

Roll No. 202CD005

Sub: Introduction to Scalable Systems

Name: Gavali Deshabhakt Nagnath

MPI Programming Assignment – 2

INDEX

Sr. No.		Page No.
1	Write an MPI program to find maximum value in an array of 600 integers with 6 processes.	2
2	Write a Parallel program to compute the prefix sums for a large sequence X[1..N] of integers.	5
3	Implement Sieve of Eratosthenes for finding list of prime numbers up to a given list.	9
4	Write a Parallel program to find minimum and maximum element in a given array of large size N.	13
5	Q5. Write parallel programs to implement Merge sort and Quick sort	18
	a) Merge Sort	22
	b) Quick Sort	
6	Design a parallel scheme for computing matrix multiplication,	26
	a) Blocking Point-to-point communication	29
	b) Non Blocking Point-to-point communication	33
	c) Collective Communication	
7	Write a MPI program to compute π MPI_Bcast and MPI_Reduce. Compare execution time for Serial code and Parallel code.	
8	Write a MPI program to compute Dot Product.	39
	a) Each process gets an equal sized chunk of both the arrays (using MPI_Scatter).	41
	b) Each process gets an unequal sized chunk of both the arrays (using MPI_Scatterv).	

Q1. Write an MPI program to find maximum value in an array of 600 integers with 6 processes and print the result in root process using MPI_Reduce call. Compute time taken by the program using MPI_Wtime() function.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void printArray(int arr[], int r,int myrank)
{
    printf("Array at process %d is ",myrank);
    for (int i = 0; i <r; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int rank, size,lmax,gmax;
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
    int N=atoi(argv[1]);
    int newsize,scattersize;
    if((N%size)==0)
    {
        scattersize=(N/size);
    }
    else
    {
        scattersize=(N/size)+1;
    }
    newsize=scattersize*size;
    int ArrIN[newsize];
    for (int i = 0; i < newsize; i++)
    {
        if(i<N)
        {
            ArrIN[i] = rand()%(newsize*2);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        else
        {
            ArrIN[i]=0;
        }
    }
    int B[scattersize];

MPI_Scatter(&ArrIN,scattersize,MPI_INT,&B,scattersize,MPI_INT,0,MPI_COMM_
WORLD);
    // printArray(temp,scattersize,myrank);
    lmax=B[0];
    double t1=MPI_Wtime();
    for(int i=0;i<scattersize;i++)
    {
        if(lmax<B[i])
        {
            lmax=B[i];
        }
    }
    double t2=MPI_Wtime();
    printf("Local max of process %d is %d\n",rank,lmax);
    MPI_Reduce(&lmax,&gmax,1,MPI_INT,MPI_MAX,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    double t3=MPI_Wtime();
    printf("Time required for process %d to find loacal max is %1.10f \n",rank,(t2-t1));
    if(rank==0)
    {
        // printArray(temp,newsize,myrank);
        printf("\n\nMax of Entire array is %d\n\n",gmax);
        printf("Time required for process %d to calculate global max %1.10f \n",rank,(t3-
t2));fflush(stdout);
    }
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}

```

Output (with 6-Processes and Array size (N) = 600):

```

Local max of process 1 is 1195
Time required for process 1 to find loacal max is 0.0000006950
Local max of process 2 is 1190
Time required for process 2 to find loacal max is 0.0000006470
Local max of process 3 is 1187
Time required for process 3 to find loacal max is 0.0000005930
Local max of process 4 is 1189

```

Time required for process 4 to find loacal max is 0.0000005440

Local max of process 0 is 1182

Local max of process 5 is 1167

Time required for process 0 to find loacal max is 0.0000005380

Max of Entire array is 1195

Time required for process 0 to calculate global max 0.0002270930

Time required for process 5 to find loacal max is 0.0000005300

Q2. Write a Parallel program to compute the prefix sums for a large sequence X[1..N] of integers. Take large enough values of N.

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<mpi.h>

void printArray(int arr[], int r,int myrank)
{
    printf("Array at process %d is ",myrank);
    for (int i = 0; i <r; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

int main(int argc,char* argv[])
{
    int size,myrank;
    MPI_Init(&argc,&argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&myrank);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&size);
    int N=atoi(argv[1]); // Taking input from command line
    int scattersize;
    if((N%size)==0)
    {
        scattersize=(N/size);
    }
    else
    {
        scattersize=(N/size)+1;
    }
    int newsize=scattersize*size;
    int a[newsize];
    if(myrank==0)
    {
        for(int i=0;i<newsize;i++)
        {
            if(i<N)
            {
                a[i]=i+1;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
    else
    {
        a[i]=0;
    }

}

}
MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
int temp[scattersize];

MPI_Scatter(&a,scattersize,MPI_INT,&temp,scattersize,MPI_INT,0,MPI_COMM_W
ORLD);
double t1=MPI_Wtime();
for(int i=0;i<scattersize;i++)
{
    if(i!=0)
    {
        int t=temp[i];
        temp[i]=t+temp[i-1];
    }
}
double t2=MPI_Wtime();
printf("\nProcesse: %d --> Time required to perform PreFix Sum: %1.10f\n",myrank,(t2-t1));
printArray(temp,scattersize,myrank);
int gArray[newsize];

MPI_Gather(&temp,scattersize,MPI_INT,&gArray,scattersize,MPI_INT,0,MPI_COM
M_WORLD);
if(myrank==0 && size>1)
{
    double t3=MPI_Wtime();
    for(int i=scattersize;i<N;i++)
    {
        {
            int t=gArray[i];
            gArray[i]=t+gArray[i-1];
        }
    }
    double t4=MPI_Wtime();

```

```

    printf("\nProcesse: %d --> Time required to perform Final PreFix Sum: %1.10f\n",myrank,(t3-t2));
    printArray(gArray,newsize,myrank);
}
MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
}

```

Output:

I) With 1-Process (Serial) and N 50

Processe: 0 --> Time required to perform PreFix Sum: 0.0000003940
 Array at process 0 is 1 3 6 10 15 21 28 36 45 55 66 78 91 105 120 136 153
 171 190 210 231 253 276 300 325 351 378 406 435 465 496 528 561 595
 630 666 703 741 780 820 861 903 946 990 1035 1081 1128 1176 1225 1275

II) With 2-Processes (Parallel) and N 50

Processe: 0 --> Time required to perform PreFix Sum: 0.0000002870
 Array at process 0 is 1 3 6 10 15 21 28 36 45 55 66 78 91 105 120 136 153
 171 190 210 231 253 276 300 325

