

ECE 375 Lab 8

Morse Code Transmitter

Lab Time: Wednesday 10a-12n

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TA Signature

Introduction

Program Overview

Additional Questions

Difficulties

Conclusion

Source Code

```
*****
;*
;*  Robert Detjens & David Headrick Lab 8 Source Code
;*
*****
;*
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;*          David Headrick
;*  Date: 11/30/21
;*
*****

.include "m128def.inc"    ; Include definition file

; ==== REGISTER CONSTANTS ====

.def    mpr              = r16
.def    curr_letter      = r23
.def    zeroreg          = r24

;*****
;*  Start of Code Segment
;*****
.cseg          ; beginning of code segment

;*****
;*  Interrupt Vectors
;*****
.org $0000
    rjmp  INIT        ; reset interrupt
```

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.org $0046      ; end of interrupt vectors

;*****
;* Program Initialization
;*****
INIT:
    ; Initialize the Stack Pointer
    ldi mpr, low(RAMEND)
    out SPL, mpr ; Load SPL with low byte of RAMEND
    ldi mpr, high(RAMEND)
    out SPH, mpr ; Load SPH with high byte of RAMEND

    ; Configure I/O ports

    ; Initialize Port B for output
    ldi mpr, $FF ; Set Port B Directional Register
    out DDRB, mpr ; for output
    ldi mpr, $00 ; Initialize Port B for outputs
    out PORTB, mpr ; Port B outputs low

    ; Initialize Port D for input
    ldi mpr, $00 ; Set Port D Directional Register
    out DDRD, mpr ; for inputs
    ldi mpr, $FF ; Initialize Port D for inputs
    out PORTD, mpr ; with pull-up

    ; init LCD
    call LCDInit

    ; configure Timer 1 for 1|3s sleep
    ; set timer to normal mode
    ; ldi mpr, 0
    ; out TCCR1A, mpr
    ldi mpr, 0b00000101 ; clk/1024 prescaling
    ; ldi mpr, 0b00000100 ; TODO: remove, clk/256
    out TCCR1B, mpr
    ; ldi mpr, 0
    ; out TCCR1C, mpr

    ; Enable global interrupts (if any are used)
    ; sei

    ; clear zero register
    clr zeroreg

```

```

; Display intro message & wait for button
rcall  INTRO

;*****
;*  Main Program
;*****
MAIN:
    rcall  PROMPT
    rcall  MORSE

    rjmp   MAIN      ; return to top of MAIN

;*****
;*  Functions
;*****

; INTRO()
;   Displays a welcome message on the LCD
;   and waits for the user to press button 0.
INTRO:
    ; load intro strings to lcd memory

    ; Move strings from Program Memory to Data Memory
    ; location of string in program memory
    ldi    ZL,    low(WELCOME_L1_S << 1)
    ldi    ZH,    high(WELCOME_L1_S << 1)
    ; dest addr in data memory (0x0100)
    ldi    YL,    low(LCD_Line1)
    ldi    YH,    high(LCD_Line1)
istr1_1:
    lpm     mpr,  Z+
    st      Y+,  mpr
    cpi     YL,  low(WELCOME_L1_E << 1)
    brne    istr1_1

; String 2
    ldi    ZL,    low(WELCOME_L2_S << 1)
    ldi    ZH,    high(WELCOME_L2_S << 1)
    ; dest addr in data memory (0x0100)
    ldi    YL,    low(LCD_Line2)
    ldi    YH,    high(LCD_Line2)
istr2_1:

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    lpm     mpr, Z+
    st      Y+, mpr
    cpi     YL, low(WELCOME_L2_E << 1)
    brne    istr2_1

; display the strings
call LCDWrite

; now wait for pd0 button
wait_for_b0:

