Layout: Centered content

Content

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FRAUD RISK MANAGEMENT

A New Era of Accountability

## Awareness Briefing for Leadership & Trustees

[Date]

[Organisation Name]

Presented by: [Facilitator Name, Title]

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### ### Speaker Notes

- Welcome attendees
- Introduce yourself and role
- State workshop objectives: understand regulatory landscape, leadership responsibilities, and immediate next steps
- Emphasize interactive nature - encourage questions throughout

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### ## SLIDE 2: Opening & Context

### ### Title

\*\*"The Failure to Prevent Fraud Offence: What You Need to Know"\*\*

### ### Visual Design

\*\*Left Column (50%):\*\* Large icon or graphic representing law/compliance

\*\*Right Column (50%):\*\* Key facts

### ### Content

\*\*The New Landscape:\*\*

 \*\*Effective:\*\* September 2025

 \*\*Source:\*\* Economic Crime and Corporate Transparency Act 2023

 \*\*Target:\*\* Organisations, not just individuals

 \*\*Penalty:\*\* Unlimited fines + director disqualification + reputational damage

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\*\*What Changed?\*\*

Before: Only individuals prosecuted for fraud

Now: Organisations criminally liable if fraud committed "for their benefit"

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**\*\*The Critical Point:\*\***

Your organisation can be convicted even if:

- Senior leadership had no knowledge
- Robust policies existed on paper
- It was one rogue employee

**\*\*Unless:\*\*** You can prove reasonable prevention procedures were in place

**### Speaker Notes**

- Emphasize paradigm shift: organisational accountability
- Ask: "How many have reviewed fraud risk in past 12 months?"
- Note: This isn't just compliance theatre; it's existential risk management
- September 2025 is closer than it appears—action needed now

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**## SLIDE 3: Who This Applies To**

**### Title**

**\*\*\*"Is Your Organisation in Scope?"\*\*\***

**### Visual Design**

**\*\*Center:\*\*** Qualification criteria in visual checklist format

**\*\*Bottom:\*\*** Warning banner

### ### Content

#### **\*\*Large Organisation Criteria\*\***

(Must meet 2 of 3):

- ✓ Annual turnover > £36 million
- ✓ Balance sheet total > £18 million
- ✓ 250+ employees

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#### **\*\*BUT WAIT...\*\***

⚠ Even if you're below these thresholds:

- Fraud committed "for your benefit" = you're liable
- Insurers expect fraud risk management
- Regulators scrutinize governance
- Stakeholders demand transparency
- **\*\*Best practice applies to ALL organisations\*\***

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### \*\*Key Question:\*\*

"Can we afford NOT to manage fraud risk systematically?"

### ### Speaker Notes

- Many attendees may assume they're too small to be affected
- Emphasize: Fraud doesn't discriminate by organization size
- Even small charities, SMEs face significant fraud risks
- Regulatory expectations evolving across all sectors

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## ## SLIDE 4: Understanding Fraud - The Triangle Model

### ### Title

\*\*\*"What Constitutes Fraud? The Three Elements"\*\*

### ### Visual Design

\*\*Center:\*\* Triangle graphic with three labeled corners

\*\*Surrounding:\*\* Examples for each element

### ### Content

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#### PRESSURE/MOTIVATION

- Financial stress
- Unrealistic targets
- Personal crisis

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#### OPPORTUNITY

#### RATIONALIZATION

- Weak controls     • "Everyone does it"
- Lack of oversight     • "I deserve this"
- Access to assets     • "Just borrowing"

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## **\*\*Common Fraud Types in Your Organisation:\*\***



**\*\*Procurement:\*\*** Fake suppliers, kickbacks, bid rigging



**\*\*Payroll:\*\*** Ghost employees, timesheet manipulation



**\*\*Revenue:\*\*** Sales inflation, premature recognition



**\*\*Expenses:\*\*** False claims, personal use of funds



**\*\*Cyber:\*\*** Email impersonation, invoice fraud

### **### Speaker Notes**

- Fraud is NOT committed by obvious criminals
- Often long-serving, trusted employees under pressure
- All three elements must be present—eliminate one, prevent fraud
- Most effective: Remove OPPORTUNITY through controls