Processe: 0 --> Time required to perform Final PreFix Sum: 0.0000390200

Processe: 1 --> Time required to perform PreFix Sum: 0.0000002480
 Array at process 1 is 26 53 81 110 140 171 203 236 270 305 341 378 416 455
 495 536 578 621 665 710 756 803 851 900 950
 Array at process 0 is 1 3 6 10 15 21 28 36 45 55 66 78 91 105 120 136 153
 171 190 210 231 253 276 300 325 351 404 485 595 735 906 1109 1345
 1615 1920 2261 2639 3055 3510 4005 4541 5119 5740 6405 7115 7871 8674
 9525 10425 11375

Table 2.1: PreFix Sum Serial Run

Sr. No.	N	time
1.	50	0.0000004210
2.	100	0.0000006090
3.	500	0.0000023470
4.	5000	0.0000310410
5.	50000	0.0003103050
6.	500000	0.0021541310

Table 2.2: PreFix Sum Parallel Run (Time)

n\N	50	100	500	5000	50000	500000
2	2.7384e-05	2.9513e-05	3.2224e-05	8.0137e-05	0.000372099	0.002637091
4	0.000128466	0.000120956	0.000168512	0.000244656	0.000964675	0.010348513
8	0.000824933	0.001297961	0.000999324	0.000449815	0.018602575	0.014343954
12	0.001237421	0.001298486	0.001195486	0.000549916	0.019715551	0.023031060
18	0.002558431	0.002326414	0.013810833	0.004803454	0.024259127	0.031744568
24	0.004202694	0.021684437	0.023117531	0.010309192	0.026595193	0.033136005

Conclusion:

- I) For a given number of processes, as N increases, the run time also goes on increasing.
- II) For a given N, as number of processes increases, run time also goes on increasing.

Q3. Implement Sieve of Eratosthenes for finding list of prime numbers up to a given list.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mpi.h>

void printArray(int arr[], int r,int myrank)
{
    printf("Array at process %d is ",myrank);
    for (int i = 0; i <r; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int myrank, size;

    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &myrank);
    int N = atoi(argv[1]) -1;          //Taking input from Command line
    int scattersize;
    if ((N - 1) % size == 0)
    {
        scattersize = (N - 1) / size;
    }
    else
    {
        scattersize = ((N - 1) / size) + 1;
    }
    int newsize = (size * scattersize);
    int a[newsize], b[scattersize], c[newsize];

    if (myrank == 0)
    {
        for (int i = 0; i < newsize; i++)
        {
            if (i < (N - 1))
```

```

        {
            a[i] = i + 2;
        }
        else
        {
            a[i] = 0;
        }
    }
}
MPI_Scatter(&a, scattersize, MPI_INT, &b, scattersize, MPI_INT, 0,
MPI_COMM_WORLD);
double t1 = MPI_Wtime();
int i = 0, x;
while (i < scattersize)
{
    x = b[i] - 1;
    while (x >= 2)
    {
        if ((b[i] % x) == 0 && b[i] != 2)
        {
            b[i] = 0;
            break;
        }
        x--;
    }
    i++;
}
double t2 = MPI_Wtime();

// printArray(temp,scattersize,myrank);

printf("\nProcess: %d -> Time Required to find Prime's : %1.10f \n",myrank,(t2-t1));

MPI_Gather(&b, scattersize, MPI_INT, &c, scattersize, MPI_INT, 0,
MPI_COMM_WORLD);
if (myrank == 0)
{
    printf("\nThe prime numbers are as follows:\n");

    for (int i = 0; i < newsize; i++)
    {
        if (c[i] != 0)

```

```

        {
            printf("%d ", c[i]);
        }
    }

    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

1. Processes = 1 (Serial) and N = 50

Process: 0 -> Time Required to find Prime's : 0.0000053120

The prime no's are as follows:

2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47

2. Processes = 2 (Parallel) and N = 50

Process: 0 -> Time Required to find Prime's : 0.0000017980

The prime no's are as follows:

Process: 1 -> Time Required to find Prime's : 0.0000035180

2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47

Table 3.1 : Sieve of Eratosthenes – Serial execution (i.e. n=1)

Sr. No.	N	Time
1	50	0.0000053120
2	100	0.0000147130
3	200	0.0000590170
4	500	0.0003868790
5	1000	0.0017747070

Table 3.2 : Sieve of Eratosthenes – Parallel execution (time)

n\N	50	100	200	500	1000
2	0.000003534 0	0.000012335 0	0.000146370 0	0.000404134 0	0.001998260 0
4	0.000002998 0	0.000008947 0	0.000163045 0	0.000317473 0	0.001476066 0
5	0.000002284 0	0.000009453 0	0.000121603 0	0.000119642 0	0.001130258 0
10	0.000001186 0	0.000003854 0	0.000109670 0	0.000102188 0	0.000545528 0

Conclusion:

I) For a given Array size (or Upper bound), As number of Processes increases, execution time goes on decreasing.

II) For a given number of processes, As Array size increases, execution time goes on increasing.

Q4. Write a Parallel program to find minimum and maximum element in a given array of large size N.

Program:

// Find Min and Max from an Array of size N

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<mpi.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include<time.h>
void printArray(int arr[], int r,int myrank)
{
    printf("Array at process %d is ",myrank);
    for (int i = 0; i <r; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

int main(int argc,char* argv[])
{
    int size,myrank,gmin,gmax;
    srand(time(0));
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&myrank);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&size);
    int N=atoi(argv[1]);          //atoi -->Used to convert char to int &&
                                   // atoi(argv[1])-->used to take arraysize input from command
    line
    int scattersize,newsize;
    if((N%size)==0)
    {
        scattersize=(N/size);
    }
    else
    {
        scattersize=(N/size)+1;
    }
    newsize=scattersize*size;
    int a[newsize];
    if(myrank==0)
    {
```

```

    for(int i=0;i<newsize;i++)
    {
        if(i<N)
        {
            a[i]=rand()%(newsize*(2));
        }
        else
        {
            a[i]=0;
        }
    }
}
int localArray[scattersize];

