

# Graphics Foundations



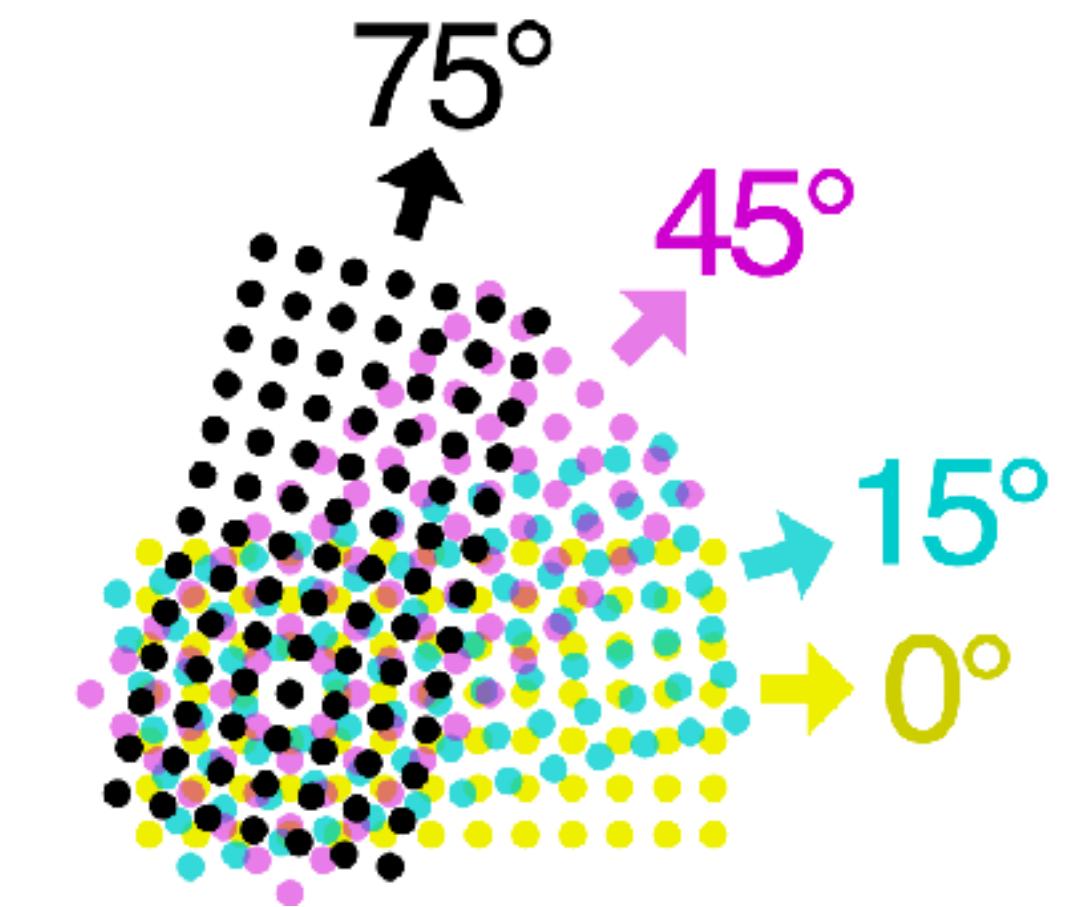
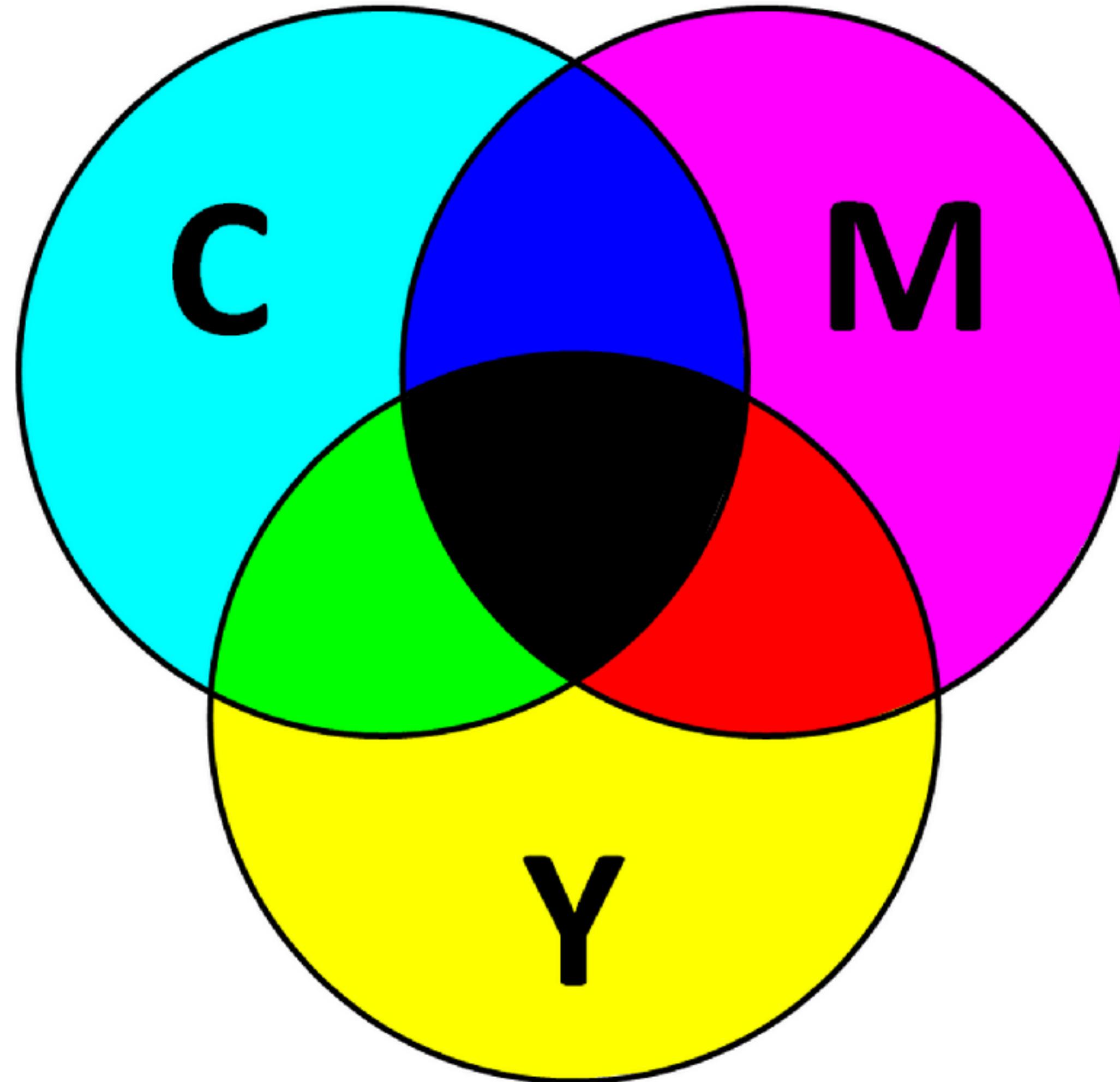
Part 2

