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Aim:- To find multiplication of two matrix by strassen's matrix multiplication algorithm.

1)Algorithm:-

Algorithm Strass(n, x, y, z)

begin

If $n = \text{threshold}$ then compute $C = x * y$ is a conventional matrix.

Else

Partition a into four sub matrices $a_{00}, a_{01}, a_{10}, a_{11}$.

Partition b into four sub matrices $b_{00}, b_{01}, b_{10}, b_{11}$.

Strass ($n/2, a_{00} + a_{11}, b_{00} + b_{11}, d_1$)

Strass ($n/2, a_{10} + a_{11}, b_{00}, d_2$)

Strass ($n/2, a_{00}, b_{01} - b_{11}, d_3$)

Strass ($n/2, a_{11}, b_{10} - b_{00}, d_4$)

Strass ($n/2, a_{00} + a_{01}, b_{11}, d_5$)

Strass ($n/2, a_{10} - a_{00}, b_{00} + b_{11}, d_6$)

Strass ($n/2, a_{01} - a_{11}, b_{10} + b_{11}, d_7$)

$C = d_1 + d_4 - d_5 + d_7 \quad d_3 + d_5 \quad d_2 + d_4 \quad d_1 + d_3 - d_2 - d_6$

end if return (C) end.

2)Program:- #include<stdio.h> int main(){

int a[2][2],b[2][2],c[2][2]; int

m1,m2,m3,m4,m5,m6,m7;

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printf("Enter the 4 elements of first matrix: "); for(int
i=0;i<2;i++) for(int j=0;j<2;j++) scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);

printf("Enter the 4 elements of second matrix: "); for( int
i=0;i<2;i++) for(int j=0;j<2;j++) scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);

printf("\nThe first matrix is\n"); for(int
i=0;i<2;i++){ printf("\n"); for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
printf("%d\t",a[i][j]);
}

printf("\nThe second matrix is\n"); for(int
i=0;i<2;i++){ printf("\n"); for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
printf("%d\t",b[i][j]);
}

m1= (a[0][0] + a[1][1])*(b[0][0]+b[1][1]); m2=
(a[1][0]+a[1][1])*b[0][0]; m3= a[0][0]*(b[0][1]-
b[1][1]); m4= a[1][1]*(b[1][0]-b[0][0]); m5=
(a[0][0]+a[0][1])*b[1][1]; m6= (a[1][0]-
a[0][0])*(b[0][0]+b[0][1]); m7= (a[0][1]-
a[1][1])*(b[1][0]+b[1][1]);

c[0][0]=m1+m4-m5+m7; c[0][1]=m3+m5;
c[1][0]=m2+m4; c[1][1]=m1-m2+m3+m6;

printf("\nAfter multiplication using \n"); for(int i=0;i<2;i++){
    printf("\n"); for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
    printf("%d\t",c[i][j]);
}

return 0;
}

```

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Enter the 4 elements of first matrix: 2
3
4
5
Enter the 4 elements of second matrix: 5
6
7
8

The first matrix is
2      3
4      5
The second matrix is
5      6
7      8
After multiplication using
31     36
55     64

```

Output:-

Conclusion:-In this experiment, I have learned how strassens multiplication is working in divide and conquer method. Strassen's Matrix Multiplication has a complexity of around $n^{2.81}$ whereas usual multiplication's complexity is n^3 .

Also I have learned the advantages of strassens matrix multiplication.