

The Network of Foreign Direct Investment Flows: Theory and Empirical Analysis¹

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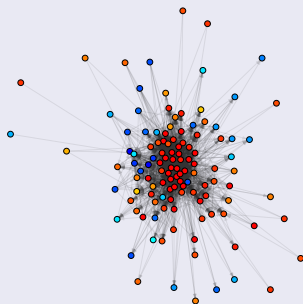
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- FDI as a Network
 - Clustering
 - Reciprocity
- Motivation
 - Violation of Independence Assumptions
 - Theoretical Importance of Dependence Terms
- Simultaneously test exogenous variables as well

FDI Network 2008

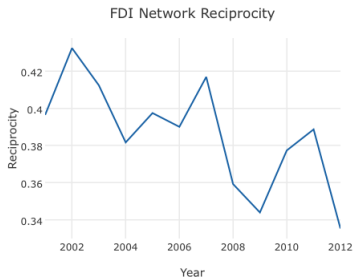


Color Scheme: Autocracy to Democracy
is scaled as Blue to Red

Theory for Network Terms

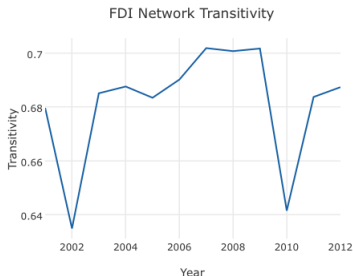
- Reciprocity

- Standard practice to resolve political opposition from competing firms
- Anti-reciprocal relationship in mixed dyads



- Transitivity

- MNC expansion and supply-chain fragmentation
- Risk of Expropriation
- PTA networks



- Bilateral FDI statistics from UNCTAD, 2001-2012
- Dyad-level Covariates
 - Gravity +
 - Contiguity +
 - Common Language +
 - Four Types of Defense Treaties +
 - Colonial Relationships +
 - PTA depth¹ +
- Node-level Covariates
 - GDP per capita +/-
 - GDP Growth Rate +
 - Polity IV +
 - Political Violence -
 - Trade Openness +

$$\Pr_{\theta; h; \mathbf{g}}(\mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{y}) = \frac{h(\mathbf{y}) \exp(\theta \cdot \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{y}))}{\kappa_{h, \mathbf{g}}(\theta)}$$

$$\text{Sum : } \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{y}) = \sum_{(i,j) \in \mathbb{Y}} \mathbf{y}_{i,j}$$

$$\text{Sum, Fractional Moment : } \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{y}) = \sum_{(i,j) \in \mathbb{Y}} \mathbf{y}_{i,j}^{1/2}$$

$$\text{Non-Zero : } \mathbf{g}_k = \sum_{(i,j) \in \mathbb{Y}} \mathbb{I}(\mathbf{y}_{i,j} \neq 0)$$

ERGM Count Model: Variables

$$\text{Reciprocity : } \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{y}) = \sum_{(i,j) \in \mathbb{Y}} \min(\mathbf{y}_{i,j}, \mathbf{y}_{j,i})$$

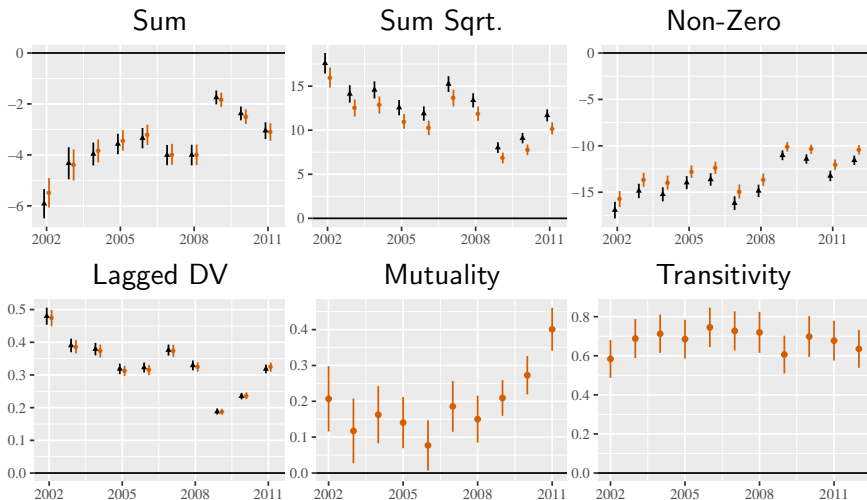
$$\text{Transitive Weights : } \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{y}) = \sum_{(i,j) \in \mathbb{Y}} \min \left(\mathbf{y}_{i,j}, \max_{k \in N} \left(\min(\mathbf{y}_{i,k}, \mathbf{y}_{k,j}) \right) \right),$$

