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running teammates runge kutta 4th order code to get SIR population data for seasonal influenza

Givens

```
S(1) = 990;
I(1) = 10;
R(1) = 0;
h = 2; % time step 2 days
Time = 100; % T = 100 days
% Seasonal Influenza
% Beta = 0.3 Gamma = 0.1
N = Q(S, I, R) S + I + R;
Beta = 0.3;
gamma = 0.1;
dSdt = @(N, S, I) (-Beta/N)*S*I;
dIdt = @(N, S, I) (Beta/N)*S*I - gamma*I;
dRdt = @(I) gamma*I;
Population(1) = S(1) + I(1);
Population 2(1) = 0;
Population 3(1) = 0;
for i = 1:50
    Population(i+1) = N(S(i), I(i), R(i));
    K1Susceptible = dSdt(Population(i), S(i), I(i));
    K1Infected = dIdt(Population(i), S(i), I(i));
    K1Recovered = dRdt(I(i));
```

```
K2StepsizeS = S(i)+1/2*K1Susceptible*h; %K1 Seasonal Influenza
    K2StepsizeI = I(i)+1/2*K1Infected*h; %K1 Infected
    K2StepsizeR = R(i) + 1/2*K1Recovered*h; %K1 Recovery
    Population2(i+1) = N(K2StepsizeS, K2StepsizeI, K2StepsizeR);
    K2SusceptibleS = dSdt(Population2(i+1), K2StepsizeS, K2StepsizeI); %K2
Seasonal Influenza
    K2Infected = dIdt(Population2(i+1), K2StepsizeS, K2StepsizeI); %K2
    K2Recovered = dRdt(K2StepsizeI); %K2 Recovery
    K3StepsizeS = S(i)+1/2*K2SusceptibleS*h; %K3 Seasonal Influenza
    K3StepsizeI = I(i) + 1/2*K2Infected*h; %K3 Infected
    K3StepsizeR = R(i) + 1/2*K2Recovered*h; %K3 Recovery
    Population3(i+1) = N(K3StepsizeS, K3StepsizeI, K3StepsizeR);
    K3SusceptibleS = dSdt(Population3(i+1), K3StepsizeS, K3StepsizeI);
    K3Infected = dIdt(Population3(i+1), K3StepsizeS, K3StepsizeI);
    K3Recovered = dRdt(K3StepsizeI);
    K4StepsizeS = S(i) + K3SusceptibleS; %K4 Seasonal Influenza
    K4StepsizeI = I(i) + K3Infected; %K4 Infected
    K4StepsizeR = R(i) + K3Recovered; %K4 Recovery
    Population4(i+1) = N(K4StepsizeS, K4StepsizeI, K4StepsizeR);
    K4SusceptibleS = dSdt(Population4(i+1), K4StepsizeS, K4StepsizeI);
   K4Infected = dIdt(Population4(i+1), K4StepsizeS,K4StepsizeI);
    K4Recovered = dRdt(K4StepsizeI);
    % Adding all the K values up
    S(i+1) = S(i) + (1/3)*(K1Susceptible + 2*K2SusceptibleS +
2*K3SusceptibleS + K4SusceptibleS); % 1/6 changed to 1/3 since h = 2 now
    I(i+1) = I(i) + (1/3)*(K1Infected + 2*K2Infected + 2*K3Infected +
K4Infected); % 1/6 changed to 1/3 since h = 2 now
    R(i+1) = R(i) + (1/3)*(K1Recovered + 2*K2Recovered + 2*K3Recovered +
K4Recovered); % 1/6 changed to 1/3 since h = 2 now
% as of now there is some small error for this 4th order runge kutta code I
% find the mistake
% vectors for h = 2 for 4th order runge kutta 51 values per vector includes
% day zero aka position 1
S;
I;
R:
```

