

The background of the slide is a vibrant, 3D-rendered Tetris game board. It features a blue grid with various colored blocks (green, blue, orange, purple, red, yellow) arranged in a complex, non-linear pattern. The blocks have a glossy, isometric appearance. The title text is overlaid on this background.

DEVELOPMENT OF AN AUTONOMOUS AGENT FOR TETRIS

Camila Fonseca, NMec 97880
Dinis Lei, NMec 98452
Isabel Rosário, NMec 93343

LEI, Inteligência Artificial
2021/2022



The Algorithm

The algorithm consists of a greedy tree search with pruning.

It can be split into two main sections:

- Calculate the optimal move
 - Generate all possible moves
 - Validate move (assign the move a score)
 - Prune the worst branches
- Generate the instructions for a move





The Heuristics

To assign a score to a move, four parameters are evaluated:

- Area Occupied - height of each column
- Lines Cleared
- Holes
- Bumpiness - height difference between consecutive columns

```
def validate_move(gamestate, lines, high_points):  
  
    a = -0.510066 # area  
    b = 0.760666 # lines  
    c = -0.35663 # holes  
    d = -0.184483 # bumpiness  
  
    bumpiness = 0  
    area = _height - high_points[-1]  
    for i in range(len(high_points)-1):  
        bumpiness += abs(high_points[i] - high_points[i+1])  
        area += _height - high_points[i]  
  
    holes = (area - (len(gamestate) - (len(_bottom)-2)))  
    points = a*area + b*lines + c*holes + d*bumpiness  
    return points
```





Move Calculation

- Determine the first column that will intersect the piece and the point of intersection.
- After getting the pivot point, generate the coordinates of the piece.

```
def calculate_move(highpoints, piece, column, floor_piece):

    pivot = [0, _height+1]
    coords = []
    # Get the first column that intersects the piece
    for fp in floor_piece:
        if highpoints[column + fp[0] - 1] - fp[1] < pivot[1]:
            pivot = [fp[0], highpoints[column + fp[0] - 1] - fp[1]]
            coords = [fp[0], highpoints[column + fp[0] - 1]]

    # Calculate the piece location based on y of the column
    offset = max([y[1] for y in piece if y[0] == pivot[0]])
    move = [[p[0] + column, coords[1] - 1 + p[1] - offset] for p in piece ]
    return move, coords[1]
```

Bibliography

Values for Heuristics from:

<https://codemyroad.wordpress.com/2013/04/14/tetris-ai-the-near-perfect-player/>

Special Thanks to:

- Diogo Monteiro, Lucius Vinicius, Afonso Campos
- Rodrigo Lima, Diana Siso, João Borges

