

# Achieving High Observability through Elastic Stack

Samidhya Sarker  
Assistant Programmer  
Bangladesh Computer Council

# Presentation Outline

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### 1. Observability of Applications vs Observability of Systems

#### 1. Observability of Systems

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#### Custom Dashboard for VMs

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# Observability

Observability refers to understanding a system through **observation**, and classifies the tools



# Observability of Applications vs Observability of Systems

# Observability of Systems

- Concentrates on monitoring and analyzing the **underlying infrastructure** (e.g., servers, networks, containers) that applications rely on. It includes:
  - **Key Metrics:** CPU, memory, disk I/O, network throughput, container health, etc.
  - **Events:** Logs related to system-level changes or failures (e.g., kernel panics, node crashes).
  - **Topology:** Relationships and dependencies between system components, such as container orchestration with Kubernetes.
  - **Primary Tools:** Infrastructure monitoring tools like Prometheus, Grafana, Nagios, or Splunk.
  - **Use Case:** Diagnosing issues like high server load, network latency, or disk space exhaustion.

# Observability of Applications

- Focuses on monitoring and understanding the behavior, performance, and health of **software applications**.

It centers around:

- Key Metrics:** Response times, throughput, error rates, request volumes, etc.
- Tracing:** End-to-end visibility of user interactions, such as tracing a request through APIs, services, and databases.
- Logs:** Application-specific logs for debugging, capturing exceptions, or auditing actions.
- Primary Tools:** Application Performance Monitoring (APM) solutions like New Relic, Dynatrace, or Datadog.
- Use Case:** Troubleshooting issues like slow API responses, memory leaks, or application-level bugs.

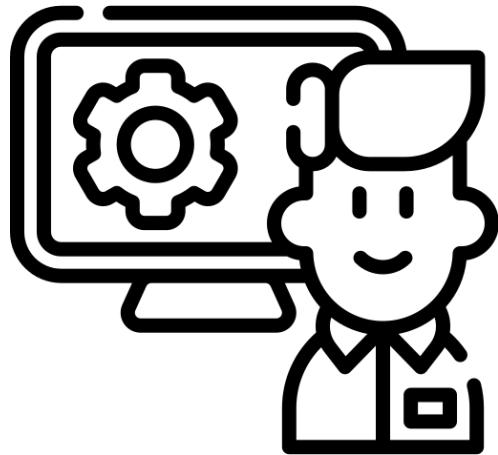
## Overlap and Differences

- **Overlap:** Both share some concerns, such as logging and metrics, but differ in granularity and scope. They often feed into the same dashboards for holistic observability.
- **Differences:**
  - Applications observability is **user-centric**, focusing on service behavior and business logic.
  - Systems observability is **resource-centric**, focusing on the infrastructure and operational concerns.

To achieve comprehensive observability, combine both domains, ensuring both application performance and system health are monitored cohesively.

