as.zoo.data.frame zoo ## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'forecast': ## method from ## fitted.Arima TSA ## plot.Arima TSA library(readr) ## Attaching package: 'readr' ## The following object is masked from 'package:TSA': ## ## spec library(lubridate) ## Attaching package: 'lubridate' ## The following objects are masked from 'package:base': ## ## date, intersect, setdiff, union library(fredr) library(zoo) ## Attaching package: 'zoo' ## The following objects are masked from 'package:base': ## as.Date, as.Date.numeric library(dplyr) ## Attaching package: 'dplyr' ## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats': ## ## filter, lag ## The following objects are masked from 'package:base': ## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union library(ggplot2) library(imputeTS) ## Warning: package 'imputeTS' was built under R version 4.3.3 ## Attaching package: 'imputeTS' ## The following object is masked from 'package:zoo': ## na.locf library(KFAS) ## Warning: package 'KFAS' was built under R version 4.3.3 ## Please cite KFAS in publications by using: Jouni Helske (2017). KFAS: Exponential Family State Space Models in R. Journal of Statistical Software, 78(1 0), 1-39. doi:10.18637/jss.v078.i10. library(MARSS) ## Warning: package 'MARSS' was built under R version 4.3.3 # Set FRED API key fredr_set_key('360481124fc765b815de2697f1bf8d62') # Load ICNSA data icnsa <- fredr(series_id = "ICNSA")</pre> icnsa\$date <- as.Date(icnsa\$date)</pre> # Plot original data plot(icnsa\$date, icnsa\$value, type = "1", main = "Original Claims Data", xlab = "Year", ylab = "Number") **Original Claims Data** 4e+06 2e+06 1980 2000 2020 Year # Define COVID start and end date covid_start <- as.Date("2020-03-01")</pre> covid_end <- as.Date("2021-06-30")</pre> # Plot COVID period data plot(icnsa\$date, icnsa\$value, type = "1", main = "Claims Data with COVID Period", xlab = "Year", ylab = "Number") abline(v = as.numeric(covid_start), col = "red", lty = 2) abline(v = as.numeric(covid_end), col = "red", lty = 2) **Claims Data with COVID Period** 4e+06 Number 2e+06 1980 2000 2020 Year # Filter non-COVID and COVID period data non_covid <- icnsa[icnsa\$date < covid_start | icnsa\$date > covid_end,] covid <- icnsa[icnsa\$date >= covid_start & icnsa\$date <= covid_end,]</pre> # Impute missing COVID data using cubic splines lambda_values <- seq(0.1, 1.0, by = 0.1)for (lam in lambda_values) { $spline_fit <- smooth.spline(x = as.numeric(non_covid$date), y = non_covid$value, spar = lam)$ imputed_values <- predict(spline_fit, x = as.numeric(covid\$date))\$y</pre> covid\$value <- imputed_values</pre> updated_icnsa <- rbind(non_covid, covid)</pre> updated_icnsa <- updated_icnsa %>% arrange(date) plot(updated_icnsa\$date, updated_icnsa\$value, type = "1", col = "red", lwd = 2, main = paste("Comparison of Time Series (spar =", lam, ")"), xlab = "Year", ylab = "Number") lines(icnsa\$date, icnsa\$value, col = "blue", lwd = 2) legend("topright", legend = c("Updated", "Original"), col = c("red", "blue"), lty = 1, lwd = 2) Comparison of Time Series (spar = 0.1) 6e+05 8e+05 1e+06 Updated . Original Number 2e+05 4e+05 1980 2000 2020 Year Comparison of Time Series (spar = 0.2) 2e+05 4e+05 6e+05 8e+05 1e+06 Updated . Original Number 1980 2000 2020 Year Comparison of Time Series (spar = 0.3) 6e+05 8e+05 1e+06 Updated . Original Number 2e+05 4e+05 1980 2000 2020 Year Comparison of Time Series (spar = 0.4) 1e+06 Updated . Original 8e+05 Number 6e+05 2e+05 4e+05 1980 2000 2020 Year Comparison of Time Series (spar = 0.5) 1e+06 Updated . Original 8e+05 Number 6e+05 2e+05 4e+05 1980 2020 2000 Year Comparison of Time Series (spar = 0.6) 6e+05 8e+05 1e+06 Updated . Original Number 2e+05 4e+05 1980 2000 2020 Year Comparison