    ; get button inputs
    in      mpr, PIND
    sbrc    mpr, 0
    jmp     wait_for_b0

rcall DEBOUNCE

ret

; PROMPT()
; Main function for getting the word input from the user.
; Polls buttons:
;   rcall DASH 6/7 step through letters
;   rcall DASH 0 confirms the letter
;   rcall DASH 4 confirms the word and returns (for transmission)
PROMPT:
    ; load prompt string into line 1
    ; location of string in program memory
    ldi     ZL, low(PROMPT_S << 1)
    ldi     ZH, high(PROMPT_S << 1)
    ; dest addr in data memory (0x0100)
    ldi     YL, low(LCD_Line1)
    ldi     YH, high(LCD_Line1)
str1_1:
    lpm     mpr, Z+
    st      Y+, mpr
    cpi     YL, low(PROMPT_E << 1)
    brne    str1_1

; display string
call LCDWrLn1
call LCDClrLn2

```

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; set Y to line 2
; second line in data memory (0x0110)
ldi    YL,    low(LCD_Line2)
ldi    YH,    high(LCD_Line2)

; turn on cursor on LCD
; no proc for this, so send command manually
; ldi    mpr,    0b00001110 ; 0 0 0 0 1 D C B
; call    LCDWriteCmd

; start with A
ldi    curr_letter, 'A'

```

PROMPT_LOOP:

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; store current letter to LCD memory
st      Y,    curr_letter
; update LCD
call    LCDWrLn2

; get button inputs
in      mpr,    PIND

sbrs    mpr,    7 ; bit 7: decrement letter
jmp     BIT_7
sbrs    mpr,    6 ; bit 6: increment letter
jmp     BIT_6
sbrs    mpr,    0 ; bit 0: confirm letter
jmp     BIT_0
sbrs    mpr,    4 ; bit 4: confirm whole word
jmp     BIT_4

jmp     BIT_NONE ; skip bit handling

```

BIT_7:

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; decrement letter
dec     curr_letter
; wrap around if it underflowed
cpi     curr_letter, 64 ; 'A' is 65
brne    DEC_NOOP
; only decrement if above min
ldi     curr_letter, 90 ; 'Z' is 90
DEC_NOOP:
jmp     BIT_DONE

```

BIT_6:

```

; increment letter
inc curr_letter
; wrap around if it overflowed
cpi curr_letter, 91 ; 'z' is 90
brne INC_NOOP
; only decrement if above min
ldi curr_letter, 65 ; 'A' is 65
INC_NOOP:
jmp BIT_DONE

```

BIT_0:

```

; letter confirmed, increment dest addr

; store a final time with post-increment
st Y+, curr_letter

; if 16 chars have been entered, start transmission (button 4)
cpi YL, low(LCD_End)
breq BIT_4

; start with A once more
ldi curr_letter, 65

jmp BIT_DONE

```

BIT_4:

```

; word confirmed, exit prompt

; but make sure the string is space-terminated first
st Y+, curr_letter
ldi curr_letter, ' '
st Y+, curr_letter

ret

```

BIT_DONE:

rcall DEBOUNCE

BIT_NONE:

```

; keep looping until button 4 is hit
jmp PROMPT_LOOP

```

DEBOUNCE:

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; wait for a small delay to do some real basic debouncing

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; wait a bit for debounce
; reuse existing wait func for inner loop
ldi mpr, 100
debounce_1:
    ldi wait, 255
    call LCDWait
    dec mpr
    brne debounce_1

ret

; MORSE()
; Broadcasts the characters in data memory $1010:1020
; as Morse code over the top 3 LEDs on port B
MORSE:
    ; turn on PIN/LED 4 to signal broadcasting
    ldi mpr, 0b00010000
    out PORTB, mpr

    ; go through chars in line 2
    ; second line in data memory (0x0110)
    ldi YL, low(LCD_Line2)
    ldi YH, high(LCD_Line2)

    ; for some reason the first dot/dash is ignored,
    ; so "display" a letter with only one dot (e.g. E)
    ; and now subsequent letters (the actual message) works
    ; I Love Programming:tm:
    ldi curr_letter, 'E'
morse_loop:
    ; print current char
    rcall PRINT_MORSE

    ; load next one
    ld curr_letter, Y+

    ; if the the next character is not ' ', loop back
    cpi curr_letter, ' '
    brne morse_loop