# Roles

Sysadmin

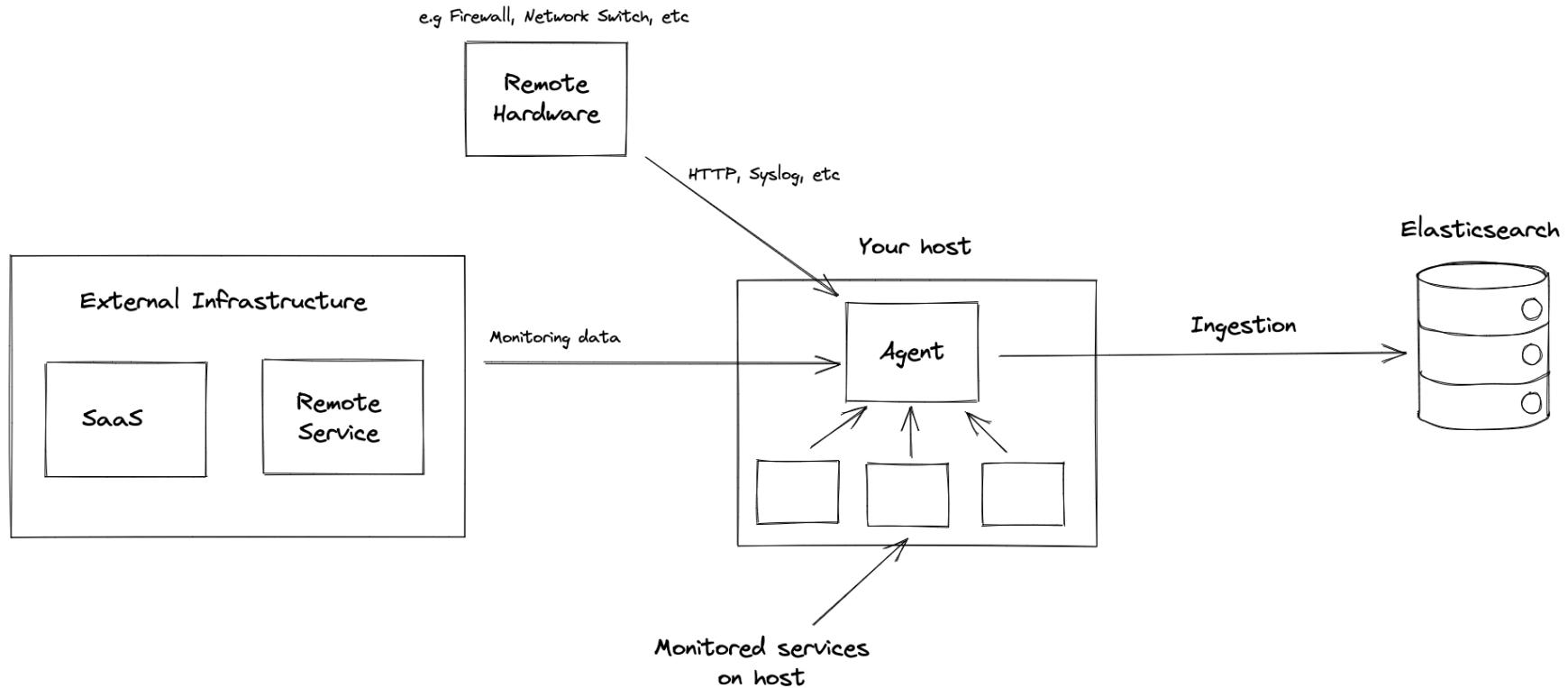


Developer

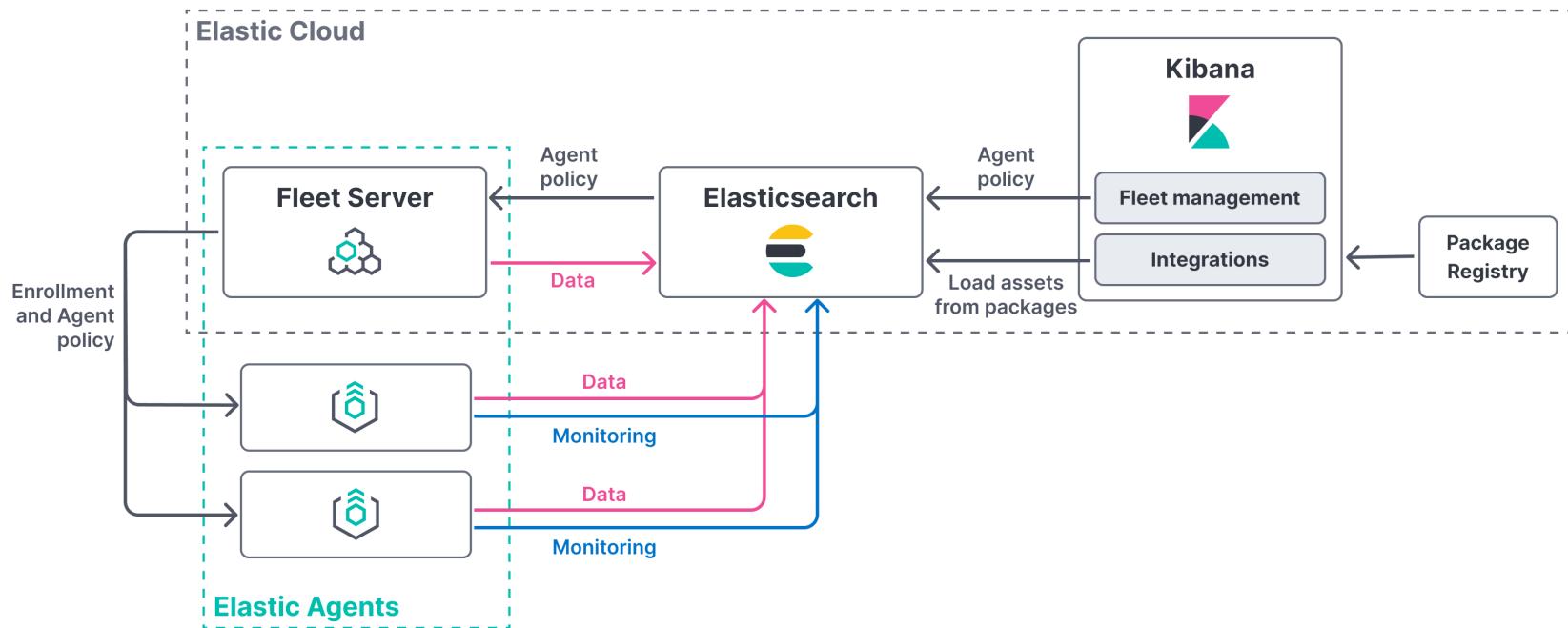