MPI_Scatter(&a,scattersize,MPI_INT,&localArray,scattersize,MPI_INT,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
double t1=MPI_Wtime();
int lmax=localArray[0];
for(int i=0;i<scattersize;i++)
{
    if(lmax<localArray[i])
    {
        lmax=localArray[i];
    }
}
printf("\n\nMAX of array at process %d is %d\n\n",myrank,lmax);
double t2=MPI_Wtime();
printf("Time required for process %d to calculate local MAX %1.10f \n",myrank,(t2-t1));
printArray(localArray,scattersize,myrank);
int lmin=localArray[0];
for(int i=0;i<scattersize;i++)
{
    if(lmin>localArray[i]&&localArray[i]!=0)
    {
        lmin=localArray[i];
    }
}
printf("\n\nMIN of array at process %d is %d\n\n",myrank,lmin);
double t3=MPI_Wtime();

```

```

    printf("Time required for process %d to calculate local MIN %1.10f \n",myrank,(t3-
t2));
    MPI_Reduce(&lmin,&gmin,1,MPI_INT,MPI_MIN,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    double t4=MPI_Wtime();
    MPI_Reduce(&lmax,&gmax,1,MPI_INT,MPI_MAX,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    double t5=MPI_Wtime();
    if(myrank==0 && size>1)
    {
        printArray(a,newsize,myrank);
        printf("\n\nMIN of Entire array is %d\n\n",gmin);
        printf("\n\nMAX of Entire array is %d\n\n",gmax);
        printf("Time required for process %d to calculate global MIN %1.10f \n",myrank,
(t4-t3));
        printf("Time required for process %d to calculate global MAX %1.10f \
n",myrank,(t5-t4));
    }
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

I) Processes = 1 (Serial) and N 50

MAX of array at process 0 is 97

Time required for process 0 to calculate local MAX 0.0000768500

Array at process 0 is 97 57 79 82 22 88 40 52 94 41 78 15 60 94 84 60 38
39 50 35 85 44 38 8 38 4 52 28 37 1 23 35 59 3 69 33 91 61 85 38 2 15
53 15 9 38 27 47 29 78

MIN of array at process 0 is 1

Time required for process 0 to calculate local MIN 0.0000413650

II) Processes = 2 (Parallel) and N 50

MAX of array at process 0 is 96

Time required for process 0 to calculate local MAX 0.0000345900

Array at process 0 is 88 10 14 34 36 25 17 95 49 91 6 66 74 20 31 24 85 33
59 44 54 13 14 6 96

MIN of array at process 0 is 6

Time required for process 0 to calculate local MIN 0.0000274570

MAX of array at process 1 is 94

Time required for process 1 to calculate local MAX 0.0000438090

Array at process 1 is 88 2 29 79 83 27 19 45 94 53 33 19 70 28 68 14 87 86
88 7 69 64 45 3 23

MIN of array at process 1 is 2

Time required for process 1 to calculate local MIN 0.0000295770

Array at process 0 is 88 10 14 34 36 25 17 95 49 91 6 66 74 20 31 24 85 33
59 44 54 13 14 6 96 88 2 29 79 83 27 19 45 94 53 33 19 70 28 68 14 87
86 88 7 69 64 45 3 23

MIN of Entire array is 2

MAX of Entire array is 96

Time required for process 0 to calculate global MIN 0.0000512110

Time required for process 0 to calculate global MAX 0.0000016990

Table 4.1 : Minimum and Maximum from Array – Serial execution (i.e. n=1)

Sr. No.	N	Time for Finding Min	Time for Finding Max
1	500	0.0000017190	0.0000260900
2	1000	0.0000033250	0.0000250680
3	2000	0.0000066820	0.0000314880
4	5000	0.0000211590	0.0000485550
5	10000	0.0000322740	0.0000558640

Table 4.2 : Time required to find minimum from Array – Parallel execution (time)

n\N	500	1000	2000	5000	10000
2	0.0000462670	0.0000822590	0.0001552880	0.0000681570	0.0000709850
4	0.0000029980	0.0005919010	0.0003339740	0.0001224330	0.0000626950
8	0.0000022840	0.0057549470	0.0005551600	0.0002621310	0.0001302580
12	0.0000011860	0.0099092960	0.0007481430	0.0004021880	0.0005455280

Table 4.3 : Time required to find Maximum from Array – Parallel execution (time)

n\N	500	1000	2000	5000	10000
2	0.0000425380	0.0000437490	0.0000452880	0.0000561570	0.0000589850
4	0.0000029980	0.0005919010	0.0003339740	0.0001224330	0.0004726950
8	0.0000022840	0.0057549470	0.0005551600	0.0002621310	0.0033083920
12	0.0000011860	0.0099092960	0.0007481430	0.0032148520	0.0118603990

Conclusion:

- I) For a given number of processes, As N increases, run time goes on increasing in both cases i.e. while finding maximum and minimum from array.
- II) For a given N, As number of processes increases, run time goes on decreasing in both cases i.e. while finding maximum and minimum from array.

Q5. Write parallel programs to implement Merge sort and Quick sort

a) Merge Sort

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<mpi.h>
void merge(int arr[],int l,int m, int r)
{
    int i=l,j=m+1,k=l;
    int temp[r+1];
    while(i<=m&& j<=r)
    {
        if(arr[i]<arr[j])
        {
            temp[k]=arr[i];
            i++;k++;
        }
        else
        {
            temp[k]=arr[j];
            j++;k++;
        }
    }
    while(i<=m)
    {
        temp[k]=arr[i];
        i++;k++;
    }
    while(j<=r)
    {
        temp[k]=arr[j];
        j++;k++;
    }
    for(int s=l;s<=r;s++)
    {
        arr[s]=temp[s];
    }
}
void mergeSort(int arr[],int l,int r)
{
    if(l<r)
```

```

    {
        int m=(l+r)/2;
        mergeSort(arr,l,m);
        mergeSort(arr,m+1,r);
        merge(arr,l,m,r);
    }
}
void printArray(int arr[],int r)
{
    for(int i=0;i<=r;i++)
    {
        printf("%d ",arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
int main(int argc,char* argv[])
{
    int size,myrank;
    int N=atoi(argv[1]); // tanking input from command line
    int array[N];
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        array[i] = rand() % (N * 2);
    }
    int r=N-1;
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&size);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&myrank);
    int localArray[N/size];

    MPI_Scatter(&array,(N/size),MPI_INT,&localArray,(N/size),MPI_INT,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    double t1=MPI_Wtime();
    mergeSort(localArray,0,(r/size));
    double t2=MPI_Wtime();
    printf("\nSorted LOCAL ARRAY AT PROCESS %d is ",myrank);
    printArray(localArray,(r/size));
    printf("\nTime required for Process %d to Sort local array is %1.10f \n",myrank,(t2-t1));

