Assignment 5 Module 5 KINEMATICS OF RIGID BODIES

1	The crank BC of a slider crank mechanism is rotating at constant speed of 30 rpm clockwise. Determine the velocity of the piston A at the given instant. (vA = 0.237 m/s)	A C 60°
2	For crank of concentric mechanism, determine the instantaneous centre of rotation of connecting rod. The crank OQ rotates clockwise at 310 rpm. Crank length = 10 cm, connecting rod length = 50 cm. Also find the velocity of P & angular velocity of rod at that instant. (vQ = 3.24 m/s, ωPQ = 5.63 r/s, vP = 1.9142 m/s)	P 50 cm Q 10 cm
3	A bar AB 2 m long slides down the plane as shown in figure. The end A slides on the horizontal floor with a velocity of 3 m/s. Determine the angular velocity of the rod AB and the velocity of end B for the position shown. (∞ AB = 0.763 r/s, vB = 2.868 m/s)	2 m 30° 20° manual value val
4	In figure collar C slides on a horizontal rod. In the position shown rod AB is horizontal and has angular velocity of 0.6 rad/sec clockwise. Determine angular velocity of BC and velocity of collar C. (\omega BC = 0.35 rad/sec, vc = 63 mm/sec)	180 mm A B 100 mm 140 mm
5	At the position shown in figure, the crank AB has angular velocity of 3 rad/sec clockwise. Find the velocity of slider C and point D at the instant shown, AB = 100 mm. (vC = 0.4 m/s, ωCD = 4 r/s, vD = 0.72 m/s)	100 mm
6	A wheel is rolling along a straight path without slipping. Determine velocity of points A, B & P. OP = 600 mm, ω = 4 rad/s, vO = 4 m/s, Diameter = 2 m. (vB = 5.656 m/s, vA = 8 m/s, vP = 5.32 m/s)	P vo (m/s)
7	A roller of diameter 0.8 m rolls without slipping between two parallel plates as shown in figure. Locate ICR and find angular velocity of the wheel. $(\omega = 12.5 \text{ r/s})$	VB = 4 m/s