



# TRASH MATERIAL CLASSIFICATION VIA DEEP LEARNING

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# MOTIVATION

- **Waste management** is a very important task to preserve the environment. Environment and natural materials played an important function in the development of human societies and in history on the whole [1].

Therefore, trash material classification helps a lot with achieving the goal of a better environment by applying deep learning methods to help us build useful applications dedicated for categorizing different types of materials given suitable datasets.

# PROBLEM STATEMENT

In this project, I try to find the **best and most efficient approaches** to image classification suitable for trash material classification. My hope in this project is to implement and develop very accurate and efficient classifiers for the task of material classification.

# RELATED WORK

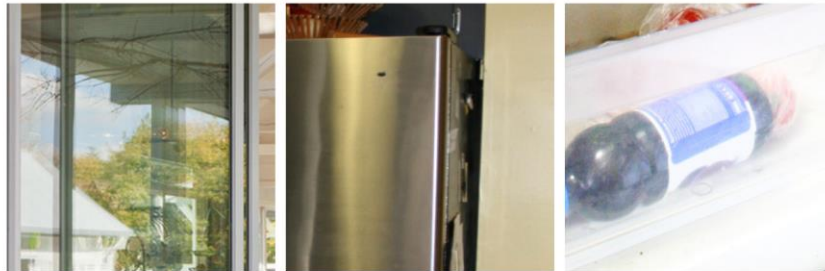
- G. Schwartz and K. Nishino. **Recognizing material properties from images.** *IEEE transactions on pattern analysis and machine intelligence*, 2018.
- C. Liu, L. Sharan, E. H. Adelson, and R. Rosenholtz. **Exploring features in a bayesian framework for material recognition.** *IEEE Computer Society Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition*, pages 239–246, 2010.
- M. Yang and G. Thung. **Classification of trash for recyclability status.** *Stanford University*, 2016.
- C. Bircanoglu, M. Atay, F. Beser, O. Genc, and M. A. Kizrak. **RecycleNet: Intelligent waste sorting using deep neural networks.** *Innovations in Intelligent Systems and Applications*, pages 1–7, 2018.

# DATASETS



(a) TrashNet dataset

State-of-the-art: DenseNet121 (95%)  
Reported in RecycleNet  
2527 IMAGES



(b) MINC-2500 dataset

State-of-the-art: Deep-TEN (81.3%)  
Rutgers University CVPR Paper!  
57500 IMAGES



