Boolean Indexing with NumPy: Takeaways

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Syntax

READING CSV FILES WITH NUMPY

• Reading in a CSV file with a single header row:

```
import numpy as np
taxi = np.genfromtxt('nyc_taxis.csv', delimiter=',', skip_header=1)
```

BOOLEAN ARRAYS

• Creating a Boolean array using a comparison operator:

```
np.array([2,4,6,8]) < 5
```

• Boolean filtering for 1D ndarray:

```
a = np.array([2, 4, 6, 8])
filter = a < 5
a[filter]</pre>
```

• Boolean filtering for 2D ndarray:

```
tip_amount = taxi[:, 12]
tip_bool = tip_amount > 50
top_tips = taxi[tip_bool, 5:14]
```

ASSIGNING VALUES

• Assigning values in a 2D ndarray using indices:

```
taxi[1066, 5] = 1
taxi[:, 0] = 16
taxi[550:552, 7] = taxi[:, 7].mean()
```

• Assigning values using Boolean arrays:

```
taxi[taxi[:, 5] == 2, 15] = 1
```

Concepts

• Selecting values from a ndarray using Boolean arrays is very powerful. Using Boolean arrays helps us think in terms of filters on the data, instead of specific index values.

Resources

- Reading a CSV file into NumPy
- ndarray.shape attribute

- ndarray.dtype attribute
- None constant
- Comparison operators
- ndarray.copy method
- numpy.zeros function
- ndarray.mean() method

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