Many-to-Many Relationships and Python

TOTAL POINTS 9

1.	How do we model a many-to-many relationship between two database tables?	1 point
	We use a BLOB column in both tables	
	We add 10 foreign keys to each table with names like artict_id_1, artist_id2, etc.	
	We add a table with two foreign keys	
	We use the ARRAY column type in both of the tables	
•	In Python, what is a database "cursor" most like?	1 point
	A method within a class	
	A function	
	A Python dictionary	
	A file handle	
	What method do you call in an SQLIte cursor object in Python to run an SQL command?	1 point
	run()	
	osocket()	
	send()	
	execute()	
	In the following SQL,	1 point
	1 cur.execute('SELECT count FROM Counts WHERE org = ? ', (org,))	

	what is the purpose of the "?"?	
	It is a syntax error	
	It is a search wildcard	
	It is a placeholder for the contents of the "org" variable	
	It allows more than one boolean operation in the WHERE clause	
5.	In the following Python code sequence (assuming cur is a SQLite cursor object),	1 point
	<pre>1 cur.execute('SELECT count FROM Counts WHERE org = ? ', (org,)) 2 row = cur.fetchone()</pre>	
	what is the value in row if no rows match the WHERE clause?	
	<u>-1</u>	
	An empty dictionary	
	None	
	An empty list	
6.	What does the LIMIT clause in the following SQL accomplish?	1 point
	1 SELECT org, count FROM Counts 2 ORDER BY count DESC LIMIT 10	
	It only retrieves the first 10 rows from the table	
	It only sorts on the first 10 characters of the column	
	It reverses the sort order if there are more than 10 rows	
	It avoids reading data from any table other than Counts	

What does the executescript() method in the Python SQLite cursor object do that the

normal execute() method does not do?

1 point

		It allows embedded JavaScript to be executed	
		It allows embeded Python to be executed	
		It allows database tables to be created	
	I	It allows multiple SQL statements separated by semicolons	
8.	Wha	at is the purpose of "OR IGNORE" in the following SQL: 1 point	
	1	1 INSERT OR IGNORE INTO Course (title) VALUES ((?)	
		It makes sure that if a particular title is already in the table, there are no duplicate rows inserted	
		It ignores errors in the SQL syntax for the statement	
		It updates the created_at value if the title already exists in the table	
		It ignores any foreign key constraint errors	
9.	Wha	at do we generally avoid in a many-to-many junction table?	
	✓ A	An AUTOINCREMENT primary key column	
	✓ A	A logical key	
		Two foreign keys	
		Data items specific to the many-to-many relationship	

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