

### DAY 3

#### 1. Find AP whose 3<sup>rd</sup> term is 5 and 7<sup>th</sup> term is 9?

[Example 5]

**Sol:-** Given: 3<sup>rd</sup> term = 5  $\Rightarrow a + 2d = 5$  ... .. i)

7<sup>th</sup> term = 9  $\Rightarrow a + 6d = 9$  ... .. ii)

Subtracting i) from ii), we get

$$(a + 6d) - (a + 2d) = 9 - 5$$

$$\Rightarrow a + 6d - a - 2d = 4 \quad \Rightarrow 4d = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow d = \frac{4}{4} = 1 \quad \text{Put value of } d \text{ in i), we get}$$

$$\text{i) } \Rightarrow a + 2d = 5 \quad \Rightarrow a + 2(1) = 5 \quad \Rightarrow a = 5 - 2 = 3$$

$\therefore$  Required AP is 3, 4, 5, ... ..

#### 2. Find AP whose 2<sup>nd</sup> term is 13 and 4<sup>th</sup> term is 3?

**Sol:-** Given: 2<sup>nd</sup> term = 13  $\Rightarrow a + d = 13$  ... .. i)

4<sup>th</sup> term = 3  $\Rightarrow a + 3d = 3$  ... .. ii)

Subtracting i) from ii), we get

$$(a + 3d) - (a + d) = 3 - 13$$

$$\Rightarrow a + 3d - a - d = -10 \quad \Rightarrow 2d = -10$$

$$\Rightarrow d = \frac{-10}{2} = -5 \quad \text{Put value of } d \text{ in i), we get}$$

$$\text{i) } \Rightarrow a + d = 13 \quad \Rightarrow a + (-5) = 13 \quad \Rightarrow a = 13 + 5 = 18$$

$\therefore$  Required AP is 18, 13, 8, ... ..

#### 3. Find 10<sup>th</sup> term of AP whose 1<sup>st</sup> term is 2 and 5<sup>th</sup> term is 26?

**Sol:-** Given: 1<sup>st</sup> term = 2  $\Rightarrow a = 2$  ... .. i)

5<sup>th</sup> term = 26  $\Rightarrow a + 4d = 26$

$$\Rightarrow 2 + 4d = 26 \quad \{\text{By i)}\}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4d = 26 - 2 = 24 \quad \Rightarrow d = \frac{24}{4} = 6$$

$$\text{Now } 10^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = a + 10d = 2 + 9 \times 6 = 2 + 54 = 56$$

#### 4. The 17<sup>th</sup> term of an AP exceeds its 10<sup>th</sup> term by 7. Find the common difference.

[Ex 5.2, Q10]

**Sol :-** Given 17<sup>th</sup> term of an AP exceeds its 10<sup>th</sup> term by 7

$$\Rightarrow 17^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = 10^{\text{th}} \text{ term} + 7$$

$$\Rightarrow a + 16d = a + 9d + 7 \quad \Rightarrow a + 16d - a - 9d = 7$$

$$\Rightarrow 7d = 7 \quad \Rightarrow d = \frac{7}{7} = 1$$

Hence **difference is 1.**

**5. Find 20<sup>th</sup> term from the last of AP 3,8,13,.....253? [Ex 5.2, Q17]**

**Sol:-**  $\left( \begin{array}{c} \text{20th term from the last} \\ \text{of AP 3, 8, 13, \dots, 248, 253} \end{array} \right) = \left( \begin{array}{c} \text{20th term from the starting} \\ \text{of AP 253, 248, \dots, 8, 3} \end{array} \right)$

So in A.P. 253, 248, ... ..8, 3

$$a = 253, d = 248 - 253 = -5$$

$$\text{Now } 20^{\text{th}} \text{ term} = a + 19d = 253 + 19 \times (-5) = 253 - 95 = 158$$

**6. Which term of AP 3, 15, 27, 39,..... will be 132 more than its 54<sup>th</sup> term?**

**[Ex 5.2, Q11]**

**Sol:- Given AP 3, 15, 27, 39,.....**

$$\text{Here } a = 3 \text{ and } d = 15 - 3 = 12$$

**Given condition: (Which term) = 132 + (54<sup>th</sup> term)**

Suppose **Which term** is  **$n^{\text{th}}$  term.**

$$\text{So } (n^{\text{th}} \text{ term}) = 132 + (54^{\text{th}} \text{ term})$$

$$\Rightarrow a + (n - 1)d = 132 + a + 53d$$

$$\Rightarrow 3 + (n - 1)12 = 132 + 3 + 53 \times 12$$

$$\Rightarrow (n - 1)12 = 132 + 3 + 636 - 3$$

$$\Rightarrow (n - 1)12 = 768 \Rightarrow n - 1 = \frac{768}{12} = 64$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 64 + 1 = 65$$

Hence **65<sup>th</sup> term** of the given A.P. is 132 more than its 54<sup>th</sup> term.

### EXERCISE

1. Find AP whose 5<sup>th</sup> term is 18 and 9<sup>th</sup> term is 34?
2. Find AP whose 4<sup>th</sup> term is 13 and 7<sup>th</sup> term is 22?
3. Find 15<sup>th</sup> term of the AP whose 3<sup>rd</sup> term is 6 and 9<sup>th</sup> term is 36?
4. Ex 5.2, Q 3,7,8,9,16,18
5. Find 11<sup>th</sup> term from the last of AP 10,7,4, ..... -62?