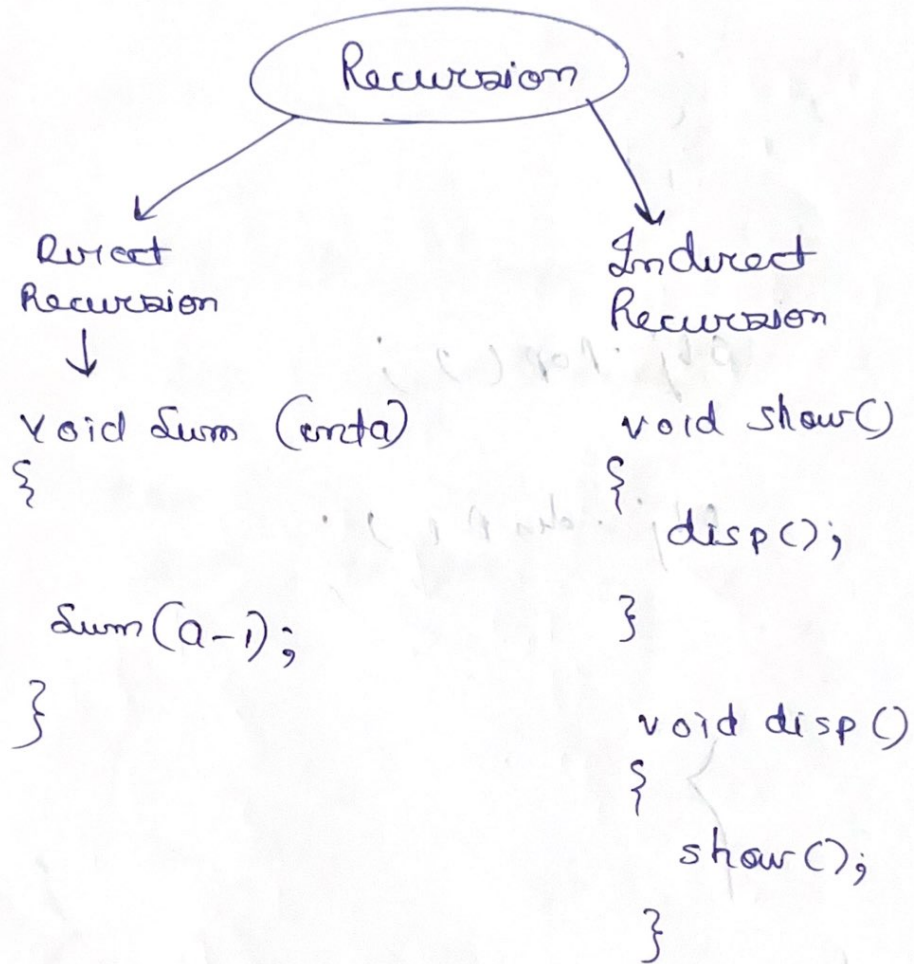


# Recursion

Recursion is a process in which a function call itself again and again.  
Recursion avoid loop in a program



Create a Recursive function to display Fibonacci Series.

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
class Calc
```

```
{  
    static int fib (int a)
```

```
{  
    if (a <= 1) f(a) = 1
```

```
    return a;
```

```
    else
```

```
    return fib (a-1) + fib (a-2);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
class T
```

```
{  
    public static void main (String K[])
```

```
{  
        Scanner ob = new Scanner (System.in);
```

```
        System.out.println ("Enter terms");
```

```
        int N = ob.nextInt();
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
```

```
            System.out.print (Calc.fib(i) + " ");
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

Enter terms

i

output

0

0

1

1

2

$$fib(1) + fib(0) = 1$$

3

$$fib(2) + fib(1) = 2$$

$$0 + 1 = 2$$

4

$$fib(3) + fib(2) = 3$$

$$2 + 1 = 3$$

Direct Recursion

tail  
Recursion

Non tail  
(Head)  
Recursion

tree  
Recursion

Tail Recursion

class A

```
{ static void disp(int a)
```

```
{ if (a > 0)
```

```
{ disp(a-1);
```

```
disp(a-1);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```



class T

```
{ p s v m (String K[])
```

```
{ A-disp(s);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

O/P

5

4

3

2

1

Non tail (Head) Recursion

class A

```
{
```

```
static void disp(int a)
```

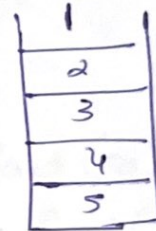
```
{ if(a > 0)
```

```
{ disp(a-1);
```

```
SOPL(a);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```



O/P

1

2

3

4

5

class T

```
{ p s v m (String K[])
```

```
{ A-disp(s);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

~~WAP~~ that

Create a method that take a Parameter and return factorial

class Calc

{

static int fact (int a)

{

int i, f=1;

for (i=1; i<=a; i++)

{  
f = f \* i;

}

return f;

}

}

class T

{

psvm (String K[])

{

int x = Calc.fact(5);

System.out.println(x);

}

}

create a Recursive Method that takes a parameter and return factorial of given no.

class Calc

{

static int fact(int a)

{

if (a == 0)

return 1;

else

return a \* fact(a-1);

}

}

class T

{

public static void main (String[] args)

{

int r = Calc.fact(5);

System.out.println(r);

}

}

5 \* fact(4)

5 \* 4 \* fact(3)

5 \* 4 \* 3 \* fact(2)

5 \* 4 \* 3 \* 2 \* fact(1)

5 \* 4 \* 3 \* 2 \* 1 \* fact(0)

5 \* 4 \* 3 \* 2 \* 1 \* 1

=> 120

O/P



Create a method that take a  
parameter and display binary  
of given no

class Calc

{

static void bin(int a)