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## **## SLIDE 5: The Defence - Reasonable Procedures**

### **### Title**

**\*\*\*"Your Legal Shield: Reasonable Prevention Procedures"\*\*\***

### ### Visual Design

**\*\*Left:\*\*** Shield icon with "Reasonable Procedures" text

**\*\*Right:\*\*** Six principles as numbered list

### ### Content

**\*\*The ONLY Defence:\*\***

Prove you had **\*\*reasonable procedures\*\*** to prevent fraud

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**\*\*Six Principles (GovS-013 Framework):\*\***

**1** **\*\*Top-level commitment\*\***

Tone from the top—board demonstrates zero tolerance

**2** **\*\*Risk assessment\*\***

Systematic identification of fraud risks

**3** **\*\*Proportionate procedures\*\***

Controls matched to your risk profile

**4** \*\*Due diligence\*\*

Third-party vetting (suppliers, partners)

**5** \*\*Communication & training\*\*

Awareness at all levels of organisation

**6** \*\*Monitoring & review\*\*

Continuous improvement, not one-off exercise

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\*\*\*"Reasonable" ≠ Perfect\*\*

It means: Proportionate, documented, regularly reviewed

### Speaker Notes

- These principles are your roadmap
- GovS-013 is government standard but applies beyond public sector
- Courts will assess "reasonableness" based on your size, sector, risk profile
- Documentation is critical—can you prove what you did?

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## ## SLIDE 6: Financial & Reputational Consequences

### ### Title

\*\*"The True Cost of Fraud"\*\*

### ### Visual Design

\*\*Two columns:\*\* Direct Costs | Indirect Costs

\*\*Bottom:\*\* Case study highlight box

### ### Content

\*\*Direct Costs\*\*



\*\*Average fraud loss:\*\*

5% of annual revenue (ACFE 2024)



\*\*Investigation costs:\*\*

Legal fees, forensic accounting



\*\*Regulatory fines:\*\*

Unlimited under new offence

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## **\*\*Indirect Costs\*\***



### **\*\*Reputational damage\*\***

Customer/donor trust erosion



### **\*\*Insurance premiums\*\***

Increased costs, reduced coverage



### **\*\*Lost contracts\*\***

Partners exit relationships



### **\*\*Employee morale\*\***

Culture of distrust



### **\*\*Director disqualification\*\***

Personal consequences for leadership

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## **\*\*Case Study:\*\***

NHS Trust procurement fraud

- £1.2M loss over 3 years

- £400K investigation costs
- CEO resignation
- 18 months to restore stakeholder confidence

### ### Speaker Notes

- 5% revenue loss = £1.8M for £36M turnover organisation
- Reputational damage often exceeds direct financial loss
- Ask: "What would fraud scandal mean for OUR organisation?"
- Emphasize: Prevention cheaper than cure

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## ## SLIDE 7: Board & Leadership Responsibilities

### ### Title

\*\*"What Leadership Must Own"\*\*

### ### Visual Design

\*\*Top:\*\* Five non-delegable duties as icons

\*\*Bottom:\*\* Red flag checklist

### ### Content

## **\*\*Non-Delegable Duties\*\***

**1** **\*\*Approve fraud risk strategy\*\***

Board-level ownership and oversight

**2** **\*\*Allocate adequate resources\*\***

Budget for prevention, detection, response

**3** **\*\*Set the tone\*\***

Model ethical behavior consistently

**4** **\*\*Receive regular reports\*\***

Fraud risk on board agenda (minimum quarterly)

**5** **\*\*Challenge & scrutinize\*\***

Ask difficult questions, don't accept platitudes

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## **\*\*🚩 Red Flags of Governance Failure:\*\***

**✗** No fraud risk on board agenda in past 12 months

**✗** No designated fraud risk owner

- ✖ Fraud response plan doesn't exist or untested
- ✖ No training for budget-holders or procurement staff
- ✖ Whistleblowing policy not publicized to staff

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#### \*\*Critical Question:\*\*

"When did our board last receive a comprehensive fraud risk report?"

