1. A cylindrical bucket 32 *cm* high and with radius of base 18 *cm* is filled with sand. This bucket is emptied on the ground and a conical heap of sand is formed. If the height of the conical heap is 24 *cm*, find the radius and slant height of the heap.

[Ex 13.3, Q7]

Sol:- Given radius of the cylindrical bucket (r) = 18cm, height (h) = 32 cm and Height of conical heap (H) = 24 cm and let R be the radius of heap.

According to given condition: Sand emptied from bucket = Sand in conical heap

∴ Volume of the Cylinderical bucket = Volume of the Conical Heap

$$\Rightarrow \pi r^2 h = \frac{1}{3}\pi R^2 H$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi \times 18 \times 18 \times 32 = \pi \times R^2 \times 24$$

$$\Rightarrow R^2 = \frac{18 \times 18 \times 32}{24} = 18 \times 18 \times 4 = 18^2 \times 2^2 cm$$

$$\Rightarrow R = 18 \times 2 = 36 cm$$

∴ Radius of conical heap is **36** *cm*

Now Slant height of conical heap
$$(l) = \sqrt{R^2 + H^2} = \sqrt{36^2 + 24^2} = \sqrt{1296 + 576}$$

= $\sqrt{1872} = \sqrt{2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 13} = 2 \times 2 \times 3\sqrt{13} = 12\sqrt{13} \ cm$

- : Slant Height of conical heap is 36 cm become-educated
- 2. How many silver coins, 1.75 cm in diameter and of thickness 2 mm, must be melted to form a cuboid of dimensions 5.5 $cm \times 10$ $cm \times 3.5$ cm? [Ex 13.3, Q6]

Sol:- Given Diameter of coin(cylinder) = 1.75cm

So radius of the coin
$$(r) = \frac{1.75}{2} = \frac{175}{200} = \frac{7}{8}cm$$
, and Thickness or height $(h) = 2 mm = \frac{2}{10}cm = \frac{1}{5}cm$

Dimensions of cuboid are 5.5 $cm \times 10$ $cm \times 3.5$ cm

Let n be number of silver coins

According to given condition:

 $n \times \text{Volume of the coins} = \text{Volume of the Cuboid}$

$$\Rightarrow n \times \pi r^2 h = 5.5 \times 10 \times 3.5$$

$$\Rightarrow n \times \frac{22}{7} \times \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{5} = 5.5 \times 10 \times 3.5$$

$$\Rightarrow n = \frac{5.5 \times 10 \times 3.5 \times 7 \times 8 \times 8 \times 5}{22 \times 7 \times 7} = 4000$$

- \therefore Number of silver coins = **4000**
- 3. A well of diameter 3 *m* is dug 14 *m* deep. The earth taken out of it has been spread evenly all around it in the shape of a circular ring of width 4 *m* to form an embankment. Find the height of the embankment. [Ex 13.3. Q4]

Sol:- Radius of the well $(r) = \frac{3}{2} = 1.5m$ Depth(height) of the well (h) = 14 m and width of embankment = 4 m

Since embankment is in the form of cylindrical shell with outer radius (R) = 4 + 1.5 = 5.5 m and inner radius (r) = 1.5 m, Let H be the height of the embankment

According to Question: Earth taken from well has been spread for making embankment.

.: Volume of the earth dug from well = Volume of earth in embankment

$$\Rightarrow \pi r^2 h = \pi (R^2 - r^2) H
\Rightarrow \pi \times 1.5 \times 1.5 \times 14 = \pi \times (5.5^2 - 1.5^2) \times H
\Rightarrow \pi \times 1.5 \times 1.5 \times 14 = \pi \times (5.5 - 1.5)(5.5 + 1.5) \times H
\Rightarrow \pi \times 1.5 \times 1.5 \times 14 = \pi \times 4 \times 7 \times H
\Rightarrow H = \frac{1.5 \times 1.5 \times 14}{4 \times 7} = \frac{9}{8} = 1.125 m$$

∴ Height of embankment is 1.125 m

4. A container shaped like a right circular cylinder having diameter 12 *cm* and height 15 *cm* is full of ice cream. The ice cream is to be filled into cones of height 12 *cm* and diameter 6 *cm* having a hemispherical shape on the top. Find the number of such cones which can be filled with ice cream. [Ex 13.3, Q5]

Sol:- Diameter of cylinder = 12 cm So radius of cylinder (R) = 6cm and height of cylinder (H) = 15 cm

Now Given Radius of cone = Radius of hemisphere (r) = 3cm and height of cone (h) = 12cm

Let *n* be the number of ice cream cones

According to given condition:

 $(Ice\ Cream\ in\ cylindrical\ container) = n \times (icecream\ in\ hemispherical\ cones) \\ \therefore \binom{Volume\ of}{icecream\ cone} = n \times \left[(Volume\ of\ cone) + \binom{Volume\ of\ hemispherical}{top\ of\ the\ icecream} \right]$

$$\Rightarrow \pi R^{2}H = n \times \left[\frac{1}{3}\pi r^{2}h + \frac{2}{3}\pi r^{3}\right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi R^{2}H = n \times \frac{1}{3}\pi r^{2}[h + 2r]$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi \times 6 \times 6 \times 15 = n \times \frac{1}{3}\pi \times 3 \times 3[12 + 2 \times 3]$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi \times 6 \times 6 \times 15 = n \times \frac{1}{3}\pi \times 3 \times 3 \times 18$$

$$\Rightarrow n = \frac{6 \times 6 \times 15 \times 3}{3 \times 3 \times 18} = 10$$

Hence number of ice cream cones are 10