QUEUE:-果 ← 吴 吴 吴 吴 吴 吴 front. Queue → ADT Lx Enqueue (x): insert → dequeue (): delete. + front() → is Empty () → Size() eq(3), eq(7), eq(12), dq(1), eq(8), eq(3) - 3 7 12 8 3 eq (4), dq (), eq (9), eq (3), eq (4), eq (11), eq (20), dq ()

49341120

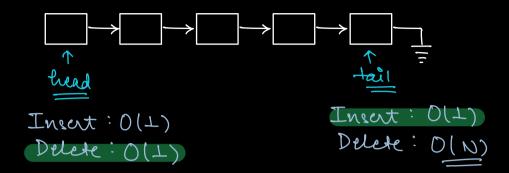
Implement Queue: 1. Array int arr[5]; 2 pointers Front

Fear

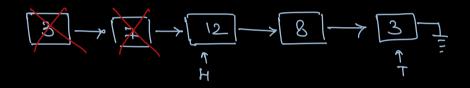
= eg (1) eg (2) (x+1)-> (x+1)1/N eg (3) eg (4) (4+1) -> (4+1)·15 Eq (5) dacs dq() eg (6) eg(7)
Size == N: Queue is full.

Implement Circular Queue using Array.

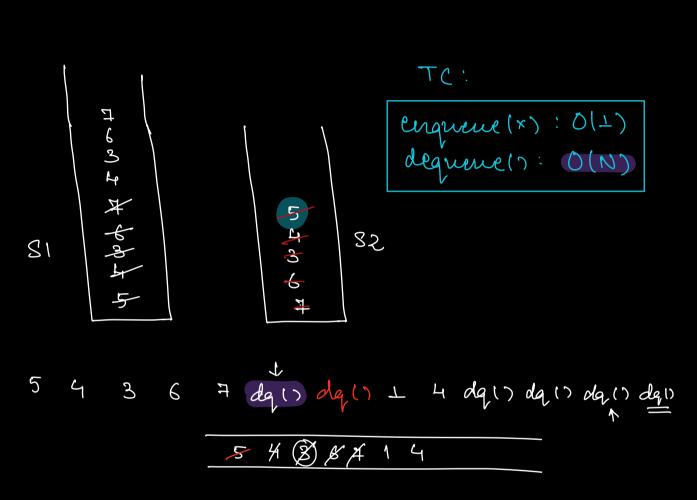
linked list

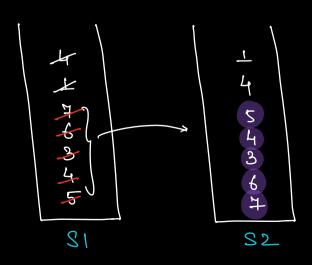


eq(3), eq(7), eq(12), dq(1), eq(8), eq(3)



D. Implement Queue Using Stack.
Lipuching
Popis





Void enqueue (n) ?
SI. Push (x);

Void degneue () {

if (S2. is Empty 1)) {

while (|S1. is Empty 1)) {

82. push (S1. top())

S1. pop();

if (!S2. is Empty 1))

S2. pop();

3

3 []

TC: enqueue(x): O(1)
dequeue():

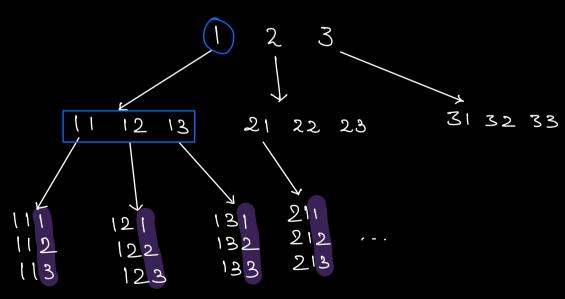
for 1st dequence() -> N iterations for nent (N-1) dq1) operations -> (N-1) iterations

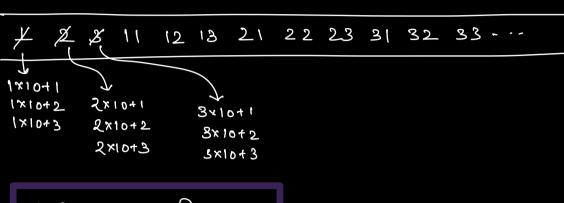
N dq() operations $\rightarrow N+(N-1)=2N-1$ $\perp dq()$ operation $\rightarrow 2N-1$ $N \rightarrow N(1)$

Amortized TC.

8. Not number using the digits \bot , $2 \text{ OR } \underline{3}$.

(No digit apart from \bot , 2 and 3 is allowed). $\bot \to N=1$





tw: Implement

TC: 0(N)

S(:O(N))

8. Sliding

Given a Window Maximum. Given an Array of size N, find the MAX enery mindow of size = k. K = 3 6 5 11 긔 10 Amazon 01] 11 7 Quiz -3 3 5 3 3 5 A: [3 2 4 5 5 4 5 6] \mathcal{S} 6]

Brute:

A: [3 2 3 4 5 5 4 5 6] K=4

BOX 3 x 3 4 8 5 4 5 6 Dequence

(Doubly Ended

Quence) Aus: [4,5,5,5,5,6]

A: [3 2 3 4 5 5 4 5 6]

 $\frac{58}{323458486}$

ans: [4 5 5 5 6]

A: 10 1 8 9 7 6 5 11 3 16 x 8 x x 8 x 11 3 aus: [10,9,9,4,11,11] Degueue: Ly fush back (n) - front () - POP-back () -> var() - fush-frond (n) - fop-front () - is Empty 1) - Sizeli * Doubly Linked List $\begin{cases} TC: O(N) \\ SC: O(K) \rightarrow O(N) \end{cases}$

K=3.