

# Introduction to Odyssey

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### Goals



### **Objectives**

- Use compute resources efficiently, to get your results faster
  - Quicker to present at conferences
  - Better positioned when securing funding
  - More competitive when applying for positions
- Submit jobs without affecting the work of 500+ other active users
- To think about the science, not the technology logistics

To enable you to be successful with your research!



### Overview



- 1. All About Odyssey
- 2. Typical Workflow
  - a. Login & Access
  - b. Filesystems & Storage
  - c. Transferring Files
  - d. Loading Software
  - e. Login/Interactive Nodes
  - f. Choosing Appropriate Resources
  - g. Submitting/Controlling Jobs

- 3. Troubleshooting
- 4. Common Pitfalls
- 5. Getting Help

# What is Odyssey?



**FAS Research Computing** 

RC's premier resource is the Odyssey cluster. What is a cluster?

A collection of various types of hardware:

A cluster of tightly interconnected machines with identical hardware

Several high-powered, special purpose machines
 Large amount of shared storage
 Miscellaneous supporting cast of other servers

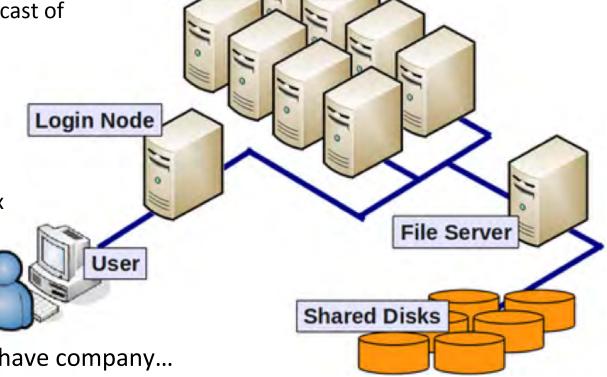
### And some software:

 User and group management: separation of resources

• **SLURM** (Simple Linux/Unix Resource Manager)

• Linux OS (CentOS 6)

It's a **shared** system -- you have company...



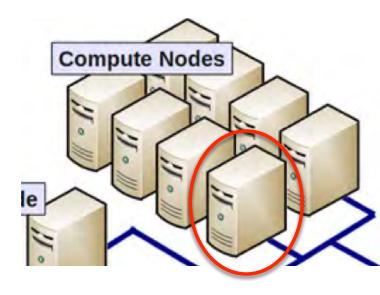
**Compute Nodes** 

# Key definitions...



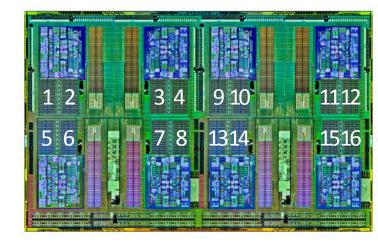
### The typical hardware unit is called a **node**

- Same stuff that's in a desktop/laptop: CPUs, Memory, Hard drive, Network cards
- But more powerful and more of them compared to a typical desktop
- Nodes are individual hosts with distinct names. E.g...
  - rclogin03: one of the login nodes, located either in Boston (60 Oxford St or 1 Summer Street)
  - holy2a18208: one of the compute nodes, located in Holyoke, MA



The basic computational unit in a cluster is a **CPU core** 

- Each core runs one process, a average job
- Most compute nodes have 64 cores arranged on 4 CPUs (16 cores/CPU)
- Thus, most nodes run 64 batch job processes



# Key definitions...



### A **typical compute node** is configured:

- 64 cores
- 256 GB RAM, or ~4 GB RAM/core
- 2 network cards:

   Infiniband (intraconnect)
   & xGb connections (interconnect)
- Small, local hard disk/SSD for boot and local /scratch



All cores on a node share all other resources of the node: memory, network bandwidth, etc.

