

## CSE 468/568 Lab 2: Laser-Based Perception and Navigation with Obstacle Avoidance

The objective of this assignment is to perform perception using a laser range finder, and use the perceived information to avoid obstacles and navigate to a given destination. Create a new package called `lab2`, and place the world files (`playground.pgm` and `playground.world`) from the previous assignment in an appropriate sub-folder.

### Perception Using Laser Range Finder

For this section, we will implement the RANSAC algorithm to determine the walls “visible” to the robot from the data obtained from the laser range finder. Your program should take the laser scans as inputs and output a set of lines seen by the robot identifying the obstacles in view.

The [RANSAC algorithm](#) is as described in class. From the set of points the laser range finder gives, pick two at random and draw a line. Find out the distance of each of the other points from this line, and bin them as *inliers* and *outliers* based on if the distance is lesser or greater than a threshold distance. Repeat this for  $k$  iterations. After  $k$  iterations, pick the line that has the most number of inliers. Drop those points, and repeat the algorithm to the remaining set of points until you have lower than a threshold number of points. You’ll need to experiment with these parameters to find values for the number of iterations, the threshold distance for inliers, and the threshold for the number of points below which you cannot detect lines.

Read through the [rviz](#) tutorials. You have to read through the user guide, and built-in data types. Then read through the first two tutorials that explain how you can use markers. If you are programming in python, there is a dated [python rviz tutorial](#) that might give you examples to start with.

As a demonstration of your implementation of the RANSAC algorithm, publish the detected lines as lines that can be visualized in `rviz`. `rviz` should visualize the detected lines in the robot’s local frame. A simple way to verify that your published lines are correct is to enable both the published lines as well as the laser scan in `rviz`. If they overlap, then you are detecting the lines correctly.

Please note that `rviz` visualization took some time for students to set up last year. You should get started as soon as you can. Some of `rviz` also depends on the graphics hardware and processor speed you have. You can get around these limitations by

- Not use hardware graphics rendering. You can do this by

```
$ export LIBGL_ALWAYS_SOFTWARE=1
```

in your `.bashrc` or on the command line where you are running the `rviz` node

- reduce the frame rate so it renders at a reasonable speed. You can do this as soon as the `rviz` window shows up by changing the frame rate parameter in the column on the left. I keep it at 5 frames per second instead of the default 30 frames per second.

## Bug2 algorithm

For this portion, you will implement the `bug2` algorithm we recently learnt about. Make the robot start at  $(-8.0, -2.0)$  and it should plan its path to  $(4.5, 9.0)$ . The robot will have to navigate itself avoiding the various obstacles in its way. Implementing `bug2` should be straight forward. The pseudocode should be on the slides from class. Your robot will be in one of two states: *GOAL\_SEEK* and *WALL\_FOLLOW*. The key to this will be the *WALL\_FOLLOW* where you will have to use the lines detected in the previous section to drive in parallel to it. Please create a launch file `bug2.launch` that will launch the world, run the perception node, and execute your controller.

## Submission Instructions

You will submit `lab2.tar.gz`, a compressed archive file containing the `lab2` package (folder). The folder should contain the two world files and the `pgm` file in an appropriate sub-folder, two launch files `perception.launch` and `bug2.launch` in an appropriate sub-folder, and two controllers - one for the perception and another for the `bug2` implementation. The folder should compile if we drop it into our catkin workspace and call `catkin make`. Please take care to follow the instructions carefully so we can script our tests, and not have to dig into each submission. Problems in running will result in loss of points.

Please use the `submit` script for submission using the syntax

```
$ submit_cse468 lab2.tar.gz
```

or

```
$ submit_cse568 lab2.tar.gz
```

depending on whether you are taking `cse468` or `cse568` respectively.

Details on the usage of the `submit` script can be found [here](#).

The assignment is due Tuesday, March 13 before midnight.