#### ### Speaker Notes

- These are leadership responsibilities—cannot delegate to operational teams
- Board owns the strategy; management executes
- If you can't answer "when we last reviewed fraud risk," that's a red flag
- Interactive: Ask attendees to self-assess against red flags

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#### ## SLIDE 8: Budget-Holder Accountability

#### ### Title

\*\*\*"Budget-Holders: You Are the Front Line"\*\*

#### ### Visual Design

**\*\*Center:\*\*** Four-quadrant graphic showing fraud scenarios

**\*\*Border:\*\*** "Your Obligations" footer

### ### Content

**\*\*Why Budget-Holders Are Critical:\*\***

You control spending, approve transactions, manage supplier/staff relationships

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**\*\*Common Fraud Scenarios:\*\***



**\*\*Procurement Fraud\*\***

- Split purchases to avoid approval thresholds
- Sole-sourcing without justification
- Conflicts of interest (family/friend suppliers)



**\*\*Invoice Fraud\*\***

- Fake supplier invoices
- Inflated pricing, duplicate payments
- Bank account change requests (impersonation)



**\*\*Payroll Manipulation\*\***

- Ghost employees on payroll
- Unauthorized overtime claims
- Inappropriate use of temp staff budgets



#### \*\*Expense Abuse\*\*

- Personal expenses claimed as business
- Inflated mileage/subsistence claims

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#### \*\*Your Obligations:\*\*

- ✓ Know your delegated authority limits
- ✓ Question unusual requests
- ✓ Follow procurement procedures (no shortcuts)
- ✓ Report suspicions immediately (not tomorrow, NOW)

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#### \*\*Scenario Exercise:\*\*

"A trusted 10-year supplier emails: 'Urgent—update bank details for payment.' What do you do?"

### Speaker Notes

- Budget-holders often feel pressure to "make things happen quickly"
- Shortcuts create opportunities for fraud
- **Scenario answer:** STOP. Call supplier using known phone number. Verify request. Email impersonation is #1 fraud vector.
- Emphasize: You won't be penalized for questioning suspicious requests

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## ## SLIDE 9: Conducting a Fraud Risk Assessment

### ### Title

**""Starting Your Fraud Risk Assessment Journey""**

### ### Visual Design

**Left column:** 5-step process flowchart

**Right column:** Timeline and tools

### ### Content

**Step-by-Step Process:**

**1. Identify fraud risk areas\***

Where could fraud occur in our operations?

**\*\*2. Assess inherent risk\*\***

Impact × Likelihood (without controls)

**\*\*3. Review existing controls\*\***

What prevents/detects fraud now?

**\*\*4. Calculate residual risk\*\***

Risk remaining after controls applied

**\*\*5. Prioritize gaps\*\***

Focus resources on high-residual risks

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**\*\*Time Required:\*\***



Small organisation: 2-4 weeks



Medium/large organisation: 6-8 weeks

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**\*\*Tools Available:\*\***

 \*\*Stop FRA platform\*\*

Automated, GovS-013 aligned, generates reports

 \*\*Internal audit-led assessment\*\*

Leverage existing assurance function

 \*\*External consultant support\*\*

Specialist fraud risk advisors

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**\*\*Key Message:\*\***

"You don't need perfection on day one. Start with basic assessment and iterate."

### Speaker Notes

- Assessment is foundation of reasonable procedures
- Can't manage what you haven't measured
- Stop FRA automates much of this—13 comprehensive modules
- Question: "Who here has budget responsibility for risk assessment?"

