Interface Segregation Principle



Single
Responsibility

Liskov's
Substitution
Principle

Open/Closed
Principle

Interface
Segregation

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1. What is Interface Segregation Principle (ISP)

- 1. The Interface Segregation Principle (ISP) is a design principle that does not recommend having methods that an interface would not use and require.
- 2. Therefore, it goes against having fat interfaces in classes and prefers having small interfaces with a group of methods, each serving a particular purpose.
- 3. To comply with the Interface Segregation Principle (ISP), it's important to design interfaces that are tailored to specific client needs instead of creating broad, all-purpose interfaces.
- 4. Do not build one pet interface (Large interface) make smaller and specific ones.

In One Statement

This principle encourages the creation of small, more client-specific interfaces.

Key Idea

ISP: Create a different interface for each responsibility; don't group unrelated behaviour into one interface.

LSP: Requires you to ensure that all child classes have the same behaviour as the parent class.

Real-Time Examples

You sign up for a music streaming service and only choose the genres you like, not all available genres.

How can Interface Segregation Principle be applied?

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Practical Coding Examples in Java #2
Practical Coding Examples in Java #3
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