

CS316 – Fall 2009 – Exercise Set #1 Answers

Answers to Questions 1 – 6 can be found in your class notes or [course notes](#).

7. 2. $\langle \text{signed int} \rangle \rightarrow (+|-)\{\langle \text{digit} \rangle\}^+$

8.

1. The invalid ones are marked with ×.

8ABC (×) CS316 CS316_ (×) CS316_ABCX
_CS316 (×) CS316__ABC (×) CS316_987 CS316_ABC_32A
CS316_543_7B5 CS316_A_ (×)

2. The following is one of possible correct grammars.

$\langle \text{id} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{letter} \rangle \langle \text{rest of id} \rangle$

$\langle \text{rest of id} \rangle \rightarrow \epsilon \mid \langle \text{letter} \rangle \langle \text{rest of id} \rangle \mid \langle \text{digit} \rangle \langle \text{rest of id} \rangle$

$\langle \text{extended id} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{id} \rangle \langle \text{rest of extended id} \rangle$

$\langle \text{rest of extended id} \rangle \rightarrow \epsilon \mid \text{"_"} \langle \text{letters and digits} \rangle \langle \text{rest of extended id} \rangle$

$\langle \text{letters and digits} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{letter} \rangle \mid \langle \text{digit} \rangle \mid \langle \text{letter} \rangle \langle \text{letters and digits} \rangle \mid \langle \text{digit} \rangle \langle \text{letters and digits} \rangle$

9. The invalid ones are marked with ×.

.e1 (×) .2e (×) .2e3 .45E-32 3.2145e10 768.43 2709 (×) 2709. (×)
-.562e2 +34E+5 (×) -65.67 75647.74653e- (×) 756.65e-7564 +.64-8 (×)

10.

1.