Part II - Interpolation - Paige Pellouchoud

Sint = S;
Iint = I;
Rint = R;

linear interpolation

```
for i = 1:50
```

Error for Linear Interpolation

```
Nint = 50; % number of interpolated points
%make null set for last values in interpolated sets because from 0 to 100
%there are 51 even values and 50 odd values
Sint(51) = [];
Iint(51) = [];
Rint(51) = [];
% running teammates runge kutta 4th order for seasonal influenza for h = 1 to
extract the odd
%values for the error calculation
% Givens
SS(1) = 990;
II(1) = 10;
RR(1) = 0;
h = 1; % time step 1 days
Time = 100; % T = 100 days
% Seasonal Influenza
% Beta = 0.3 Gamma = 0.1
N = @(SS, II, RR) SS + II + RR;
Beta = 0.3;
gamma = 0.1;
dSdt = @(N, SS, II) (-Beta/N)*SS*II;
dIdt = @(N, SS, II) (Beta/N)*SS*II - gamma*II;
dRdt = @(II) gamma*II;
Population(1) = SS(1) + II(1);
Population 2(1) = 0;
Population3(1) = 0;
for i = 1:100
```

```
Population(i+1) = N(SS(i), II(i), RR(i));
    K1Susceptible = dSdt(Population(i), SS(i), II(i));
    K1Infected = dIdt(Population(i), SS(i), II(i));
   K1Recovered = dRdt(II(i));
    K2StepsizeS = SS(i)+1/2*K1Susceptible*h; %K1 Seasonal Influenza
    K2StepsizeI = II(i)+1/2*K1Infected*h; %K1 Infected
    K2StepsizeR = RR(i) + 1/2*K1Recovered*h; %K1 Recovery
    Population2(i+1) = N(K2StepsizeS, K2StepsizeI, K2StepsizeR);
    K2SusceptibleS = dSdt(Population2(i+1), K2StepsizeS, K2StepsizeI); %K2
Seasonal Influenza
    K2Infected = dIdt(Population2(i+1), K2StepsizeS, K2StepsizeI); %K2
Infected
    K2Recovered = dRdt(K2StepsizeI); %K2 Recovery
    K3StepsizeS = SS(i)+1/2*K2SusceptibleS*h; %K3 Seasonal Influenza
    K3StepsizeI = II(i) + 1/2*K2Infected*h; %K3 Infected
    K3StepsizeR = RR(i) + 1/2*K2Recovered*h; %K3 Recovery
    Population3(i+1) = N(K3StepsizeS, K3StepsizeI, K3StepsizeR);
    K3SusceptibleS = dSdt(Population3(i+1), K3StepsizeS, K3StepsizeI);
    K3Infected = dIdt(Population3(i+1), K3StepsizeS, K3StepsizeI);
    K3Recovered = dRdt(K3StepsizeI);
    K4StepsizeS = SS(i) + K3SusceptibleS; %K4 Seasonal Influenza
    K4StepsizeI = II(i) + K3Infected; %K4 Infected
    K4StepsizeR = RR(i) + K3Recovered; %K4 Recovery
    Population4(i+1) = N(K4StepsizeS, K4StepsizeI, K4StepsizeR);
    K4SusceptibleS = dSdt(Population4(i+1), K4StepsizeS, K4StepsizeI);
    K4Infected = dIdt(Population4(i+1), K4StepsizeS,K4StepsizeI);
    K4Recovered = dRdt(K4StepsizeI);
    % Adding all the K values up
    SS(i+1) = SS(i) + (1/6)*(K1Susceptible + 2*K2SusceptibleS +
2*K3SusceptibleS + K4SusceptibleS);
    II(i+1) = II(i) + (1/6)*(K1Infected + 2*K2Infected + 2*K3Infected +
K4Infected);
   RR(i+1) = RR(i) + (1/6)*(K1Recovered + 2*K2Recovered + 2*K3Recovered +
K4Recovered);
end
% population results for h = 1 day
 SS;
 II;
RR;
% null 101
SS(101) = [];
II(101) = [];
RR(101) = [];
%extracting odd days
Sodd = SS(2:2:end);
Iodd = II(2:2:end);
Rodd = RR(2:2:end);
Sodd;
Iodd;
```

```
Rodd;
%ran teammates runge kutta 4th order for seasonal influenza for h = 1 to
extract the odd
%values for the error calculation

for i = 1:50
    SEL2 = sqrt(sum((Sint(i)-Sodd(i)).^2)./Nint);
    IEL2 = sqrt(sum((Iint(i)-Iodd(i)).^2)./Nint);
    REL2 = sqrt(sum((Rint(i)-Rodd(i)).^2)./Nint);
end
```

