

JS Libraries & jQuery overview

by Aleksandr Motsjonov

soswow@gmail.com



Agenda

- Demo Teaser
- Chapter I JS Libraries
- Chapter II What is jQuery
- Chapter III Deep into the Code
- Demo Full Version

Demo - Teaser



Chapter I – JS Libraries

JS Libraries

- Reasons. Why JS Libraries in the first place?
- Lot of them. Question of choose.
- Some interesting stuff.



Why JS Libraries?

- Less code
- More free time
- More money left
- Easier to write

Why JS Libraries?

- JS Lib as cross browser abstraction layer
 - Less headache
 - Less bugs
 - Less time spend
 - More money left



Why JS Libraries?

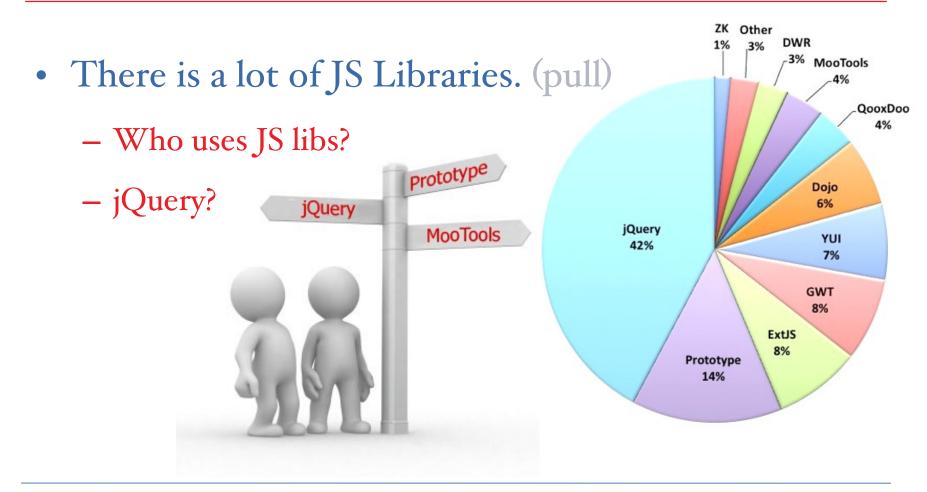
No need to reinvent the wheel.

Methods like selectByClassName

All other utility
 methods already
 written (Plug-ins)

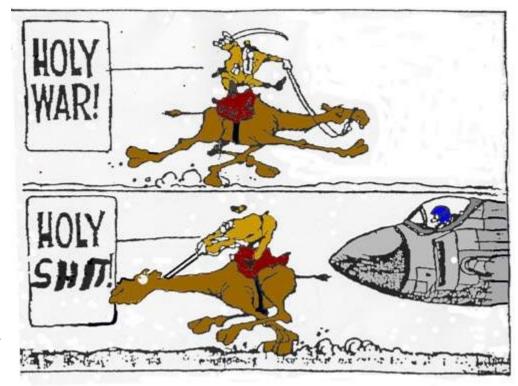


Which one to choose?



Choose of JS Library

- Everyone have right to choose whatever she likes.
- I respect other libs and criticism about jQuery.





Choose of JS Library

- Different needs different JS libs.
 - Working with DOM
 - OOP Abstraction
 - UI Toolkit
 - Ajax framework
 - General Purpose



Choose of JS Library

- Why I choose jQuery?
 - Honestly I've been starting with Prototype =)
 - http://www.rsdn.ru/article/inet/jQuery.xml





```
//Plain JavaScript
var tables = document.getElementsByTagName("table");
for ( var t = 0; t < tables.length; t++ ) {
  var rows = tables[t].getElementsByTagName("tr");
  for ( var i = 1; i < rows.length; i += 2 )
    if ( !/(^|s)odd(s|$)/.test( rows[i].className ) )
      rows[i].className += " odd";
}</pre>
```

Last things about JS libs

- ECMAScript 5.0
- Google AJAX Libraries API
 - http://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.3.2/j query.min.js

Now You will know who and why need to choose jQuery.

Chapter II – What is jQuery



What is jQuery?

- jQuery is a fast and concise JavaScript Library that simplifies HTML document traversing, event handling, animating, and Ajax interactions for rapid web development.
- Write less, do more.
- http://jquery.com/
- Author: John Resig
- Last Release: v. 1.3.2
- Size (production): 19kb



jQuery

- Inside the Code
- Outside the Code
- Additional Bonuses

What jQuery has Inside Code?