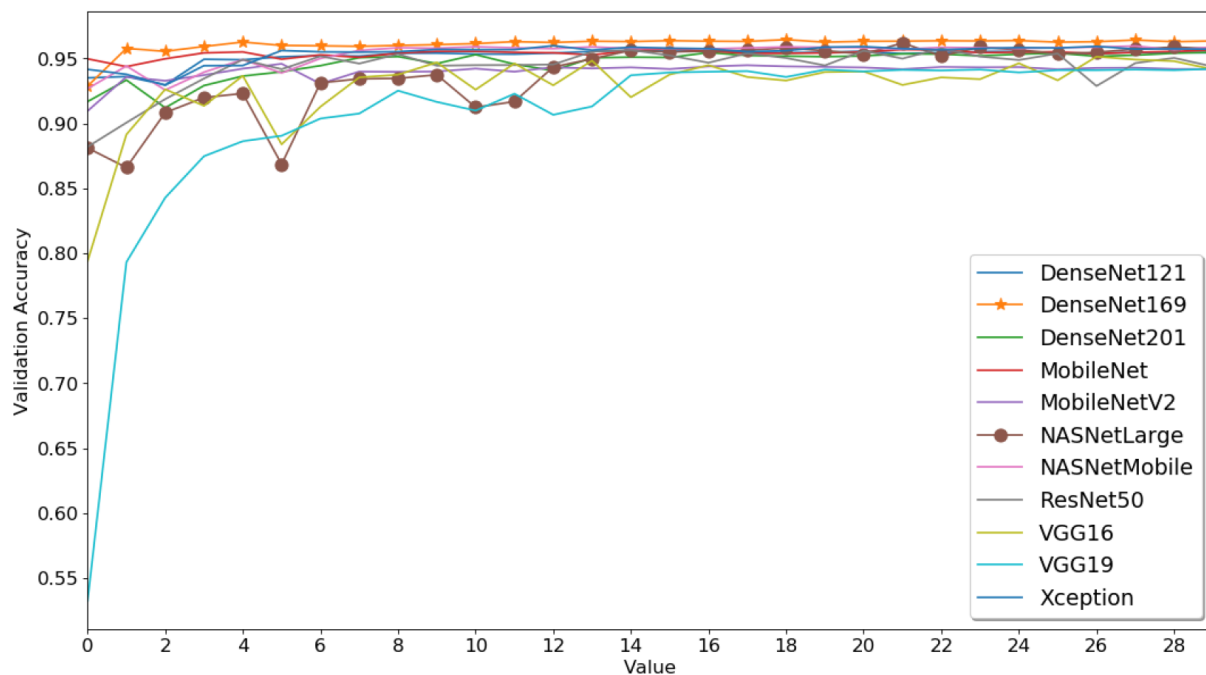
(c) FMD dataset

State-of-the-art: FV-CNN (82.4%)  
1000 IMAGES

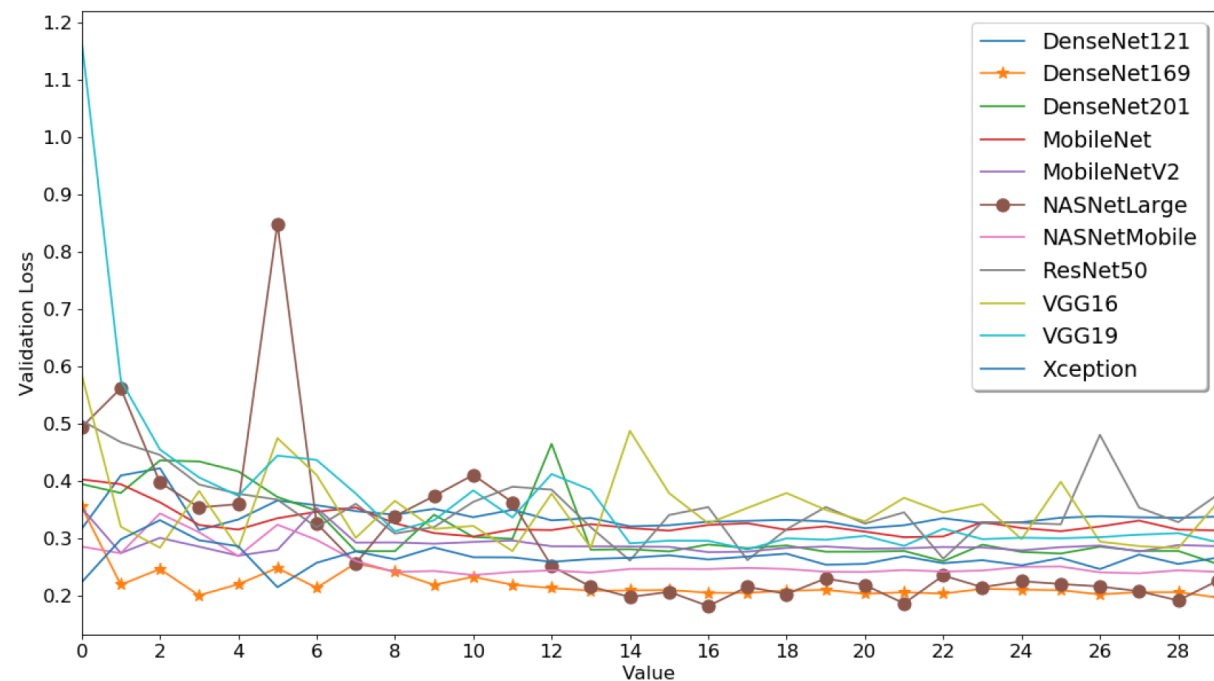
# METHODOLOGY

- Convolutional Neural Networks
  - Fine-tuning
  - Implementing new model! (Future work)
- Data Augmentation
  - Shifting images horizontally and vertically
  - Rotation by a 45 degree angle
  - Horizontal flipping
  - Shearing
  - Zooming
- Optimization
  - SGD, RMSProp, Adam, Adamax, Nadam

# EXPERIMENTS



(a) Validation Accuracy



(b) Validation Loss

Figure 2. **Validation accuracy and loss during training using different fine-tuned architectures on the TrashNet [17] dataset.** NASNetLarge and DenseNet169 seem to perform similarly as the epoch number increases during training. When evaluating the models during the test phase, NASNetLarge performs the best on average.



# TEST RESULTS

Architecture	$\delta \uparrow$	cce $\downarrow$	mse $\downarrow$	mae $\downarrow$	msle $\downarrow$	Parameters	Batch Size
ResNet50 [8]	0.880	1.088	0.036	0.040	0.016	25m	32
VGG16 [16]	0.852	1.090	0.042	0.050	0.020	15m	32
VGG19	0.859	1.062	0.041	0.049	0.020	20m	32
MobileNet [9]	0.875	1.258	0.039	0.044	0.019	4m	32
MobileNetV2	0.866	1.062	0.039	0.046	0.019	3m	32
DenseNet121 [10]	0.870	1.146	0.041	0.045	0.020	7m	32
DenseNet169	0.885	1.123	0.035	0.039	0.017	13m	32
DenseNet201	0.881	0.945	0.035	0.040	0.017	18m	16
Xception [4]	0.880	0.806	0.033	0.042	0.016	23m	8
NASNetMobile [19]	0.877	0.987	0.035	0.041	0.017	5m	32
<b>NASNetLarge</b>	<b>0.901</b>	<b>0.791</b>	<b>0.031</b>	<b>0.038</b>	<b>0.015</b>	88m	4

Table 1. **Comparisons of test results of different fine-tuned architectures on the TrashNet dataset.** Rows from left to right: architecture, test accuracy, categorical cross-entropy, mean squared error, mean absolute error, mean squared logarithmic error, number of trainable parameters in millions, and batch size. The reported numbers are real results from the experiments.

# CONCLUSION

So far, **NASNetLarge** seemed to perform the best among all architectures used. I speculate that I can get even better results given better hardware. A larger batch size would definitely bump up the accuracy.

# FUTURE WORK

- Try to increase accuracy by exploring other methods
- Experiment with the other 2 datasets (FMD & MINC2500)
- Experiment with different optimizers
- Implement my own network
- Develop a demo application

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