# Elastic Architecture

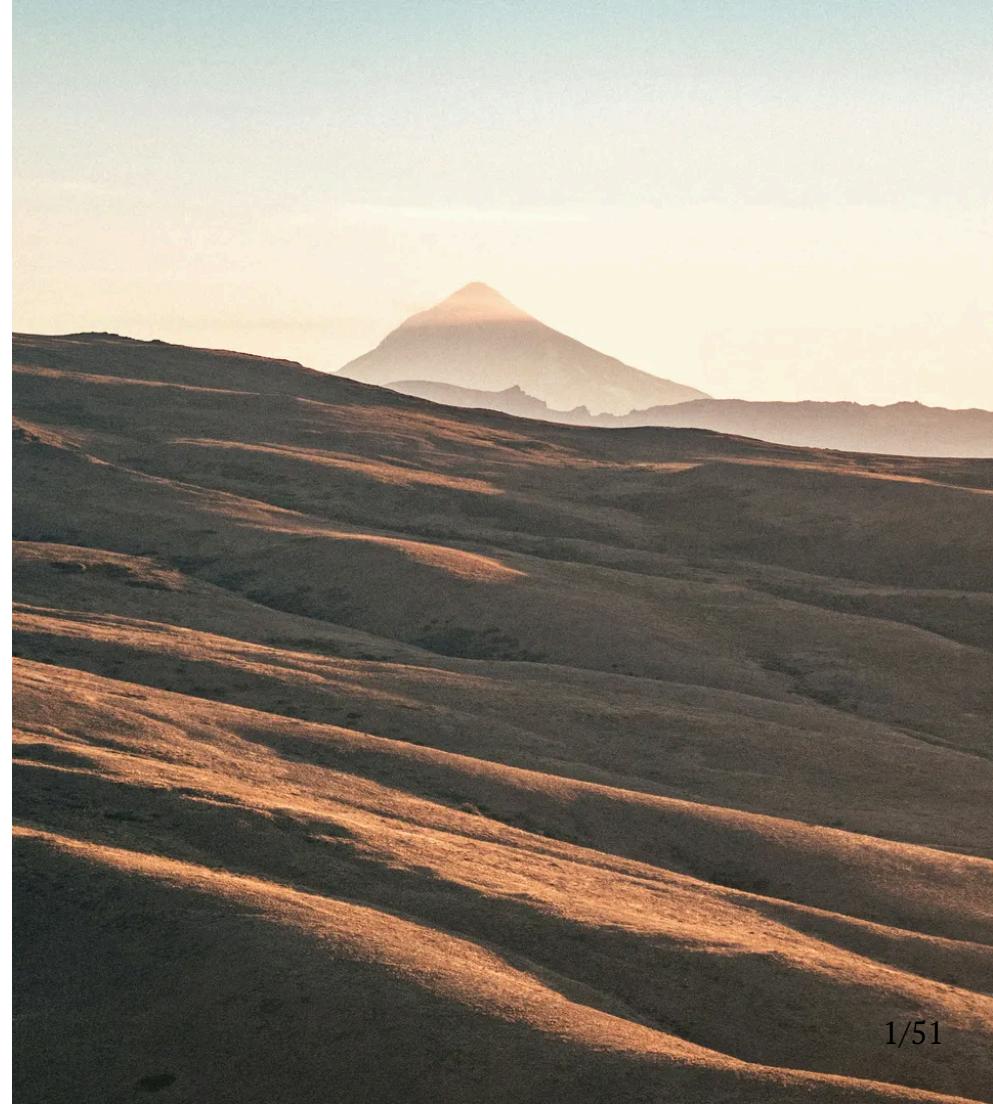
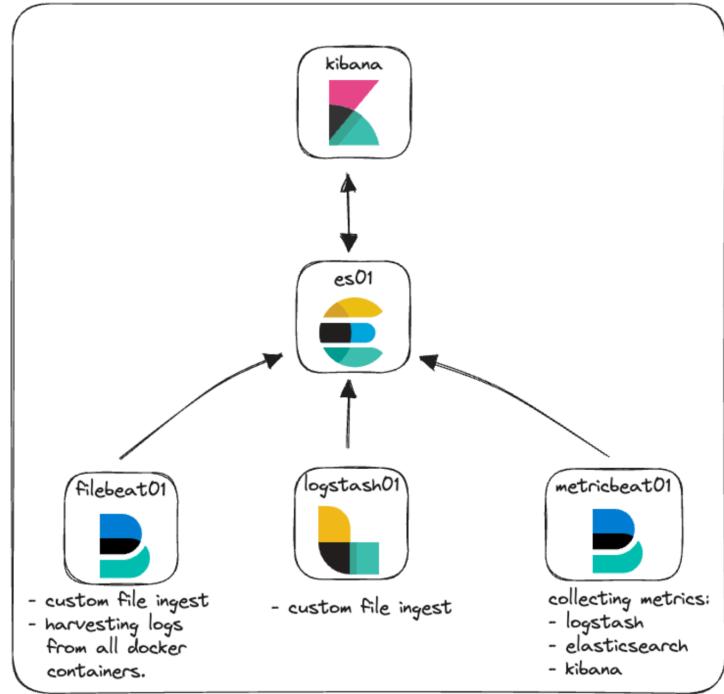
# Ingestion of Logs