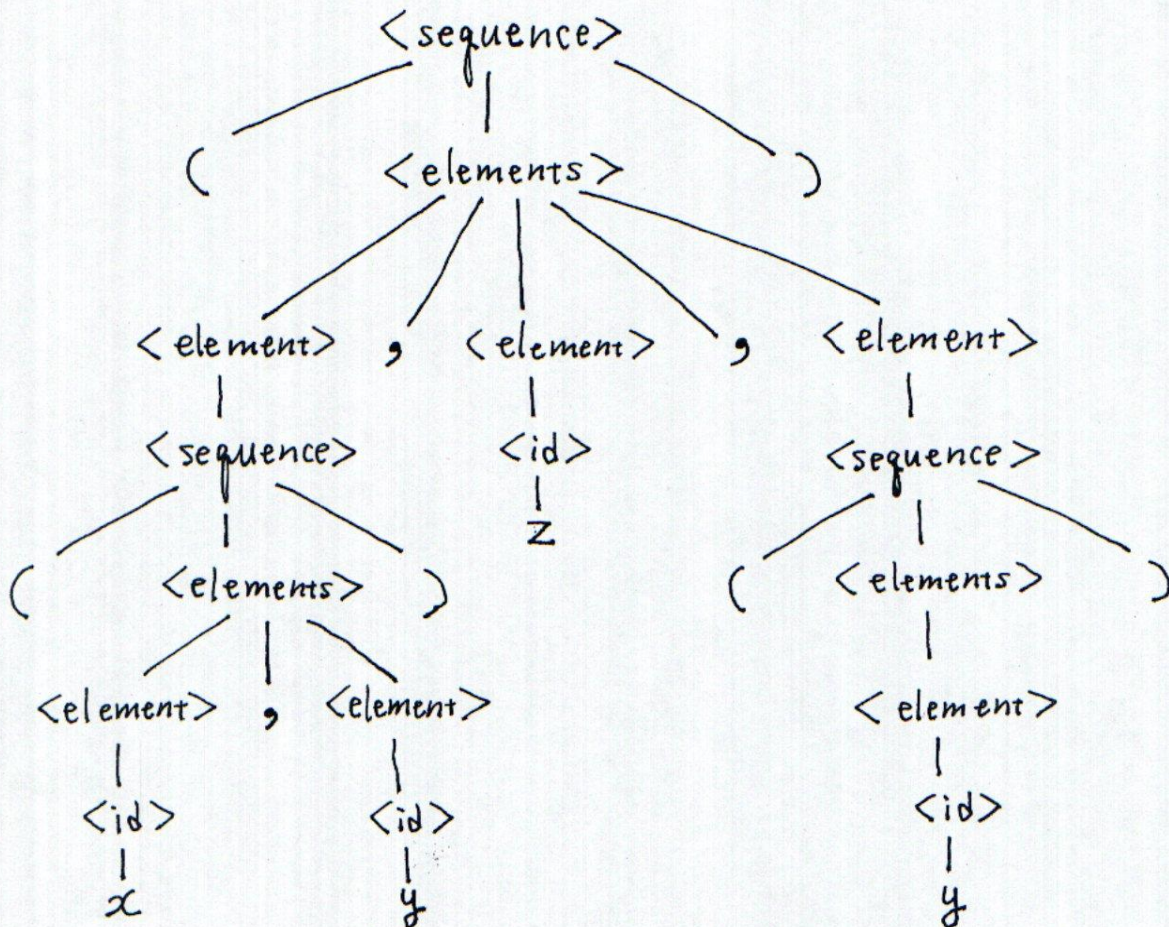
() invalid

(xyz) valid, parse tree not shown

(x, y, z) valid, parse tree not shown

((x, y), z, (y)) valid

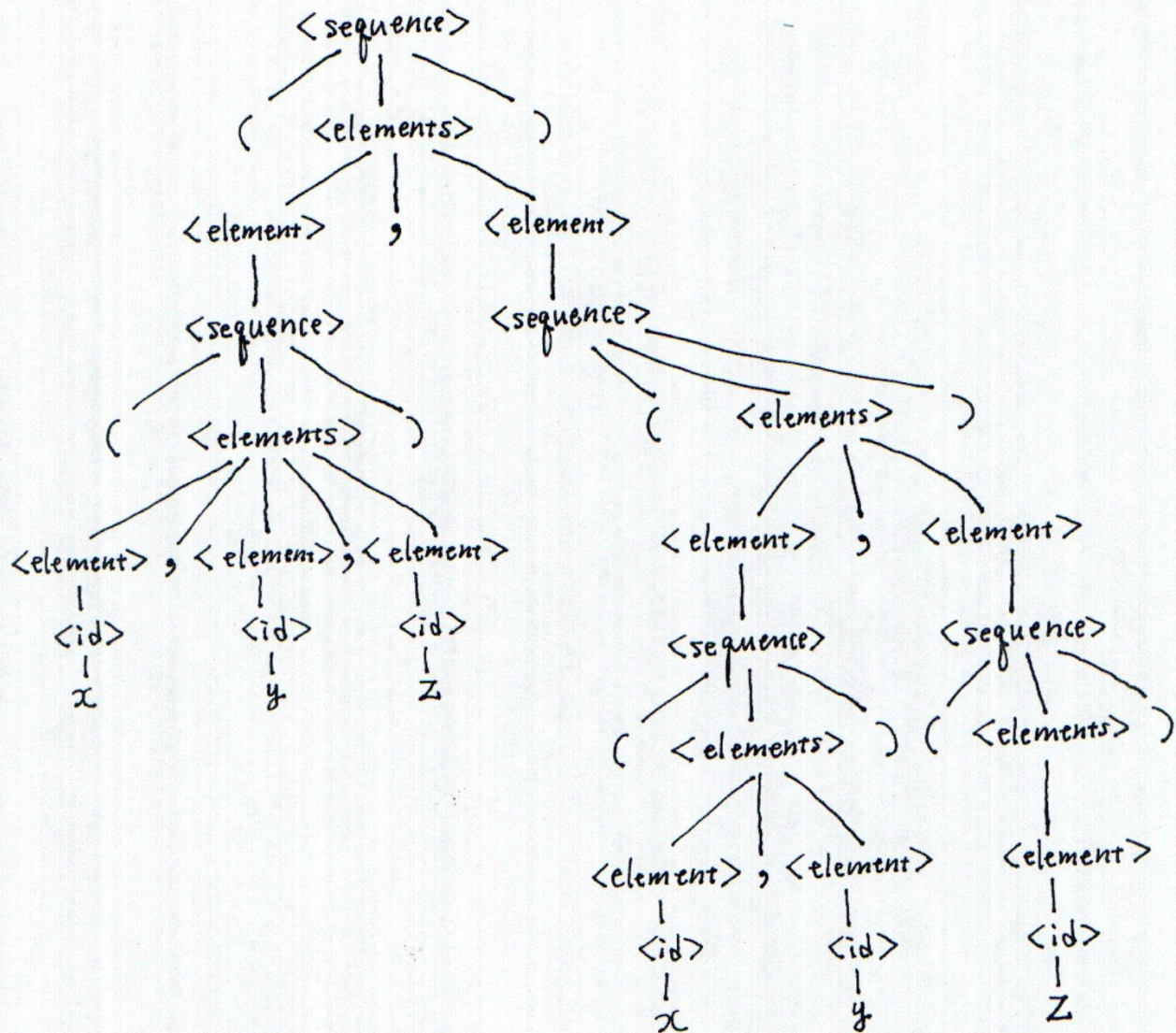
The parse tree for $((x, y), z, (y))$



(x)(y) invalid

((x, y, z), ((x, y), (z))) valid

The parse tree for ((x, y, z), ((x, y), (z)))