print errors for Linear Interpolation

```
SEL2
IEL2
REL2

SEL2 = 0.3099

IEL2 = 0.0188

REL2 = 0.3286
```

Quadratic Interpolation

```
% Begin newton quadratic interpolation
% Operate on S vector-51 values at even numbered days
% Interpolated values will be calculated at odd numbered days.

Time = [1:1:101];

%quadratic interpolation results for 49 values starting at t=1 day
% and ending at t=49 days

for i=1:49 %i=1 when Time=0
    %Begin quadratic interpolation for S
    M(i) = (S(i+1)-S(i))./(Time(i+1)-Time(i));
    P(i) = ((S(i+2)-S(i+1))./(Time(i+2)-Time(i+1)))-M(i);
    %Some values for I calculation are inserted as +1 for this interpolation
    %Some values for S calc are inserted as -1 for this interpolation
    Squint(i)=S(i)+(M(i).*1)+((P(i)./(Time(i+2)-Time(i))).*(1).*(-1));
    %page 217(i)
```

```
%Begin quadratic interpolation for I
  M(i) = (I(i+1)-I(i))./(Time(i+1)-Time(i));
   P(i) = ((I(i+2)-I(i+1))./((Time(i+2)-Time(i+1)))-M(i));
   Iquint(i)=I(i)+(M(i).*1)+((P(i)./(Time(i+2)-Time(i))).*(1).*(-1));
   %page 217
   %Begin quatratic interpolation for R
  M(i) = (R(i+1)-R(i))./(Time(i+1)-Time(i));
   P(i) = ((R(i+2)-R(i+1))./((Time(i+2)-Time(i+1)))-M(i));
   Rquint(i)=R(i)+(M(i).*1)+((P(i)./(Time(i+2)-Time(i))).*(1).*(-1));
   %page 217
   %equation 6.51 quadratic interpolation
end
% quadratic interpolation results for 50th odd day value manually
% calculated makes arrays even for 50 odd number days in the interval.
Squint(50) = 86.945;
Iquint(50) = 1.8280;
Rquint(50) = 938.9814;
print quadratic interpolated values for print = 2 days
Squint;
Iquint;
Rquint;
```

Error for Quadratic Interpolation

```
for i = 1:50
SEL2Q = sqrt(sum((Squint(i)-Sodd(i)).^2)./Nint);
IEL2Q = sqrt(sum((Iquint(i)-Iodd(i)).^2)./Nint);
REL2Q = sqrt(sum((Rquint(i)-Rodd(i)).^2)./Nint);
end
```

print errors for Quadratic Interpolation

```
SEL2Q
IEL2Q
REL2Q = 3.9295
IEL2Q = 0.0203
```



0.0247

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| | Error in Odd-Day Values when Odd Days were estimated with Linear Interpolation | Error in Odd-Day Values when Odd Days were estimated with Quadratic Interpolation |
|----------------------|--|---|
| Susceptible | | |
| Population | 0.3099 (SEL2) | 3.9295 (SEL2Q) |
| Infected Population | 0.0188 (IEL2) | 0.0203 (IEL2Q) |
| Recovered Population | 0.3286 (REL2) | 0.0247 (REL2Q) |