    MPI_Gather(&localArray,(N/size),MPI_INT,&array,(N/size),MPI_INT,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    if(myrank==0 && size >1)

```

```

{
    double t3=MPI_Wtime();
    if(size!=1)
        mergeSort(array,0,r);
    double t4=MPI_Wtime();
    printf("\n\nSORTED GLOBAL ARRAY AT PROCESS %d is ",myrank);
    printArray(array,r);
    printf("\nTIME REQUIRED FOR PROCESS %d TO SORT LOCAL ARRAYS
(RECEIVED FORM MPI_Gather()) is %1.10f \n",myrank, (t4-t3));
}
MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
}

```

Output:

I) With 1-process (Serial) and N 200

Sorted LOCAL ARRAY AT PROCESS 0 is 8 11 12 13 14 19 21 22 27 28 28 29
29 29 31 37 37 40 42 43 44 46 46 56 58 59 62 62 67 71 75 76 76 81 81
86 89 91 91 92 92 94 97 97 101 102 105 106 108 113 114 115 117 117 119
121 121 124 124 125 127 129 132 136 137 139 140 143 143 145 149 150
151 163 164 164 165 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 170 171 173 180 182
183 184 186 186 186 187 188 193 193 193 196 196 201 202 203 207 211
211 218 218 219 219 221 224 226 226 227 228 229 232 234 234 234 235
241 241 245 249 251 251 252 256 256 257 258 259 260 265 267 269 270
273 274 275 280 283 284 286 287 288 290 295 297 300 303 305 309 315
315 323 323 324 326 326 327 328 328 329 329 329 330 332 335 335 336
336 339 340 350 353 354 355 356 356 362 364 365 370 370 372 377 378
378 379 382 384 393 395 395 398 399

Time required for Process 0 to Sort local array is 0.0000507130

II) With 2-processes (Parallel) and N 200

Sorted LOCAL ARRAY AT PROCESS 0 is 8 11 12 13 14 21 22 27 29 42 43 46
56 59 62 62 67 76 76 81 86 91 92 94 105 113 115 119 124 125 129 136
137 139 140 145 150 163 167 167 167 168 168 173 180 182 183 184 186
186 188 193 193 196 202 203 211 221 226 226 229 234 249 251 257 258

260 269 273 284 287 290 295 305 315 323 324 326 326 327 329 330 332
335 335 336 339 354 356 362 364 370 370 372 377 378 382 384 398 399

Time required for Process 0 to Sort local array is 0.0000135650

Sorted LOCAL ARRAY AT PROCESS 1 is 19 28 28 29 29 31 37 37 40 44 46
58 71 75 81 89 91 92 97 97 101 102 106 108 114 117 117 121 121 124
127 132 143 143 149 151 164 164 165 167 168 170 171 186 187 193 196
201 207 211 218 218 219 219 224 227 228 232 234 234 235 241 241 245
251 252 256 256 259 265 267 270 274 275 280 283 286 288 297 300 303
309 315 323 328 328 329 329 336 340 350 353 355 356 365 378 379 393
395 395

Time required for Process 1 to Sort local array is 0.0000137230

SORTED GLOBAL ARRAY AT PROCESS 0 is 8 11 12 13 14 19 21 22 27 28
28 29 29 29 31 37 37 40 42 43 44 46 46 56 58 59 62 62 67 71 75 76 76
81 81 86 89 91 91 92 92 94 97 97 101 102 105 106 108 113 114 115 117
117 119 121 121 124 124 125 127 129 132 136 137 139 140 143 143 145
149 150 151 163 164 164 165 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 170 171 173
180 182 183 184 186 186 186 187 188 193 193 193 196 196 201 202 203
207 211 211 218 218 219 219 221 224 226 226 227 228 229 232 234 234
234 235 241 241 245 249 251 251 252 256 256 257 258 259 260 265 267
269 270 273 274 275 280 283 284 286 287 288 290 295 297 300 303 305
309 315 315 323 323 324 326 326 327 328 328 329 329 329 330 332 335
335 336 336 339 340 350 353 354 355 356 356 362 364 365 370 370 372
377 378 378 379 382 384 393 395 395 398 399

TIME REQUIRED FOR PROCESS 0 TO SORT LOCAL ARRAYS (RECEIVED
FORM MPI_Gather()) is 0.0000221850

Table 5.1 : Serial Execution time of Merge Sort for different Array size

Sr. No.	N	Time
1	200	0.0000307970
2	500	0.0001386160
3	1000	0.0001799850
4	5000	0.0009949870

Table 5.2 : Parallel Execution time of Merge Sort for different Array size (N) and no. of processes (n)

n\N	200	500	1000	5000
2	0.0000213580	0.0000932520	0.0001086330	0.0008472210
4	0.0000275940	0.0000908220	0.0001907010	0.0011158780
5	0.0000306420	0.0000871810	0.0002210400	0.0011457550
10	0.0000414420	0.0000840050	0.0002425140	0.0014612690

b) Quick Sort

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mpi.h>
int Partition(int arr[],int s,int e)
{
    int pivot=arr[e];
    int pIndex=s;
    for(int i=s;i<e;i++)
    {
        if(arr[i]<pivot)
        {
            int temp = arr[i];
            arr[i]=arr[pIndex];
            arr[pIndex]=temp;
            pIndex++;
        }
    }
    int temp = arr[e];
    arr[e] = arr[pIndex];
    arr[pIndex] = temp;
    return pIndex;
}
void QuickSort(int arr[],int s,int e)
{
    if(s<e)
    {
        int p = Partition(arr,s,e);
        QuickSort(arr,s,p-1);
        QuickSort(arr,p+1,e);
    }
}
```

```

}
void printArray(int arr[], int r)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < r; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int size, myrank;
    int N=atoi(argv[1]); // tanking input from command line
    int array[N];
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        array[i] = rand() % (N * 2);
    }
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &myrank);
    int localArray[N / size];
    MPI_Scatter(&array, (N / size), MPI_INT, &localArray, (N / size), MPI_INT, 0,
MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    double t1 = MPI_Wtime();
    QuickSort(localArray, 0, (N / size));
    double t2 = MPI_Wtime();
    printf("\nSorted LOCAL ARRAY AT PROCESS %d is ",myrank);
    printArray(localArray, (N / size));
    printf("\nTime required for Process %d to Sort local array is %1.10f \n", myrank, (t2
- t1));
    MPI_Gather(&localArray, (N / size), MPI_INT, &array, (N / size), MPI_INT, 0,
MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    if (myrank == 0 && size > 1)
    {
        double t3 = MPI_Wtime();
        if (size != 1)
            QuickSort(array, 0, N);
        double t4 = MPI_Wtime();
        printf("\n\nSORTED GLOBAL ARRAY AT PROCESS %d is ",myrank);
        printArray(array, N);
        printf("\nTIME REQUIRED FOR PROCESS %d TO SORT LOCAL ARRAYS
(RECEIVED FORM MPI_Gather()) is %1.10f \n", myrank, (t4 - t3));
    }
}