# Fleet Server Architecture



# Beats Architecture





# Systems Monitoring



elastic

# SRE Performance Monitoring

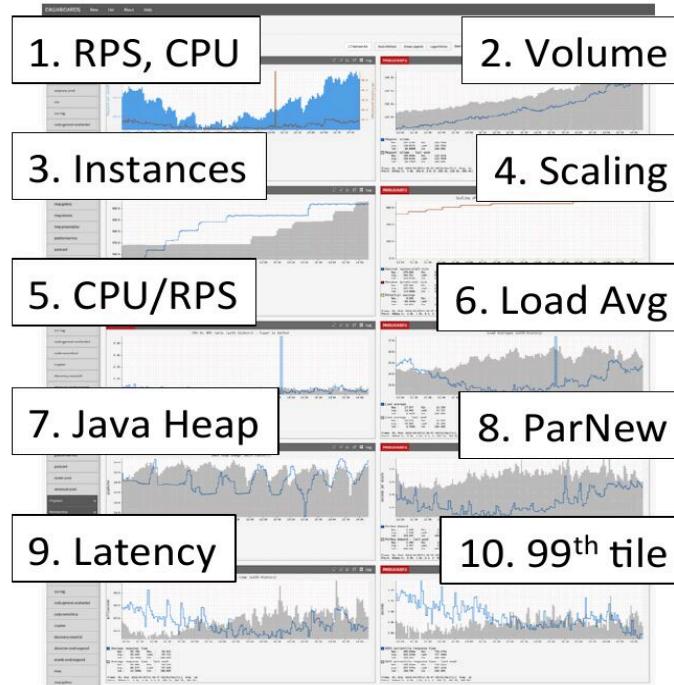
[https://www.brendangregg.com/Slides/SREcon\\_2016\\_perf\\_checklists.pdf](https://www.brendangregg.com/Slides/SREcon_2016_perf_checklists.pdf)

# Performance Checklists

per instance:

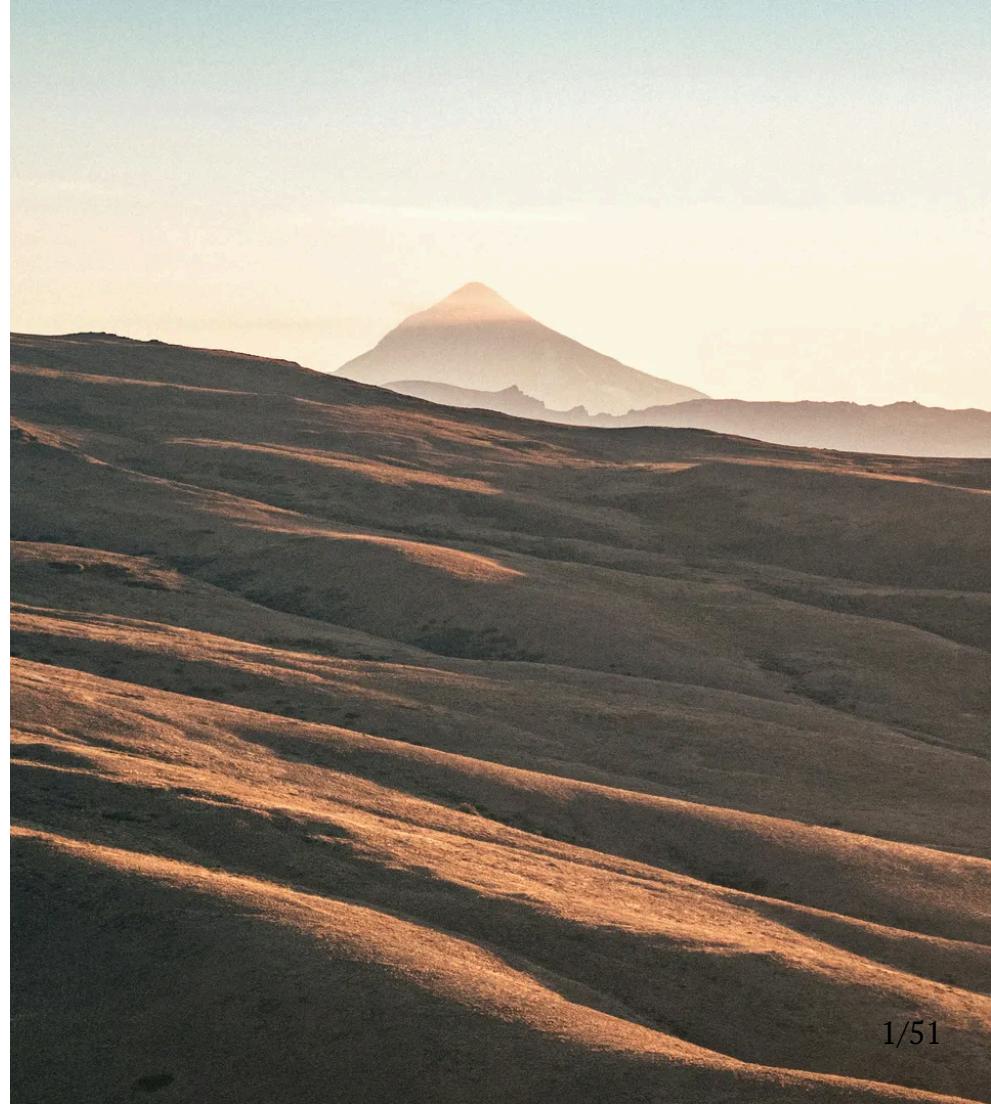
1. uptime
2. dmesg -T | tail
3. vmstat 1
4. mpstat -P ALL 1
5. pidstat 1
6. iostat -xz 1
7. free -m
8. sar -n DEV 1
9. sar -n TCP,ETCP 1
10. top

cloud wide:

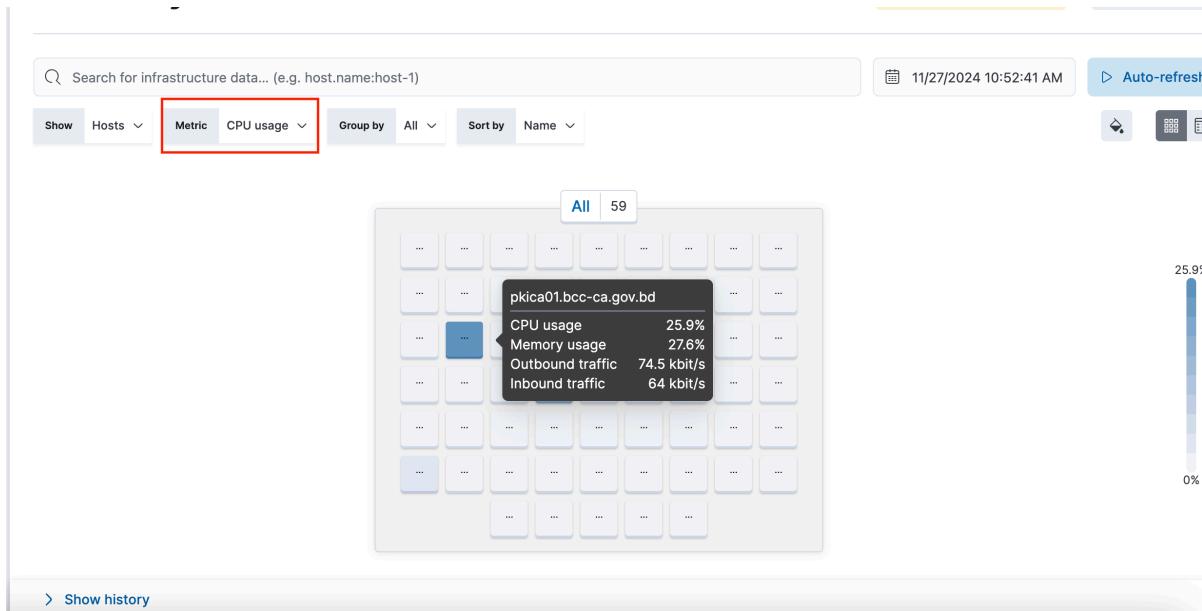


# What to monitor

- Metrics
  - CPU
  - Memory
  - Disk
  - Network
- Logs
- Traces



# Inventory



# Log Ingestion (Demo)



# Welcome to Elastic

Username

Password

eye icon

Log in



# Welcome to Elastic

Username

Password

🔒👁️

Log in

# Custom Dashboard for VMs



elastic

# Single VMs



# Welcome to Elastic

Username

Password

eye icon

Log in

# Multiple VMs



# Welcome to Elastic

Username

Password

eye icon

Log in

A photograph of a cowboy on a dark horse, using a lasso to herd two other horses (a light-colored one and a brown one) through a dry, brushy landscape. The scene is filled with dust, suggesting a sense of motion and activity.

# Applications Performance Monitoring

# APM Tools

- Counters
- Profiling
- Tracing



## 1. Counters

- Real-time metrics tracking for **key performance indicators**
- Monitors system vitals like **requests/sec, error rates, and resource usage**
- Enables **threshold-based alerting** and trend analysis

## 2. Profiling

- Deep dive analysis of application runtime behavior
- **CPU, memory, and thread usage examination**
- Identifies performance bottlenecks and resource-intensive operations

## 3. Tracing

- End-to-end visibility of request flow through distributed systems
- Tracks latency across **service boundaries and components**
- Helps diagnose issues in microservices architectures

# Counters

These are like the gauges in your car's dashboard. They constantly measure and record specific metrics in your application:

- Request rates: How many users/calls your system handles per second
- Error rates: How often things go wrong (like 404s or 500s)
- Response times: How fast your system responds
- Resource usage: CPU, memory, disk space consumption
- Custom business metrics: Like number of orders processed

Counters are great for real-time monitoring and alerting. For example, if your error rate suddenly spikes above 1%, you can get an immediate notification.

# Profiling

Think of profiling as taking an X-ray of your application while it's running. It reveals:

- Which functions are taking the most time to execute
- Memory allocation and garbage collection patterns
- CPU usage across different threads
- Database query performance
- Hot spots in your code that need optimization

For example, profiling might reveal that a particular database query is taking 80% of your response time, helping you identify exactly what to optimize.

# Tracing

Imagine following a letter through the postal system - that's what tracing does for requests in your system:

- Follows a single request as it moves through different services
- Records timing at each step
- Shows the relationships between services
- Helps understand the full journey of a request

For example, when a user experiences slow checkout, tracing can show that it's because the payment service is slow, not the shopping cart service.

These three tools work together to give you complete visibility:

- Counters tell you THAT something is wrong
- Profiling tells you WHY something is wrong within a service
- Tracing tells you WHERE something is wrong across services

When combined, these tools make troubleshooting much faster and more effective. Instead of guessing what might be wrong, you have concrete data pointing to the exact issue.



# Log Ingestion

## Built in integrations

All categories	365
APM	1
AWS	39
Azure	23
Cloud	9
Containers	15
Custom	40
Database	40
Elastic Stack	48
Elasticsearch SDK	9
Search	34

Display beta integrations

If an integration is available for [Elastic Agent and Beats](#), show:

- Recommended ?
- Elastic Agent only
- Beats only

 **MySQL**  
Search over your MySQL content.

 **MySQL Enterprise**  
Collect audit logs from MySQL Enterprise with Elastic Agent.

 **Nagios XI**  
Collect Logs and Metrics from Nagios XI with Elastic Agent.

 **NATS**  
Collect logs and metrics from NATS servers with Elastic Agent.

 **NetFlow Records**  
Collect flow records from NetFlow and IPFIX exporters with Elastic Agent.

 **Netskope**  
Collect logs from Netskope with Elastic Agent.

 **Network Beaconing Identification**  
Package to identify beaconing activity in your network events.

 **Network Drive**  
Search over your Network Drive content.

 **Network Packet Capture**  
Capture and analyze network traffic from a host with Elastic Agent.

 **Nginx**  
Collect logs and metrics from Nginx HTTP servers with Elastic Agent.

 **Nginx Ingress Controller Logs**  
Collect Nginx Ingress Controller logs.

 **Okta**  
Collect and parse event logs from Okta API with Elastic Agent.

 **Okta Entity Analytics**  
Collect User Identities from Okta API with Elastic Agent.

 **OneDrive**  
Search over your content on OneDrive.

 **OpenCTI**  
Ingest threat intelligence from OpenCTI.

# Custom Logs



custom logs



### Custom AWS Logs

Collect raw logs from AWS S3 or CloudWatch with Elastic Agent.



### Custom Google Pub/Sub Logs

Collect Logs from Google Pub/Sub topics



### Custom HTTP Endpoint Logs

Collect JSON data from listening HTTP port with Elastic Agent.



### Custom Journald logs

Collect logs from journald with Elastic Agent.



### Custom Kafka Logs

Collect data from kafka topic with Elastic Agent.



### Custom Logs

Collect custom logs with Elastic Agent.



### Custom TCP Logs

Collect raw TCP data from listening TCP port with Elastic Agent.



### Custom UDP Logs

Collect raw UDP data from listening UDP port with Elastic Agent.



### Custom Windows Event Logs

Collect and parse logs from any Windows event log channel with Elastic Agent.



Suppose we have a web server that is producing logs like this:

```
2024-02-05T09:47:36,919+06:00 INFO com.ca.ekyc.activity.LogServiceImpl - Log Event - EventLog [id=0, entityId=-1, module=ADSS, type=GetUser, status=Found, message=UserId: 0171529752]
2024-02-05T09:47:47,040+06:00 INFO com.ca.ekyc.user.service.AdssUserService - ADSS GetUser Found - UserId: 0171529752
2024-02-05T09:47:47,138+06:00 INFO com.ca.ekyc.activity.LogServiceImpl - Log Event - EventLog [id=0, entityId=-1, module=ADSS, type=GetUser, status=Found, message=UserId: 0171529752]
2024-02-05T09:47:47,147+06:00 INFO com.ca.ekyc.activity.LogServiceImpl - Log Event - EventLog [id=0, entityId=-1, module=ADSS, type=GetUser, status=Found, message=UserId: 0171529752]
2024-02-05T09:47:47,154+06:00 INFO com.ca.ekyc.interceptor.CommonApiInterceptor - CommonApiInterceptor Completed : User
2024-02-05T09:47:47,457+06:00 INFO com.ca.ekyc.api.AuthController - Login Request : Username = bcc-esign-api-user
2024-02-05T09:47:461+06:00 INFO com.ca.ekyc.security.services.UserDetailsServiceImpl - Username: bcc-esign-api-user
2024-02-05T09:47:553+06:00 INFO com.ca.ekyc.activity.LogServiceImpl - Log Event - EventLog [id=0, entityId=2, module=ADSS, type=GetUser, status=Found, message=UserId: 01517109340]
2024-02-05T09:47:561+06:00 INFO com.ca.ekyc.interceptor.CommonApiInterceptor - CommonApiInterceptor Completed : User
2024-02-05T09:47:571+06:00 INFO com.ca.ekyc.security.jwt.AuthTokenFilter - username: bcc-esign-api-user roles: [ROLE_USER]
2024-02-05T15:08:35,622+06:00 ERROR com.ca.ekyc.api.RestSigningController - Get Certificate Error - UserId doesn't exist
java.lang.Exception: UserId doesn't exist: 01517109340
    at com.ca.ekyc.user.service.AdssCertificateService.getUserCertificate(AdssCertificateService.java:188)
    at com.ca.ekyc.api.RestSigningController.getUserCertificate(RestSigningController.java:96)
    at com.ca.ekyc.api.RestSigningController$$FastClassBySpringCGLIB$$2ca0c3e.invoke(<generated>)
    at org.springframework.cglib.proxy.MethodProxy.invoke(MethodProxy.java:218)
    ...
    ...
```

# Ingest Pipeline

## Multiline Configuration

```
multiline.pattern: '^+[0-9]{4}-[0-9]{2}-[0-9]{2}\s[0-9]{4}$'
multiline.negate: true
multiline.match: after
multiline.timeout: 15s
multiline.max_lines: 5000
```