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## SLIDE 10: Implementation Roadmap

### ### Title

\*\*"From Assessment to Action: Your 90-Day Plan"\*\*

### ### Visual Design

\*\*Four-phase timeline\*\* with checkboxes

### ### Content

\*\*Phase 1: Weeks 1-4 (Foundation)\*\*

- [ ] Board resolution: Commit to fraud risk management
- [ ] Appoint fraud risk owner (CFO, COO, Head of Governance)
- [ ] Budget allocation for assessment & controls
- [ ] Communicate commitment to all staff

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\*\*Phase 2: Weeks 5-8 (Assessment)\*\*

- [ ] Conduct fraud risk assessment (Stop FRA or similar)
- [ ] Identify top 5-10 priority risks
- [ ] Review existing policies (whistleblowing, gifts, procurement)
- [ ] Gap analysis of current controls

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**\*\*Phase 3: Weeks 9-12 (Action)\*\***

- [ ] Draft/update fraud response plan
- [ ] Implement priority control improvements
- [ ] Schedule mandatory training (budget-holders first)
- [ ] Establish quarterly board reporting schedule

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**\*\*Phase 4: Ongoing (Embed)\*\***

- [ ] Annual fraud risk assessment refresh
- [ ] Bi-annual training updates
- [ ] Incident monitoring & reporting
- [ ] Independent assurance (audit review)

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**\*\*Critical Path:\*\***

Foundation → Assessment → Action → Embed

**### Speaker Notes**

- 90 days to operational baseline—ambitious but achievable

- Phase 1 is leadership commitment—without this, rest fails
- Phase 4 is continuous—fraud risk management never "finished"
- Stop FRA packages align with these phases

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## ## SLIDE 11: Resources & Support

### ### Title

\*\*"Support Available to You"\*\*

### ### Visual Design

\*\*Two-column layout:\*\* Internal Resources | External Resources

\*\*Bottom:\*\* Stop FRA package comparison

### ### Content

\*\*Internal Resources\*\*



\*\*Stop FRA platform\*\*

Package 1: Basic Health Check

Package 2: + Awareness Training

Package 3: + Real-time Dashboard



Independent assurance and testing



Policy review and governance



Employment fraud risks, culture assessment

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#### \*\*External Resources\*\*



"Failure to Prevent Fraud" (v1.5)



Counter-Fraud Functional Standard



NHS CFA, Charity Commission, FCA guidance



\*\*Professional advisors\*\*

Legal counsel, forensic accountants

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\*\*Stop FRA Packages:\*\*

| Feature                 | Package 1 | Package 2 | Package 3 |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| ----- ----- ----- ----- |           |           |           |
| Fraud risk assessment   | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         |
| Automated reporting     | ✓         | ✓         | ✓         |
| Employee training       | —         | ✓         | ✓         |
| Real-time dashboard     | —         | —         | ✓         |
| Key-pass distribution   | —         | ✓         | ✓         |

\*\*Contact:\*\* [Insert Stop FRA contact details]

### ### Speaker Notes

- Stop FRA designed for GovS-013 compliance from day one
- Package 1 sufficient for initial assessment
- Package 3 provides ongoing monitoring (large organisations)
- External resources are free—use them

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## ## SLIDE 12: Q&A + Commitments

### ### Title

\*\*"Questions & Commitments"\*\*

### ### Visual Design

\*\*Top half:\*\* Open space for discussion

\*\*Bottom half:\*\* Commitment capture template

### ### Content

\*\*Open Floor for Questions\*\*

[Space for live discussion]

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\*\*Before We Leave: Collective Commitments\*\*

\*\*1. Board Commitment:\*\*

- [ ] Fraud risk standing agenda item (quarterly minimum)

- [ ] Quarterly fraud risk report to board

**\*\*2. Leadership Action:\*\***

- [ ] Fraud risk owner appointed by: \_\_\_\_\_

- [ ] Budget allocated for assessment: £\_\_\_\_\_

**\*\*3. Immediate Next Step:\*\***

- Who will lead our fraud risk assessment? \_\_\_\_\_

- Target completion date: \_\_\_\_\_

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**\*\*Closing Message:\*\***

> "Fraud risk management isn't about assuming the worst of people.