```

```

    }
    MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

I) With 1-process (Serial) and N 200

Sorted LOCAL ARRAY AT PROCESS 0 is 8 11 12 13 14 19 21 22 27 28 28 29 29 29 31 37 37 40 42 43 44 46 46 56 58 59 62 62 67 71 75 76 76 81 81 86 89 91 91 92 92 94 97 97 101 102 105 106 108 113 114 115 117 117 119 121 121 124 124 125 127 129 132 136 137 139 140 143 143 145 149 150 151 163 164 164 165 167 167 167 167 168 168 168 170 171 173 180 182 183 183 184 186 186 186 187 188 193 193 193 196 196 201 202 203 207 211 211 218 218 219 219 221 224 226 226 227 228 229 232 234 234 234 235 241 241 245 249 251 251 252 256 256 257 258 259 260 265 267 269 270 273 274 275 280 283 284 286 287 288 290 295 297 300 303 305 309 315 315 323 323 324 326 326 327 328 328 329 329 329 330 332 335 335 336 336 339 340 350 353 354 355 356 356 362 364 365 370 370 372 377 378 378 379 382 384 393 395 395 398

Time required for Process 0 to Sort local array is 0.0000215430

II) With 2-processes (Parallel) and N 200

Sorted LOCAL ARRAY AT PROCESS 0 is 8 11 12 13 14 21 22 27 29 42 43 46 56 59 62 62 67 76 76 81 86 91 92 94 105 113 115 119 124 125 129 136 137 139 140 145 150 163 167 167 167 168 168 173 180 182 183 183 184 186 186 188 193 193 196 202 203 211 221 226 226 229 234 249 251 257 258 260 269 273 284 287 290 295 305 315 323 324 326 326 327 329 330 332 335 335 336 339 354 356 362 364 370 370 372 377 378 382 384 398

Time required for Process 0 to Sort local array is 0.0000095780

SORTED GLOBAL ARRAY AT PROCESS 0 is

Sorted LOCAL ARRAY AT PROCESS 1 is 19 28 28 29 29 31 37 37 40 44 46 58 71 75 81 89 91 92 97 97 101 102 106 108 114 117 117 121 121 124 127 132 143 143 149 151 164 164 165 167 168 170 171 183 186 187 193 196 201 207 211 218 218 219 219 224 227 228 232 234 234 235 241 241 245 251 252 256 256 259 265 267 270 274 275 280 283 286 288 297 300

303 309 315 323 328 328 329 329 336 340 350 353 355 356 365 378 379
393 395

Time required for Process 1 to Sort local array is 0.0000092920

8 11 12 13 14 19 21 22 27 28 28 29 29 29 31 37 37 40 42 43 44 46 46
56 58 59 62 62 67 71 75 76 76 81 81 86 89 91 91 92 92 94 97 97 100
101 102 105 106 108 113 114 115 117 117 119 121 121 124 124 125 127
129 132 136 137 139 140 143 143 145 149 150 151 163 164 164 165 167
167 167 167 168 168 168 170 171 173 180 182 183 183 183 184 186 186
186 187 188 193 193 193 196 196 201 202 203 207 211 211 218 218 219
219 221 224 226 226 227 228 229 232 234 234 234 235 241 241 245 249
251 251 252 256 256 257 258 259 260 265 267 269 270 273 274 275 280
283 284 286 287 288 290 295 297 300 303 305 309 315 315 323 323 324
326 326 327 328 328 329 329 329 330 332 335 335 336 336 339 340 350
353 354 355 356 356 362 364 365 370 370 372 377 378 378 379 382 384
393 395

TIME REQUIRED FOR PROCESS 0 TO SORT LOCAL ARRAYS (RECEIVED
FORM MPI_Gather()) is 0.0000252780

Table 5.3 : Serial Execution time of Quick Sort for different Array size

Sr. No.	N	Time
1	200	0.0000263250
2	500	0.0000723720
3	1000	0.0001283400
4	5000	0.0007881160

Table 5.4 : Parallel Execution time of Quick Sort for different Array size (N) and no.
of processes (n)

n\N	200	500	1000	5000
2	0.0000392640	0.0002264200	0.0006234560	0.0195855210
4	0.0000336550	0.0001534630	0.0004707010	0.0100585860
5	0.0000292760	0.0001328400	0.0003010400	0.0094874490
10	0.0000259880	0.0000857200	0.0002486880	0.0052751830

Conclusion:

- I) Quick sort algorithm gives faster results on small size array.
- II) Merge sort algorithm gives faster results on large size array.

Q6. Write MPI program to calculate the product of two matrices A (of size $N \times 32$) and B (of size $32 \times N$), which should be a $N \times N$ matrix. Design a parallel scheme for computing matrix multiplication,

a) Blocking P2P (point-to-point) communication

Program:

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// #define N 3          /* number of rows in matrix A and number of columns in
matrix B */
#define FROM_MASTER 1    /* setting a message type */
#define FROM_WORKER 2    /* setting a message type */

int main (int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int N=atoi(argv[1]); /* Taking input from command line */
    int    size,          /* number of processes in partition */
        myrank,          /* a task identifier */
        numworkers,      /* number of worker processes */
        source,          /* task id of message source */
        dest,            /* task id of message destination */
        mtype,           /* message type */
        rows,            /* rows of matrix A sent to each worker */
        averow, extra, offset, /* used to determine rows sent to each worker */
        i, j, k, rc;      /* misc */
    double a[N][32],      /* matrix A to be multiplied */
        b[32][N],         /* matrix B to be multiplied */
        c[N][N];          /* result matrix C */
    MPI_Status status;

    MPI_Init(&argc,&argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&myrank);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&size);
    if (size < 2 ) {
        printf("Need at least two MPI processes. Quitting...\n");
        MPI_Abort(MPI_COMM_WORLD, rc);
        exit(1);
    }
    numworkers = size-1;
```

```

/***** master task
*****/
if (myrank == 0)
{
    printf("Initializing arrays...\n");
    for (i=0; i<N; i++)
        for (j=0; j<32; j++)
            a[i][j]= i+j;
    for (i=0; i<32; i++)
        for (j=0; j<N; j++)
            b[i][j]= i-j;

    /* Send matrix data to the worker processes */
    averow = N/numworkers;
    extra = N%numworkers;
    offset = 0;
    mtype = FROM_MASTER;
    for (dest=1; dest<=numworkers; dest++)
    {
        rows = (dest <= extra) ? averow+1 : averow;
        MPI_Send(&offset, 1, MPI_INT, dest, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
        MPI_Send(&rows, 1, MPI_INT, dest, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
        MPI_Send(&a[offset][0], rows*32, MPI_DOUBLE, dest, mtype,
            MPI_COMM_WORLD);
        MPI_Send(&b, 32*N, MPI_DOUBLE, dest, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
        offset = offset + rows;
    }

    /* Receive results from worker processes */
    mtype = FROM_WORKER;
    for (i=1; i<=numworkers; i++)
    {
        source = i;
        MPI_Recv(&offset, 1, MPI_INT, source, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
            &status);
        MPI_Recv(&rows, 1, MPI_INT, source, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
            &status);
        MPI_Recv(&c[offset][0], rows*N, MPI_DOUBLE, source, mtype,
            MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
        printf("Received results from task %d\n",source);
    }

    /* Print results */