- DOM Manipulation
 - Node/Attributes Modification
 - Traversing
- CSS Queries
- Ajax
- Simple Visual Effects
- Utility methods
- Custom Plug-ins development



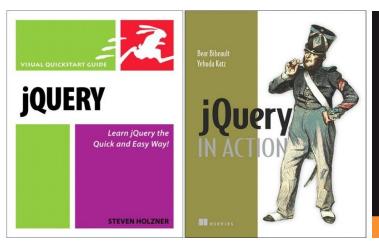
Outside code - Popularity

- Who Uses jQuery?
 - Most popular sites: Google, Amazon, IBM,
 Twitter, Dell, NBC, BBC, Digg, Intel, Oracle,
 Slashdot, Technorati, SourceForge, GitHub,
 Science, New York Post, FeedBurner, ...
 - OpenSource projects: Mozilla, WordPress,
 Drupal, Trac, Joomla, Symfony, Zend
 Framework, PEAR, ...



Outside code - Popularity

- Big Community
 - 3200 messages in Google Groups
 - 2600 Plug-ins in central repository
 - Countless number of tutorials and articles
- Books



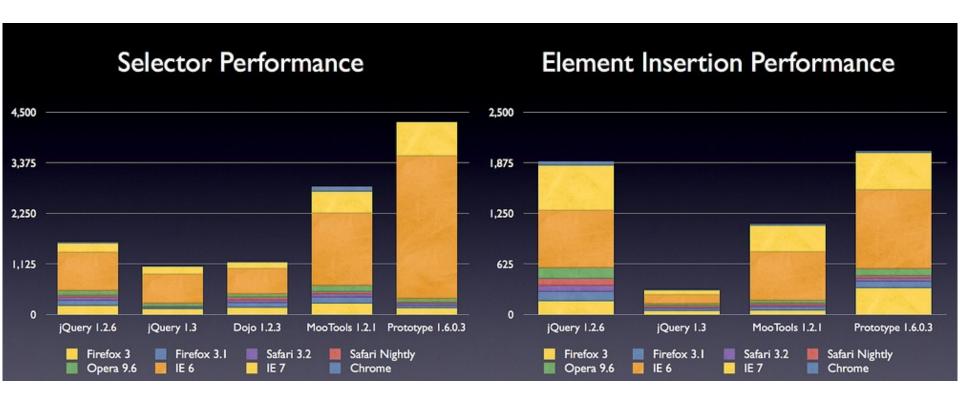


jQuery UI 1.6

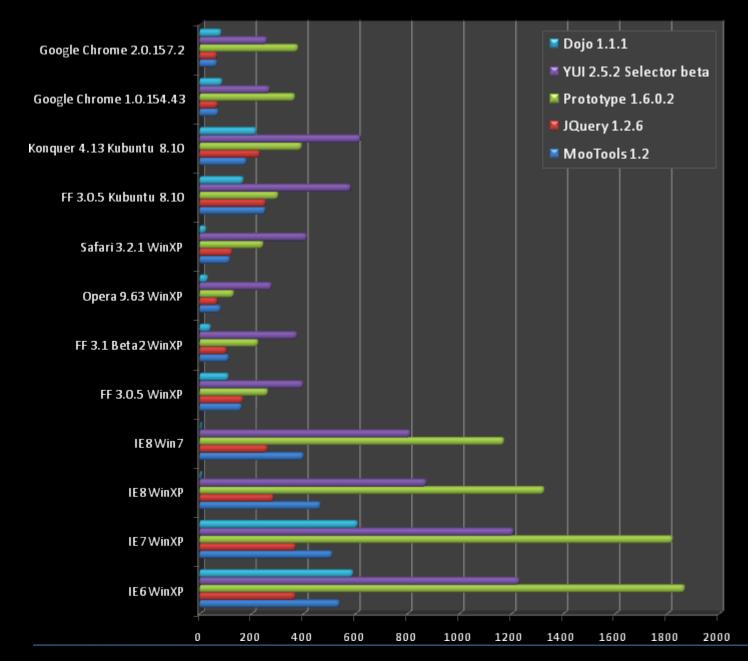


Additional Bonuses

Additional Bonuses - Performance







Additional Bonuses

- Browser Compatibility
 - Firefox 2.0+
 - Internet Explorer 6.0+
 - Safari 3+
 - Opera 9+
 - Chrome 1+
 - Known Issues in (FF 1.0, IE 1-5, Safari 1-2, Opera 1-8, lynx =)

- jQuery Loves other Libraries =)
 - noConflict()
 - Don't touchstandard Objects(Object, String, itc.)



Chapter III – Meet the jQuery Code

Deep into the Code

- CSS Query
- DOM
- Events
- Ajax
- Other



Basics

- jQuery Object concept
 - Almost everything in jQuery is jQuery Objects.
 Every jQuery method you call from such objects.
 - Almost every method return jQuery object.
 You can make chains with it.

