

Security Protocols and Infrastructures, Lab 2

Part 1 (Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange)

- (a) Find the smallest prime p with $p \geq 300$.
- (b) Implement a function in **C**, **C++**, **C#**, **Java** or **Python** to compute the public key A of Alice: Input is (p, g, a) , where a denotes Alice's private key. You may assume to work on unsigned machine data types (e.g. unsigned integers).
- (c) Compute the following public keys, if the prime from part (a) and the generator $g = 5$ is used:
 - Alice chooses $a = 43$ as her secret key.
 - Bob chooses $b = 72$ as his secret key.
- (d) Compute the common secret of Alice and Bob, where SHA-1 is used as a key derivation function (KDF) as follows: Let $K \equiv g^{ab} \bmod p$ and c be the corresponding ASCII-character of the numeric value K . Then $\text{KDF}(K)$ is equal to $\text{SHA-1}(c)$.
- (e) Imagine you are sniffing the communication between Carl and David. You are getting the domain parameters p and $g = 5$ used by Alice and Bob. Additionally, the individual public keys of Carl and David are $C = 67$ and $D = 172$, respectively. Write a function to compute both private keys c and d (of Carl and David) and the common secret K .
Give a statement on the efficiency of your algorithm.
- (f) (Optional) Make use of your implementation to solve the following DLP for Alice's private key: $p = 2148532933$, $g = 1001$, $A = 1992854757$. Take care of overflows in the data types of your programme.

Part 2 (RSA in openssl)

This exercise requires that you have access to **openssl**. You shall find the appropriate **openssl**-commands to solve the following tasks.

- (a) Generate an RSA key pair with a 2048-bit modulus, that is the bit-length of n is 2048. Please store the key pair in a file named **keyfile.pem**. The key file must be encrypted using 256bit AES.
- (b) Use the command **less keyfile.pem** to view the encoded key pair. Explain, which encoding is used.
- (c) Print all components of both the public and the private key to standard output using the **openssl** command and explain their meaning.
- (d) Export the public key from file **keyfile.pem** to the file **keyfile_pub.pem**. Show and explain the different components saved in **keyfile_pub.pem**.
- (e) Convert the private keyfile **keyfile.pem** to a DER encoded version, which you store in **keyfile.der**. Do not use encryption for this file. Compare the length of the two files **keyfile.pem** and **keyfile.der** and explain the reason.
- (f) Which of the key parts are actually encoded within the file **keyfile.der** and which are computed on the fly by the **openssl** tool?
- (g) Sign the key file **keyfile.der** using SHA-512 as hash algorithm and your private RSA key. What is the length of the signature? Do you see a relation between the signature length and your RSA parameters?