

# Prolog Programming Assignment

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# Prolog Programming Assignment

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Q.1] How does the queries in Kb.pl file execute?  
⇒ code :-

```
loves (vincent, mia).  
loves (marcellus, mia).  
loves (pumpkin, honey-bunny).  
loves (honey-bunny, pumpkin).
```

```
jealous (X, Y) :-  
    loves (X, Z),  
    loves (Y, Z).
```

Query 1: ?-loves (X, mia).

Output 1: X = vincent

X = marcellus

Explanation: Here as we know vincent loves mia as well as marcellus loves mia. But Thus the kb assumes that X is either vincent / marcellus

Query 2: ?-jealous (X, Y).

Output 2: X = Y, Y = vincent

X = vincent

Y = marcellus

X = marcellus

Y = vincent

X = Y, Y = marcellus

X = Y, Y = pumpkin.

X = Y, Y = honey-bunny

Explanation: As there is no fixed parameter in our query.

The query will produce output of every jealous (X, Y) pair on our prolog code. The jealous () rule follows:  
jealous (X, Y) :- loves (X, Z), loves (Y, Z).

Initially, X and Y both were associated to vincent,



i.e. self self-association.

It then follows Reflexive Property for the rest of the prolog code.

Q. 2] How does the queries in lists.pl files executed?

Code :-

suffix (Xs, Ys) :-

append (—, Ys, Xs).

prefix (Xs, Ys) :-

append (Ys, —, Xs).

Sublist (Xs, Ys) :-

suffix (Xs, Zs),

prefix (Zs, Ys).

nrev ([ ], [ ]).

nrev ([H|To], L) :-

nrev (To, T),

append (T, [H], L).

Query 1 : ?-sublist ([a,b,c,d,e], [c,d])

Output 1 : true

Explanation : Essentially, look for a match between the first element of sublist and mainlist using the sublist procedure. When a match occurs, head over to the prelist procedure & check if this turns out to be a prefix for the remainder of the list. If so, the resolution ends in success.

Query 2 : suffix ?-suffix ([a,b,c], Zs)

Output 2 : Zs = [a,b,c]

Zs = [b,c]

Zs = [c]

Zs = [ ]

False

$M = \text{o-brother-where-art-thou}$

$M = \text{ghost-world}$

c.) Find movies released before 2000.

→ Query :  $\exists ?\text{-movie}(M, Y), Y < 2000$ .

Output :  $M = \text{american-beauty},$

$Y = 1999$

$M = \text{anna},$

$Y = 1987$

$M = \text{barton-fink},$

$Y = 1991 \dots$

d.) Find the movies released after 1990.

→ Query :  $?\text{-movies}(M, Y), Y > 1990$ .

Output :  $M = \text{american-beauty},$

$Y = 1999$

$M = \text{barton-fink},$

$Y = 1991 \dots$

f.) Find a director of a movie in which Scarlett Johnson appeared.

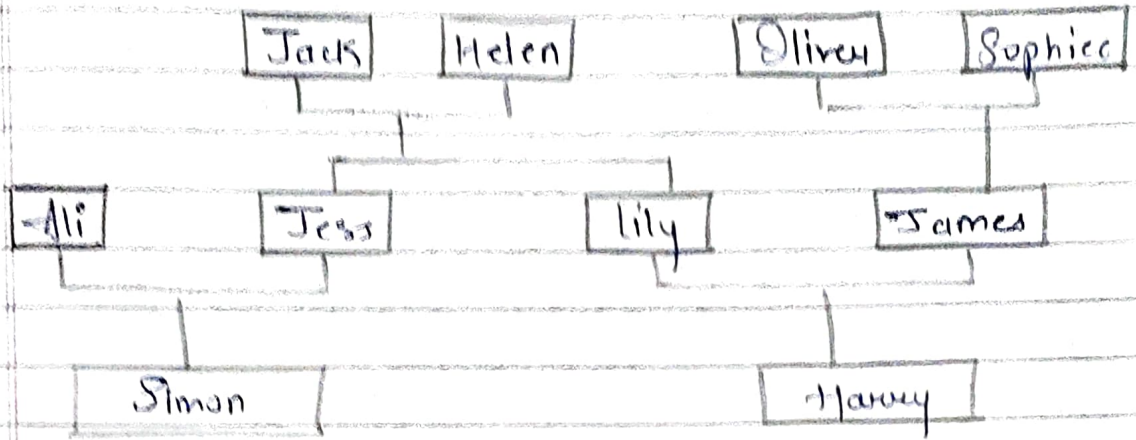
→ Query :  $?\text{-adress}(M, \text{Scarlett-johnson}, -),$   
director  $(M, D)$ .

Output :  $D = \text{peter-webber},$

$M = \text{girl-with-a-pearl-earring}$

Q.5] Draw a family tree of you/any arbitrary family. Which was foll. relations mother, father, daughter, son, grandson, sibling, uncle, person, male, female. You need to convert it into KB and write atleast 6 queries and query results on your KB.

## → Family tree :



Code :

Query 1 : ?-mother\_of(X, jess).  
Output 1 : X = helen

Query 2 : ?-parent\_of(X, simon).  
Output 2 : X = jess

Query 3 : ?-sister\_of(X, lily).  
Output 3 : X = jess

Query 4 : ?-parent\_of(X, harry).  
Output 4 : X = lily  
X = james

Query 5 : ?-aunt\_of(X, simon).  
Output 5 : X = lily

Query 6 : ?-grandfather\_of(X, harry).  
Output 6 : X = jacks