$$\text{Dyadic Covariate : } \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x}) = \sum_{(i,j)} \mathbf{y}_{i,j} x_{i,j}$$

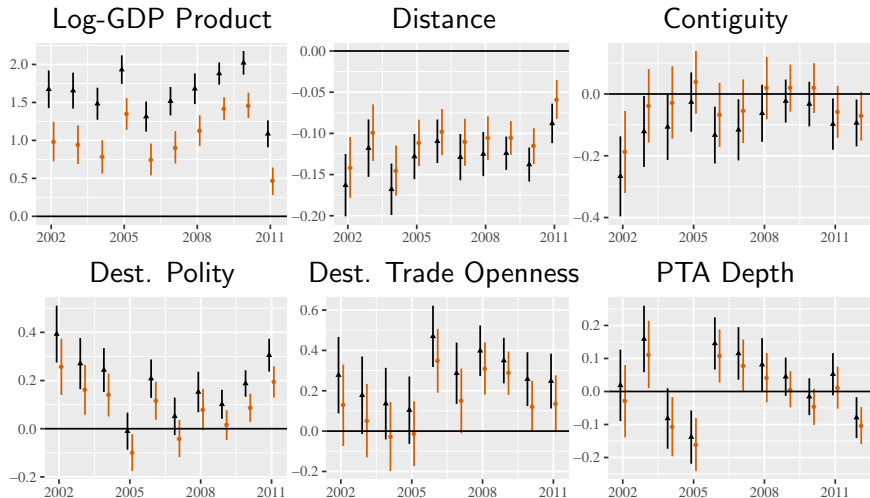
$$\text{Sender Covariate : } \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x}) = \sum_i x_i \sum_j \mathbf{y}_{i,j}$$

$$\text{Receiver Covariate : } \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{x}) = \sum_j x_j \sum_i \mathbf{y}_{i,j}$$

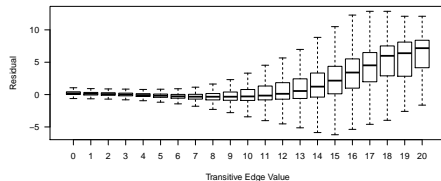
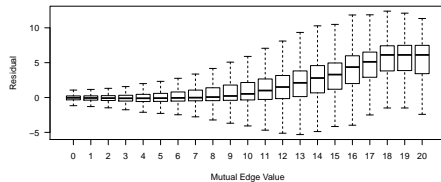
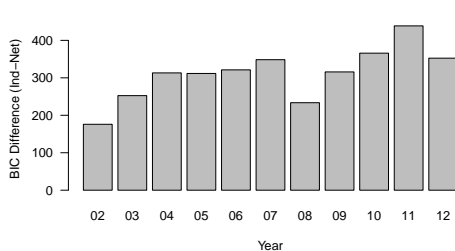
Count Model and Network Dependencies



Covariate Results



Model Fit and Bias



Conclusion and Future Research

- Conclusion
 - Network terms are substantively important
 - Network terms need to be modeled instead of being assumed away
- Future Steps
 - Condition reciprocity on development
 - Assortativity
 - Cyclical Weights
 - Network dynamics

- ① Dür, A., Baccini, L., & Elsig, M. (2014). The design of international trade agreements: Introducing a new dataset. *The Review of International Organizations*, 9(3), 353-375.