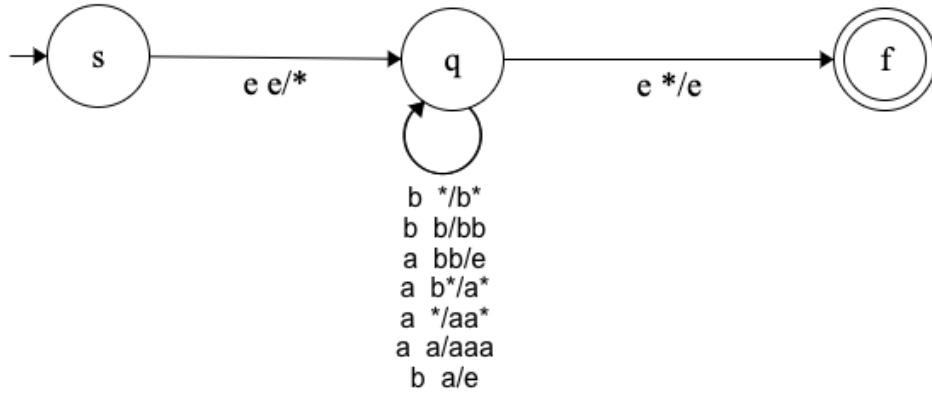


CENG 280
Formal Languages and Abstract Machines
Spring 2021-2022
Homework 2

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1. (a) $S \rightarrow aSbSb|bSaSb|bSbSa|SS|\epsilon$
- (b) $S \rightarrow aSb|aSbb|\epsilon$
- (c) $M = (K, \Sigma, \Gamma, \Delta, s, F)$
 $K = \{s, q, f\}$
 $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$
 $\Gamma = \{*, a, b\}$
 $F = \{f\}$
 $\Delta = \{((s, \epsilon, \epsilon), (q, *)), ((q, b, *), (q, b*)), ((q, b, b), (q, bb)), ((q, a, bb), (q, \epsilon)), ((q, a, b*), (q, a*)), ((q, a, *), (q, aa*)), ((q, a, a), (q, aaa)), ((q, b, a), (q, \epsilon)), ((q, \epsilon, *), (f, \epsilon))\}$

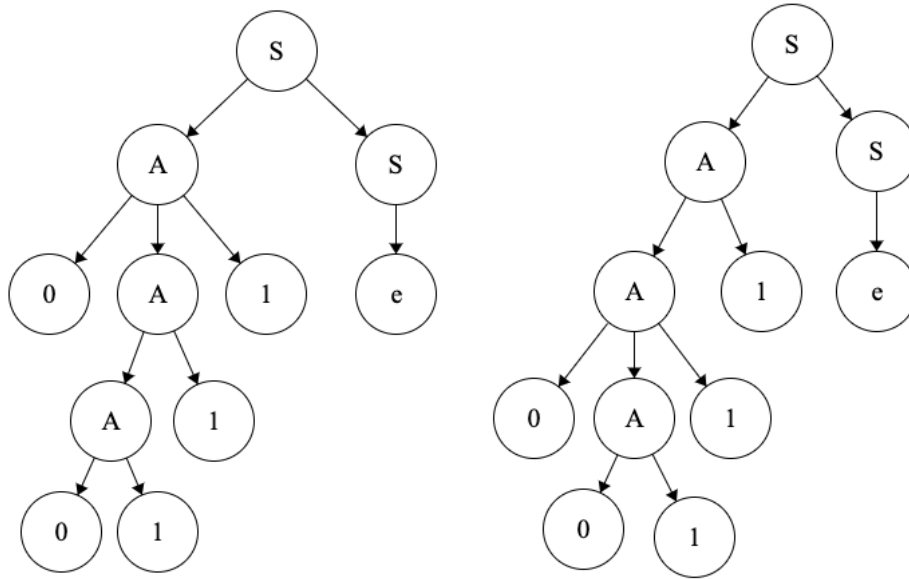


- (d) $S \rightarrow A|B$
 $A \rightarrow aAbAb|bAaAb|bAbAa|AA|\epsilon$
 $B \rightarrow aBb|aBbb|\epsilon$

2. (a) To be ambiguous, G_1 has to have more than one parse tree for some string. If we take 00111 string as example string, we get two different parse trees for its two derivations. Thus G_1 is ambiguous.

$S \rightarrow AS \rightarrow 0A1S \rightarrow 0A11S \rightarrow 00111S \rightarrow 00111$

$S \rightarrow AS \rightarrow A1S \rightarrow 0A11S \rightarrow 00111S \rightarrow 00111$



(b) $R' = \{S \rightarrow AS|e, A \rightarrow 0A1|B, B \rightarrow B1|01\}$

(c) $S \rightarrow AS \rightarrow 0A1S \rightarrow 0B1S \rightarrow 0B11S \rightarrow 00111S \rightarrow 00111$