> It's about building robust systems that protect everyone—

> our organisation, our employees, and those we serve."

**### Speaker Notes**

- Capture commitments in writing before attendees leave

- Emphasize: This session is start, not end

- Assign action owners for each commitment

- Schedule follow-up meeting (30 days) to review progress

- Distribute take-home materials

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## ## OPTIONAL SLIDE 13: Live Fraud Scenario Exercise

### ### Title

\*\*"Test Your Fraud Radar: Live Scenario"\*\*

### ### Visual Design

\*\*Top:\*\* Scenario description box

\*\*Bottom:\*\* Group discussion prompts

### ### Content

\*\*Scenario:\*\*

Your Finance Manager of 8 years approaches you:

"We have an urgent payment due to a new IT supplier—£15,000 for cybersecurity software. The supplier needs payment today to maintain our license. I've checked them out; they're legitimate. Can you approve this as an exception to our normal procurement process? The vendor form is here."

\*\*What do you do?\*\*

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**\*\*Breakout Discussion (5 minutes):\*\***

1. What are the red flags?
2. What controls should exist to prevent this?
3. What's your immediate action?

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**\*\*Debrief:\*\***

**\*\*Red Flags:\*\***

- Urgency ("needs payment today")
- New supplier (no due diligence)
- Exception to process
- Unusual request from trusted employee

**\*\*Controls:\*\***

- Segregation of duties (approval ≠ requestor)
- Supplier verification process
- No exceptions to procurement policy

- Two-person approval for new suppliers

**\*\*Immediate Action:\*\***

- STOP the payment
- Verify supplier independently (not via provided info)
- Check if software actually requested/needed
- Follow standard process—no shortcuts

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**\*\*Real-World Outcome:\*\***

This was an attempted invoice fraud. The "supplier" was fake. The Finance Manager's email had been compromised (spoofing attack). Organisation lost £0 because they followed procedures.

**### Speaker Notes**

- Only use if time permits (15-minute extension)
- Encourage active participation from all attendees
- Emphasize: Pressure to bypass controls is key fraud indicator
- Ask: "Would your team have caught this?"

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**## OPTIONAL SLIDE 14: Whistleblowing Deep Dive**

### ### Title

\*\*"Speak Up Culture: Your First Line of Defense"\*\*

### ### Visual Design

\*\*Center:\*\* Statistics graphic

\*\*Bottom:\*\* Checklist for effective whistleblowing

### ### Content

\*\*The Evidence:\*\*



\*\*40% of fraud detected via whistleblowing\*\* (ACFE 2024)



\*\*2x more likely to detect fraud\*\* with formal hotline



\*\*Median loss 50% lower\*\* when whistleblowing effective

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\*\*What Makes Whistleblowing Effective?\*\*

✓ \*\*Multiple channels\*\*

Hotline, email, in-person, web portal

 \*\*Anonymous option\*\*

Remove fear of retaliation

 \*\*Visible promotion\*\*

Staff know it exists and how to use it

 \*\*Protected disclosures\*\*

Clear policy: no retaliation tolerated

 \*\*Timely action\*\*

Reports investigated promptly, outcomes communicated

 \*\*Board oversight\*\*

Quarterly report on whistleblowing activity

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\*\*Self-Assessment:\*\*

When did you last:

- Review your whistleblowing policy?
- Communicate it to all staff?
- Investigate a whistleblowing report?

- Report whistleblowing metrics to the board?

