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Ex.No: 2: Implementation of Full-Duplex Multimodal File Transmission using UDP protocol in JAVA.

DESCRIPTION:

UDP Client and Server send a request for synchronization of files among them. Every time client communicates with the server and receives a response from it. The protocol will send any type of files. A log file will be generated with some information like, file name, progress, start time and end time.

ALGORITHM:

<u>Server</u>

- 1. Create a server thread and start listening on server port. Create a client thread for sending.
- 2. On receiving thread:
 - a. Listen for new connection and when a connection arrives, start receiving it.
 - b. Read the Client's message containing file information which is arriving.
 - c. Get the file contents from client.
 - d. Write file onto storage.
- 3. On sending thread:
 - a. Send the second file info like length, filename on client port.
 - b. Start sending file contents.
- 4. Close all streams.
- 5. Stop.

Client

- 1. 1. Create a receiving thread and start listening on client port. Create a sending thread for sending file to server.
- 2. On receiving thread:
 - a. Listen for new connection and when a connection arrives, start receiving it.
 - b. Read the Client's message containing file information which is arriving.
 - c. Get the file contents from client.
 - d. Write file onto storage.
- 3. On sending thread:
 - a. Send the second file info like length, filename on client port.
 - b. Start sending file contents.
- 4. Close all streams.
- 5. Stop.

PROGRAM:

//UDPClient.java

```
import java.net.*;
import java.io.*;
public class UDPClient extends Thread {
   private DatagramSocket datagramSocket;
    int server port;
    InetAddress clientAddress = InetAddress.getLocalHost();
    String inputFile;
    public UDPClient(int port, String fileName, int serverPort) throws IOExce
ption {
        datagramSocket = new DatagramSocket(port);
        datagramSocket.setSoTimeout(9000);
        server port = serverPort;
        inputFile = fileName;
    public void run() {
        System.out.println("Client started.");
        byte buf[] = null;
        int byteRead;
        int cnt = 0;
        buf = new byte[65000];
        try {
            sleep(3000);
            // Calculate file name and file size
            File f = new File(inputFile);
            long fileSize = f.length();
```

```
String fileInfo = inputFile + "," + fileSize;
            // Send fileInfo
            buf = fileInfo.getBytes();
            DatagramPacket DpSend = new DatagramPacket (buf, buf.length, clien
tAddress, server_port);
            datagramSocket.send(DpSend);
            sleep(10);
            System.out.println("File Info: " + fileInfo);
            System.out.println("File Info Sent.");
            // Open input file for reading contents
            InputStream inputStream = new FileInputStream(inputFile);
            System.out.println("\nSending file contents...");
            buf = new byte[65000];
            while ((byteRead = inputStream.read()) != -1) {
                buf[cnt % 65000] = (byte) byteRead;
                if ((cnt + 1) % 65000 == 0) {
                    // Send 65000 bytes to server
                    DpSend = new DatagramPacket(buf, buf.length, clientAddres
s, server port);
                    datagramSocket.send(DpSend);
                    sleep(10);
                    buf = new byte[65000];
                    System.out.println("Bytes Sent: " + cnt);
                cnt = cnt + 1;
            // Send final buffer
            if (cnt != 0) {
                DpSend = new DatagramPacket(buf, (cnt % 65000) + 1, clientAdd
ress, server port);
                datagramSocket.send(DpSend);
                buf = new byte[cnt + 1];
                sleep(10);
```

```
System.out.println("Final Bytes Sent: " + cnt);
        inputStream.close();
    } catch (Exception e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
    System.out.println("\nClient done!");
}
public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
    int my port = 6060;
    int server port = 6070;
    try {
        // Thread for sending file
        Thread t = new UDPClient(my port, "input.pdf", server port);
        t.start();
       // Thread for receiving file
        Thread t2 = new UDPServer(my_port + 1);
        t2.start();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
```