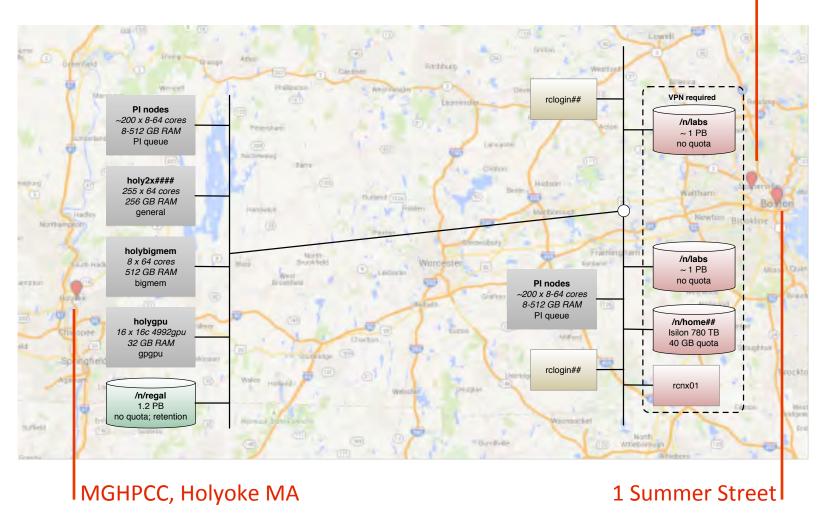
Thus, how you use these resources affects the other 63 jobs on that compute node

# What is Odyssey?



Compute nodes/disk are located in 3 data centers:

60 Oxford Street



Topology may effect the efficiency of work



# **Typical Workflow**



Login Place Files Load Software Choosing Resources Interactive/Submit Jobs

- 1. Login in to Odyssey
  - a. Land on a login (head) node, appropriate for light work only
- 2. Copy/upload/download some files
- 3. Get interactive session
- 4. Load appropriate software
- 5. Test your program/script interactively to ensure it runs properly
- 6. Test run in batch: create batch file & submit to SLURM
  - a. Continue working in the foreground while waiting for results
- 7. Scale up as necessary (10s, 100s, 1000s)
  - a. With caveats: proper file placement, # cores, etc.

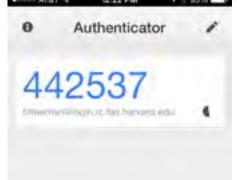
# Login & Access



**Login** Place Files Load Software Choosing Resources Interactive/Submit Jobs

- Use your RC credentials for:
  - Instrument Windows machines
  - VPN
  - File transfer clients
  - Mounting disk shares
  - Terminal sessions to Odyssey
- OpenAuth 2-factor authentication (2FA) required for VPN & Odyssey sessions (file transfer & terminal)
- Account locks automatically if 5 failed login attempts, and auto unlocks after 10 minutes
- Reset your own password on RC portal
- If you are switching labs, please let us know, as we'll need to change your access groups





#### Account credentials should not be shared!

Using RC services in an explicit acceptance of the University Security Policy <a href="http://security.harvard.edu/book/information-security-policy">http://security.harvard.edu/book/information-security-policy</a>

# Login & Access



**Login** Place Files

Load Software

**Choosing Resources** 

Interactive/Submit Jobs

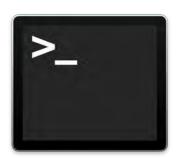
### **Recommended SSH clients:**

- Terminal on Mac/Linux
- Putty on PC

ssh rcusername@login.rc.fas.harvard.edu\*

# Or, if X11 forwarding is required...
ssh -YC username@login.rc.fas.harvard.edu

We expect you to have good Unix skills before submitting jobs on the cluster. See <a href="http://fasrc.us/unixfoo">http://fasrc.us/unixfoo</a>









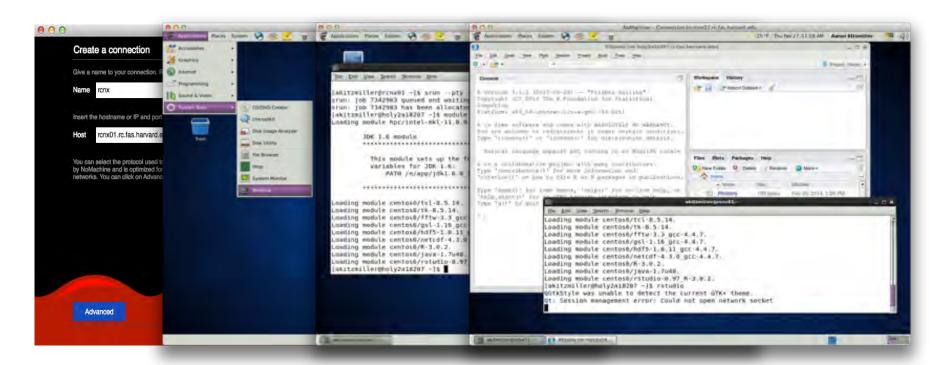
<sup>\*</sup>unless in sensitive information setups