# Color in computer graphics.

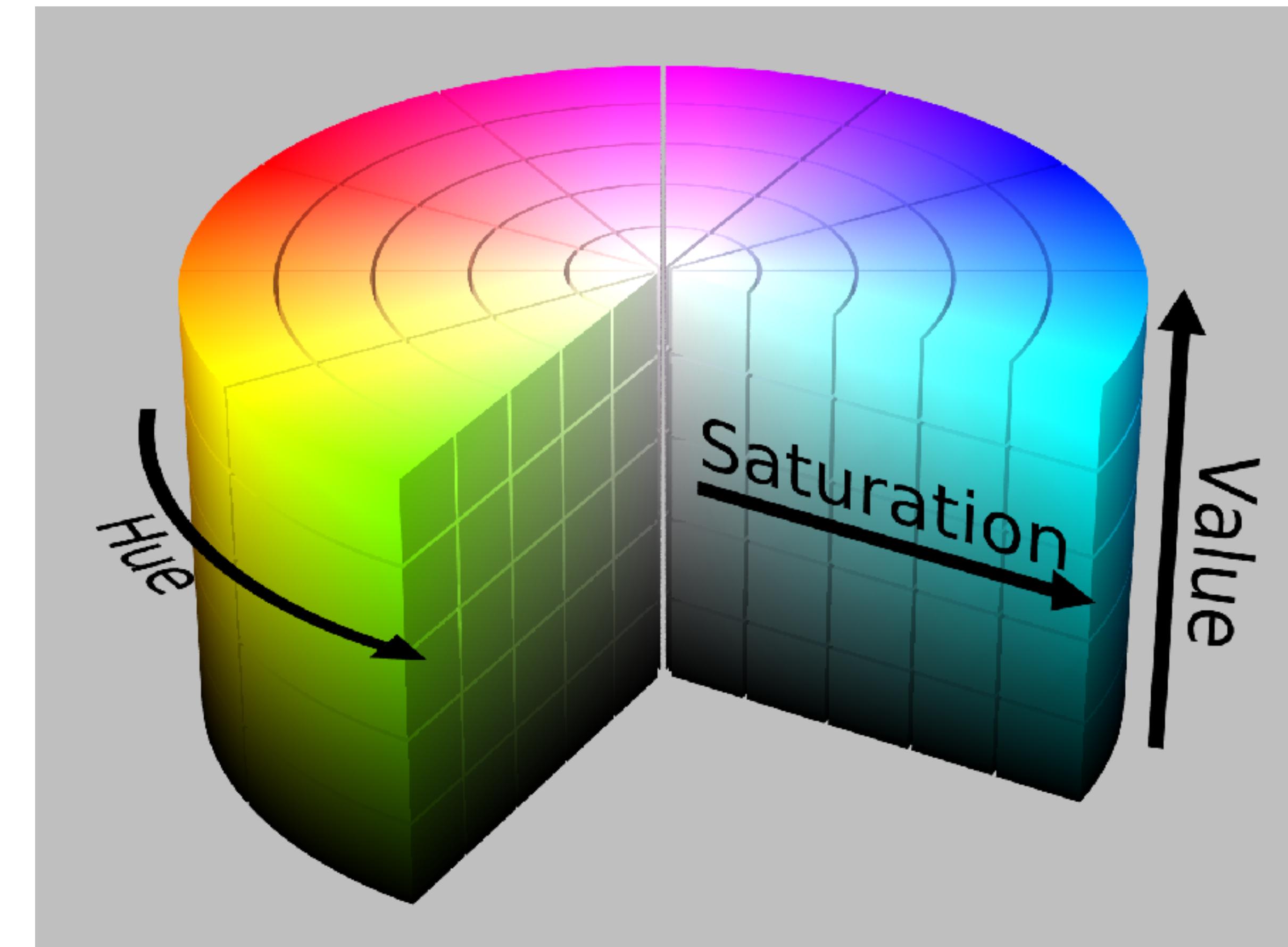
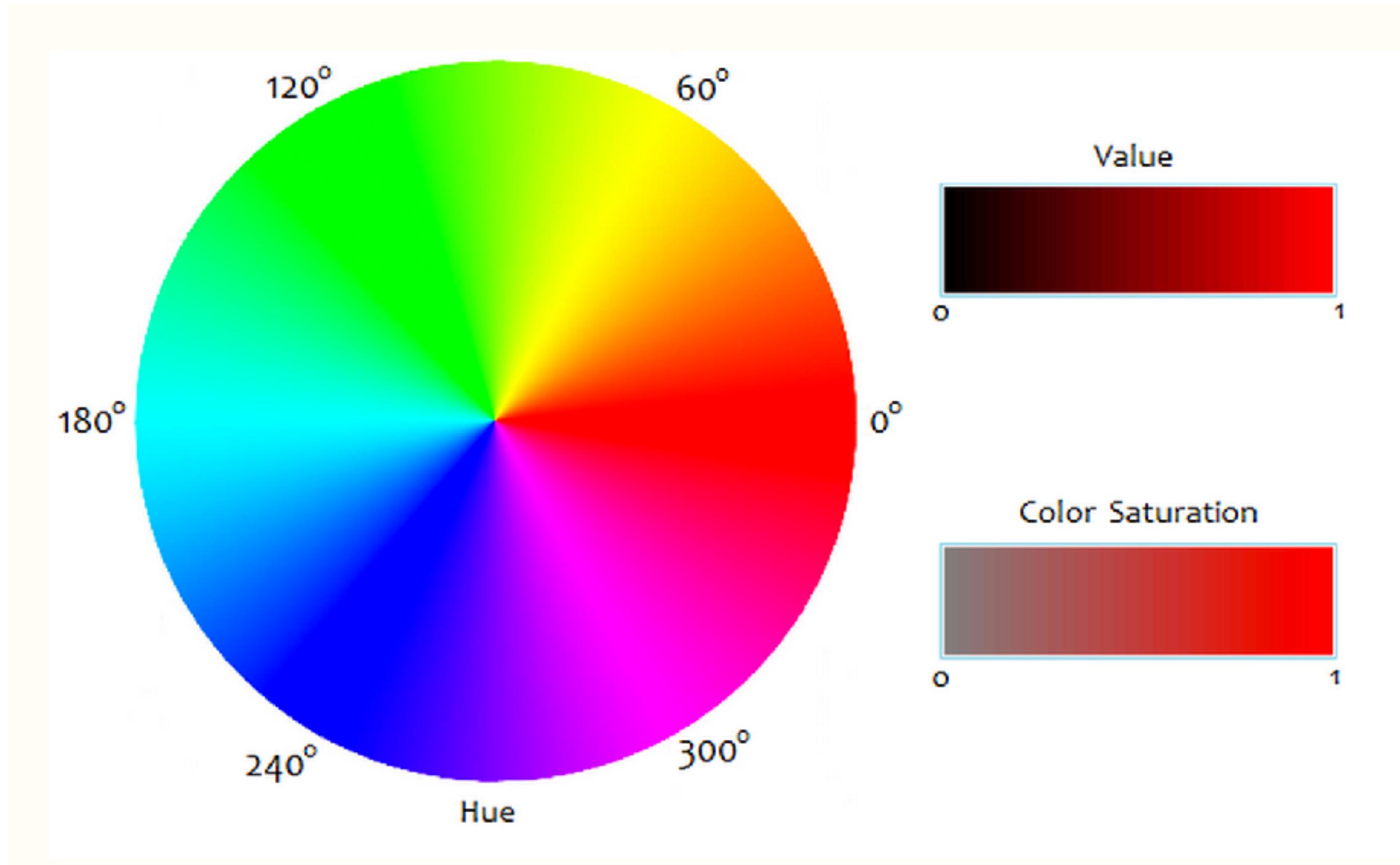


