UNIT-10

How Creatures Move

Reading is fun

Question 1:

Underline all the action words in the poem.

Answer:

The action words have been highlighted in the poem given below:

The lion walks on padded paws,

The squirrel leaps from limb to limb,

While flies can crawl straight up a wall,

And seals can dive and swim.

The worm he wiggles all around,

The monkey swings by his tail,

And birds may hop upon the ground

Or spread their wings and sail.

But boys and girls

Have much more fun:

They leap and dance

And walk and run.

Talk time

Question 1:

Why do boys and girls have the most fun?

Answer:

Boys and girls have more fun because they can leap, dance, walk and run around.

Let's write

Question 1:

Match the words in Column A with Column B.

| Column A | Column B |
|-----------|----------|
| Lions | wiggle |
| Squirrels | hop |
| Flies | swing |
| Seals | leap |
| Worms | walk |
| Monkeys | crawl |
| Birds | dive |

| Column A | Column B |
|-----------|----------|
| Lions | walk |
| Squirrels | leap |
| Flies | crawl |
| Seals | dive |
| Worms | wiggle |
| Monkeys | swing |
| Birds | hop |

Question 2:

Now, make sentences of your own using the matching words.

Example — The seals dive into the icy water.

Answer:

The lions walk in the forest fearlessly.

The squirrels leap around in the mango tree.

The flies crawl on the kitchen wall.

The worms wiggle on moist soil.

The monkeys swing from one tree to another.

The birds hop in the garden.

Question 3:

Arrange the following movement words from slow to fast.

run, walk, hop, crawl

Answer:

crawl, walk, hop, run

Question 4:

Underline the letters which are silent in the following words:

walk, straight, more, caught, calm, talk

Answer:

walk, straight, more, caught, calm, talk

Question 5:

Say aloud

squtrrel

question

queen

quilt

quiet

quite

Squirrel, squirrel on the tree
Running quiet as can be
Quickly, quickly
Come catch me!

Question 6:

What do you do when you are bored?

Lakshmamma sings a song when she is bored.

Ratnakar reads a book.

Gopal talks to his friends.

Anjaiah writes a story.

Leelamma goes for a walk.

Prabhakar goes to sleep.

Question 7:

What do you do when you are bored?

Answer:

I love listening to music and watching television when I get bored.

The Ship of the Desert

Reading is fun

Question 1:

Why is the Camel called the Ship of the Desert?

Answer:

The camel is called the Ship of the Desert because it can walk across the desert even on a hot afternoon. Although the sand is very hot, the camel can walk over it very comfortably.

Question 2:

For how many weeks can a camel store food in its hump?

Answer:

A camel can store food for two weeks in its hump.

Question 3:

What does the camel eat in the desert?

Answer:

A camel usually eats thorny bushes in the desert.

Question 4:

Choose the right answer.

- i.) Name the Ship of the Desert
- (a) lion (c) camel
- (b) crab (d) tiger
- ii.) Name the King of the Forest
- (a) lion (c) monkey
- (b) owl (d) crocodile
- iii.) The feet of the camel are

| (a) thick and padded (c) thick and fat |
|---|
| (b) long and fat (d) thin and padded |
| iv.) There are no rivers or lakes in |
| (a) plains (c) plateaus |
| (b) mountains (d) deserts |
| v.) At a time, a camel can drink |
| (a) 200 bottles of water (c) 100 bottles of water |
| (b) 400 bottles of water (d) 300 bottles of water |
| vi.) A camel stores its food in its |
| (a) stomach (c) legs |
| (b) hump (d) lips |
| Answer: |
| i.) c) camel |
| ii.) a) lion |
| iii.) a) thick and padded |
| iv.) d) deserts |
| v.) a) 200 bottles of water |
| vi.) b) hump |
| Word building |
| Question 1: |
| Make as many words as you can from within the given words. The first one is done for you. |
| ROARING IN RAN ROAR |
| FROWNING |
| BLINKING |
| |

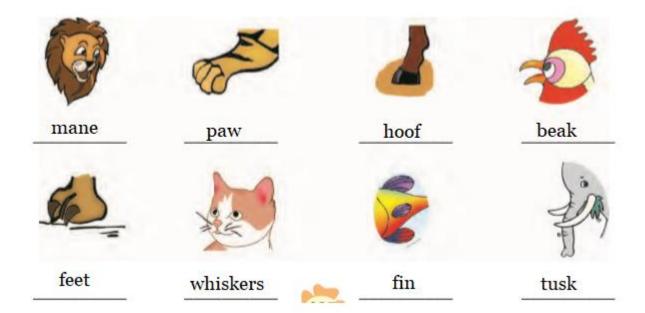
Answer:

FROWNING FROWN OWN WING
BLINKING BLINK LINK KING
WONDERINGLY WONDER WRONG RING

Question 2:

Match the pictures with the words given below tusk beak mane whiskers hoof feet fin paw





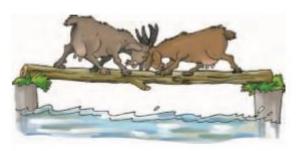
Let's write

Question 1:

Look at the goats in the pictures and write about them.



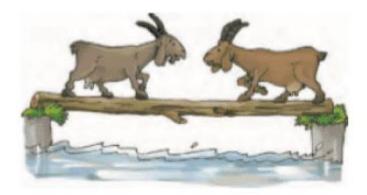
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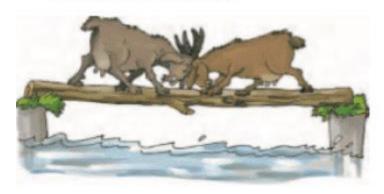
2.



3.



 Two goats are coming from opposite directions. They meet each other in the middle of a log bridge.



2. Both are not willing to give way, and they start a fight.



3. Finally, both of them slip and fall into the water.

Talk time

Question 1:

Read these words aloud, paying attention to their spellings.

i-eye, our -hour

week - weak, need - knead

in - inn, see - sea

no - know, here - hear

not - knot, eight – ate

of - off, two - too

bye - by

Now make sentences with each word.

Answer:

i - eye: I got my right eye checked at the hospital.

our – hour: Our relatives are likely to arrive in an hour.

week – weak: My friend was feeling too weak and sick to attend school for a week.

need – **knead**: My younger sister needs help to knead the dough.

in – inn: The travellers were relaxing in the inn.

see - sea: I can see the vast sea from the top floor of my house.

no – know: No one knows the correct answer to a difficult question.

here – **hear**: You can come and sit here to hear the speech clearly.

not – knot: I did not tie the knot in the cloth.

eight – ate: I ate my dinner at eight o'clock last evening.

of – off: Please turn off the switch of the fan.

two – too: The two children are too young to go to the park alone.

 $\mathbf{bye} - \mathbf{by}$: Neeta was passing by my desk, and she said bye to me.

Team time

Question 1:

Find out which animals live in

- i. icy cold regions
- ii. hot wet regions
- iii. dry hot regions

- i. Animals living in icy cold regions include polar bears, penguins, arctic foxes, snow leopards etc.
- ii. Animals living in hot wet regions include fennec foxes, sidewinder snakes, dung beetles, Mexican coyotes and thorny devil lizards.
- iii. Animals living in dry, hot regions include camels, ground squirrels, antelope etc.