## Constraints in the Null Space

Two quadratic Conditions

$$p_1p_6 + p_2p_5 - p_3p_4 = 0,$$
  
$$2p_1p_7 - p_2p_4 - p_3p_5 = 0.$$

In the null space

$$h_1(\alpha_i; i = 1 \dots 8 - n) = \sum_{i=1, j=1}^{i=8-n, j=8-n} k_{1ij} \alpha_i \alpha_j = 0,$$
  
$$h_2(\alpha_i; i = 1 \dots 8 - n) = \sum_{i=1, j=1}^{i=8-n, j=8-n} k_{2ij} \alpha_i \alpha_j = 0$$

## Optimal Model

Minimize 
$$f(\alpha_i) = \sum_{i=1}^{i=u} f_{1_i}^2 \omega_{1i} + \sum_{j=1}^{j=v} f_{2_j}^2 \omega_{2j}$$
  
subject to  $h_1 = 0, h_2 = 0, \dots, h_{(m+2)} = 0$   
 $g \le 0$ 

## where

 $h_1$  and  $h_2$  are the two quadratic constraints on G-manifolds, while g is an inequality constraint.

 Objective function represents algebraic fitting error of relaxed geometric constraints.