

# Data Cleaning Basics: Takeaways

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## Syntax

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### READING A CSV IN WITH A SPECIFIC ENCODING

- Reading in a CSV file using Latin encoding:

```
laptops = pd.read_csv('laptops.csv', encoding='latin1')
```

- Reading in a CSV file using UTF-8:

```
laptops = pd.read_csv('laptops.csv', encoding='UTF-8')
```

- Reading in a CSV file using Windows-1251:

```
laptops = pd.read_csv('laptops.csv', encoding='Windows-1251')
```

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### MODIFYING COLUMNS IN A DATAFRAME

- Renaming an existing column:

```
laptops.rename(columns={'MANUFACTURER' : 'manufacturer'}, inplace=True)
```

- Converting a string column to float:

```
laptops["screen_size"] = laptops["screen_size"].str.replace(' ', '').astype(float)
```

- Converting a string column to integer:

```
laptops["ram"] = laptops["ram"].str.replace('GB', '')
laptops["ram"] = laptops["ram"].astype(int)
```

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### STRING COLUMN OPERATIONS

- Extracting values from strings:

```
laptops["gpu_manufacturer"] = (laptops["gpu"]
                               .str.split()
                               .str[0]
                               )
```

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### FIXING VALUES

- Replacing values using a mapping dictionary:

```
mapping_dict = {
    'Android': 'Android',
    'Chrome OS': 'Chrome OS',
    'Linux': 'Linux',
    'Mac OS': 'macOS',
    'No OS': 'No OS',
    'Windows': 'Windows',
}
```

```
'macOS': 'macOS'
}
laptops["os"] = laptops["os"].map(mapping_dict)
```

- Dropping missing values:

```
laptops_no_null_rows = laptops.dropna(axis=0)
```

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## EXPORTING CLEANED DATA

```
'''
df.to_csv("laptops_cleaned.csv", index=False)
'''
```

## Concepts

- Computers, at their lowest levels, can only understand binary.
- Encodings are systems for representing all other values in binary so a computer can work with them.
- UTF-8 is the most common encoding and is very friendly to work with in Python.
- When converting text to numeric data, we usually follow the following steps:
  - Explore the data in the column.
  - Identify patterns and special cases.
  - Remove non-digit characters.
  - Convert the column to a numeric dtype.
  - Rename column if required.

## Resources

- [Python Encodings](#)
- [Indexing and Selecting Data](#)