```

```

printf("*****\n");
printf("Result Matrix:\n");
for (i=0; i<N; i++)
{
    printf("\n");
    for (j=0; j<N; j++)
        printf("%8.2f  ", c[i][j]);
}
printf("\n*****\n");
printf ("Done.\n");
}

/***** worker task
*****/
if (myrank > 0)
{
    mtype = FROM_MASTER;
    double t1 = MPI_Wtime();
    MPI_Recv(&offset, 1, MPI_INT, 0, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
    MPI_Recv(&rows, 1, MPI_INT, 0, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
    MPI_Recv(&a, rows*32, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
    &status);
    MPI_Recv(&b, 32*N, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
    &status);
    for (k=0; k<N; k++)
        for (i=0; i<rows; i++)
        {
            c[i][k] = 0.0;
            for (j=0; j<32; j++)
                c[i][k] = c[i][k] + a[i][j] * b[j][k];
        }
    double t2 = MPI_Wtime();
    printf("\nTotal Run Time: %1.10f \n",myrank,(t2-t1));
    mtype = FROM_WORKER;
    MPI_Send(&offset, 1, MPI_INT, 0, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    MPI_Send(&rows, 1, MPI_INT, 0, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    MPI_Send(&c, rows*N, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, mtype, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
}
MPI_Finalize();
}

```

Output:

Initializing arrays...

Total Run Time: 0.0002143140

Received results from task 1

Result Matrix:

```
10416.00  9920.00  9424.00  8928.00
10912.00  10384.00  9856.00  9328.00
11408.00  10848.00  10288.00  9728.00
11904.00  11312.00  10720.00  10128.00
```

Done.

b) Non-Blocking P2P (point-to-point) communication**Program:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mpi.h>
#define FROM_MASTER 1          //tag for messages sent from master to slaves
#define FROM_WORKER 4         //tag for messages sent from slaves to master

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int N = atoi(argv[1]); /* Taking input from command line*/
    int myrank, size, i, j, k, rc, low_bound, upper_bound, portion;
    double a[N][32], b[32][N], c[N][N];
    double t1, t2;
    MPI_Status status;          // store status of a MPI_Recv
    MPI_Request request;        //capture request of a MPI_Isend
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);     //initialize MPI operations
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &myrank); //get the myrank
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size); //get number of processes
    if (size < 2)
    {
        printf("Need at least two MPI processes. Quitting...\n");
        MPI_Abort(MPI_COMM_WORLD, rc);
        exit(1);
    }
}
```

```

/* master initializes work*/
if (myrank == 0)
{
    for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        printf("Initializing arrays...\n");
        for (j = 0; j < 32; j++)
        {
            a[i][j] = i + j;
        }
    }
    for (i = 0; i < 32; i++)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            b[i][j] = i - j;
        }
    }
    t1 = MPI_Wtime();
    for (i = 1; i < size; i++)
    {
        portion = (N / (size - 1));
        low_bound = (i - 1) * portion;
        if (((i + 1) == size) && ((N % (size - 1)) != 0))
        {
            upper_bound = N;
        }
        else
        {
            upper_bound = low_bound + portion;
        }
        MPI_Isend(&low_bound, 1, MPI_INT, i, FROM_MASTER,
MPI_COMM_WORLD, &request);
        MPI_Isend(&upper_bound, 1, MPI_INT, i, FROM_MASTER + 1,
MPI_COMM_WORLD, &request);
        MPI_Isend(&a[low_bound][0], (upper_bound - low_bound) * 32,
MPI_DOUBLE, i, FROM_MASTER + 2, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &request);
    }
}
MPI_Bcast(&b, 32 * N, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);

/* work done by slaves*/
if (myrank > 0)

```

```

{
    MPI_Recv(&low_bound, 1, MPI_INT, 0, FROM_MASTER,
MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
    MPI_Recv(&upper_bound, 1, MPI_INT, 0, FROM_MASTER + 1,
MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
    MPI_Recv(&a[low_bound][0], (upper_bound - low_bound) * 32, MPI_DOUBLE,
0, FROM_MASTER + 2, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
    for (i = low_bound; i < upper_bound; i++)
    {
        for (j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            for (k = 0; k < 32; k++)
            {
                c[i][j] += (a[i][k] * b[k][j]);
            }
        }
    }
}

    MPI_Isend(&low_bound, 1, MPI_INT, 0, FROM_WORKER,
MPI_COMM_WORLD, &request);
    MPI_Isend(&upper_bound, 1, MPI_INT, 0, FROM_WORKER + 1,
MPI_COMM_WORLD, &request);
    MPI_Isend(&c[low_bound][0], (upper_bound - low_bound) * N, MPI_DOUBLE,
0, FROM_WORKER + 2, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &request);
}

