
```
[L, U] = LUDecomp([1 1 1; 2 1 3; 3 4 -2])
L*U
function [L, U] = LUDecomp(A)

[m,n] = size(A);
L = eye(n);
for i = 1:m-1
    for j = i+1:m
        alpha = A(j,i)/A(i,i);
        L(j,i) = alpha;
        for k = 1:m
            A(j,k) = A(j,k) - alpha.*A(i,k);
        end
    end
end
U = A;
end
```

$L =$

1	0	0
2	1	0
3	-1	1

$U =$

1	1	1
0	-1	1
0	0	-4

$ans =$

1	1	1
2	1	3
3	4	-2

Published with MATLAB® R2020a