\$ is the Mother of jQuery

- \$ is shorthand for jQuery object/function main object, which need to be called to use jQuery. \$ can be called with 4 types of arguments:
 - HTML Text.
 For creating new DOM element (returns jQuery object)
 - CSS Selector.
 For searching and retrieving existing DOM elements.
 - DOM element.
 For wrapping it with jQuery to get jQuery object.
 - Function.
 Shorthand for document onDOMLoad event handler.



\$ - Examples

```
//jQuery(expression, context) Returns: jQuery
jQuery("TABLE.bigTable A"); //Returns jQuery object
$("TABLE.bigTable A"); //Returns jQuery object
//jQuery(html, ownerDocument) Returns: jQuery
$("<div>"); //return Created DOM Element (wraped in jQuery)
$("<div id='someId' class='someClass'>");
//New DOM element with some Attributes
//iQuery(elements) Returns: iQuery
var element = document.getElementById("someId"); //DOM element
$(element); //iQuery Object
//jQuery(callback)
$(function(){
   //This will be called on DOM onload event (Not Document onload)
});
```

CSS as Query language for DOM tree

- jQuery (like many other JS Libraries) uses CSS as Query language to get DOM elements.
- Main method to make CSS Queries is \$(), but there is also methods, which arguments also CSS statement.
- \$0 could return 0, 1 or many elements, which match CSS statement. No exceptions.



Main methodology of jQuery

```
$("BODY DIV:visible").hide("slow");
```

Get (Find) some jQuery elem. Do something with it.

CSS Support

- CSS I
- CSS 2
- CSS 3 (subset)
- Custom CSS selectors

CSS Selectors in Action

- Basic
- Hierarchy
- Basic Filters
- Content Filters
- Visibility Filters

- Attribute Filters
- Child Filters
- Forms
- Form Filters



Basic Selectors

```
$("#someElementId"); //1 element with such ID
$("TABLE"); //All Table elements
$(".someClassName"); //All with such Class Name
$(".firstClass.secondClass"); //All which have both classes
$("*"); //All DOM elements on the page.
//(Grouping) All tables AND all elements with such class
$("TABLE, .someClass");
```

Hierarchy Selectors

```
$("DIV SPAN"); //All SPAN in all DIV (at any level)
$("DIV > SPAN"); //All SPAN in all DIV (at NEXT level)
$("H1 + P"); //P which next immediate sibling to H1
$("H1 ~ P"); //All P which are sibling to H1
```

Basic Filters

```
$("DIV P:first"); //Only First P inside DIV (also :last)
$("P:not(.someClass)"); //All P but not with such class
$("TR:odd TD"); //All TD in odd ROWS (also :even)
$("TR:eq(0) TD:gt(1)");
//All TD which index Greater then 1 in First TR
//(with index 0)
//Also :lt(index) for less then
```

Content Filters

```
$("P:contains(someText)"); //P with such text
$("P:empty"); //Empty P
$("P:has(SPAN.someClass)");
//P which have inside itself SPAN with such class
$("P:parent"); //P if its parent to something else
```

Visibility Filters

```
$("DIV:visible"); //Visible DIVs
$("DIV:hidden"); //Hidden DIVs
```

Attribute Filters

```
$("INPUT[name=someName]"); //INPUT such name value
$("INPUT[name*=form]"); //Contains
$("INPUT[name$=Name]"); //Ends with
$("INPUT[name^=some]"); //Begins with
$("INPUT[name!=someName]");
//Input without name or it has other value
$("INPUT[name=someName][value=1]"); //With such name and value attributes
```

Child Filters

```
$("TR:nth-child(1) TD, TR:nth-child(even) TD");
//All TD in 1st, 2nd, 4th, 6th, etc rows

$("TR:nth-child(3n+2) TD");
//All TD in 2nd, 5th, 8th, 11th, etc rows

$("TD:first-child"); //First child TD of every its parent
//Also :last-child, :only-child
```

Forms

Form Filters

```
$("INPUT:enabled"); //<input />
$("INPUT:disabled"); //<input disabled="disabled" />
$("INPUT:checked"); //<input type="radio" checked="checked" />
$("INPUT:selected"); //<option selected="selected" />
```

DOM Traversing

- Filtering
- Finding
- Chaining



DOM Traversing - Filtering

```
$("TD").eq(0); //Leave only one element.
$("DIV").slice(1, 3); //LEave elements from 1 to 3
$("DIV, SPAN").filter(":visible");
//Leave only Visible DIVs and SPANs in result
$("INPUT").filter(function(){
  if(\$(this).val() > 5){
     return true;
  }else{
     return false;
});
$("DIV").not("#someId, .someClass");
//Filters out #someId and .someClass divs from init set
$("INPUT").map(function(){
  return $(this).val();
}); //Returns Array of values of all inputs.
$("#hiddenTextId").is(":visible"); //Return Boolean!
```