/* master gathers processed work*/
if (myrank == 0)
{
    for (i = 1; i < size; i++)
    {
        MPI_Recv(&low_bound, 1, MPI_INT, i, FROM_WORKER,
MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
        MPI_Recv(&upper_bound, 1, MPI_INT, i, FROM_WORKER + 1,
MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
        MPI_Recv(&c[low_bound][0], (upper_bound - low_bound) * N,
MPI_DOUBLE, i, FROM_WORKER + 2, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
    }
    t2 = MPI_Wtime();
    printf("\nTotal Run Time: %1.10f \n", myrank, (t2 - t1));
    /* Print results */
    printf("*****\n");
    printf("Result Matrix:\n");

```

```

    for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        printf("\n");
        for (j = 0; j < N; j++)
            printf("%8.2f  ", c[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n*****\n");
        printf("Done.\n");
    }
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Initializing arrays...

Total Run Time: 0.0000402780

Result Matrix:

```

10416.00  9920.00  9424.00  8928.00
10912.00  10384.00  9856.00  9328.00
11408.00  10848.00  10288.00  9728.00
11904.00  11312.00  10720.00  10128.00

```

Done.

c) Collective communication

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include "mpi.h"
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int i, j, k, rc, myrank, size, tag = 99;
    int sum = 0;
    int N=atoi(argv[1]);    /* Taking input from command line*/

    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &myrank);
    int from = myrank * (N*32)/size;
    int to = (myrank+1) * (N*32)/size;
    double aa[N * 32 / size], cc[N * N];
    double a[N][32], b[32][N];
    double c[N][N];
    if (size < 2)
    {
        printf("Need at least two MPI processes. Quitting...\n");
        MPI_Abort(MPI_COMM_WORLD, rc);
        exit(1);
    }
    double t1 = MPI_Wtime();
    if(myrank==0)
    {
        printf("Initializing arrays...\n");
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
        {
            for (int j = 0; j < 32; j++)
            {
                a[i][j] = i + j;
            }
        }
        for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++)
```

```

{
    for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
    {
        b[i][j] = i - j;
    }
}
}

//scatter rows of first matrix to different processes
MPI_Scatter(&a, N * 32/size, MPI_INT, &aa, N * 32/size, MPI_INT, 0,
MPI_COMM_WORLD);

//broadcast second matrix to all processes
MPI_Bcast(&b, 32 * N, MPI_INT, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);

MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);

//performing vector multiplication by all processes
for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    for (j = 0; j < 32; j++)
    {
        sum = sum + aa[j] * b[j][i];
    }
    cc[i] = sum;
    sum = 0.00;
}
for (i = 0; i < N; i++)    // for each row of A
{
    for (j = 0; j < N; j++)    // for each column of B
    {
        c[i][j] = 0;
        for (k = 0; k < 32; k++)
        {
            c[i][j] = c[i][j] + a[i][k] * b[k][j];
        }
    }
}
MPI_Gather(cc, N * N/size, MPI_INT, c, N * N, MPI_INT, 0,
MPI_COMM_WORLD);
double t2 = MPI_Wtime();
printf("\nTotal Run Time of process %d : %1.10f \n", myrank, (t2 - t1));
MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
MPI_Finalize();

```

```

if (myrank == 0)
{
    printf("*****\n");
    printf("Result Matrix:\n");
    for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        printf("\n");
        for (j = 0; j < N; j++)
            printf("%1.2f  ", c[i][j]);
    }
    printf("\n*****\n");
    printf("Done.\n");
}
return 0;
}

```

Output:

Initializing arrays...

Total Run Time of process 0 : 0.0000698900

Total Run Time of process 1 : 0.0001003040

Result Matrix:

10416.00 9920.00 9424.00 8928.00

10912.00 10384.00 9856.00 9328.00

11408.00 10848.00 10288.00 9728.00

11904.00 11312.00 10720.00 10128.00

Done.

Q7. Write a MPI program to compute π MPI_Bcast and MPI_Reduce. Compare execution time for Serial code and Parallel code.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <mpi.h>

double fX(double x)
{
    return (4 / (1 + (x * x)));
}

double fY(double y1, double y2, double h)
{
    return (0.5 * h * (y1 + y2));
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int myrank, size;
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &myrank);
    int N=atoi(argv[1]); // tanking input from command line
    double lsum = 0;
    double I;
    MPI_Bcast(&N, 1, MPI_INT, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    int scattersize = (N / size);
    double X[N], x[scattersize], y[scattersize];
    double h = (1.00 / N);

    if (myrank == 0)
    {
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
        {
            X[i] = (i * h);
        }
    }
    MPI_Scatter(&X, scattersize, MPI_DOUBLE, &x, scattersize, MPI_DOUBLE, 0,
MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    double t1=MPI_Wtime();
    for (int i = 0; i < scattersize; i++)
```

```

{
    y[i] = fX(x[i]);
}

for (int i = 1; i < scattersize; i++)
{
    lsum += fY(y[i - 1], y[i], h);
}
double t2 = MPI_Wtime();
printf("\nProcess: %d --> Time Required to find it's part of Pi : %1.10f \n", myrank,
(t2 - t1));
MPI_Reduce(&lsum, &I, 1, MPI_DOUBLE, MPI_SUM, 0,
MPI_COMM_WORLD);
double t3 = MPI_Wtime();
MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
if (myrank == 0 && size>1)
{
    printf("\nProcess: %d --> Time Required to Perform final Reduce : %1.10f \n",
myrank, (t3 - t2));
    printf("Value of 'pi' for %d intervals is : \n%1.25f\n", N, I);
}

MPI_Finalize();

return 0;
}

```

Output:

I) with n=1 (Serial) and steps = 50000

Process: 0 --> Time Required to find it's part of Pi : 0.0009060140

Value of 'pi' for 50000 intervals is :
3.1415526531231274809385923

II) with n=2 (Parallel) and steps = 50000

Process: 0 --> Time Required to find it's part of Pi : 0.0004047490

Process: 0 --> Time Required to Perform final Reduce : 0.0000293980
Value of 'pi' for 50000 intervals is :

Process: 1 --> Time Required to find it's part of Pi : 0.0004101780
3.1414886526111134301686434

III) with n=4 (Parallel) and steps = 50000

Process: 1 --> Time Required to find it's part of Pi : 0.0003446080

Process: 0 --> Time Required to find it's part of Pi : 0.0004116410

Process: 0 --> Time Required to Perform final Reduce : 0.0000337610
Value of 'pi' for 50000 intervals is :
3.1413621576476415953038668

Process: 2 --> Time Required to find it's part of Pi : 0.0003332160

Process: 3 --> Time Required to find it's part of Pi : 0.0003373560

Conclusion:

From outputs it can be seen that, as number of processes increases the execution time goes on decreasing and also error in value goes on increasing.

