

Homework 5

Problem 1

1.1 There are 38^5 outcomes, since we count the sequence of outcomes.

$$38^5 = 38 \times 38 \times 38 \times 38 \times 38 = 79235168$$

1.2 The outcomes of the same color =

$$18^5 + 18^5 + 2^5 = 3779168$$

1.3 Five times. Because all 38 slots are numbered, and the marble would land on one of the slots after we spin the wheel. After 5 times, the marble would be landed on one of the slots for at least 5 times.

1.4 There are 52×51 ways to deal the cards.

Since the cards are distinct from each other.

$$52 \times 51 = 2652$$

1.5 There are 4 Aces, $3 \times 4 = 12$ face cards, 4 ten-cards.

Thus, there are $2 \times 4 \times 16 = 128$ ways.

1.6 There are 13 spades, and 12 face cards. But there

If the first card is not spade-face: face cards.

If or $10 \times 12 = 120$ get spade-face card.

If the first card is spade-face:

$$3 \times 11 = 33$$

So all outcomes are $120 + 33 = 153$.

1.7 There are 13 spades, 2 one-eyed jacks, 11 valid face cards.

$$13 \times 11 \times 2 = 286$$

Problem 2

2.1 There are 11 songs in total.

$$11! = 19487171$$

2.2 $6! + 5! = 358061$

2.3 $6! + 6^8 + 6^9 + 6^{10} = 72503424$

2.4 We can calculate the total number and subtract the cases where only one artist is used.

$$11! - (6! + 5!) = 19129110$$

2.5 There are 10 songs left. And the choices to play "US" in the sequence are 7.

$$10 \times 7 = 70$$

2.6 $n(11, 7) = 11 \times 10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 = 1663200$

2.7 ① Spektor first:

$$6 \times 5 \times 5 \times 4 \times 4 \times 3 \times 3 = 21600$$

② Michaelson first:

$$5 \times 6 \times 4 \times 5 \times 3 \times 4 \times 2 = 14400$$

③ So the total ways = $21600 + 14400 = 36000$

Problem 3

$$3.1 \quad \binom{6}{4} = \frac{6!}{4! 2!} = \frac{6 \times 5}{2} = 15$$

$$3.2 \quad \binom{6}{2} = \binom{6}{4} = 15$$

$$3.3 \quad \binom{200}{199} = \frac{200!}{199! \cdot 1!} = 200$$

$$3.4 \quad P(6,4) = \frac{6!}{2!} = 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 = 360$$

$$3.6 \quad P(26,2) = \frac{26!}{24!} = 26 \times 25 = 650$$

Problem 4

4.1 $2^{10} = 1024$

4.2 There are no 1, all digits are 0 = 1 way.
The answer = $1024 - 1 = 1023$

4.3 There are only 1 or 0 = 2 ways.
The answer = $1024 - 2 = 1022$

4.4 It depends on where the ones are. There are total 10 places, and 5 ones.
$$\binom{10}{5} = \frac{10!}{5! 5!} = 252$$

4.5 Begins with 0 = there are 9 places left.
 $2^9 = 512$

And the ways start with 0 and exactly 5 ones =
$$\binom{9}{5} = 126$$

Thus = $252 + 512 - 126 = 638$