

# Introduction to LLVM

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- LLVM: Low Level Virtual Machine
- a collection of :
  - modular and reusable compiler
  - toolchain technologies
- sub-projects of LLVM:
  - The **LLVM Core** libraries
  - Clang
  - LLDB
  - compiler-rt
  - ...

# How to install LLVM

- document:

<http://llvm.org/docs/GettingStarted.html>

- Steps:

- `$svn co http://llvm.org/svn/llvm-project/llvm/trunk llvm`  
(may need to install subversion: `$sudo apt-get install subversion`)
- `$cd llvm/tools`
- `$svn co http://llvm.org/svn/llvm-project/cfe/trunk clang`
- `$cd llvm/projects`
- `$svn co http://llvm.org/svn/llvm-project/compiler-rt/trunk compiler-rt`
- `$mkdir build`
- `$cd build`
- `../llvm/configure`
- `make`

# LLVM instruction

- A kind of IR (Intermediate Representation)
- Website document:
  - <http://llvm.org/docs/LangRef.html>
- Some useful instructions:
  - Operator:  
mul, sdiv, srem, add, sub, shl...
  - Memory operation:  
load, store...
  - Branch operation:  
icmp, br, ret...

# Generate LLVM IR by clang

- Clang :an C/C++/Objective-C compiler
- used like GCC; faster than GCC
- build c source into LLVM instructions:
  - `$clang -emit-llvm test.c -S -o test.ll`
- run LLVM instructions:
  - `$lli test.ll`
- \*.ll :
  - need to be generated in project 2

# Generate LLVM IR(con't)

- Special functions in project2 :
  - read() -> scanf()
  - write() -> printf()
- You can compile these two origin functions by clang to see how to read and write!

# Resources

- Other compiler course:
  - Stanford:  
<http://web.stanford.edu/class/cs143/>
  - UCB:  
<http://www-inst.eecs.berkeley.edu/~cs164/archives.html>
  - CMU:  
<https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~fp/courses/15411-f13/>