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	Aanchal Singh, Deepak Kumar Swain, Sai Prasanna Gontyala and Sweta Kumari		
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Data Analysis and Visualization of different trends in Movies and TV shows

Deepak Kumar Swain MSc Data Analytics National College of Ireland Dublin, Ireland x19216769@student.ncirl.ie Sweta Kumari MSc Data Analytics National College of Ireland Dublin, Ireland x19240848@student.ncirl.ie

Aanchal Singh

MSc Data Analytics

National College of Ireland

Dublin, Ireland

x19221771@student.ncirl.ie

Sai Prasanna Gontyala

MSc Data Analytics

National College of Ireland

Dublin, Ireland

x19233388@student.ncirl.ie

Abstract—In order to understand the entertainment industry, we here aim to research the different trends and distribution of popular movies and TV shows with the reviews. With the different movies, shows and their ratings, reviews and popularity it is interesting to see which factors influence the business and how the movies make more money at the box office. We try to focus on these aspects like the budget of the show or movie, the genres, the ratings and reviews and the cast and crew to find the success factors. Using the data we have created different visualizations for a better understanding of the trends. A key note that can be observed is that there is no correlation between the reviews and popularity of the movies. The datasets are related to movie and show ratings and is also web scrapped from website. Once the data is collected data cleansing is done in MongoDB and PostgreSQL is used to structure the data which can later be visualized.

Keywords—Analytics, visualization, entertainment, trends, movies, shows

I. INTRODUCTION

The most common modes of entertainment these days are different movies, shows which are easily available on different OTT platforms. To take off mind from mundane lives and during the pandemic times people are more used to watching movies and shows available on different platforms. We being students are also avid movie lovers and it always interests us to know how these movies and shows are doing. Do dive deeper we have taken datasets which are related to different movies so that we can check which movies are doing well, which directors or producers have done a better job and how the sales are doing for all the movies.

The above questions intrigued us in trying to find the different trends and see what are the factors which are affecting the people's interests. The data that we have chosen is of popular movies and shows over the years. We have tried to visualize different aspects and trends found in this data. Another way of finding what people think and what aspects they have for a movie are through different reviews and ratings given by the people to them. To understand all these perspectives, we have taken into consideration four datasets and try to look for answers to the research questions: "What are the different movies and shows which have generated the highest revenue, along with, who are the famous actors and

directors which are giving hits? Which are the trending genres, movies and the feedback for the different shows and the does age define the people watching the shows?"

To answer the research question, we must have a thorough understanding of the different movies and shows which are considered to be popular among people. The factors which affect these can be the actors, directors, genres, production house and profits. The factor of reviews and ratings has an impact on deciding the popularity of shows and movies.

After studying the data extensively, we tried getting some intriguing results on the already present data. An analysis on this helps in getting similar findings which can be made a note of. These points are related to the cast, revenue, genre, etc. The below sections describe the complete methodology which is used for conducting the research and all the different insights which are gained while looking for answers for the research question. Let us now go ahead and see how we have found the data, extracted the information related to it and visualized this data.

I. RELATED WORK

The financial blue print of the movies is of the order of millions of dollars which makes it essential for the box office success to be a success. [1]. Campaigns which work for promotion have a heavy impact on total budget of the movies. Sometimes the investment results in heavy losses to the producers [1]. Web portals like IMDB and TMDB become one of the important factors in getting profit for the movie producers [2]. Although most traditional business intelligence tools are clearly aimed at market analysts or a few decision - makers, data visualization is seen as a way to make business analytics available to a wider audience [3]. From Ms. Sushmita Roy's analysis [3] a brief understanding of the importance of data visualization is gained and implemented using python in the current analysis.

The research deals with analysis of audiences of 4 SVOD Platform: Netflix, Blockbuster, Hulu and HBO, especially the complexity of GRP Metrices of different and video on demand challenges. By end of first decade of 21st Century how online television became more popular over traditional television, this has brought the digital revolution in

entertainment with numerous amounts of content. As demand increases with content, broadcasting channelizing medium, Devices choices has become concerns for distributors of SVOD (Subscription to video on Demand) by Netflix or HBO. Netflix is globally famous and has spread.[4]. The movies have an impact on all people like actors, directors and production houses. This will also end up on deciding upon the budget of the movie and how people will watch it and what provider they will continue. The success of any movie depends on numerous factors like cast, production company, director, storyline, etc [5]. The different approach to find any relation between budget of a movie and the other financial aspects didn't go away.[6]

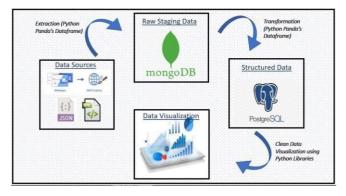
To improve loyalty of service provider the region where these shows are released also plays an important role [7]. The success of these aspects also depends on the reviews given by the audience. The reviews in directly also impact the gross income. We can analyse the reviews and ratings and reach a conclusion on which movies are rated on what basis of genre and are having a good box office. The research checks ways to classify a movie based on different reviews. Each review focuses on some movie and provides a summary of the movies.[8]Genre specific reviews demand special techniques while analysing where we can look for unique meaning based on the context i.e. genre in which they are used.[8]

II. METHODOLOGY

In the project, a demonstration of database and analytics processes is clearly given. To start with the process, four semi-structured datasets were collected based on movies, TV shows. The datasets were as follows.

