Standard Operating Procedure: Pharmaceutical Packaging Line

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Approved by: Quality Assurance Director

1. PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This Standard Operating Procedure defines the requirements for the sterile packaging of pharmaceutical tablets and capsules in compliance with FDA 21 CFR Part 211, USP standards, and Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) guidelines. This procedure applies to all personnel involved in primary and secondary packaging operations for oral solid dosage forms.

2. REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

This SOP ensures compliance with:

- FDA 21 CFR Part 211 (Current Good Manufacturing Practice)
- USP Chapter 1116 (Microbiological Control and Monitoring)
- ISO 14644 (Cleanroom Standards)
- ICH Q7 (Good Manufacturing Practice Guide)

3. PERSONNEL RESPONSIBILITIES

Packaging Supervisor: Ensures GMP compliance, reviews batch records, authorizes line clearance

Line Operators: Execute packaging operations, maintain documentation, monitor quality parameters

Quality Control Analyst: Performs in-process testing, reviews critical control points Validation Technician: Maintains equipment qualification status, performs operational checks

Maintenance Specialist: Ensures equipment cleanliness and functionality per GMP standards

4. FACILITY AND ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

Cleanroom Classification

- Primary packaging area: ISO Class 7 (Class 10,000) environment
- Secondary packaging area: ISO Class 8 (Class 100,000) environment
- Personnel gowning area: ISO Class 8 with positive pressure differential

Environmental Controls

- Temperature: 68°F ± 5°F (20°C ± 3°C)
- Relative Humidity: 45% ± 10%
- Air changes per hour: Minimum 20 for Class 7, 15 for Class 8
- Differential pressure: Minimum 12.5 Pa between adjacent areas
- Particle monitoring: Continuous monitoring with alarm thresholds

5. PERSONNEL HYGIENE AND GOWNING

Pre-Entry Requirements

- Complete health questionnaire and temperature check
- Remove all jewelry, cosmetics, and personal items
- Wash hands thoroughly with antimicrobial soap for minimum 30 seconds
- Sanitize hands with 70% isopropyl alcohol

Gowning Procedure (Sequential Order)

- 1. Enter gowning room through first airlock
- 2. Don hair cover ensuring complete hair containment
- 3. Put on face mask covering nose and mouth completely
- 4. Don sterile shoe covers over designated cleanroom shoes
- 5. Put on sterile gloves ensuring overlap with gown sleeves
- 6. Don sterile gown using aseptic technique
- 7. Perform final hand sanitization before entering production area
- 8. Enter production area through second airlock

6. EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

Primary Equipment

- High-speed bottle filling machine with weight check system
- Automatic capping machine with torque verification
- Induction sealing unit for tamper evidence
- Tablet/capsule counting machine with rejection system
- Labeling machine with vision inspection system

· Case packing and sealing equipment

Critical Materials

- USP Class VI pharmaceutical bottles with certificates of analysis
- Child-resistant caps meeting CPSC standards
- Pharmaceutical-grade desiccant packets with activity certification
- Pressure-sensitive labels with FDA-compliant inks
- Tamper-evident induction seals

Calibrated Instruments

- Analytical balance (±0.1mg accuracy) with daily calibration check
- Torque meter for cap application verification
- Moisture analyzer for desiccant validation
- Vision system for label inspection and verification

7. PRE-PRODUCTION PROCEDURES

7.1 Line Clearance Protocol (60 minutes)

Documentation Review:

- Verify batch manufacturing record completeness and approvals
- Confirm all materials match batch requirements and specifications
- Review previous batch clearance to ensure no cross-contamination risk
- Verify all equipment cleaning records are current and approved

Equipment Verification:

- Inspect all contact surfaces for cleanliness using white glove test
- Verify equipment identification numbers match batch record requirements
- Confirm all calibration certificates are current (within 12 months)
- Test all rejection systems using known non-conforming samples
- Validate weight check system accuracy using certified test weights

Material Staging:

- Verify lot numbers of all packaging components against batch record
- Check expiration dates of all materials ensure adequate shelf life

- Confirm quantities of materials match batch size requirements
- Position materials in designated areas to prevent mix-ups
- Apply quarantine status labels to unused materials

7.2 Environmental Qualification

Cleanroom Certification:

- Review current certification status (maximum 6 months old)
- Perform particle count verification in each work area
- Confirm differential pressure readings meet specifications
- Verify temperature and humidity are within acceptable ranges
- Check HEPA filter integrity indicators for green status