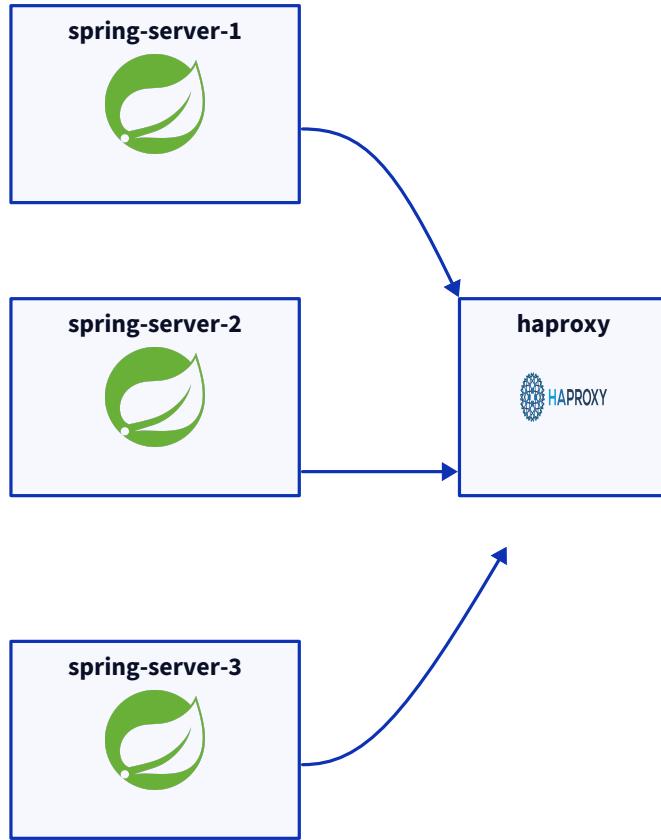


# Processor

```
[  
  {  
    "grok": {  
      "field": "message",  
      "patterns": [  
        "%{DATA:timestamp} \\[%{DATA:thread}\\] %{LOGLEVEL:level} %{JAVAFILE:class} - %{GREEDYMULTILINE:message}"  
      ],  
      "pattern_definitions": {  
        "GREEDYMULTILINE": "(.|\n)*"  
      }  
    }  
  }  
]
```

## Binding Processor to Custom Logs Integration

```
pipeline: logs-signinghub-pipeline
```



			host.hostname: "esignapi01.bcc-ca.gov.bd" and event.dataset: java			
			10,356 hits			
0	<b>Documents</b> <b>Field statistics</b>					
3	Columns   1 field sorted					
10			@timestamp	level	message	
64			Nov 19, 2024 @ 10:48:14.159	INFO	Login Request : Username = almas.hossain@doict.gov.bd	
10			Nov 18, 2024 @ 14:47:27.611	WARN	Failure in @ExceptionHandler com.ca.ekyc.handler.RestEntityExceptionHandler#handleAllException(HttpServletRequest, Exception) org.apache.catalina.connector.ClientAbortException: java.io.IOException: Broken pipe...	
64			Nov 18, 2024 @ 14:47:22.605	INFO	CommonApiInterceptor Completed : Username: bcc-esign-api-user, Method: POST, Path: /api/v1/sign, Status : 400	
64			Nov 18, 2024 @ 14:47:22.605	ERROR	Request Path - null Exception - {} org.apache.catalina.connector.ClientAbortException: java.io.IOException: Connection reset by peer at org.apache.catalina.connector.OutputBuffer.doFlush(OutputBuffer.java:310)...	
64			Nov 18, 2024 @ 14:47:22.605	INFO	Log Event - EventLog [id=0, entityId=-1, module=API_ACCESS, action=CREATE, message=Response to method: signHash, description=ApiResponse [status=false, data=null, message=Failed to authorise user credentials - Request timeout for mobile authorisation, statusCode=400, statusText=BAD_REQUEST, path=/api/v1/sign], ...	
64			Nov 18, 2024 @ 14:47:22.605	ERROR	Sign Error - {}	
Rows per page: 100						1 2 3 4 5



# Welcome to Elastic

Username

Password

🔒👁️

Log in

# Sample Dashboard (QuickSign-API)



# Welcome to Elastic

Username

Password

🔒👁️

Log in

# Sample Dashboard (BCC-CA-Boot)



# Welcome to Elastic

Username

Password

🔒👁️

Log in

# Synthetics



# Welcome to Elastic

Username

Password

eye icon

Log in

# Alerts

# Learn More

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