x) y) z invalid

2.
<elements> → <element> | <element> ", " <elements>

11.

{ a; b; c; } valid, parse tree not shown

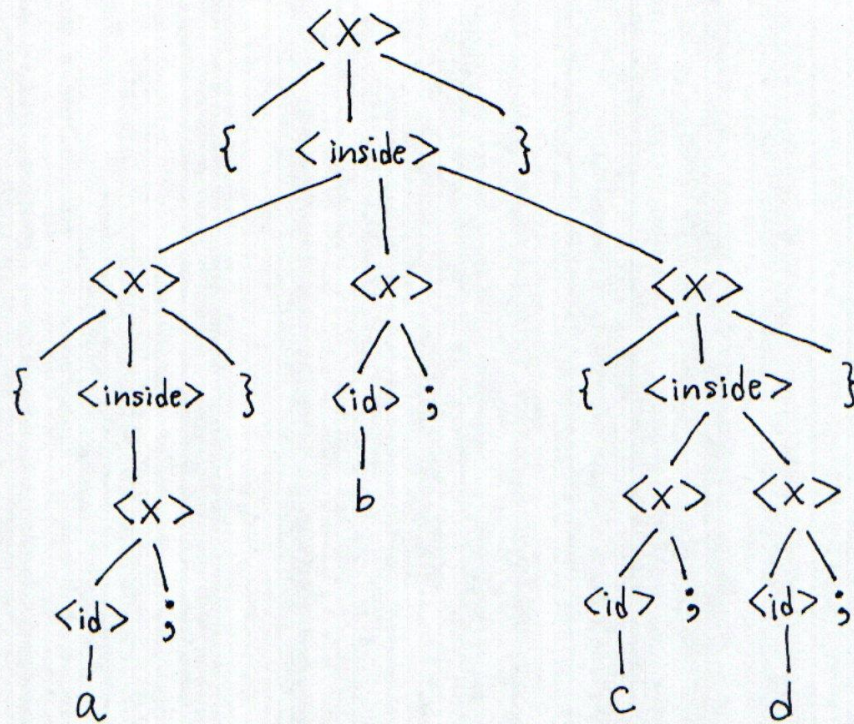
{ a b { invalid

{ a; { b; c; } } valid, parse tree not shown

} a; b; { invalid

{ { a; } b; { c; d; } } valid

The parse tree for { { a; } b; { c; d; } }



12.