# How can color be represented?

# The CMYK Model



# The HSV Model



# The YUV Model



Luminance

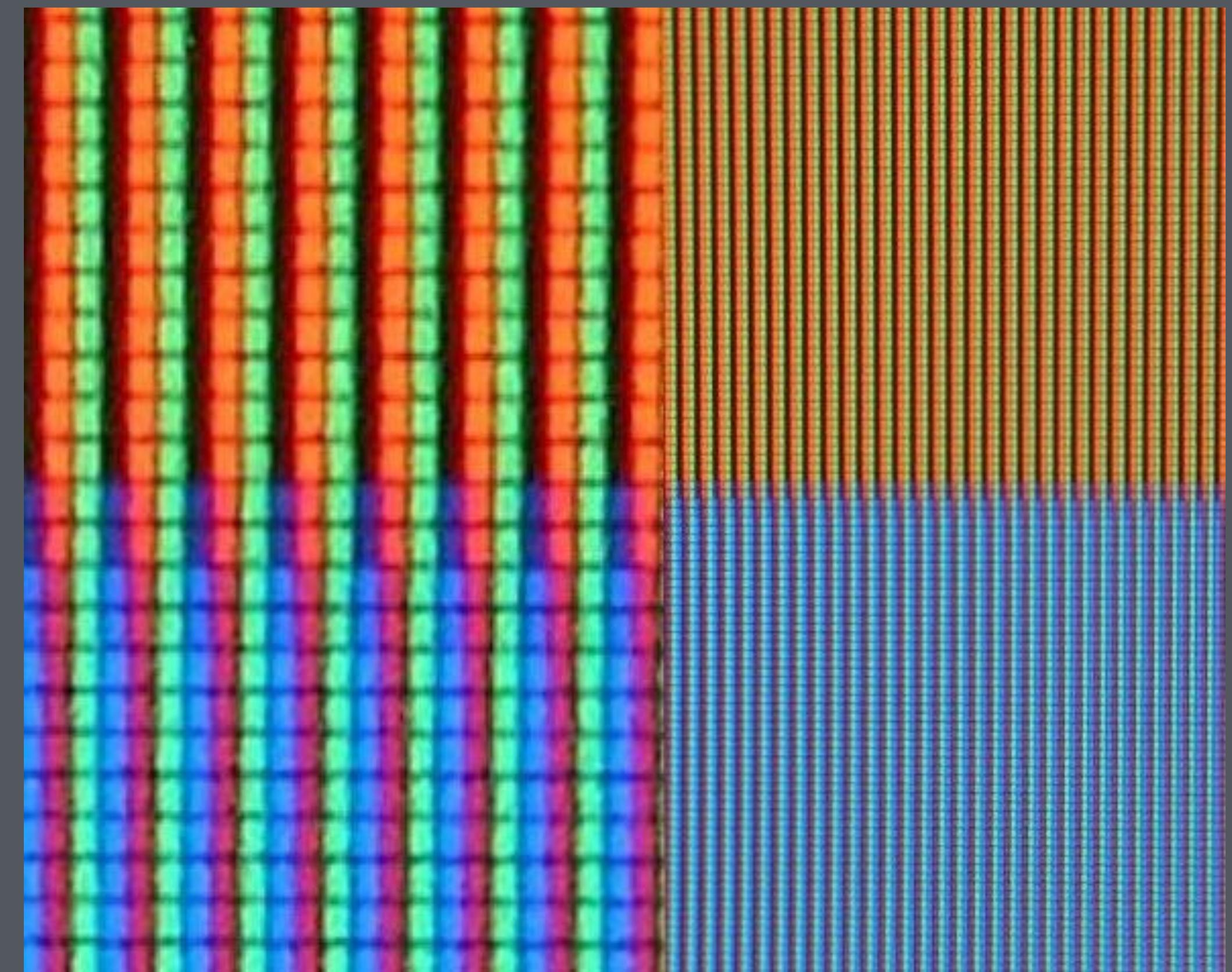
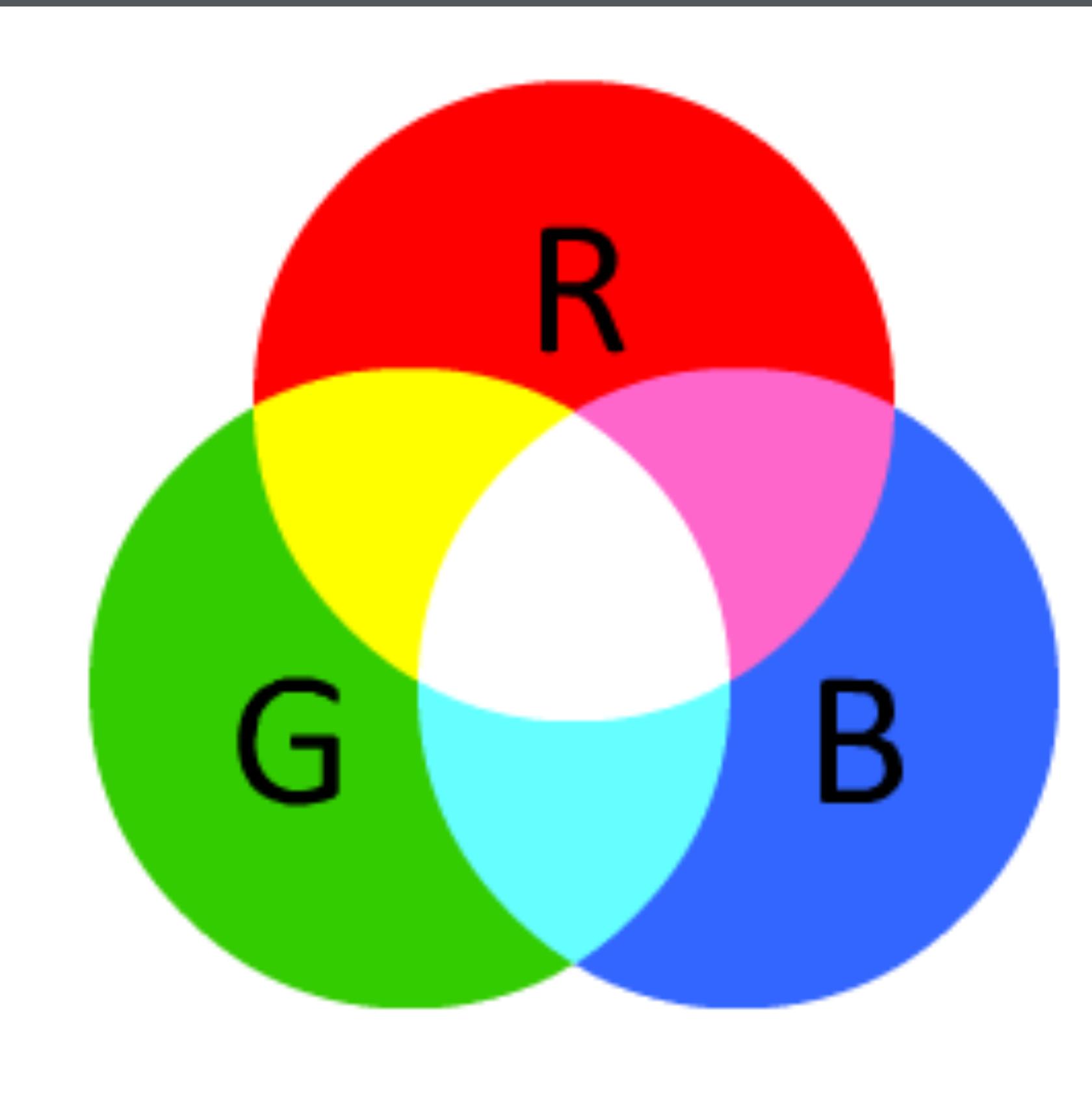