# **GUI** Login



**Login** Place Files Load Software Choosing Resources Interactive/Submit Jobs

- Some apps require GUI/X11 interface: MATLAB, RStudio, CLCBio, etc...
- Use NoMachineX instead, as X11 performance can sluggish
- VPN is required (vpn.rc with username@odyssey\* + 2FA)
- As this is a login node, request an interactive session to do any work



<sup>\*</sup> exception is for sensitive information setups



# Transferring files to/from Odyssey



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Place Files

Load Software

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### GUI client Filezilla for all platforms

Configure according to <a href="http://fasrc.us/configfilezilla">http://fasrc.us/configfilezilla</a> to avoid 2FA problems



### Command line tools scp or rsync

rsync is best for resuming transfers or transferring only changed file parts

### Download data using curl or wget

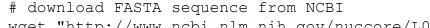
is available on all compute nodes, though web proxy needed for HRCI setups



Or by mountings disk shares. Please see http://fasrc.us/mountdisks

### Examples:

```
# copy file in current dir to Odyssey home folder
scp somefile.txt rcuser@login.rc.fas.harvard.edu:~
# copy folder in current dir & contents to Odyssey home folder
rsync -av myfolder rcuser@login.rc.fas.harvard.edu:~
```



wget "http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nuccore/L03535.1?report=fasta&log\$=segview&format=text"



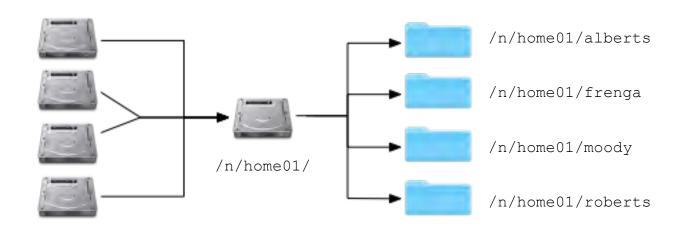
# Filesystems & Data Storage



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Storage on Odyssey is not what and where you think it is...

- Created by bundling together a group of disks to form a virtual volume
- The virtual volume is sliced up into one or more filesystems to hold files & folders
- These are accessed transparently over the network through mount points (e.g. /n)

Running large #s of jobs out of home or lab directories will negatively affect all other persons sharing those physical disks

Take home message: Ensure that you use the proper filesystem for your work



### Common Filesystems



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	Туре	Size	Avail?	Mount Desktops?	Backup? <sup>1</sup>	Retention?	I/O profile
/n/home##	NFS	40 GB (hard limit)	all nodes	Υ	Υ	N	low
/n/labfs#	NFS	1 TB free (new labs) contact for costs	all nodes	Y	γ2	N	low
/scratch	local	250 GB/node (~4 GB/core)	all nodes	N	N	γ3	high
/n/regal	Lustre	1.2 PB	all nodes	$N^4$	N	90-days <sup>5</sup>	high

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Backup methods differ. See <a href="http://fasrc.us/fagrecovery">http://fasrc.us/fagrecovery</a> for more information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Lab disks shares are typically backed up unless noted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Files usually deleted when job finished. Please clean up your own mess, though.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Can use file transfer methods to stage data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Retention is typically run at maintenance times. Areas can be exempted for common data (e.g. NCBI Genbank at /n/regal/informatics\_public). Contacts us.

### Common Filesystems: /scratch



Login

Place Files

Load Software

**Choosing Resources** 

Interactive/Submit Jobs

### Using local /scratch:

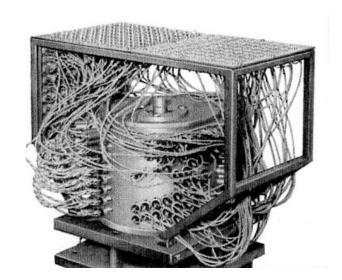
- 250 GB slice on each compute node, so there's about 4 GB disk space/job
- Is currently underutilized, so more space may be available (check sbatch options)
- Can see speedup of 2x 3x, depending on pattern of file read/writes
- Since is local to each node, must use it *during* your job:

```
start_dir=$PWD
mkdir -p /scratch/$USER/$SLURM_JOBID
cd /scratch/$USER/$SLURM_JOBID

# do your work while writing temp files here
...

# copy files back and return from whence we came cp -r results/ $start_dir/
cd $start_dir

# now cleanup
rm -rf /scratch/$USER/$SLURM_JOBID
```