- 1. IMDb Dataset in JSON format.
- 2. TMDB dataset in JSON format.
- 3. Streaming platform dataset in XML format.
- 4. Movies and shows data scrapped from IMDb website using python's beautifulsoup library.

To extract the dataset, we have used python as it is one of the most user-friendly programming languages with advanced packages to handle different complex data sources in an efficient manner.



The data were extracted using necessary python libraries and stored in respective lists. Later, these lists were stored in pandas data frames. For each dataset, we had separate data frames.

To store the extracted data, we have used a NOSQL database called 'MongoDB'. Unlike relational databases, Mongodb stores data as document. It stores data in binary JSON format. The reason to choose Mongodb as our staging database is doe to it flexibility in storing data, powerful querying features. Python has an advanced library called 'pymongo' which makes it easier to build a connection between python and Mongodb. With the help of pymongo, necessary connections were made and after that four collections were created. In these collections, the extracted data frames were stored.

Data cleaning process was done in pandas data frame. As we extracted the data from different semi-structured data sources, the quality of data was not good. Hence, following data cleaning activities were performed.

- Dropped unnecessary columns.
- Removed special characters like \$, %, dot, characters in numerical columns, +, spaces from necessary columns.
- Handled missing data in all the datasets.
- Data type changes for necessary columns. For example, columns of object type containing numerical variables were converted to integer or float type.
- Renamed few columns to get better understanding

To store the cleaned data, we have used a relational database called 'PostgreSQL'. It is an open-source database which has several advanced features like building schemas, indices. Like other relational databases, it follows the basic principle of 'Atomicity', 'Consistency', 'Isolation' and Durability. With the help of python library 'psycopg2', necessary connections were built between python and PostgreSQL. For each dataset, a table was created in PostgreSQL and respective data were stored in those tables.

Later, the cleaned data were extracted to pandas data frames to perform visualization to get insightful information. Let us see how we have followed the above specified methodology in the below section.

A. Scrapping The Data From Webpage

The first dataset is scrapped from IMDB which is an online database of information related to movies, TV shows and various entertainment contents. With the help of python library 'BeautifulSoup', the data were scraped from the official website of IMDb. To scrape the complete dataset, 237 URLs were used. Three different lists were used to store the URLs for Movies, TV shows and Anime. Initially, the data were stored in three different data frames (Movies, TV shows and Animated series) and later these data frames were merged into one data frame before dumping into Mongodb. The extracted dataset contains the details of top-rated movies, TV series and Animated series based on user ratings.

B. IMDB Data from JSON

The dataset that we have chosen here contains 10000 rows and 24 columns. The dataset contains information about different movies and shows along with the date and

year when it was published. It has information related to different actors, directors, genres, the budget and gross incomes for US and world. It also has reviews and ratings for all the different shows. We are using all these factors to analyse and create visualizations.

C. TMDB Data from JSON

The TMDB dataset contains data of 10,866 movies and 21 fields. This mainly has the information of budget and revenue against each movie and the respective production house and genre. This fields helps in analyzing and visualizing cases like which movies made highest revenue, which production house makes the highest money and which genres demand the highest budget. Such part of research questions is addressed analyzing this dataset.

D. OTT shows and movies from XML file

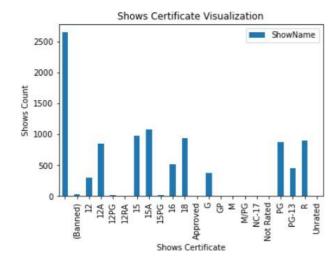
The OTT dataset contains data of 16739 observation and 16 fields. This mainly has the information of 4 most popular OTT platform worldwide, movies, Ratings, Genres wise details, Runtime, Language, Country etc. Using this dataset, I have found which Platform channel is most used, which Age category has subscribed most, which Year more users have gone high and also compared ratings from IMDb and Rotten Tomatoes. I have found Prime Video users are high in numbers, second comes Netflix and Adult users are more. USA has highest number of users and 2000 – 2020 has highest number of movies made

III. RESULT

A. Scrapped dataset from IMDb

The cleaned data were extracted from PostgreSQL using pandas data frame for visualization.