Chrominance



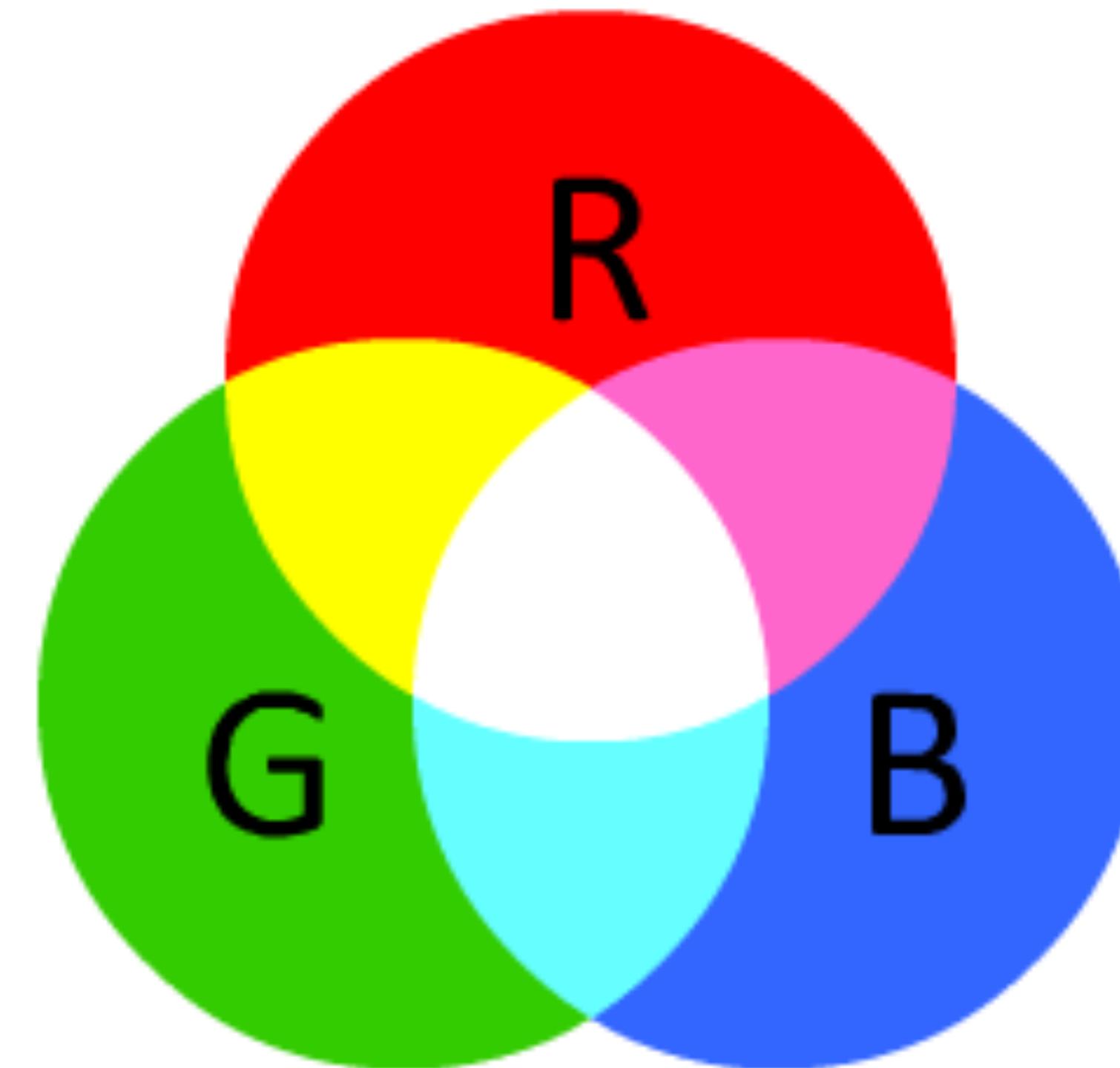
Both

# The RGB Model





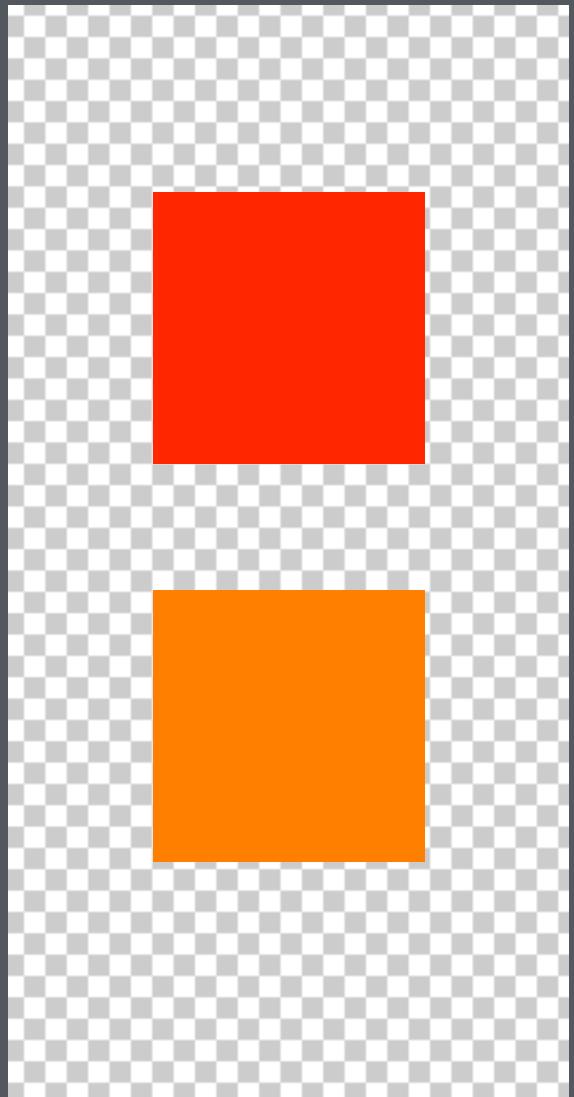
The RGB Model is most common  
in computer graphics.



# Color in OpenGL.

# RGB and RGBA colors as 0.0 - 1.0 floating point channels.

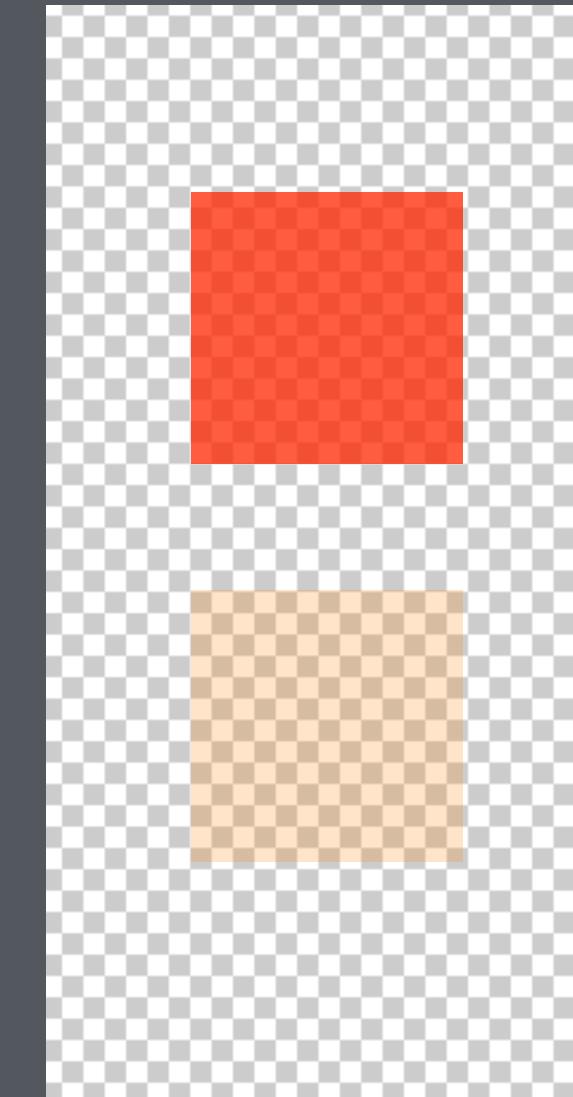
RGB



1.0, 0.0, 0.0

1.0, 0.5, 0.0

RGBA



1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.7

1.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.2

Clearing the screen.

```
void glClearColor (float red, float green,  
float blue, float alpha);
```

Sets the clear color of the screen.

```
glClearColor(0.4f, 0.2f, 0.4f, 1.0f);
```

```
void glClear (GLbitfield mask);
```

Clears the screen to the set clear color.

```
glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
```

Textures and images.

# Loading an image with STB\_image

Include stb\_image header.