abc valid, parse tree not shown

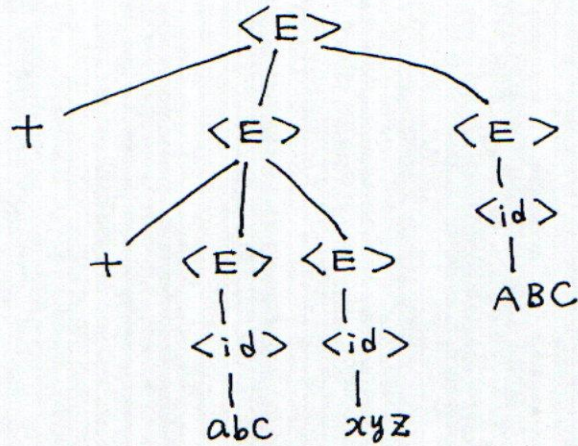
+ abc xyz valid, parse tree not shown

+ + abc xyz ABC valid, parse tree below

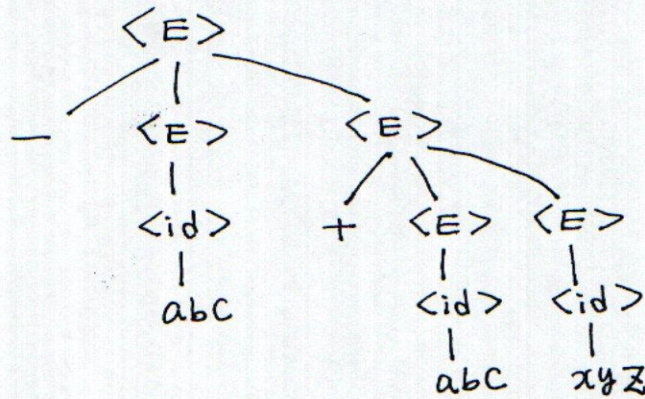
- abc + xyz invalid

- abc + abc xyz valid, parse tree below

The parse tree for + + abc xyz ABC



The parse tree for - abc + abc xyz



13.