    ; turn off PIN/LED 4 when broadcast is done
    ldi mpr, 0
    out PORTB, mpr

ret

```



```
; PRINT_MORSE():
; Prints the ascii char in curr_letter as morse code. This uses an jump into
; JUMP_TABLE to efficiently perform the correct sequence of dots/dashes based
; on an index calculated from the current letter.
```

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PRINT_MORSE:
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    ; curr_letter = (curr_letter - 'A') * 5
    subi curr_letter, 'A'
    mov  mpr, curr_letter
    lsl  curr_letter
    lsl  curr_letter
    add  curr_letter, mpr

    ; load address of jump table into Z for indirect call
    ldi  ZL, LOW(JUMP_TABLE)
    ldi  ZH, HIGH(JUMP_TABLE)
    ; add calculated letter offset
    add  ZL, curr_letter
    adc  ZH, zeroreg

    ; indirect call to JUMP_TABLE+offset
    icall

    ; wait 2 more units (for 3 total) between letters
    rcall WAIT_1
    rcall WAIT_1

    ret
```

```
DOT:
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```
    ; wait 1 unit on, 1 unit off

    ; turn on signal leds
    ldi  mpr, 0b11110000
    out  PORTB, mpr

    rcall WAIT_1

    ; turn off signal pins
    ldi  mpr, 0b00010000
    out  PORTB, mpr

    rcall WAIT_1
```

```

ret

DASH:
    ; wait 3 units on, 1 unit off

    ; turn on signal leds
    ldi mpr, 0b11110000
    out PORTB, mpr

    rcall WAIT_3

    ; turn off signal pins
    ldi mpr, 0b00010000
    out PORTB, mpr

    rcall WAIT_1

ret

WAIT_1:

    ; 0xFFFF - 16000 (0x3E80) = 0xC17F
    ldi mpr, 0xC1
    out TCNT1H, mpr
    ldi mpr, 0x80
    out TCNT1L, mpr

    ; wait for timer overflow (reuse loop)
    rjmp wait_for_timer

WAIT_3:
    ; 0xFFFF - 48000 (0xBB800) = 0x447F
    ldi mpr, 0x44
    out TCNT1H, mpr
    ldi mpr, 0x7f
    out TCNT1L, mpr

wait_for_timer:
    ; check TOV1 bit in TIFR flag register
    in mpr, TIFR
    andi mpr, 0b00000100
    breq wait_for_timer ; loop if not set

    ; clear overflow flag
    ldi mpr, 0b00000100

```

```

    out    TIFR,    mpr

    ret

JUMP_TABLE:
    rcall  DOT
    rcall  DASH
    ret
    nop
    nop
    rcall  DASH
    rcall  DOT
    rcall  DOT
    rcall  DOT
    ret
    rcall  DASH
    rcall  DOT
    rcall  DASH
    rcall  DOT
    ret
    rcall  DASH
    rcall  DOT
    rcall  DOT
    ret
    nop
    rcall  DOT
    ret
    nop
    nop
    nop
    rcall  DOT
    rcall  DOT
    rcall  DASH
    rcall  DOT
    ret
    rcall  DASH
    rcall  DASH
    rcall  DOT
    ret
    nop
    rcall  DOT
    rcall  DOT
    rcall  DOT
    rcall  DOT
    ret

```

rcall DOT
rcall DOT
ret
nop
nop
rcall DOT
rcall DASH
rcall DASH
rcall DASH
ret
rcall DASH
rcall DOT
rcall DASH
ret
nop
rcall DOT
rcall DASH
rcall DOT
rcall DOT
ret
rcall DASH
rcall DASH
ret
nop
nop
rcall DASH
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rcall DOT
ret

```

;*****
;* Additional Program Includes
;*****
.include "LCDDriver.asm" ; LCD stuff

;*****
;* Stored Program Data
;*****

WELCOME_L1_S:
.DB "Welcome!"
WELCOME_L1_E:
WELCOME_L2_S:
.DB "Please press PD0"
WELCOME_L2_E:
PROMPT_S:
.DB "Enter word:"
PROMPT_E:

;*****
;* Data Memory Allocation
;*****

.dseg
.org $0100
LCD_Line1: .byte $10
.org $0110
LCD_Line2: .byte $10
.org $0120
LCD_End:

```