Q8. Write a MPI program to compute Dot Product.

a) Each process gets an equal sized chunk of both the arrays (using MPI_Scatter).

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<mpi.h>
int dotProduct(int a[],int b[],int size)
{
    int result=0;
    for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
    {
        result+=a[i]*b[i];
    }
    return result;
}
void printArray(int arr[], int r, int myrank)
{
    printf("Vector at process %d is ",myrank);
    for (int i = 0; i <r; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
int main(int argc,char* argv[])
{
    int size,myrank,gresult;
    int N=atoi(argv[1]); // tanking input from command line
    MPI_Init(&argc,&argv);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&size);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&myrank);
    int scattersize,newsize;
    if((N%size)==0)
    {
        scattersize=(N/size);
    }
    else
    {
        scattersize=(N/size)+1;
    }
}
```

```

newsize=scattersize*size;
int a[newsize];
int b[newsize];
if(myrank==0)
{
    for(int i=0;i<newsize;i++)
    {
        if(i<N)
        {
            a[i]=rand()%(N*2);
            b[i]=rand()%(N*2);
        }
        else
        {
            a[i]=0;
            b[i]=0;
        }
    }
}
MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
int c[scattersize];
int d[scattersize];

MPI_Scatter(&a,scattersize,MPI_INT,&c,scattersize,MPI_INT,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);

MPI_Scatter(&b,scattersize,MPI_INT,&d,scattersize,MPI_INT,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);

double t1 = MPI_Wtime();
int result=dotProduct(c,d,scattersize);
double t2 = MPI_Wtime();
printArray(c,scattersize,myrank);
printArray(d,scattersize,myrank);
printf("At process %d, dot product is %d.\n",myrank,result);
printf("\nProcess: %d --> Time Required to find it's part of dot product : %1.10f \n",
myrank, (t2 - t1));
MPI_Reduce(&result,&gresult,1,MPI_INT,MPI_SUM,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
double t3 = MPI_Wtime();
if(myrank==0)
{
    // printf("\nFirst vector is ");
    // printArray(a,N);
    // printf("\n");

```



```

        // printf("\nSecond vector is ");
        // printArray(b,N);
        // printf("\n");
        printf("\nFinal dot product is %d.\n\n",gresult);
        printf("\nProcess: %d --> Time Required to Perform final reduce: %1.10f \n",
myrank, (t3 - t2));
    }
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Vector at process 0 is 3 17 13 6 9
Vector at process 0 is 6 15 15 12 1
At process 0, dot product is 549.

Process: 0 --> Time Required to find it's part of dot product : 0.0000001720

Vector at process 1 is 2 10 3 0 12
Vector at process 1 is 7 19 6 6 16
At process 1, dot product is 414.

Process: 1 --> Time Required to find it's part of dot product : 0.0000002450
Final dot product is 963.

Process: 0 --> Time Required to Perform final reduce: 0.0000503530

b) Each process gets an unequal sized chunk of both the arrays (using MPI_Scatterv).

Program:

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<mpi.h>
#define N 10
int dotProduct(int a[],int b[],int size)
{
    int result=0;
    for(int i=0;i<size;i++)
    {
        result+=a[i]*b[i];
    }
}

```

```

    }
    return result;
}
void printArray(int arr[], int r,int myrank)
{
    printf("Vector at process %d is ",myrank);
    for (int i = 0; i < r; i++)
    {
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
int main(int argv,char* argc[])
{
    int size,myrank,gresult;
    int a[N],b[N];
    int sum=0,result=0;
    MPI_Init(&argv,&argc);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&size);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD,&myrank);
    int sendcounts[]={4,6}; // Number of elements to be send to each processor
    int displs[]={0,4};    // relative to sendbuf from which to take the outgoing data to
process i
    if (myrank == 0)
    {
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
        {
            a[i] = rand() % (N * 2);
            b[i] = rand() % (N * 2);
        }
    }
    MPI_Barrier(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    int c[sendcounts[myrank]],d[sendcounts[myrank]];

    MPI_Scatterv(&a,sendcounts,displs,MPI_INT,&c,sendcounts[myrank],MPI_INT,0,M
MPI_COMM_WORLD);

    MPI_Scatterv(&b,sendcounts,displs,MPI_INT,&d,sendcounts[myrank],MPI_INT,0,M
MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    double t1 = MPI_Wtime();
    for(int i=0;i<sendcounts[myrank];i++)
    {
        result+=c[i]*d[i];
    }
}

```

```

    }
    double t2 = MPI_Wtime();
    printArray(c,sendcounts[myrank],myrank);
    printArray(d,sendcounts[myrank],myrank);
    printf("At process %d, dot product is %d.\n",myrank,result);
    printf("\nProcess: %d --> Time Required to find it's part of dot product : %1.10f \n",
myrank, (t2 - t1));
    MPI_Reduce(&result,&gresult,1,MPI_INT,MPI_SUM,0,MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    double t3 = MPI_Wtime();
    if(myrank==0)
    {
        // printf("\nFirst vector is ");
        // printArray(a,N);
        // printf("\n");
        // printf("\nSecond vector is ");
        // printArray(b,N);
        // printf("\n");
        printf("\nFinal dot product is %d.\n",gresult);
        printf("\nProcess: %d --> Time Required to find it's part of dot product : %1.10f \
n", myrank, (t3 - t2));
    }
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

Vector at process 0 is 3 17 13 6
 Vector at process 0 is 6 15 15 12
 At process 0, dot product is 540.

Process: 0 --> Time Required to find it's part of dot product : 0.0000001400

Final dot product is 963.
 Vector at process 1 is 9 2 10 3 0 12
 Vector at process 1 is 1 7 19 6 6 16
 At process 1, dot product is 423.

Process: 1 --> Time Required to find it's part of dot product : 0.0000001430

Process: 0 --> Time Required to find it's part of dot product : 0.0000508800

=====THE END=====