abc valid, parse tree not shown

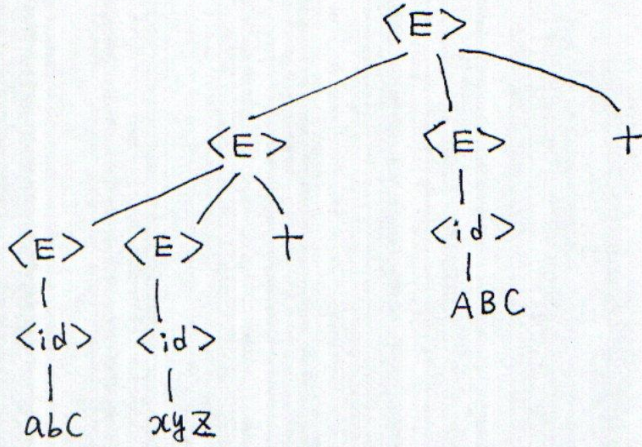
abc xyz + valid, parse tree not shown

abc xyz + ABC + valid, parse tree below

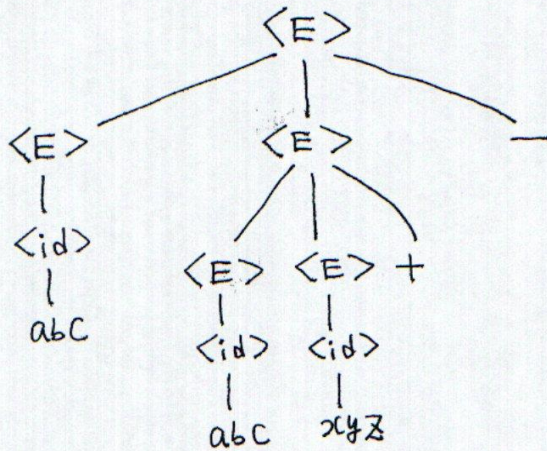
abc - xyz + invalid

abc abc xyz + - valid, parse tree below

The parse tree for abc xyz + ABC +

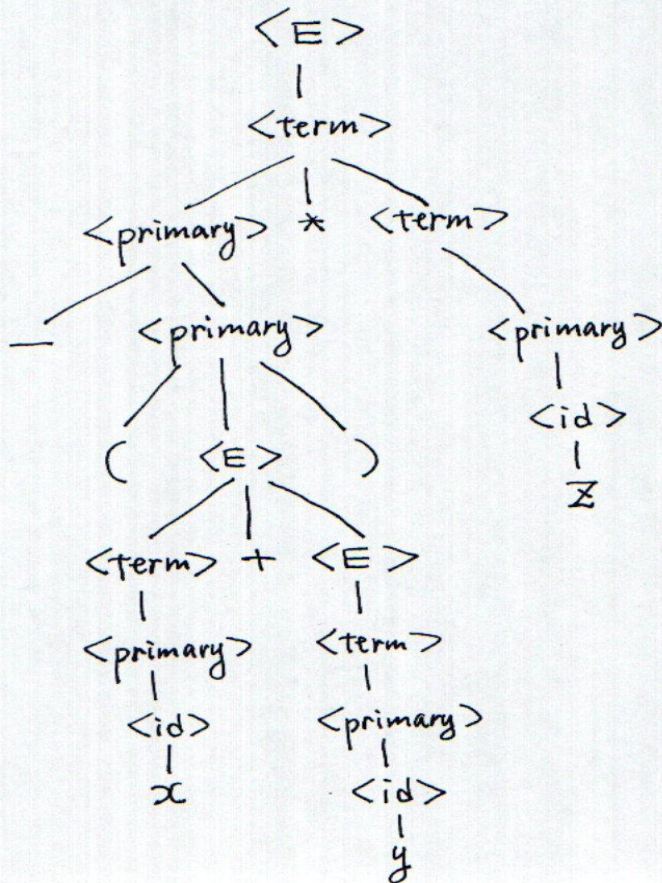
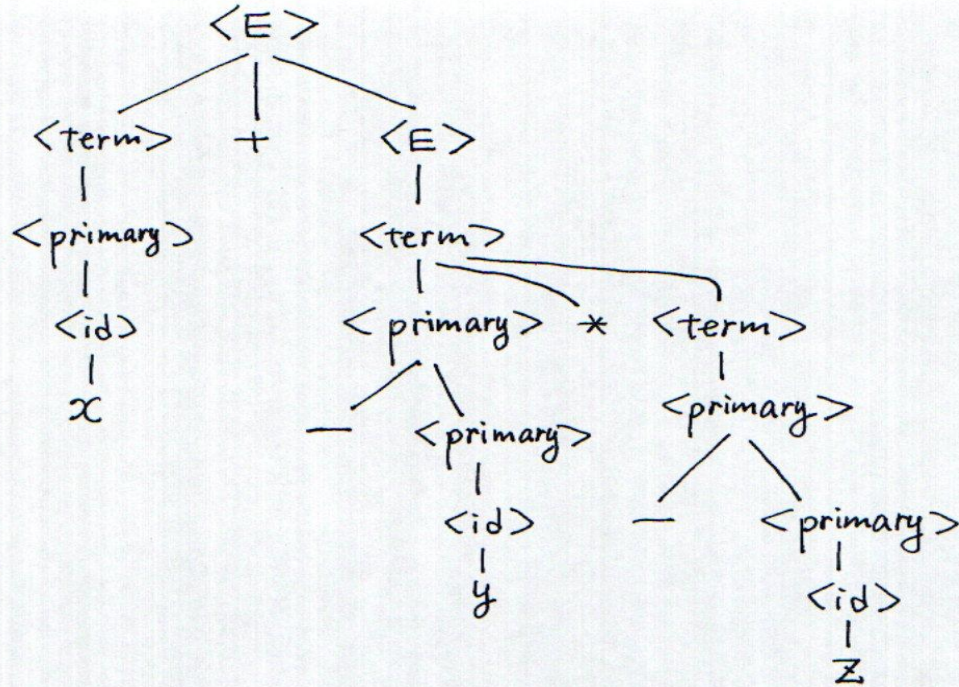


