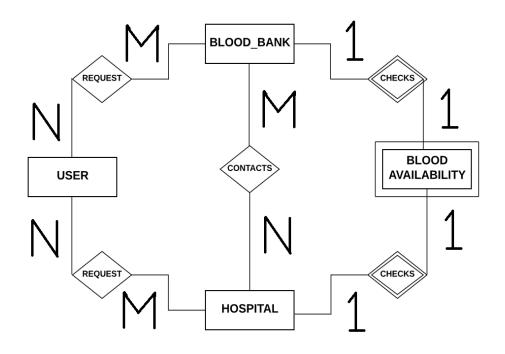
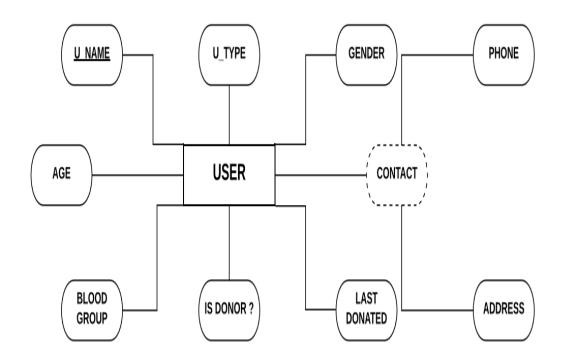
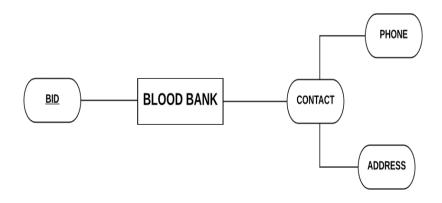
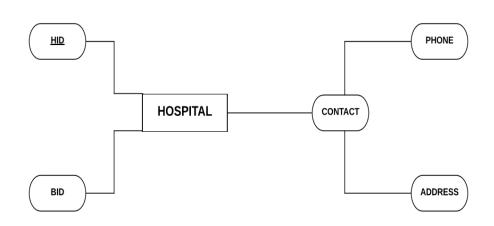
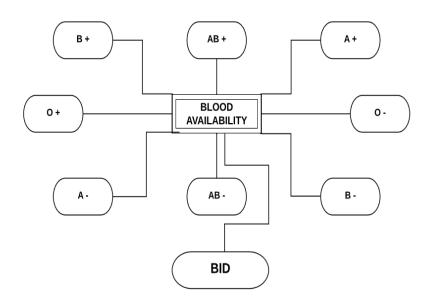
ER Diagram & Relational Schema:











USER (U_NAME, U_TYPE, CONTACT, DOB, GENDER, BLOOD_GROUP, LAST DONATED)

BLOOD BANK (BID, CONTACT)

HOSPITAL (<u>HID</u>, BID, CONTACT)

CONTACT (PHONE, ADDRESS)

BLOOD AVAILABILITY (BID, A+, A-, B+, B-, AB+, AB-, O+, O-)

EXPLANATION:

- 1. Consider here Users as only Donors, only Hospitals or Blood Banks can request Blood from Donors when it's required.
- 2. The Cardinality ratio between Blood Bank and User is M: N because any Blood Bank can request any number of Users and similarly any User can Donate to any Number of Blood Banks.
- 3. The Cardinality ratio between Hospital and User is M: N because any Hospital can request any number of Users and similarly any User can Donate to any Number of Hospitals.
- 4. The Cardinality ratio between Blood Availability and Blood Bank is 1:1 because any Blood Bank can check Blood Availability of its own and similarly Blood Availability can give info regarding the respective Blood Bank.
- 5. The Cardinality ratio between Blood Availability and Hospital is 1 : 1 because any Hospital can check Blood Availability of its own and similarly Blood Availability can give info regarding the respective Hospital.
- 6. The Cardinality ratio between Blood Bank and Hospital is M: N because any Hospital can request any number of Blood Banks for Blood and similarly any Blood Bank can request to any Number of Hospitals.