//UDPServer.java

```
import java.net.*;
import java.io.*;
public class UDPServer extends Thread {
   private DatagramSocket datagramSocket;
   private byte[] receive = new byte[65000];
   private DatagramPacket DpReceive = null;
   public UDPServer(int port) throws IOException {
        datagramSocket = new DatagramSocket(port);
        datagramSocket.setSoTimeout(15000);
    }
   public void run() {
        System.out.println("Server Listening...");
        String outputFile;
        String logFile;
        String[] fileInfo;
        String startTime, endTime;
        int len;
        try {
            // Receive fileInfo
            DpReceive = new DatagramPacket(receive, receive.length);
            datagramSocket.receive(DpReceive);
            fileInfo = data(receive).toString().split(",");
            receive = new byte[65000];
            sleep(2);
            System.out.println("File Info Recv.");
            System.out.println("File Info: " + fileInfo[0] + "," + fileInfo[1
]);
            startTime = java.time.LocalDateTime.now().toString();
```

```
// Create log file stream
logFile = "log " + fileInfo[0] + ".txt";
OutputStream logStream = new FileOutputStream(logFile);
// Create output file stream
outputFile = "output files/" + fileInfo[0];
OutputStream outputStream = new FileOutputStream(outputFile);
int cnt = 0;
len = Integer.parseInt(fileInfo[1]);
logStream.write("\n-----.getBytes());
logStream.write(("\n" + outputFile).getBytes());
logStream.write(("\nStart Time: " + startTime).getBytes());
logStream.write(("\n" + fileInfo[0]).getBytes());
System.out.println("\nReceiving file contents...");
double perc = 0.0;
perc = (double) (cnt / len) * 100.0;
System.out.println("Progress: " + perc);
while (cnt <= len) {</pre>
    // Receive 65000 bytes from client
    DpReceive = new DatagramPacket(receive, receive.length);
    datagramSocket.receive(DpReceive);
    // Write to output file
    outputStream.write(receive);
    receive = new byte[65000];
    sleep(2);
    cnt = cnt + 65000;
    perc = (double) ((cnt * 100) / len);
    if (perc > 100)
       perc = 100;
    System.out.println("Progress: " + perc);
    // Write to log file
```

```
logStream.write(("\nProgress: " + perc).getBytes());
           endTime = java.time.LocalDateTime.now().toString();
           logStream.write(("\nEnd Time: " + endTime).getBytes());
            logStream.write("\n------.getBytes());
           logStream.close();
           outputStream.close();
        } catch (Exception e) {
           e.printStackTrace();
       System.out.print("\nServer done.\n");
   }
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        int my port = 6070;
       int client port = 6060;
       try {
           // Thread for receiving file
           Thread t = new UDPServer(my port);
           t.start();
           // Thread for sending file
           Thread t2 = new UDPClient(my port + 1, "input2.pdf", client port
+ 1);
           t2.start();
        } catch (IOException e) {
           e.printStackTrace();
   }
   public static StringBuilder data(byte[] a) {
       if (a == null)
           return null;
       StringBuilder ret = new StringBuilder();
       int i = 0;
```

```
while (a[i] != 0) {
    ret.append((char) a[i]);
    i++;
}
return ret;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Server does not have input.pdf
Sending...
Client started.
Server Listening...
File Info Recv.
File Info Recv.
File Info: input2.pdf, 242427
File Info: input
```

Fig: UDP Client-Server checking & transferring file in Full Duplex mode.

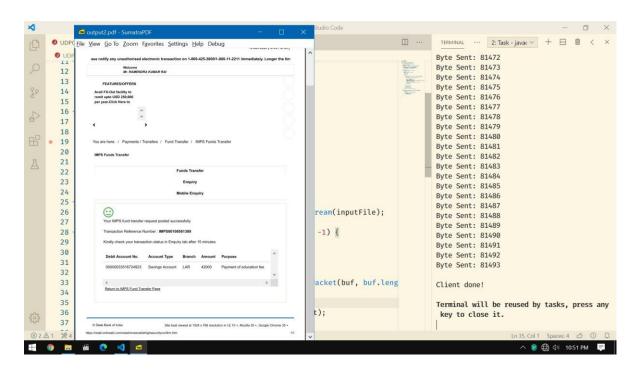


Fig: UDP Client-Server file contents after transfer.

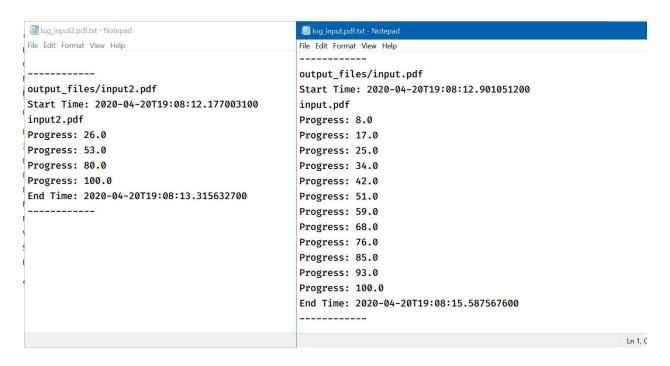


Fig: Contents of Log files.

RESULT:

Thus both the client and server exchange files using UDP along with generation of log files.