Assignment –6 Introducing Relational Databases

1) Write two different queries that would produce all orders taken on October 3rd or 4th, 1990.

```
1990-10-03
                                             1990-10-04);^C
     > where Odate in(
W2 93033 Anupam>select * from Orders
    -> where Odate in( '1990-10-03'
                                             1990-10-04');
                    | Odate
                                    Cnum | Snum
 3001 | 18.69 | 1990-10-03 | 2008
3003 | 767.19 | 1990-10-03 | 2001
3002 | 1900.10 | 1990-10-03 | 2007
                                             1007
                                             1001
                                           1004
 3005 | 5160.45 | 1990-10-03 | 2003
                                           1002
 3006 | 1098.16 | 1990-10-03 | 2008
                                           1007
                                   2002
  3009 | 1713.23 | 1990-10-04
                                           1003
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
TRUC SYUCAX
W2 93033 Anupam>select * from Orders
   -> where Odate BETWEEN '1990-10-03' AND '1990-10-04';
 Onum Amt
                  Odate
                               Cnum
                                      Snum
 3001
          18.69 | 1990-10-03 | 2008
                                      1007
         767.19 | 1990-10-03 | 2001
 3003
                                      1001
      | 1900.10 | 1990-10-03 | 2007
 3002
                                    1004
 3005
        5160.45 | 1990-10-03 | 2003
                                      1002
        1098.16 | 1990-10-03 |
 3006
                               2008
                                      1007
 3009
                 1990-10-04
                             2002
                                      1003
        1713.23
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

2) Write a query that selects all of the customers serviced by Peel or Motika.

(Hint: the snum field relates the two tables to one another).

```
W2 93033 Anupam>select * from Customers
    -> where Snum=1001 OR Snum=1004;
                 City
        Cname
                          | Rating | Snum
                               100
 2001
        Hoffman | London |
                                    1001
 2006
        Clemens | London
                               100
                                     1001
 2007
        Pereira | Rome
                               100 | 1004
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

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3) Write a query that will produce all the customers whose names begin with a letter from 'A' to 'G'.

```
W2 93033 Anupam>select * from Customers
   -> where Cname between 'a' and 'g'
                                     or Cname LIKE 'g%';
 Cnum | Cname
                 | City | Rating | Snum
 2002 | Giovanni | Rome
                                200 | 1003
                               300 | 1002
 2004 | Grass | Berelin
 2006
        Clemens | London
                                100
                                     1001
 2008 | Cisneros | San Jose |
                                300 | 1007
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4) Write a query that selects all customers whose names begin with the letter 'C'.

```
W2_93033_Anupam>select * from Customers
-> where Cname Like 'C%';

| Cnum | Cname | City | Rating | Snum |
| 2006 | Clemens | London | 100 | 1001 |
| 2008 | Cisneros | San Jose | 300 | 1007 |
| 2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5) Write a query that selects all orders except those with zeroes or NULLs in the amt field.

Assignment –6 Introducing Relational Databases

W2_93033_Anupam>select * from Orders -> where Amt!=0 Or null;				
Onum	Amt	Odate	Cnum	Snum
3001	18.69	1990-10-03	2008	1007
3003	767.19	1990-10-03	2001	1001
3002	1900.10	1990-10-03	2007	1004
3005	5160.45	1990-10-03	2003	1002
3006	1098.16	1990-10-03	2008	1007
3009	1713.23	1990-10-04	2002	1003
3007	75.75	1990-10-05	2004	1002
3008	4723.00	1990-10-05	2006	1001
3010	1309.95	1990-10-06	2004	1002
3011	9891.88	1990-10-06	2006	1001
++++++ 10 rows in set (0.00 sec)				