8. PRODUCTION OPERATIONS

8.1 Primary Packaging Sequence

Step 1: Container Preparation

- 1. Remove bottles from shipping containers in staging area
- 2. Inspect bottles using automated vision system for cracks, contamination
- 3. Reject any bottles failing visual inspection criteria
- 4. Feed approved bottles into filling machine hopper
- 5. Document bottle lot numbers and inspection results

Step 2: Product Filling

- 1. Load bulk product into filling machine hopper under controlled environment
- 2. Verify product identification and lot number against batch record
- 3. Set filling parameters: target count, weight limits, speed settings
- 4. Perform initial setup verification using 10 test containers
- 5. Weigh filled containers and verify count accuracy ±2 units
- 6. Begin production run with continuous monitoring

Step 3: Desiccant Addition (If Required)

- 1. Verify desiccant packet lot number and activity level
- 2. Load desiccant dispenser with approved packets

- 3. Program dispenser to add one packet per container
- 4. Monitor packet placement using vision system
- 5. Reject containers with missing or damaged desiccant packets

Step 4: Capping Operation

- 1. Load child-resistant caps into capping machine
- 2. Verify cap lot number matches batch record requirements
- 3. Set capping torque parameters: 15-20 in-lbs for this product
- 4. Monitor cap application for proper seating and torque
- 5. Test sample caps every 30 minutes using calibrated torque meter
- 6. Reject improperly capped containers automatically

8.2 Secondary Packaging Operations

Step 1: Induction Sealing

- 1. Position sealed bottles under induction sealing head
- 2. Verify sealing temperature (350°F) and dwell time (2 seconds)
- 3. Apply tamper-evident seal to each container
- 4. Inspect seal integrity using visual and pull-test methods
- 5. Remove any containers with defective seals from line

Step 2: Labeling Process

- 1. Load approved labels into labeling machine magazine
- 2. Verify label text, lot number, and expiration date accuracy
- 3. Apply labels ensuring proper position and adhesion
- 4. Inspect labeled containers using vision inspection system
- 5. Reject containers with missing, crooked, or illegible labels
- 6. Perform manual verification every 15 minutes

Step 3: Final Inspection and Case Packing

- 1. Conduct 100% visual inspection of finished containers
- 2. Verify label information matches batch record requirements
- 3. Check container integrity and closure effectiveness

- 4. Pack approved containers in shipping cases per specification
- 5. Apply case labels with batch information and handling instructions

9. IN-PROCESS QUALITY CONTROLS

Critical Control Points

Weight Check Monitoring:

- Frequency: Every filled container
- Specification: Target weight ±5% or ±2 units, whichever is greater
- Action: Automatic rejection of out-of-specification containers
- Documentation: Continuous electronic recording with operator verification

Cap Torque Verification:

- Frequency: Every 30 minutes (minimum 3 samples)
- Specification: 15-20 in-lbs removal torque
- Method: Calibrated digital torque meter
- Documentation: Record results on batch packaging record

Label Inspection:

- Frequency: 100% automated inspection plus manual verification every 15 minutes
- Criteria: Proper position, complete text, correct batch information
- Rejection: Automatic for missing or misaligned labels
- Documentation: Electronic log with operator verification

Statistical Process Control

Container Weight Monitoring:

- Calculate mean and standard deviation every hour
- Plot control charts for trend analysis
- Investigate any points outside control limits
- Adjust process parameters if necessary

Process Capability Studies:

- Perform Cpk calculations for critical parameters
- Target capability index of 1.33 minimum

• Document improvements needed if Cpk < 1.33

10. SAMPLING AND TESTING

In-Process Sampling

Container Closure Integrity:

- Sample size: 10 containers per batch or every 4 hours
- Test method: Vacuum decay test per USP <1207>
- Acceptance criteria: No detectable leakage
- Retention: Store samples under normal conditions for stability testing

Microbiological Testing:

- Sample frequency: Beginning, middle, and end of batch
- Test parameters: Total aerobic microbial count, yeast, mold
- Sample size: 3 containers per sampling point
- Acceptance criteria: <100 CFU/g total count, <10 CFU/g yeast/mold

Product Identity Verification:

- Sample every lot of product filled
- Test method: HPLC analysis for active ingredient identification
- Acceptance criteria: Retention time must match reference standard
- Documentation: Certificate of analysis required before release

11. CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

Daily Cleaning (Between Batches)

Equipment Disassembly:

- 1. Stop production and lock out electrical power
- 2. Disassemble all product contact parts according to procedure
- 3. Remove all visible product residue using approved cleaning tools
- 4. Inspect parts for damage or excessive wear

Cleaning Process:

- 1. Pre-rinse with purified water at ambient temperature
- 2. Clean with validated detergent solution (2% concentration)

- 3. Scrub with soft-bristled brushes to remove residues
- 4. Rinse thoroughly with purified water until no detergent remains
- 5. Final rinse with Water for Injection (WFI)
- 6. Dry using filtered compressed air or clean lint-free cloths

Cleaning Verification:

- Visual inspection for cleanliness (no visible residues)
- Swab testing for product residues using validated analytical method
- Microbiological testing of cleaned surfaces
- pH testing of final rinse water (must be 6.0-8.0)

Weekly Deep Cleaning

- Disassemble equipment completely including internal components
- Use ultrasonic cleaning for small parts with complex geometries
- Steam sanitize all components at 121°C for 15 minutes
- Perform enhanced microbiological testing including anaerobic organisms

Preventive Maintenance

- Daily: Lubrication of specified points with food-grade lubricants
- Weekly: Belt tension and alignment checks, wear part inspection
- Monthly: Calibration verification of weight systems and torque devices
- Quarterly: Complete equipment qualification and validation studies

12. DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

Batch Production Record

Required Information:

- Batch number and product identification
- Quantities of all materials used with lot numbers
- Equipment identification numbers and cleaning status
- Personnel identification for all operations
- In-process test results and specifications
- Deviation reports and corrective actions

• Final yield calculations and reconciliation

Review and Approval:

- Line supervisor review within 24 hours of batch completion
- Quality assurance review within 48 hours
- Final batch disposition within 72 hours
- Electronic storage with backup systems

Equipment Logs

- Daily cleaning and maintenance activities
- Calibration and qualification status
- Equipment malfunction reports and repairs
- Change control documentation for modifications

13. DEVIATION MANAGEMENT

Deviation Classification

Critical Deviations:

- Product contamination or sterility compromise
- Out-of-specification test results
- Equipment malfunction affecting product quality
- Personnel errors impacting batch integrity

Major Deviations:

- Minor equipment malfunctions with temporary workarounds
- Documentation errors not affecting product quality
- Environmental excursions within acceptable limits
- Training deficiencies identified during operations

Investigation Process

- 1. Immediate containment of affected product
- 2. Root cause analysis within 48 hours
- 3. Impact assessment on product quality and safety
- 4. Corrective and preventive action plan (CAPA)

- 5. Implementation verification and effectiveness check
- 6. Documentation and regulatory notification if required

14. TRAINING AND QUALIFICATION

Initial Training Requirements

GMP Training (40 hours):

- Pharmaceutical regulations and guidelines
- Cleanroom behavior and contamination control
- Documentation practices and data integrity
- Quality systems and deviation management

Technical Training (60 hours):

- Equipment operation and troubleshooting
- Cleaning and maintenance procedures
- In-process testing and sampling techniques
- Statistical process control methods

Hands-On Qualification:

- Supervised operation for minimum 80 hours
- Successful completion of practical assessments
- Demonstration of GMP compliance behaviors
- Final qualification by training manager

Ongoing Training

- Annual GMP refresher training (8 hours)
- Quarterly equipment updates and modifications
- Monthly quality alerts and trending reviews
- Immediate training for any procedure changes

15. CHANGE CONTROL

Change Categories

Major Changes:

Equipment modifications or replacements

- Process parameter changes outside validated ranges
- New suppliers or material specifications
- Facility or environmental modifications

Minor Changes:

- Administrative updates to procedures
- Equipment maintenance within validated parameters
- Personnel changes with equivalent qualifications
- Documentation format improvements

Change Process

- 1. Change request with scientific rationale
- 2. Risk assessment and impact evaluation
- 3. Validation study requirements determination
- 4. Implementation plan with timeline
- 5. Training and communication plan
- 6. Post-implementation review and effectiveness check

Document Control:

This SOP is subject to annual review and immediate revision for regulatory changes. All training must be documented with signatures and dates. Superseded versions must be retrieved and destroyed.