DS/tinery-tree-using-linked-list.c

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//tinery tree implementation using linnked list.
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct TTree{
  int data;
  struct TTree *I;
  struct TTree *m:
  struct TTree *r;
}ttree;
void add(ttree **t, int new_data){
  ttree *new_ttree = (ttree*)malloc(sizeof(ttree));
  new_ttree->data = new_data;
  new ttree->I = NULL;
  new ttree->m = NULL;
  new_ttree->r = NULL;
  *t = new_ttree;
void delete(ttree **t){
  (*t)->I = NULL;
  (*t)->m = NULL;
  (*t)->r = NULL;
  (*t) = NULL;
}
void display(ttree *t){
  printf("%d (",t->data);
  if(t->I){
     printf("%d,",t->l->data);
  }else{
     printf("0,");
  if(t->m){}
     printf("%d,",t->m->data);
  }else{
     printf("0,");
  if(t->r){}
     printf("%d)",t->r->data);
  }else{
     printf("0)");
  printf("\n");
void preorderTraversal(ttree *root){
  if(root){
     display(root);
     preorderTraversal(root->I);
     preorderTraversal(root->m);
     preorderTraversal(root->r);
}
int size(ttree* root) {
  if (root == NULL)
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return 0;
  else
     return size(root->I) + 1 + size(root->r) + size(root->m);
}
void main(){
  ttree *t1 = NULL;
  add(&t1,1);
  add(&t1->1,2);
  add(&t1->m,3);
  add(&t1->r,4);
  add(&t1->I->I,5);
  add(&t1->l->m,6);
  add(&t1->I->r,7);
  add(&t1->m->l,8);
  add(&t1->m->m,9);
  add(&t1->m->r,10);
  add(&t1->r->l,11);
  add(&t1->r->m,12);
  add(&t1->r->r,13);
  preorderTraversal(t1);
  printf("The size of the tree is %d",size(t1));
OUTPUT
PS S:\WorkSpace\CollegeWork\DataStructure> gcc .\tinary-tree-using-linked-list.c
PS S:\WorkSpace\CollegeWork\DataStructure> ./a
1 (2,3,4)
2 (5,6,7)
5 (0,0,0)
6 (0,0,0)
7 (0,0,0)
3 (8,9,10)
8 (0,0,0)
9 (0,0,0)
10 (0,0,0)
4 (11,12,13)
11 (0,0,0)
12 (0,0,0)
13 (0,0,0)
The size of the tree is 13
```

PS S:\WorkSpace\CollegeWork\DataStructure>