- The following bar plot gives an overview of number of shows with respect to certificate types. These certificate values vary with countries. Since, the project work is done in Ireland, following types of values were extracted from the website. These certificates are defined by IMDb.
 - G Suitable for children of school going age
 - PG Parental guidance suggested for younger children
 - 12A Children under 12 may attend only if accompanied by a parent or guardian (2005-)
 - 12 Same as 12A for videos: suitable for persons 12 and older
 - 12PG Same as 12A (-2004)
 - 15A Children under 15 may attend only if accompanied by a parent or guardian (2005-)
 - $15\,$ Same as 15A for videos: suitable for persons $15\,$ and older
 - 15PG Same as 15A (-2004)
 - $16\,$ Persons under $16\,$ not admitted to cinemas (2005-)
 - 18 Persons under 18 not admitted to cinemas

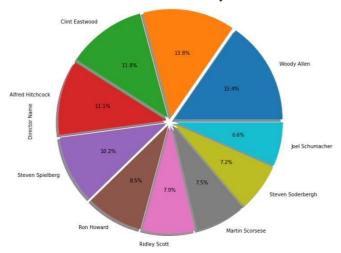


The first bar with no certificate type is indicating the number of shows which do not have any certificate type on IMDb website.

 The following word clouds are the visual representation of text data. The words with bigger size show high importance. Also, it means, these words are used frequently in the dataset.

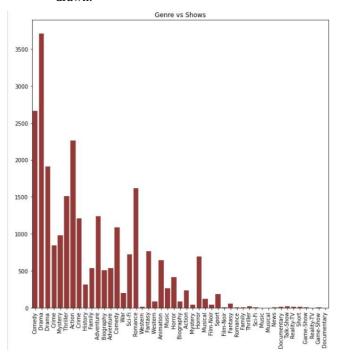


• The following pie chart shows the top 10 directors based on number of shows they made.

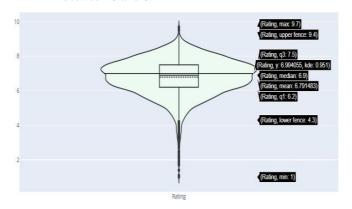


• The following bar chart shows the number of shows counts with respect to unique genres. Plotting this plot was a bit tricky as most of the shows were

belonging to multiple genres. At first, unique genres were extracted by passing the parameters in a for loop and then the counts of shows were extracted for each unique genre. After this, the following plot was drawn.

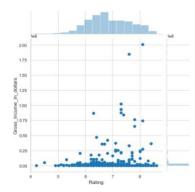


• The following violin plot was drawn with the help of Plotly library. This plot is a mixture of whisker plot and density plot. A seen in the following plot, the density between the ratings 6 an 8 is high. This indicates that large number of movies are rated between 6 and 8.

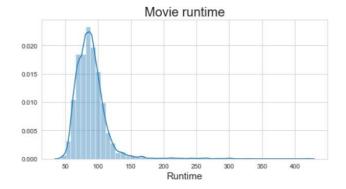


B. IMDb JSON DATASET

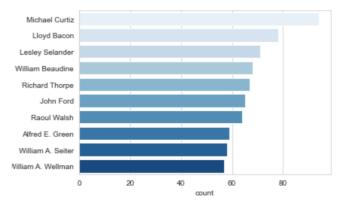
 The below visualization show cases a joint plot where we have taken rating and gross income and creating a merged and scatterplot and bar plot. It shows the rating wise gross income. It covers both these factors together.



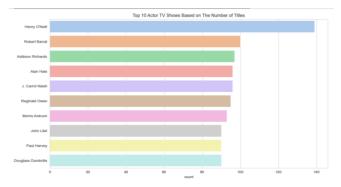
 We have also visualized the data where we check the analysis of the shows that we have and we can observe that most of the shows have their duration between 50 minutes to 150 minutes.

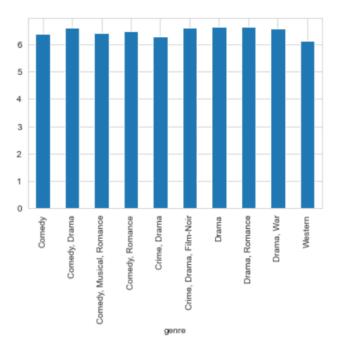


 On the basis of maximum number of movies we have categorized the directors who have directed the maximum number of movies.



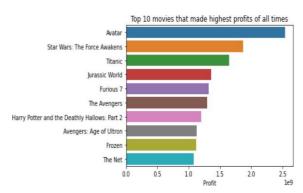
 Another countplot shows the best actors based on the number of shows they have acted in.