# Common Filesystems: /n/regal



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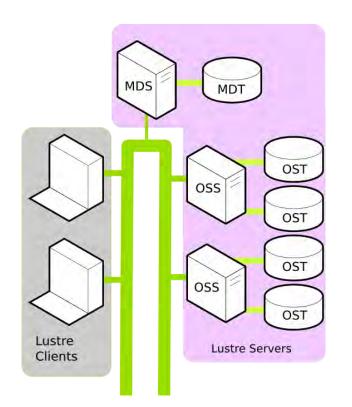
Interactive/Submit Jobs

#### Using /n/regal:

- Most work should be done here, especially for ~≥ 10 simultaneous jobs
- No space restrictions, but files > 90 days old deleted (usually at maintenance)
- Can stage files prior to job by typical copy/rsync commands or Filezilla
- Remember to copy results back to home or lab shares for permanent storage

#### A couple more things to remember:

- Shared lab areas can be exempt from retention. Contact us.
- Public data sets can also be staged here no need to keep your own copy
- NCBI, EMBL, UCSC data is stored at /n/regal/informatics public:
  - FASTA data, BLAST databases, Bowtie2 indexes
- Contact us if you'd like to add more to this location



### Load/Installing software



Login

Place Files

**Load Software** 

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We have ~3000 applications/libraries in chemistry, biology, statistics, social sciences, and more available for use, but not at all the same time

Software is loaded incrementally using modules, to set up your shell environment

Rolling out a new module system Lmod:

- New system is opt-in for old accounts, but will be default soon (if not already)
- Strongly suggested reading: <a href="http://fasrc.us/rclmod">http://fasrc.us/rclmod</a>

```
source new-modules.sh  # for opt-in folks
module load fastqc  # most recent version

module load fastqc/1.0.0-fasrc01  # specific version

module spider fastqc  # find details on software
module avail 2>&1 | grep -i fastqc  # find software titles
```

## Load/Installing software



Login

Place Files

**Load Software** 

**Choosing Resources** 

Interactive/Submit Jobs

### Old (legacy) modules system still available...

If not using Lmod, the ld (legacy) module system still available, but will be retired soon These modules are at http://fasrc.us/modulelist, or

```
module avail 2>&1 | grep -i 'fastqc'  # find software
module load centos6/fastqc-0.10.0
```

Module loads best placed in SLURM batch scripts (vs. in your .bashrc login script):

- Keeps your interactive working environment simple
- Is a record of your research workflow (reproducible research!)
- Keep .bashrc module loads sparse, lest you run into software and library conflicts



# Load/Installing software



Login

Place Files

**Load Software** 

**Choosing Resources** 

Interactive/Submit Jobs

Please only request software installs if the program will be used by multiple labs or if standard in your domain.

For all other software, please install software yourself

- Follow software instructions for 'local', non-root, or 'home' directory installation
- Consult our web site for instructions on using appropriate compilers
- Please don't use the sudo command

For Perl / Python modules or R packages

Installation can be in home folder (personal) or lab folder (shared)

Consider using home folder for personal or for code under development; and lab folder for code in shared projects or production code

Details at http://fasrc.us/installsw



### Login vs Interactive Nodes



Login

Place Files

Load Software

**Choosing Resources** 

Interactive/Submit Jobs

Terminal sessions to login.rc puts you on one of several login nodes

- This gateway to the cluster has limited entry points, so..
- Only non-CPU-intensive work is appropriate: cp, mv, nano, rsync, etc.
- Reminder: RCNX01 is a login node

