3. Construct a triangle with sides 4cm, 5cm and 6cm and then draw another triangle whose sides are $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\text{rd}}$ of the corresponding sides of the first triangle.

4. Draw a ΔABC with sides $BC = 6\ cm, \angle B = 45^0$ and $\angle ABC = 60^0$ then construct a triangle whose sides are $\frac{3}{4}$ of the corresponding sides of ΔABC