NOTE: You must define STB\_IMAGE\_IMPLEMENTATION in one of the files you are including it from!

```
#define STB_IMAGE_IMPLEMENTATION  
#include "stb_image.h"
```

Use stbi\_load function to load the pixel data from an image file.

```
int w,h,comp;  
unsigned char* image = stbi_load("some_image.png", &w, &h, &comp, STBI_rgb_alpha);
```

After you are done with the image data, you must free it using the stbi\_image\_free function.

```
stbi_image_free(image);
```

# Textures in OpenGL

# Creating a texture

```
void glGenTextures (GLsizei numTextures, GLuint *textures);
```

Generates a new OpenGL texture ID.

```
GLuint textureID;  
glGenTextures(1, &textureID);
```

# Binding a texture

```
void glBindTexture (GLenum target, GLuint texture);
```

Bind a texture to a texture target.

```
glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, textureID);
```

Our texture target is always going to be GL\_TEXTURE\_2D

# Setting texture pixel data

```
void glTexImage2D (GLenum target, GLint level, GLint  
internalformat, GLsizei width, GLsizei height, GLint  
border, GLenum format, GLenum type, const GLvoid *pixels);
```

Sets the **texture data** of the specified **texture target**. Image format must be **GL\_RGBA** for **RGBA images** or **GL\_RGB** for **RGB images**.

```
glTexImage2D(GL_TEXTURE_2D, 0, GL_RGBA, w, h, 0, GL_RGBA,  
GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE, image);
```

# Texture filtering

# Texture filtering parameters.



Linear

Good for high resolution textures.



Nearest neighbor

Good for pixelart.

```
void glTexParameteri (GLenum target, GLenum pname,  
GLint param);
```

Sets a texture parameter of the specified texture target.

We MUST set the texture filtering parameters `GL_TEXTURE_MIN_FILTER` and `GL_TEXTURE_MAG_FILTER` before the texture can be used.

```
glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_MIN_FILTER, GL_LINEAR);  
glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_MAG_FILTER, GL_LINEAR);
```

Use `GL_LINEAR` for linear filtering and `GL_NEAREST` for nearest neighbor filtering.

# Putting it all together.

```
GLuint LoadTexture(const char *filePath) {
    int w,h,comp;
    unsigned char* image = stbi_load(filePath, &w, &h, &comp, STBI_rgb_alpha);

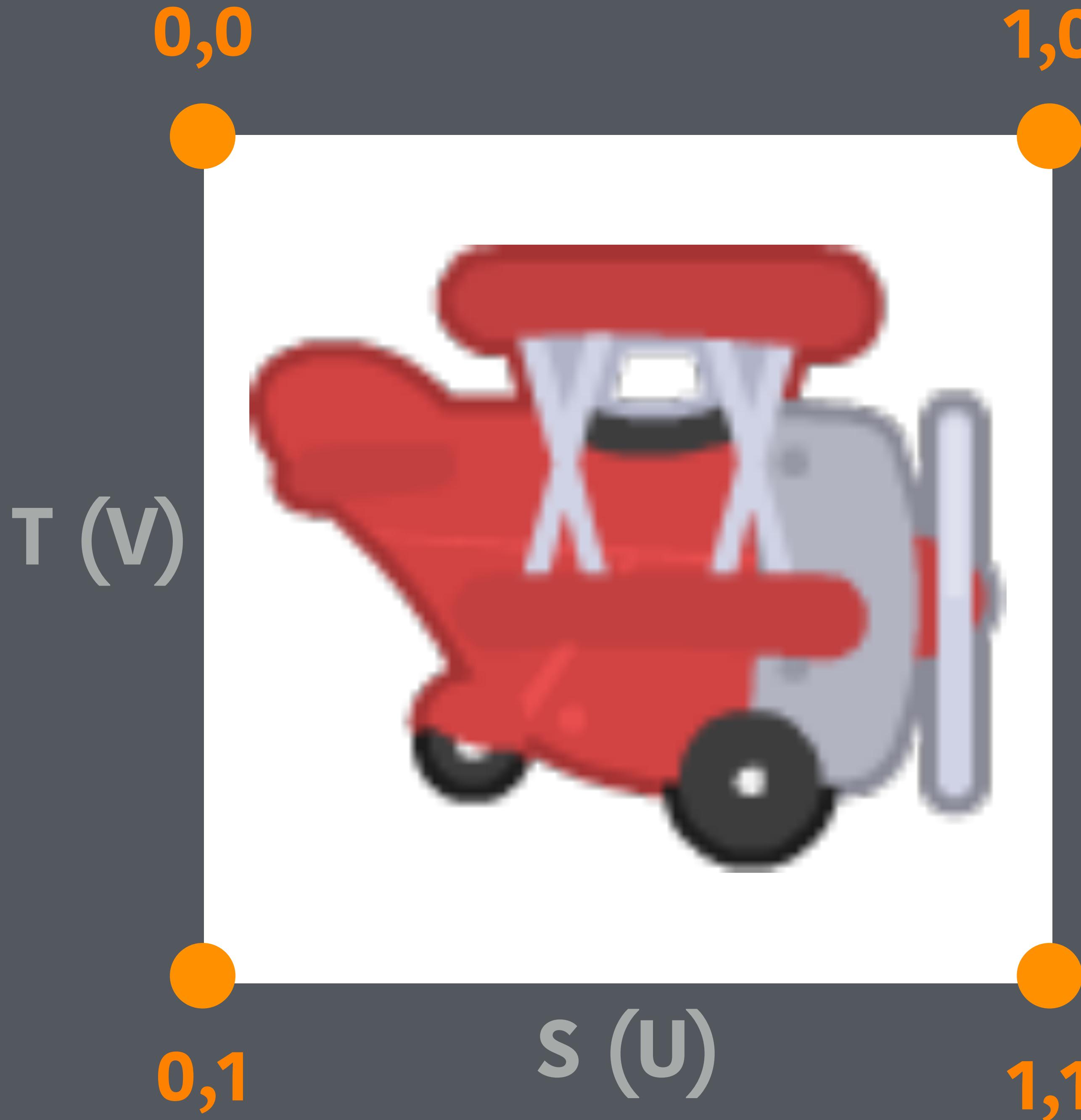
    if(image == NULL) {
        std::cout << "Unable to load image. Make sure the path is correct\n";
        assert(false);
    }

    GLuint retTexture;
    glGenTextures(1, &retTexture);
    glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, retTexture);
    glTexImage2D(GL_TEXTURE_2D, 0, GL_RGBA, w, h, 0, GL_RGBA, GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE, image);

    glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_MIN_FILTER, GL_LINEAR);
    glTexParameteri(GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE_MAG_FILTER, GL_LINEAR);

    stbi_image_free(image);
    return retTexture;
}
```