### Don't compute here, instead

- Submit a batch job (background task) to SLURM, or
- Request an interactive session (foreground task) on a compute node:

```
srun --pty --x11=first --mem 1000 -p interact -t 0-6:00 -n 1 -N 1 /bin/bash
```

srun: foreground

sbatch: background

Resources that you wish to request from SLURM

Script or program
/bin/bash == shell

# Choosing Resources: How?



Login Place Files

Load Software

**Choosing Resources** 

Interactive/Submit Jobs

### Choosing resources is like attending a party:

- You need to RSVP the number of guests you intend to bring Request the resources you intend to use
- Extra guests: there's not enough food and drink for everyone CPU/disk overage: all jobs including your will run more slowly RAM/time overage: your job will be killed
- Too few: an unhappy host and wasted \$\$ / effort
   CPU/RAM: resources are wasted as they cannot be used by anyone else

All: your job becomes harder to schedule

### You also want to be polite:

- Stay the appropriate amount of time...
   Try to approximate your resource use with some padding for safety
- Don't slip in, drink & eat, and leave within minutes
   Try to avoid jobs that start and complete within minutes;
   especially in large numbers



# Choosing Resources: Time & Memory



Login

Place Files

Load Software

**Choosing Resources** 

Interactive/Submit Jobs

### Time:

- Determined by your test runs during an interactive session
- Or if trying in batch, over-ask first, then reduce time on later runs
- Due to scheduler overhead, jobs should do at least 5 10 min of work



### Memory:

- Check software docs for memory requirements
- If none stated, over-ask and do a trial run (via srun or sbatch)
- use sacct command to get post-run job info:

```
# RAM requested/used!!
sacct -j JOBID --format=JobID,Elapsed,ReqMem,MaxRSS
```



"Never use a piece of bioinformatics software for the first time without looking to see what command-line options are available and what default parameters are being used"

```
-- acgt.me · by Keith Bradnam
```



# Choosing Resources: Partitions



**Choosing Resources** Login Place Files Load Software Interactive/Submit Jobs

Name	Length	Size (cores)	Memory/node	Usage
interact	3 days	512 (8 nodes)	256 GB	all interactive work
serial_requeue	7 days*	30K+	varies (512 GB max)	best for single core jobs; or small numbers of cores for short durations; schedules best as hits all parts of the cluster
general	7 days	~14K	256 GB	large # of cores; MPI jobs; jobs sensitive to pre-emption
unrestricted	no limit	512	256 GB	all jobs with no time limit
bigmem	7 days	512	512 GB	jobs requiring >256 GB RAM (restricted access)
(private)	no limit	varies	256 GB typical	lab-specific partitions

Note: SLURM can schedule to quickest of two partitions with -p partion1, partion2



# Submitting jobs



Login Place Files Load Software Choosing Resources

Interactive/Submit Jobs

Two methods for submitting jobs via sbatch...

For simple, one line commands, submit with sbatch:

Required Recommended Optional

The flags are your resource requests and command to run is enclosed by --wrap=""

After you enter your sbatch command, SLURM will return..

Submitted batch job 29484165

This jobID is your way of tracking the job, controlling it, or obtaining info about it



# Submitting jobs



Login Place Files Load Software Choosing Resources

Interactive/Submit Jobs

The other is to create a SLURM script file using a recommended text editor:

- TextWranger/BBEdit on Mac
- GEdit/NotePad+ on PC
- nano, vi, emacs on Linux

The script files will contain resource requests (and other directives) and your code. And submit to SLURM via same sbatch command:

sbatch fastqc.slurm



OK, so we're going to get rather technical...

We will briefly highlight template SLURM script files for four types of jobs:

- Single core (serial): sequentially-executing code that typically runs on one core
- Multicore (multithreaded): code that is structured to allow multiple parts to run concurrently (in parallel) across multiple cores on one compute node
- Multicore (openMP): a special type of multithreaded code
- Multinode (MPI): code designed to run in parallel, but across multiple compute nodes and communicate with one another through a Message Passing Interface



# Submitting Jobs - Single Core



Login Place Files Load Software Choosing Resources Interactive/Submit Jobs

### fastqc.slurm file contents:

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH -p serial requeue
                                 # Partition to submit to (comma separated)
#SBATCH -J frog fastqc
                                 # Job name
#SBATCH -n 1
                                 # Number of cores
#SBATCH -N 1
                                 # Ensure that all cores are on one machine
#SBATCH -t 0-1:00
                                 # Runtime in D-HH:MM (or use minutes)
#SBATCH --mem 100
                                 # Memory in MB
                                 # File to which standard out will be written
#SBATCH -o fastqc.out
                                 # File to which standard err will be written
#SBATCH -e fastqc.err
#SBATCH --mail-type=ALL
                                 # Type of email notification: BEGIN, END, FAIL, ALL
#SBATCH --mail-user=rmf@123.com # Email to which notifications will be sent
```