{

if (a < 0)

{ bin(a/2);

so p(a%2);

}

}

}

}

class

{ public static void main (String[] args)

{ Calc.bin(25);

}

}

bin(25)

↓  
bin(12)

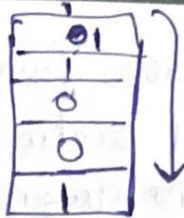
↓  
bin(6)

↓  
bin(3)

↓  
bin(2)

↓  
bin(1)

↓  
bin(0)



$$\begin{array}{r} 11001 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

1 number

else

return 0 + num(0-1)

return 1 + num(1-2)

return 2 + num(2-3)

return 3 + num(3-4)



Q Create a Recursive function that take a Parameter and return Sum of Natural No upto ~~A~~ given no.

```
class calc
{
```

```
    static int Sum (int a)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if (a == 1)
```

```
            return 1;
```

```
        else
```

```
            return a + Sum (a-1);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
class T
```

```
{
```

```
    ps v m (String k[])
```

```
    {
```

```
        int x = calc.Sum(s);
```

```
        sopl (x);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

(2) mod

↓

(3) mod

↓

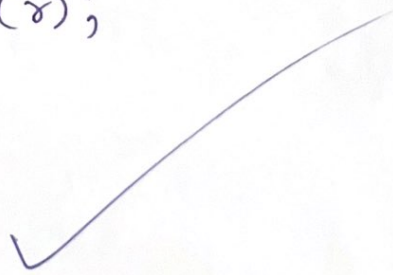
(4) mod

↓

(1) mod

↓

(0) mod



Ques 2 create a Recursive method that take No and Power and as a Parameter and return result ( $N^P$ )

class Calc

```
{
    static int Power Sum(int N, int P)
    {
        if (P == 0)
            return 1;
        else
            return N * Sum(N, P-1);
    }
}
```

class Test

```
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int x = Calc.Sum(5, 4);
        System.out.println(x);
    }
}
```

$$\begin{array}{r}
 a = 5 \\
 5 + \text{Sum}(4) \\
 5 + 4 + \text{Sum}(3) \\
 5 + 4 + 3 + \text{Sum}(2) \\
 5 + 4 + 3 + 2 + \text{Sum}(1) \\
 5 + 4 + 3 + 2 + 1 \\
 \hline
 5, 4
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 5 * (5, 3) \\
 5 * 5 * (5, 2) \\
 5 * 5 * 5 * (5, 1) \\
 5 * 5 * 5 * 5
 \end{array}$$



Q Create a Recursive method that take a Parameter and return reverse of given No;

class calc

{ int s=0

static int reverse(int a)

{

if (a < 10)

return a;

else

return a%10

reverse(a/10);

}

s = s\*10 + a%10;

reverse(a/10);

else

{

return s;

}

}

a	s
123	
12	3
	30





Q27 ~~Sum of digits~~ Create a Recursive method that takes a parameter and return sum of digit.

class calc

{ static int sum(int a)

{

if (a < 10)

return a;

else

return a % 10 + sum(a / 10);

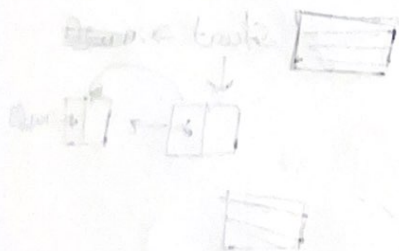
}

}

a = 0  
3

sum(a)  
S = 2

a = 12



a = 123

3 + sum(12)

3 + 2 + sum(1)

3 + 2 + 1

= 6

S = 0

S = 0

a > 0

a = 123 / 10

12

r = a % 10

Sum = sum + r

Q. Create a Recursive method that display Singly Linked List Values.

class ~~node~~ calc

{

static void disp (node start)

{

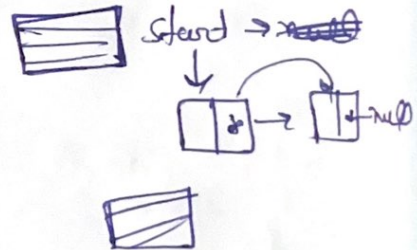
if (start == null)

return;

else

~~return~~  
{ disp (start.data);  
disp (start.next);  
}

}



if (start != null)

{

disp (start.data);

disp (start.next);

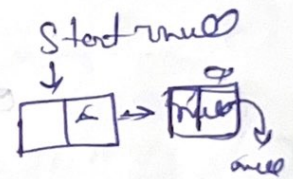
}

Q

Create a Recursive method that display values of linked List in reverse

class Node

```
{
    static void disp (Node start)
    {
        if (start == null)
            return;
        else
        {
            disp (start.next);
            SOP (start.data);
        }
    }
}
```





Q Create a Recursive method that display reverse of given String.

class calc

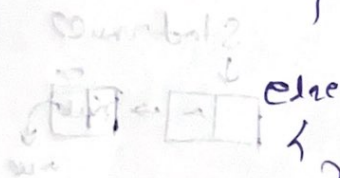
{  
static void reverseString(String a)

{  
String

if (a.length() <= 1)

{  
sop (a.charAt(0));

}



reverseString (a.substring(0, a.length-1))

sop (a.charAt(a.length-1));

}

}

"Hello"

Goal 2

hello  
hell  
Bo 12

calc: revString("RAHUL");



a = Hello

revst(a) (Hello)  
revst('o')  
revst('H')



revString("RAHUL")

5



revst("RAH")



revst("RA")

revst("R")

("R")



RAHUL

RAHUL  
0 1 2 3 4

5-4  
0, 1, 2, 3, 4  
0, 4