LCP and Suffix Array Implementation

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#include <bits/stdc++.h>
  using namespace std;
  void countSort(vector<int> &p, vector<int> &c) {
       int n = p.size();
       vector < int > cnt(n);
       for (auto x : c) {
           cnt[x]++;
       vector < int > pos(n);
       pos[0] = 0;
       for (int x = 1; x < n; x++) {
           pos[x] = pos[x - 1] + cnt[x - 1];
14
       vector < int > p_new(n);
       for (auto x : p) {
           p_new[pos[c[x]]] = x;
           pos[c[x]]++;
19
       p = p_new;
20
  }
21
22
  pair < vector < int >, vector < int >> computeSuffixArray(string s) {
23
       s += "$";
       int n = s.size();
       vector < int > pos(n), class_(n);
       {
           vector < pair < char, int >> a(n);
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                a[i] = {s[i], i};
31
           sort(a.begin(), a.end());
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
33
                pos[i] = a[i].second;
35
           class_[pos[0]] = 0;
36
           for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
                class_{pos}[i] = class_{pos}[i - 1] + (a[i -
38
                   1].first != a[i].first);
           }
39
40
       int k = 0;
41
```

```
while ((1 << k) < n \&\& class_[pos[n - 1]] < n - 1) {
           for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
43
                pos[i] = (pos[i] - (1 << k) + n) % n;
           }
45
           countSort(pos, class_);
           vector < int > class_new(n);
47
           class_new[pos[0]] = 0;
           for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
49
                pair < int , int > prev = {class_[pos[i - 1]],
                   class_[(pos[i - 1] + (1 << k)) % n]};
                pair<int, int> curr = {class_[pos[i]],
                   class_[(pos[i] + (1 << k)) % n]};
                class_new[pos[i]] = class_new[pos[i - 1]] + (prev
52
                   != curr);
           }
53
           class_ = class_new;
54
           k++;
       }
       return {pos, class_};
  vector<int> computeLCP(const vector<int> &p, const vector<int>
60
     &c, const string &s) {
       int n = p.size();
       int k = 0;
62
       vector < int > lcp(n - 1);
       for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
64
           int pi = c[i];
65
           int j = p[pi - 1];
66
           while (s[i + k] == s[j + k]) {
               k++;
68
           }
69
           lcp[pi - 1] = k;
70
           k = max(k - 1, OLL);
       }
72
       return lcp;
73
  }
74
```