of Time Series (spar = 0.7) 2e+05 4e+05 6e+05 8e+05 1e+06 Updated . Original Number 1980 2000 2020 Year Comparison of Time Series (spar = 0.8) 6e+05 8e+05 1e+06 Updated . Original Number 2e+05 4e+05 1980 2000 2020 Year Comparison of Time Series (spar = 0.9) 1e+06 Updated . Original 8e+05 Number 6e+05 2e+05 4e+05 1980 2000 2020 Year Comparison of Time Series (spar = 1) 1e+06 Updated . Original 8e+05 Number 6e+05 2e+05 4e+05 1980 2000 2020 Year # Create an empty plot plot(icnsa\$date, icnsa\$value, type = "1", col = "blue", lwd = 2, main = "Comparison of Time Series (Cubic Splines)", xlab = "Year", ylab = "Number") # Impute missing COVID data using cubic splines lambda_values <- seq(0.1, 1.0, by = 0.1)colors <- rainbow(length(lambda_values)) # Generate rainbow colors for each lambda value</pre> for (i in seq_along(lambda_values)) { lam <- lambda_values[i]</pre> color <- colors[i]</pre> spline_fit <- smooth.spline(x = as.numeric(non_covid\$date), y = non_covid\$value, spar = lam)</pre> $imputed_values <- predict(spline_fit, x = as.numeric(covid$date))$y$ # Plot the imputed values with different colors lines(covid\$date, imputed_values, col = color, lwd = 2) # Add legend in the top left corner legend("topleft", legend = c("Original", paste("Lambda =", lambda_values)), col = c("blue", colors), lty = 1, lwd **Comparison of Time Series (Cubic Splines)** Original Lambda = 0.1Lambda = 0.2Lambda = 0.34e+06 Lambda = 0.4Lambda = 0.5Number Lambda = 0.6Lambda = 0.7Lambda = 0.82e+06 Lambda = 0.9Lambda = 1 0e+00 2000 2020 1980 Year # Impute missing COVID data using Kalman filter icnsa_kalman <- icnsa icnsa_kalman\$value[icnsa_kalman\$date >= covid_start & icnsa_kalman\$date <= covid_end] <- NA</pre> imputed_kalman <- na_kalman(icnsa_kalman\$value, smooth = TRUE)</pre> icnsa_kalman\$value <- imputed_kalman</pre> # Plot data with Kalman imputation plot(icnsa_kalman\$date, icnsa_kalman\$value, type = "1", main = "Claims with Imputed Values (Kalman)", xlab = "Year", ylab = "Number") **Claims with Imputed Values (Kalman)** 8e+05 1e+06 Number 6e+05 2e+05 4e+05 1980 2000 2020 Year # Create time series objects ts_original <- ts(icnsa\$value, frequency = 52)</pre> ts_kalman <- ts(icnsa_kalman\$value, frequency = 52)</pre> # Compare original and Kalman-smoothed series plot(ts_kalman, col = "blue", type = "l", lty = 1, ylab = "Value", main = "Time Series Comparison") lines(ts_original, col = "black", type = "l", lty = 2) legend("topright", legend = c("Kalman", "Original"), col = c("blue", "red"), lty = 1:2) **Time Series Comparison** 8e+05 1e+06 Kalman Original 6e+05 Value 2e+05 4e+05 10 20 30 40 50 0 60 Time # Fit a structural time series model ssm <- StructTS(ts_kalman, type = "BSM")</pre> smoothed_data <- tsSmooth(ssm)</pre> residuals_ssm <- residuals(ssm)</pre> # Plot residuals plot(residuals_ssm, main = "Residuals", ylab = "Residuals", xlab = "Time") Residuals 9 4 7 Residuals 0 ņ 4 10 20 30 40 50 60 Time # Load IURNSA data iurnsa <- fredr(series_id = "IURNSA")</pre> iurnsa\$date <- as.Date(iurnsa\$date)</pre> # Merge ICNSA and IURNSA data merged_data <- merge(icnsa, iurnsa, by = "date", all.x = TRUE)</pre> # Fit ARIMA model with covariate arima_cov <- auto.arima(merged_data\$value.x, xreg = merged_data\$value.y, seasonal = TRUE)</pre>

Forecast next week's value

print(forecast_next_week)

2983

2984

Point Forecast

NA

forecast_next_week <- forecast(arima_cov, h = 1, xreg = tail(merged_data\$value.y, 2))</pre>

Lo 95

Hi 95

Warning in forecast_ARIMA(arima_cov, h = 1, xreg =

Lo 80

tail(merged_data\$value.y, : Upper prediction intervals are not finite.

Hi 80

190698.2 -13078.38 394474.7 -120951.2 502347.5

Load required libraries

Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':

library(forecast)

method