```
source new-modules.sh; module load fastqc

cd my_output_directory
fastqc --casava -o fastqc_reports A01_R1.pair.fastq.gz

...
... do more processing here...
```

# Submitting Jobs - Multicore



Login Place Files Load Software Choosing Resources Interactive/Submit Jobs

bowtie.slurm file contents:

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH -p serial requeue, general # Partition to submit to (comma separated)
                                 # Job name
#SBATCH -J frog bowtie
#SBATCH -n 8
                                 # Number of cores
#SBATCH -N I
                                 # Ensure that all cores are on one machine
#SBATCH -t 0-6:00
                                 # Runtime in D-HH:MM (or use minutes)
#SBATCH --mem 8000
                                 # Memory pool in MB for all cores
                                 # File to which standard out will be written
#SBATCH -o bowtie.out
#SBATCH -e bowtie.err
                                 # File to which standard err will be written
#SBATCH --mail-type=AL
                                 # Type of email notification: BEGIN, END, FAIL, ALL
#SBATCH --mail-user=rmf 123.com # Email to which notifications will be sent
```

```
source new-modules.sh; module load bowtie

cd my_output_directory
bowtie -q -p $SLURM_NTASKS - A01_R1.pair.fastq.gz -2 A01_R1.pair.fastq.gz
...
... do more processing here...
```

Required

Recommended

### Submitting Jobs - Multicore #2



Login Place Files Load Software

Choosing Resources

Interactive/Submit Jobs

### omp test.slurm file contents:

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH -p general
                                 # Partition
#SBATCH -J omp test
                                 # Job name
#SBATOH -n 8
                                  # Number of cores
#SBATCH -N 1
                                  # Make sure all cores are on a single node
#SBATCH -t 0-1:00
                                  # Runtime limit
#SBATCH --mem 8000
                                  # Memory pool in MB for all cores
                                  # Standard output
#SBATCH -o omp test.out
                                  # Run-time errors
#SBATCH -e omp test.err
#SBATCH --mail-type=ALL
                                  # Type of email notification
#SBATCH --mail-user=rmf@123.com
                                 # Email to which notifications will be sent
```

```
export OMP NUM THREADS=$SLURM NTASKS
                                       Specify number of OMP threads
```

```
source new-modules.sh; module load intel
./omp itest.x
```

... do more processing here...

Required

Required

Recommended

# Submitting Jobs - Multinode



Login Place Files

Load Software Choosing Resources Interactive/Submit Jobs

### mpi test.slurm file contents:

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH -p general
                                 # Partition
#SBATCH -J mpi test
                                 # Job name
#SBATCH -n 128
                                 # Number of cores
#SBATCH -N 2-10
                                 # # nodes min (-max optional) (-N param optional)
#SBATCH -t 0-1:00
                                 # Runtime limit
#SBATCH --mem-per-cpu=4000
                                 # Memory in MB per core
#SBATCH -o mpi test.out
                                 # Standard output
                                 # Run-time errors
#SBATCH -e mpi test.err
#SBATCH --mail-type=ALL
                                 # Type of email notification
#SBATCH --mail-user=rmf@123.com # Email to which notifications will be sent
```

```
source new-modules.sh; module load intel
module ldad openmpi
mpirun -n $SLURM NTASKS /mpi test.x
... do more processing here...
```

Required

# Controlling Jobs & Getting Job Info



Login Place Files Load Software Choosing Resources Interactive/Submit Jobs

### scancel may become your best friend

```
scancel JOBID # specific job
scancel -u bfreeman -J many_blast_jobs # named jobs
scancel -u bfreeman -p bigmem # ALL in partition
```

### squeue gives info on currently running jobs

```
squeue -u bfreeman # jobs for bfreeman
squeue -u bfreeman --states=R | wc -l # # of Running jobs
```

### sacct gives current and historical information

```
sacct -u bfreeman
sacct -u bfreeman -p bigmem --starttime=9/1/14  # same+bigmem partition
sacct -j JOBID --format=JobID, JobName, ReqMem, MaxRSS, Elapsed # RAM requested & used!!
```

Check out Common SLURM Commands: <a href="http://fasrc.us/easyslurm">http://fasrc.us/easyslurm</a>

SLURM, LSF, SGE, PBS/Torque rosetta stone: <a href="http://fasrc.us/move2slurm">http://fasrc.us/move2slurm</a>



# **Advanced Topics on Odyssey**



Not enough time to cover, but look on our website for...