The parse tree for abc abc xyz + -



14.

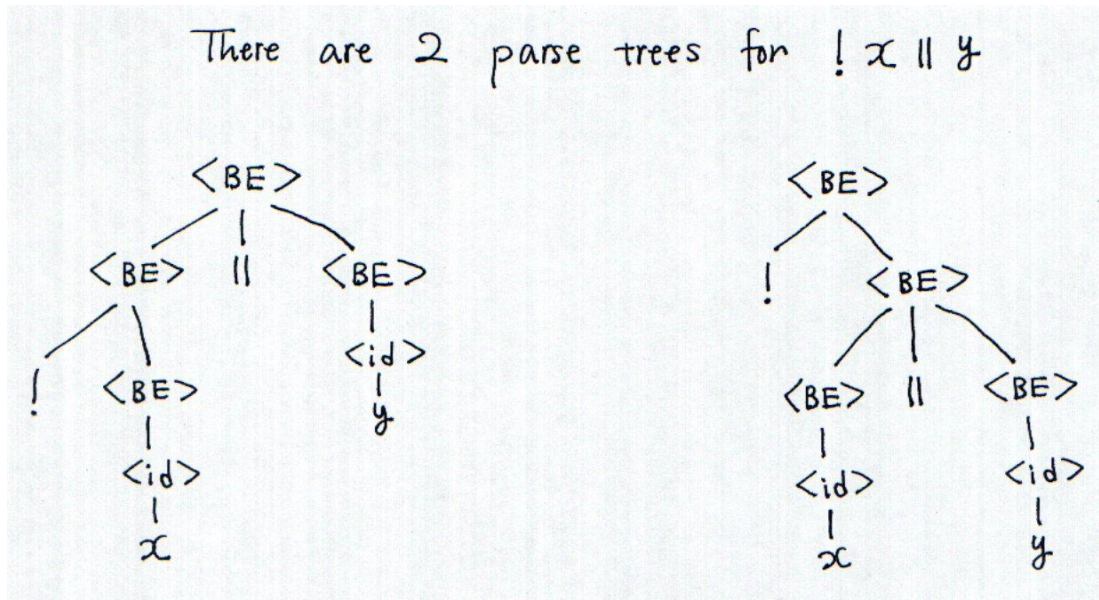
1. The parse trees for " $x + - y * - z$ " and " $-(x + y) * z$ " are shown.



2 & 3 were discussed in class.

15.

1.



2. There are 5 parse trees: one with "&&" at the root, two with the 1st "||" at the root, two with the 2nd "||" at the root.

3. Both Q1 and Q2 show the existence of a string of terminals that has more than one parse tree.

4.