\*\*If answers are "I don't know" or "Never"—you have a gap.\*\*

### ### Speaker Notes

- Whistleblowing is early warning system
- Employees often see fraud indicators before management
- Fear of retaliation is biggest barrier—must be eliminated
- Ask: "How many staff could describe our whistleblowing process right now?"

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## ## OPTIONAL SLIDE 15: Cyber Fraud Focus

### ### Title

\*\*\*"Cyber Fraud: The Fastest-Growing Threat"\*\*\*

### ### Visual Design

\*\*Three-panel layout:\*\* Email Impersonation | Ransomware | IT Controls

### ### Content

\*\*Email Impersonation (Invoice Fraud)\*\*

 \*\*How it works:\*\*

- Fraudster impersonates supplier/senior executive
- Requests urgent payment or bank detail change
- Often sent when key person on holiday/sick

 \*\*Controls:\*\*

- Verify ALL bank changes via known phone number
- Dual authorization for payment >£X
- Staff training on spotting spoofed emails

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**\*\*Ransomware Readiness\*\*** \*\*Threat:\*\*

- Systems locked, data encrypted
- Ransom demand (often cryptocurrency)
- Business disruption for weeks/months

 \*\*Controls:\*\*

- Regular backups (tested restoration)
- Patch management (keep systems updated)

- Access controls (principle of least privilege)
- Incident response plan (pre-agreed actions)

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### **\*\*IT Control Environment\*\***

### **\*\*High-Risk Areas:\*\***

- Privileged access (who can do what)
- Change management (unauthorized system changes)
- Data loss prevention
- Third-party access (vendors with system access)

### **\*\*Assessment Questions:\*\***

- Do we have IT audit trail/logging?
- Are access rights reviewed regularly?
- How quickly could we detect unauthorized access?

### **### Speaker Notes**

- Cyber fraud often overlaps with IT security—but distinct risks
- Email impersonation #1 fraud vector globally
- Question for CIO/CTO (if present): "When did we last test our ransomware response plan?"
- Many organisations have strong perimeter security but weak internal controls

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## ## Design Guidelines for Slide Deck

### ### Visual Design Principles

#### \*\*Color Palette:\*\*

- Primary: Navy blue (#003366) or organisation brand
- Accent: Teal (#00A5A8) for highlights
- Alert: Red (#D32F2F) for warnings
- Success: Green (#388E3C) for checkmarks

#### \*\*Typography:\*\*

- Headings: Sans-serif, bold, 32-40pt
- Body text: Sans-serif, 18-24pt
- Maximum 6 lines per slide body

#### \*\*Icons:\*\*

- Use consistent icon set (Font Awesome, Material Icons, or custom)
- Minimum 48x48px size for visibility

#### \*\*Imagery:\*\*

- Avoid generic stock photos
- Use data visualizations where possible
- Infographics over text-heavy slides

### ### Accessibility Considerations

- Minimum 18pt font size
- High contrast text (WCAG AA standard)
- Alt text for all images
- Avoid red-green only color coding (colorblind accessible)

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## ## Presenter Notes General Guidance

### \*\*Delivery Tips:\*\*

1. \*\*Pace:\*\* Maximum 2-3 minutes per slide
2. \*\*Interaction:\*\* Ask questions every 3-4 slides
3. \*\*Stories:\*\* Use real case studies (anonymized if needed)
4. \*\*Energy:\*\* Vary tone—avoid monotone delivery
5. \*\*Eye contact:\*\* Engage all attendees, not just senior person

### \*\*Handling Questions:\*\*

- If technical/complex: "Let's take that offline after session"
- If beyond your expertise: "I'll find the answer and follow up"
- If challenging your content: "Valid point—let's explore that"

**\*\*Time Management:\*\***

- Start on time (demonstrates respect)
- Have "parking lot" for off-topic questions
- 5-minute buffer built into 30-minute design

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**\*\*Document Version:\*\*** 1.0

**\*\*Last Updated:\*\*** January 1, 2026

**\*\*Companion Document:\*\***