# Texture coordinates.



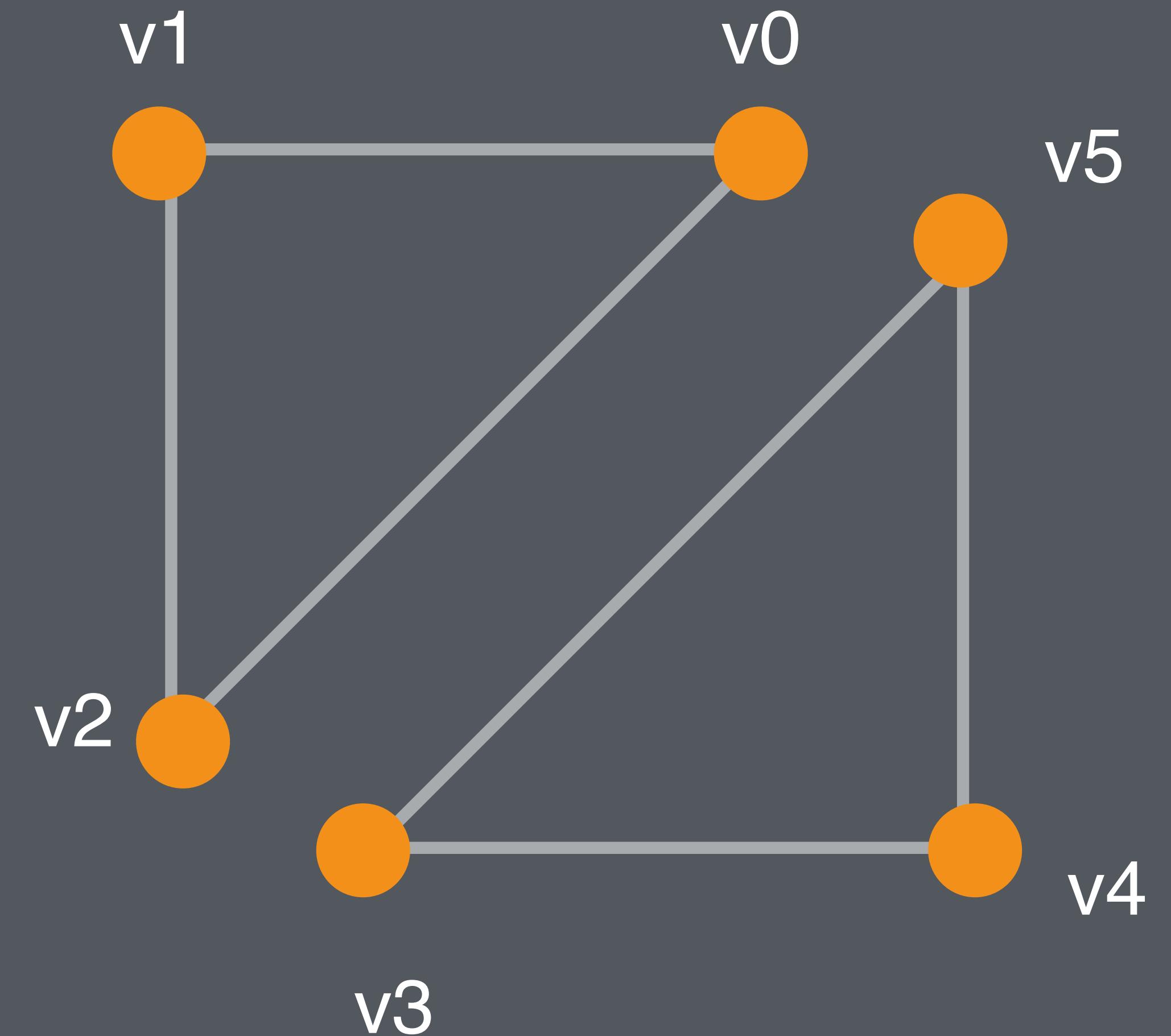
Texture coordinates  
are defined in 0-1  
units called UV  
coordinates, not  
pixels!

```
void glVertexAttribPointer (GLint index, GLint  
size, GLenum type, GLboolean normalized, GLsizei  
stride, const GLvoid *pointer);
```

Defines an array of **vertex data**.

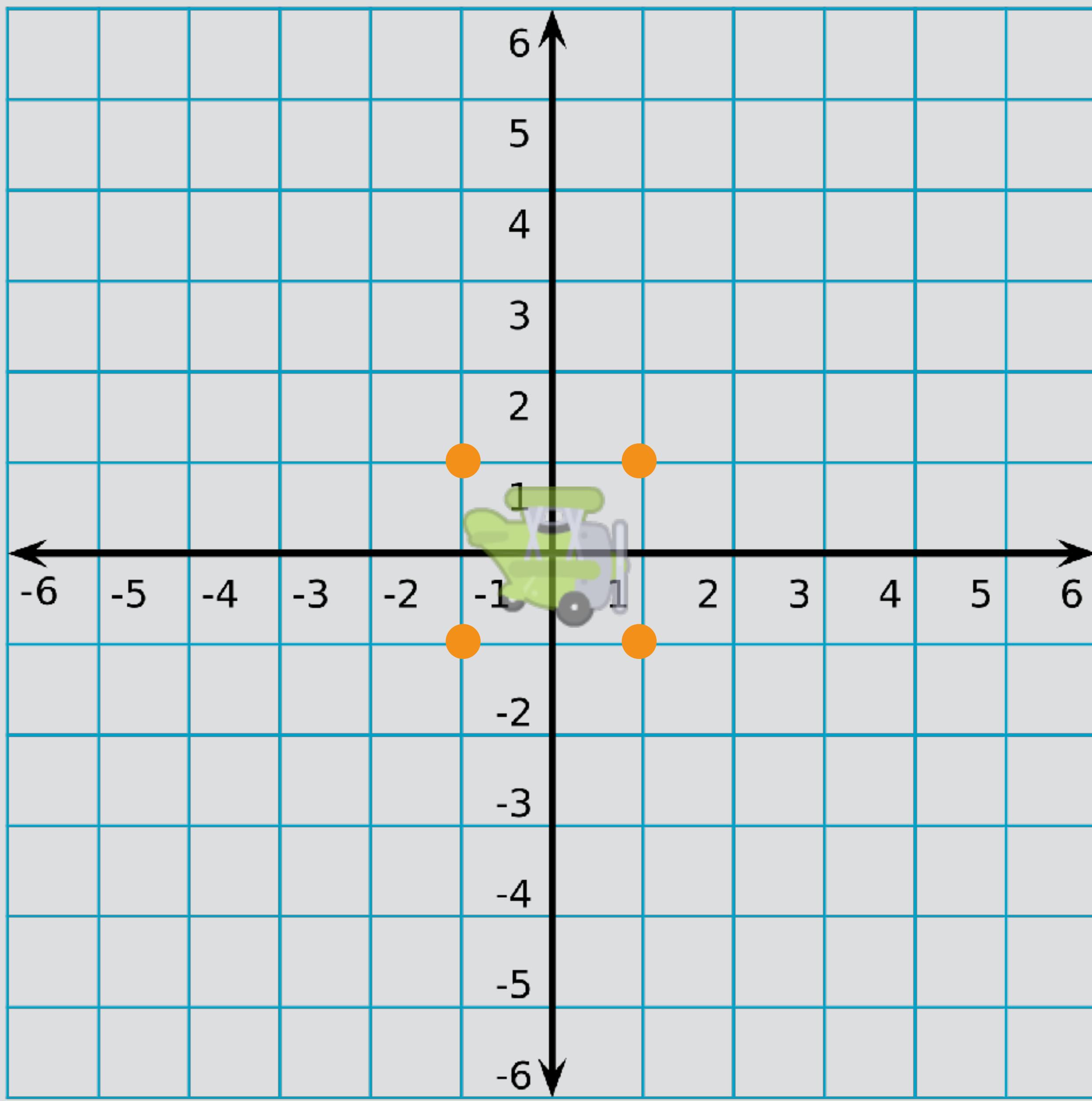
```
float texCoords[] = {0.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f};  
glVertexAttribPointer(program.texCoordAttribute, 2, GL_FLOAT, false, 0, texCoords);
```

