

- ⑧ Use central difference scheme solve coupled system of DE.
to know $y(x)$ and $z(x)$
step size $h=0.2$

Devjit Choudhury
19MA20014

$$y'' + (x-1)y' - 6z = x^2 \quad \text{--- (I)}$$

$$z'' - 2z' + xy = 4x+1 \quad \text{--- (II)}$$

$$y(0) = y'(2) = 0$$

$$z(0) = z'(2) = 0$$

Discretizing - (I) using finite difference scheme

$$\left(\frac{y_{i+1} - 2y_i + y_{i-1}}{h^2} \right) + (x-1) \left(\frac{y_{i+1} - y_{i-1}}{2h} \right) - 6z_i = x_i^2$$

$$\left[y_{i+1} \left(\frac{1}{h^2} - \frac{(x-1)}{2h} \right) + y_i \left(-\frac{2}{h^2} \right) + y_{i-1} \left(\frac{1}{h^2} + \frac{(x-1)}{2h} \right) + (0)z_{i+1} + (-6)z_i + (0)z_{i-1} \right] = x_i^2$$

Discretizing - (II) using finite difference scheme

$$\left(\frac{z_{i+1} - 2z_i + z_{i-1}}{h^2} \right) - 2 \left(\frac{z_{i+1} - z_{i-1}}{2h} \right) + x_i y_i = 4x_i + 1$$

$$\left[y_{i+1}(0) + y_i(x_i) + y_{i-1}(0) + z_{i+1} \left(\frac{1}{h^2} + \frac{1}{h} \right) + z_i \left(-\frac{2}{h^2} \right) + z_{i-1} \left(\frac{1}{h^2} - \frac{1}{h} \right) \right] = 4x_i + 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \left(\frac{1}{h^2} - \frac{(x-1)}{2h} \right) & 0 \\ 0 & \left(\frac{1}{h^2} + \frac{1}{h} \right) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_{j+1} \\ z_{j+1} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \left(-\frac{2}{h^2} \right) & (-6) \\ (x_j) & \left(-\frac{2}{h^2} \right) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_j \\ z_j \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \left(\frac{1}{h^2} + \frac{(x-1)}{2h} \right) & 0 \\ 0 & \left(\frac{1}{h^2} - \frac{1}{h} \right) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_{j-1} \\ z_{j-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

Q2) Solve Non linear BVP using finite difference scheme and Newton's Linearization
 $h = 0.1$

Do not change

$$y''(y-y') = e^x - 1$$

$$y(0) = 1 \quad y(1) = 0$$

$$y''y - y''y' = e^x - 1$$

Discretizing it we get using finite difference scheme.

$$\left(\frac{y_{i-1} - 2y_i + y_{i+1}}{h^2} \right) \left(y_i - \left(\frac{y_{i+1} - y_{i-1}}{2h} \right) \right) = e^{x_i} - 1$$

$y_{i-1} = y_{i-1}$
 $y_i = y_i$
 $y_{i+1} = y_{i+1}$

substitute value of $h = 0.1$

$$100 (y_{i-1} - 2y_i + y_{i+1}) (y_i - 5(y_{i+1} - y_{i-1})) = e^{x_i} - 1$$

$$F = \begin{bmatrix} 100y_{i-1}y_i - 500y_{i-1}y_{i+1} + 500y_{i+1}^2 \\ -200y_i^2 + 1000y_iy_{i+1} - 1000y_iy_{i-1} \\ + 100y_{i+1}y_i - 500y_{i+1}^2 + 500y_{i-1}y_{i+1} \end{bmatrix} - (e^{x_i} - 1) = 0$$

Let's find value of $\left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial y_i} \right)_{y_i=y_i}$

$$= (100y_i - 500y_{i+1} + 1000y_{i-1} - 1000y_i)$$

$$= (1000y_{i-1} - 900y_i)$$

$$b_i \Rightarrow \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial y_i} \right) = 100y_{i-1} - 400y_i + 1000y_{i+1} - 1000y_{i-1}$$

$$+ 100y_{i+1}$$

$$= (-900y_{i-1} - 400y_i + 1100y_{i+1})$$

$$c_i \Rightarrow \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial y_{i+1}} \right) = (-500y_{i-1} + 1000y_i + 1000y_{i+1} - 1000y_{i+1})$$

$$= (400y_{i-1} - 1000y_i)$$

$$\left(\frac{y_{i2} y_i}{h^2} - \cancel{\frac{y_{i2} y_{i1}}{2h^3}} + \frac{y_{i4}^2}{2h^3} \right) - \frac{2}{h^2} y_{i2} + \frac{y_i y_{i1}}{h^2} - \frac{y_i y_{i1}}{2h^3}$$

$$\frac{y_{i2} y_i}{h^2} - \frac{y_{i1}^2}{2h^3} + \frac{y_{i4} y_{i1}}{2h^3}$$

in terms of h

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y_{i1}} = \frac{y_i}{h^2} + \frac{y_{i1}}{h^3} - \frac{y_{i1}}{h^2}$$

$$y_i \left(\frac{1}{h^2} - \frac{1}{h^3} \right) + y_{i1} \left(\frac{1}{h^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y_i} = \frac{y_{i1}}{h^2} - \frac{y_{i1}}{h^3} + \frac{y_{i1}}{h^3} - \frac{y_{i1}}{h^2} + \frac{y_{i1}}{h^2}$$

$$y_{i1} \left(\frac{1}{h^2} - \frac{1}{h^3} \right) + y_i \left(-\frac{1}{h^2} \right) + y_{i1} \left(\frac{1}{h^3} + \frac{1}{h^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y_{i1}} = \frac{y_i}{h^3} + \frac{y_i}{h^2} - \frac{y_{i1}}{h^3}$$

$$y_i \left(\frac{1}{h^3} + \frac{1}{h^2} \right) + y_{i1} \left(-\frac{1}{h^3} \right)$$