FairShare:

Assigned priority based on past job count and CPU/time usage

Job dependencies:

JobA & B submitted at the same time, but JobB starts when JobA has finished

• Job arrays:

Large bundle of jobs run individually but handled as one unit

- Pleasantly parallel jobs
- OpenMP (multicore) & MPI (multinode)
- Parallel IO, R, MATLAB, Python

Check out documentation at: <a href="http://fasrc.us/fasrcdocs">http://fasrc.us/fasrcdocs</a>

Example scripts at: <a href="http://fasrc.us/slurmutils">http://fasrc.us/slurmutils</a>

### Problems, Pitfalls, and Prevention



This is a shared resource, so everyone has skin in the game. And you can help us and yourself...

- Node and cluster problems are not unusual, esp. as large as system as Odyssey.
   Report any usual problems: I/O errors, node failures, memory errors, etc.
- Review our Usage & Responsibilities guidelines: <a href="http://fasrc.us/hpccustoms">http://fasrc.us/hpccustoms</a>
- Review our Common Pitfalls, lest you fall victim: <a href="http://fasrc.us/hpcpitfalls">http://fasrc.us/hpcpitfalls</a>

PEND for >48 hrs

Asking for very large resource requests (cores/memory); very low Fairshare score

Quick run and FAIL...Not including -t parameter

no -t means shortest possible in all partitions == 10 min

Asking for multiple cores but forgetting to specify one node

-n 4 -N 1 is very different from -n 4

Not specifying enough cores

prog1 | prog2 | prog3 > outfile should run with 3 cores

Causing massive disk I/O on home folders/lab disk shares

your work & others on the same filesystem slows to a crawl; simple commands like Is take forever

# **Getting Help**



RC Website & Documentation -- only authoritative source <a href="https://rc.fas.harvard.edu/">https://rc.fas.harvard.edu/</a>

### Best way to help us to help you? Give us...

Description of problem

Additional info (login/batch? partition? JobIDs?)

Steps to Reproduce (1., 2., 3...)

Actual results

**Expected results** 

OdyBot, for quick-fix problems <a href="http://odybot.org/">http://odybot.org/</a>

Submit a ticket on the portal <a href="https://portal.rc.fas.harvard.edu/">https://portal.rc.fas.harvard.edu/</a>

# **RC & Informatics Training**



Training opportunities: New & Evolving...

- Office Hours: every Wed 12 3 pm @ RC conference room
- Tips@12: Highlighted topics in the first ½ hour of Office Hours
  - Troubleshooting Jobs, iPython Notebooks, Parameter Sweeps, Unix Tricks
- Intro to Odyssey & RC Services
- Using HPC Resources Efficiently series (early 2016)
- Guest lectures in courses
- Lab-specific, customized training, including optimizing workflows
- MATLAB workshops (Fall '14, Spring '15)
- Software Carpentry (<a href="http://software-carpentry.org/">http://software-carpentry.org/</a> Fall '14, Summer '15)
- Data Carpentry (<a href="http://datacarpentry.org/">http://datacarpentry.org/</a> Summer '15)

All of the training materials can be found at <a href="http://fasrc.us/fasrcmaterials">http://fasrc.us/fasrcmaterials</a>

# Take-home Message...



If you can mind these Top 5 items, you'll be an Odyssey rock star!

- 1. Use the appropriate partition for your job
- 2. Don't run large numbers of jobs out of home or lab directories; use /scratch or /n/regal instead
- 3. Lower your RAM usage and use --mem where possible
- 4. Pass along to your code the number of cores you requested from SLURM (usually \$SLURM\_NTASKS) if using more then 1 core; and use  $-\mathbb{N}$  1 unless you know what you're doing
- 5. Ensure your jobs run for at least 5 10 minutes and keep job counts in a reasonable range ( $\leq$  1000)

# Research Computing



Please talk to your peers, and ... We wish you success in your research!

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