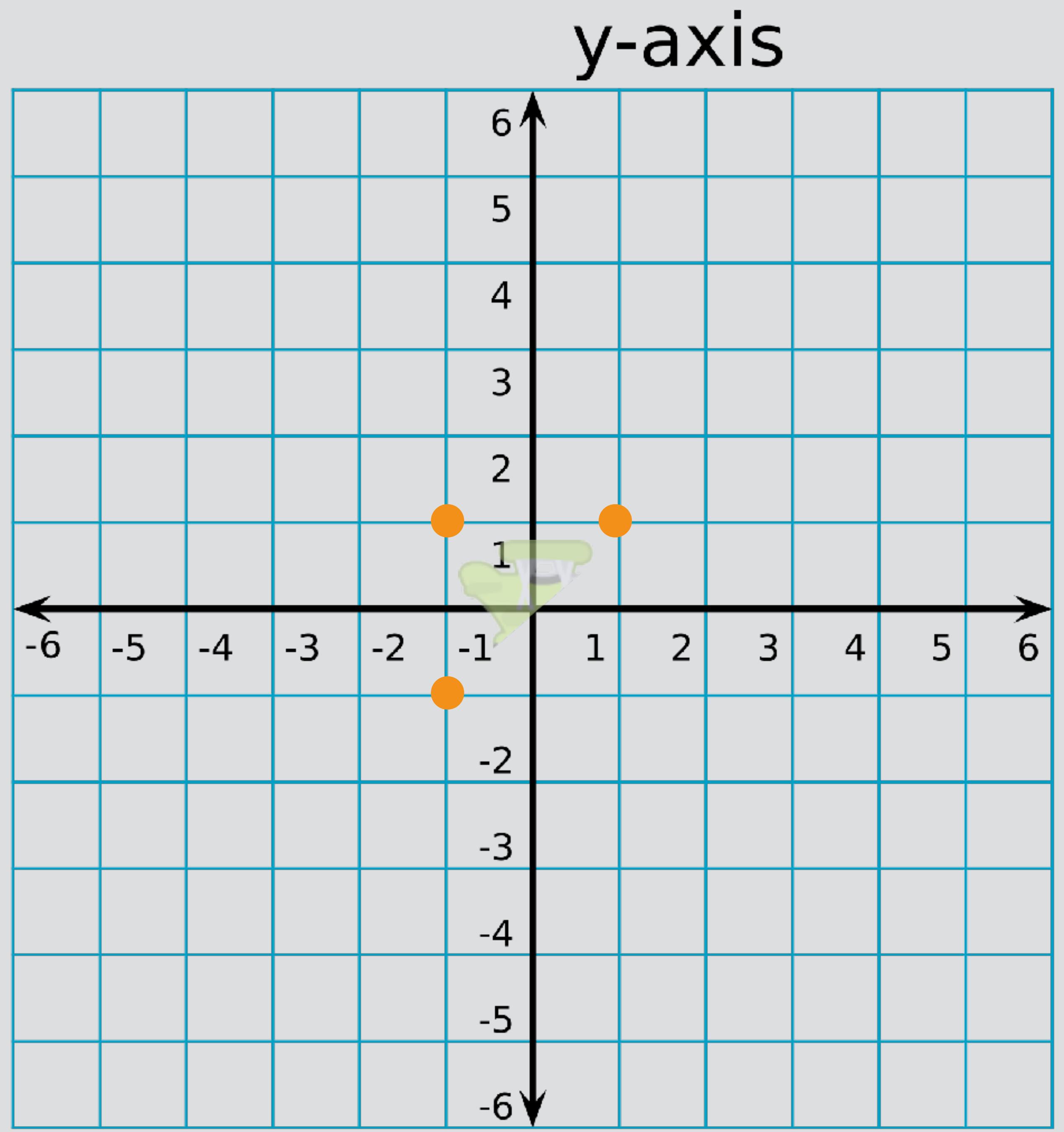
# Drawing a sprite.



