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## Exercice 1 : Error recognition

Underline the mistake and correct it. There is one mistake in each sentence.

- Our sale (would have risen) if we didn't reduce the advert budget.
- Their orders (are being) processed when i left.
- He asked what would he do if he failed ?
- Our goals are not quite rich.

## Exercice 1 : Error recognition (Solved)

Underline the mistake and correct it. There is one mistake in each sentence.

- Our sale would rise if we didn't reduce the advert budget.
- Their orders were processed when i left.
- He asked what he would do if he failed ?
- Our goals are not quite reached

## Irregular verbs

To see - saw -seen

To rise -rose -risen

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## Exercise 2

Grammar : Use the correct tense.

1. Look at that boy! he (to climb up) that tree.
2. I sould have been a genius if I (to have) more brains.
3. What (we, do) if the train had been late ?
4. A soon as he (to catch) the bal, he will throw it.
5. If he (to steal) the sheep, he would have been caught.
6. If the hen (to lay) an egg, you would have had one for breakfast.
7. The world (to be) different if columbus had not discovered America.
8. If he (to break) his leg, he would have been able to come today
9. No sooner had he finished than he was arrested. (Réécrire la phrase en la recommençant par hardly et faire la ou les modifications nécessaires)
10. We always listen to him (turn this sentence into passive voice)

## Exercise 2 (solved)

1. Look at that boy! He **is climbing up** that tree.
2. I sould have been a genius if I **had had** more brains.
3. What **would we have done** if the train had been late ?
4. A soon as he **catches** the bal, he will throw it.
5. If he **had stolen** the sheep, he would have been caught.
6. If the hen **had laid** an egg, you would have had one for breakfast.
7. The world **would have been** different if columbus had not discovered America.
8. If he **hadn't broken** his leg, he would have been able to come today
9. No sooner had he finished than he was arrested. (Réécrire la phrase en la recommençant par hardly et faire la ou les modifications nécessaires)  
**Hardly had he finished when he was arrested**
10. We always listen to him (turn this sentence into passive voice)

## Exercise 3 : Linguistic competences

There is a mistake at least in each sentence. Correct them.

1. Computers may buy from baye computer
2. Lazy workers was punished by the human ressources Manager
3. He has lost a lot o money for many years
4. He said that he would do it tommorow
5. A good IT does not have much days off
6. A student calls since the morning

## Exercise 3 : (Solved)

1. Computers **may be brought** from baye computer
2. Lazy workers **were punished** by the human ressources Manager
3. He **lose** a lot o money for many years
4. He said that he **will** do it tommorow
5. A good IT does not have **many** days off
6. A student **has been calling** since the morning

## Exercise 4

Complete the following sentences. The first letter is provided

1. I hope to have a company to h\_\_\_\_\_ me when i finish my studies
2. Amy was f\_\_\_\_\_ because she always went to work late
3. Africamer and a lot of companies are making a hundred of workers r\_\_\_\_\_ because of of the crisis
4. John was given the s\_\_\_\_\_ because of incompetent work
5. This company is so bankrupt that it sacked most of its employees without w\_\_\_\_\_
6. A document listing all the goods delivered is called the i\_\_\_\_\_
7. A paper showing that you have paid your bill is called the r\_\_\_\_\_
8. A reduction on price is called a\_\_\_\_\_
9. An o\_\_\_\_\_ is a request for goods sent by the customer
10. If you have parts in a company, you are a s\_\_\_\_\_

## Exercise 4 (Solved)

1. I hope to have a company to **hire** me when i finish my studies
2. Amy was **fired** because she always went to work late
3. Africamer and a lot of companies are making a hundred of workers **redundnat** because of of the crisis
4. John was given the **sack** because of incompetent work
5. This company is so bankrupt that it sacked most of its employees without **wages**
6. A document listing all the goods delivered is called the **invoice**
7. A paper showing that you have paid your bill is called the **reciept**
8. A reduction on price is called a **discount**
9. An **order** is a request for goods sent by the customer
10. If you have parts in a company, you are a **shareholder**