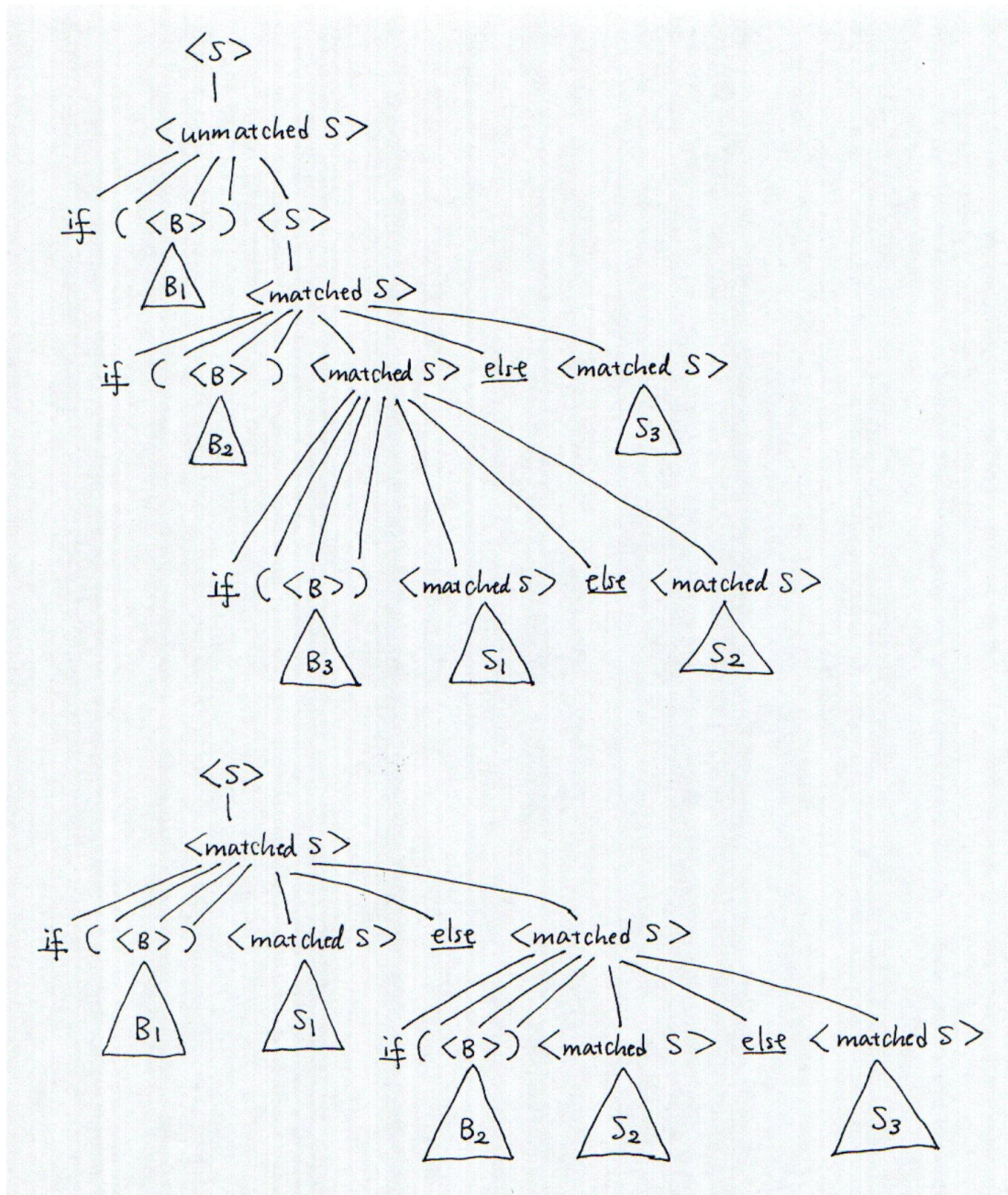
$\langle BE \rangle \rightarrow \langle term \rangle \{ "||" \langle term \rangle \}$

$\langle term \rangle \rightarrow \langle primary \rangle \{ "&&" \langle primary \rangle \}$

$\langle primary \rangle \rightarrow \langle id \rangle | "(" \langle BE \rangle ")" | ! \langle primary \rangle$

16. Discussed in class.

17.



18. Answer can be found in your class notes or [course notes](#).