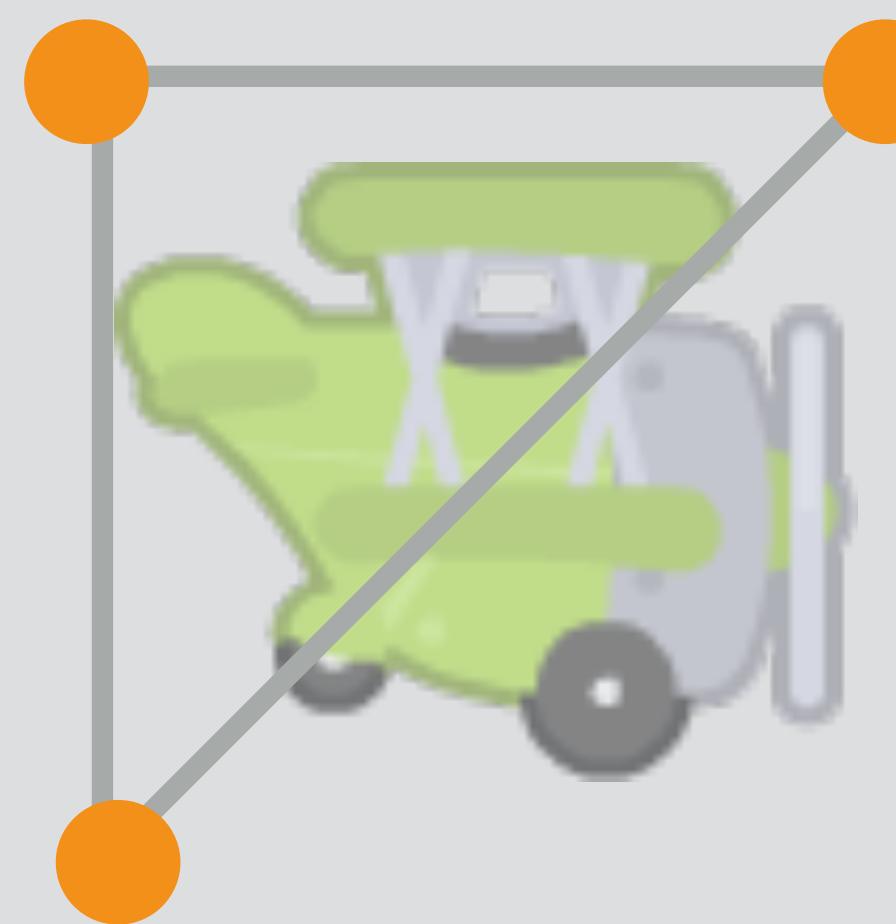
y-axis

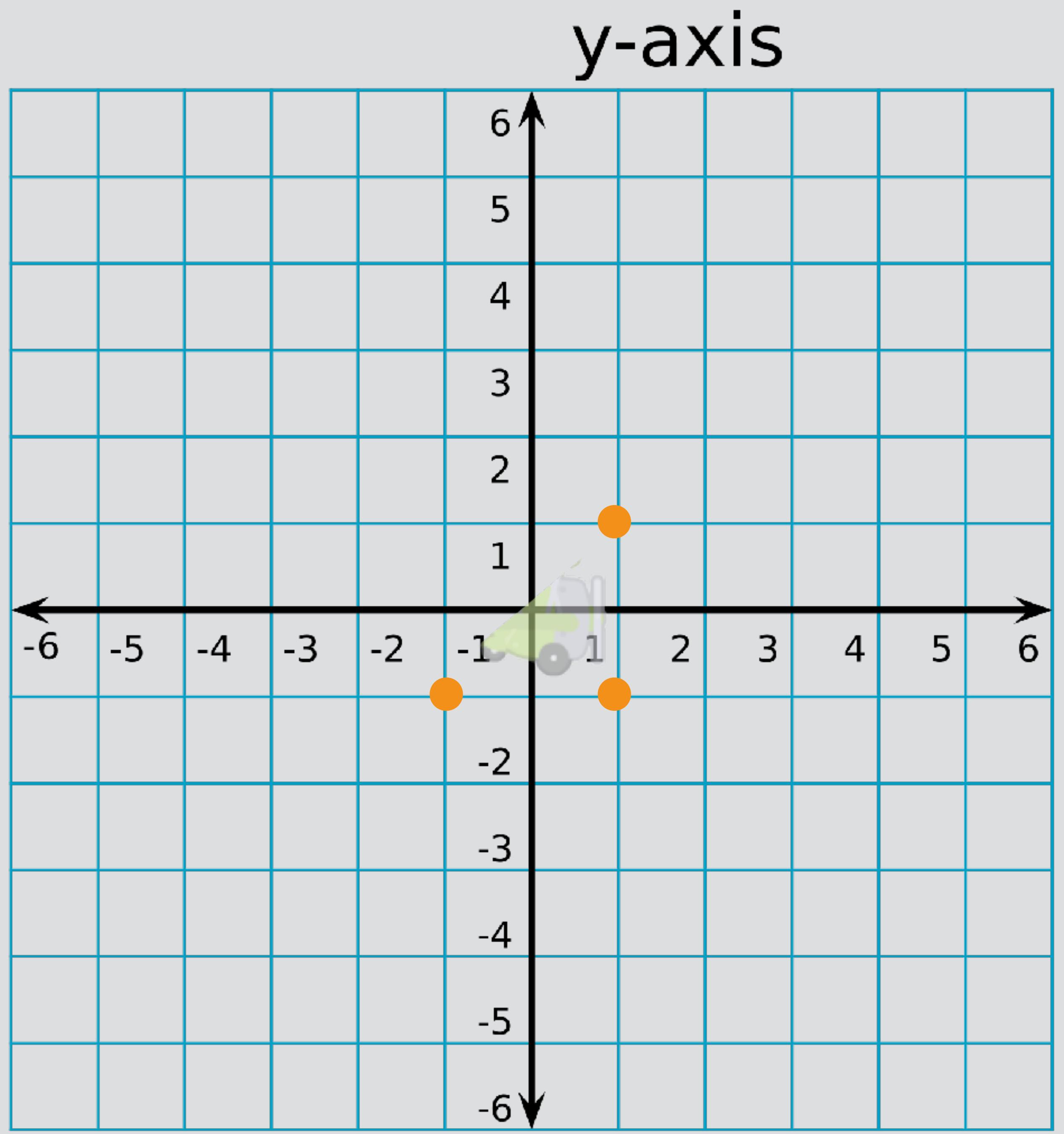
x-axis



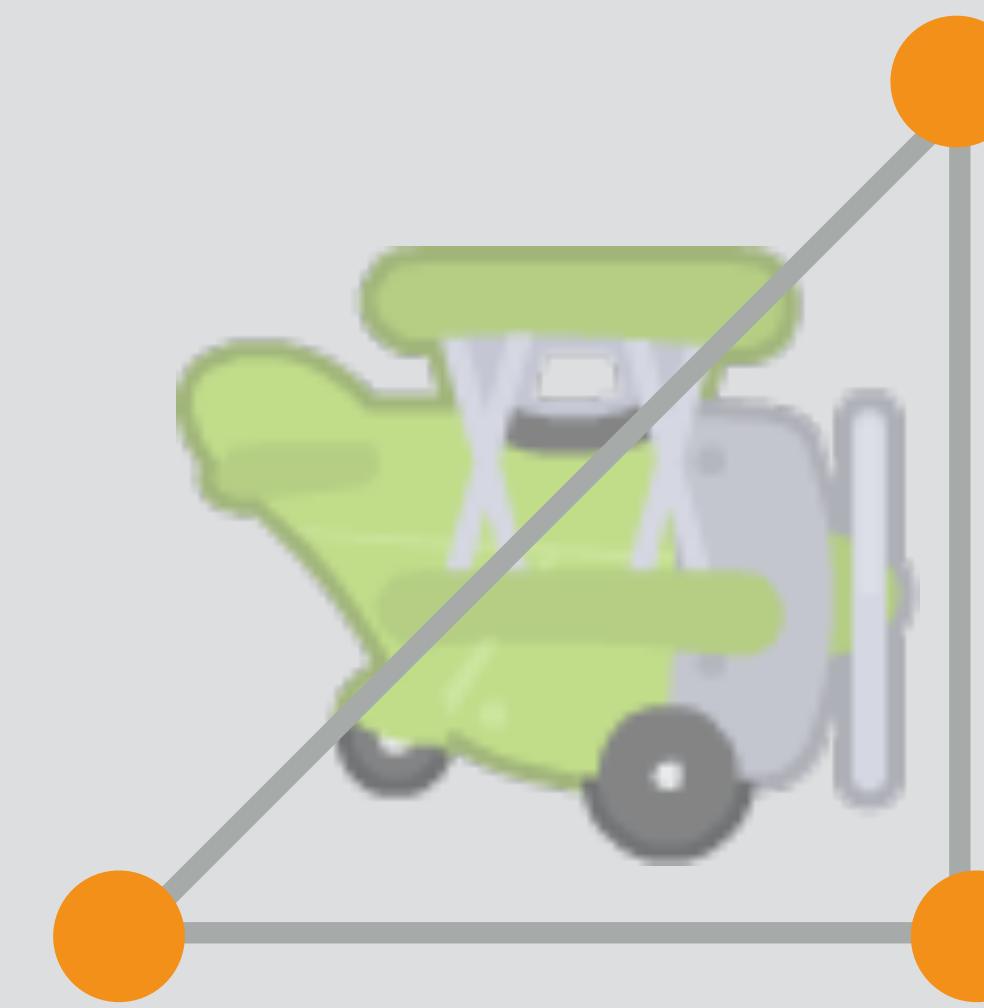


x-axis





x-axis



# Drawing a sprite.

- Set position attributes for 2 triangles.
- Set texture coordinate attributes for 2 triangles.
- Bind the texture we want to use.
- Draw arrays.
- Disable attribute arrays.

# Need to use a shader program that supports textures!

```
ShaderProgram program(RESOURCE_FOLDER"vertex_textured.gsl", RESOURCE_FOLDER"fragment_textured.gsl");
```



Putting it all together.

# Setup (before the loop)

```
glViewport(0, 0, 640, 360);

ShaderProgram program(RESOURCE_FOLDER"vertex_textured.glsl", RESOURCE_FOLDER"fragment_textured.glsl");

GLuint emojiTexture = LoadTexture(RESOURCE_FOLDER"emoji.png");

Matrix projectionMatrix;
Matrix modelMatrix;
Matrix viewMatrix;

projectionMatrix.setOrthoProjection(-3.55, 3.55, -2.0f, 2.0f, -1.0f, 1.0f);

glUseProgram(program.programID);
```

# Drawing (in your game loop)

```
program.setModelMatrix(modelMatrix);
program.setProjectionMatrix(projectionMatrix);
program.setViewMatrix(viewMatrix);

glBindTexture(GL_TEXTURE_2D, emojiTexture);

float vertices[] = {-0.5, -0.5, 0.5, -0.5, 0.5, 0.5, -0.5, -0.5, 0.5, 0.5, 0.5, -0.5, 0.5};

glVertexAttribPointer(program.positionAttribute, 2, GL_FLOAT, false, 0, vertices);
 glEnableVertexAttribArray(program.positionAttribute);

float texCoords[] = {0.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0, 1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0};
 glVertexAttribPointer(program.texCoordAttribute, 2, GL_FLOAT, false, 0, texCoords);
 glEnableVertexAttribArray(program.texCoordAttribute);

glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 0, 6);

glDisableVertexAttribArray(program.positionAttribute);
glDisableVertexAttribArray(program.texCoordAttribute);
```

# Blending

# Blending



# Enabling blending

```
glEnable(GL_BLEND);
```

```
glBlendFunc(GL_SRC_ALPHA, GL_ONE_MINUS_SRC_ALPHA);
```

Keeping time.

In setup

```
float lastFrameTicks = 0.0f;
```

In game loop

```
float ticks = (float)SDL_GetTicks()/1000.0f;  
float elapsed = ticks - lastFrameTicks;  
lastFrameTicks = ticks;
```

**elapsed** is how many seconds **elapsed since last frame**.  
We will use this value to move everything in our game.

# Basic time-based animation.

```
angle += elapsed;
```

```
// rotate matrix by angle  
// draw sprite
```

# Assignment #1

- Create a simple 2D scene using textured polygons.
- You can use any images you want, but feel free to use the assets in the class github repo.
- At least one element must be animated.
- You must use at least 3 different textures.
- Commit the source to your github repository and email me the link.