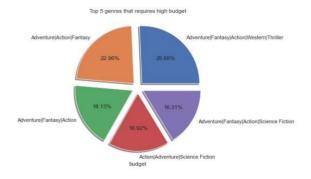


• The above mean plot shows the different genres which are being watched more. Here we have taken mean of the genres and plotted those.

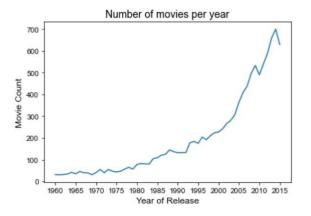
C. TMDB JSON FILE



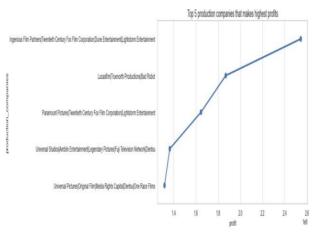
• The above barplot illustrates the top movies that has made the most revenue of all years. Avatar made the highest revenue of all the movies in the dataset.



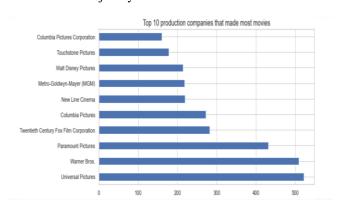
 From the above pie chart it can be deciphered which genre requires the maximum budget to make and release a film. We can observe that the Action, Fantacy, Science Fiction and their combinations requires huge budget to make a film.



• The above plot depicts the increasing move count over the years. We can observe that the increase is exponential. However, there is an huge increase in the move count released between 2000 and 2010.



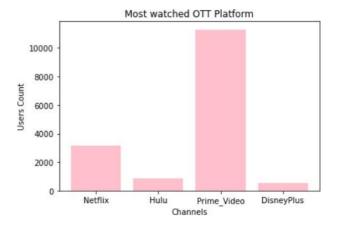
 From the above plot depicts the top five production houses that are in profits based on the TMDB dataset. It can also be deciphered that all the top production houses that made high revenue have worked jointly.



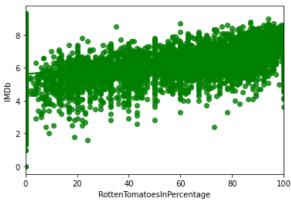
 The above barchart indicates the production companies that made the highest number of movies over the years. It deciphers that major section of movies are made by Universal Pictures is a production house that makes the most movies.

D. STREAMING DATA XML FILE

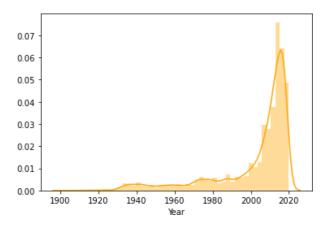
 Considering Four OTT Platform we have figured out Prime Video is the most used platform whereas Netflix comes second, and least subscribed platform is Disney Plus. This helps us to figured out that Prime Video content is more preferrable for all categories of Customer.



The feedback for movies is compared in the dataset.
We can see IMDb Ratings and Rotten Tomatoes
both are almost similar that means top rated movies
watched more compare to less rating movies in
IMDb.

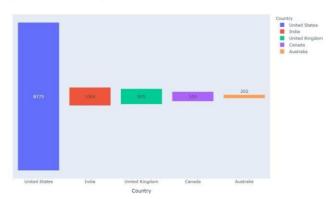


 Frequency of released movies have gone high over last two decade specially observed from 2000 to 2020 as seen on above Figure due to more demand and emergence of more directors. As entertainment is leading specially from last two decades along with digitalization, we can see even spike in more movies being produces over these years.



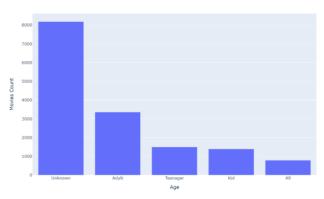
 Top 4 Countries having more no of users, above we have concluded USA users are high next is India then United Kingdom and Canada. USA brings the most revenue when it comes to use OTT Platform reason could be its high-tech country.

Top Five Most Subscribed Country On OTT Platform



 With the data provided we have tried to find which age category is leading in terms of opting for OTT Platform and here we can see Unknow is high after which adult category is leading then Teenager.

Age Category Watched Most Movies



IV. CONCLUSON AND FUTURE WORK

By the implementation of data analysis and visualization on the movie related data and OTT platforms insights of the budget that a movie would demand based on the genre and the revenue that the movies of the same category have made are attained. It also provides understanding of the impact of feedback on the success of the movies and the statistical details of the movies and genres. The analysis also emphasis

on disclosing the top genres and directors that made the most movies. To summarize, from the results of the data visualization an understanding of the factors and risks for the success of the movie can be attained.

These factors can be further used in creating machine learning and deep learning models to predict the success and revenue of the movies prior its release

V. REFERENCES

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