DOM Traversing - Finding

```
$("TD").filter(".someClass").add("#someId");
// == $("TD.someClass, #someId");
$("TR").children(".someClass");
// == $("TR > .someClass");
$("span").closest(".parentPuk");
//Closest Parent witch match expression
$("P:eq(0)").contents(); //REturns All child element (Including
text nodes)
$("TABLE, DIV").find("SPAN"); //Find inside.
$("span").parents(".parentPuk"); //Get All Parents
```

Chaining

Attributes

```
$("H1").attr("title"); //get title attribute
$("H1").attr("title", "Hello To You"); //Set title attribute
$("TABLE").attr({ height: 200, width: 400});
//Set Attributes with object map
$("H1").addClass("selected");
$("H1").hasClass("selected"); //Return Boolean
$("H1").removeClass("selected");
$("H1").toggleClass("selected");
$("DIV").html(); //innerHTML equivalent
$("DIV").html("some text"); //set innerHTML
$("#someId").text(); //get all Text nodes.
$("INPUT").val(); //Get value property
$("INPUT").val(newvalue); //Set new value
```

DOM Manipulation

```
after
                                    before
  append
             preppend
          preppendTo insertAfter
appendTo
                                 insertBefore
                       wrapInner replaceWith
                                              replaceAll
             wrapAll
$("#ID").append("<div></div>");
$("div").appendTo("#ID");
```

DOM Manipulation

```
$("DIV").empty();
$("DIV").remove();
$("DIV").clone();
```

CSS

```
$("DIV").css("background-color");
$("DIV").css("background-color", "#ffff");
$("DIV").css({
   backgroundColor: "#FFF",
   color: "#F00"});
```

Positioning

```
$("DIV").offset();
//Returns: Object{top,left} Relative to the
document.
$("DIV").position();
//Returns: Object{top,left} Relative to its
offset parent.
$("DIV").scrollTop(); //Returns: Integer
$("DIV").scrollTop(val); //Returns: jQuery
$("DIV").scrollLeft(); //Returns: Integer
$("DIV").scrollLeft(val); //Returns: jQuery
```

Height and Width

```
$("DIV").height(); //Returns: Integer
$("DIV").height(val); //Returns: jQuery
$("DIV").width(); //Returns: Integer
$("DIV").width(val); //Returns: jQuery
//With Paddings
$("DIV").innerHeight(); //Returns: Integer
$("DIV").innerWidth(); //Returns: Integer
//With Margins
$("DIV").outerHeight(margin); //Returns: Integer
$("DIV").outerWidth(margin); //Returns: Integer
```

Events

```
$("input:button").bind("click", function(){
  console.log("Do it always");
}).one("click", function(){
  console.log("Do it once");
}).live("click", function(){
  console.log("Now and forever");
}).hover(
  function(){
     console.log("Mouse Over");
  }, function(){
     console.log("Mouser Out");
});
$("input:button").trigger("click");
$("input:button").unbind("click");
```

Events

```
//Trigger events
blur(), change(), click(), dblclick(), error(),
focus(), keydown(), keypress(), keyup(), select(),
submit()
//Event Handlers
select(fn), keyup(fn), load(fn), mousedown(fn),
mouseenter(fn), mouseleave(fn), mousemove(fn),
mouseout(fn), mouseover(fn), mouseup(fn),
resize(fn), scroll(fn), keypress(fn), keydown(fn),
focus(fn), error(fn), dblclick(fn), click(fn),
change(fn), blur(fn), submit(fn), unload(fn)
```

Ajax

```
$.ajax( {
    type : "POST",
    url : "some.php",
    data : "name=John&location=Boston",
    success : function(msg) {
        alert("Data Saved: " + msg);
    },
    error : function(msg) {
        alert("Error: " + msg);
    }
});
```

- •Function: success, beforeSend, complete, dataFilter, error, xhr
- *Boolean: async, cache, ifModified, processData, global
- •String, Object: contentType, data, dataType, jsonp, password, scriptCharset, type, url, username



Ajax

```
//Load a remote page using an HTTP request.
jQuery.ajax(options)
//Load HTML from a remote file and inject it into the DOM.
load(url, data, callback)
//Load a remote page using an HTTP GET request.
jQuery.get(url, data, callback, type)
//Load JSON data using an HTTP GET request.
jQuery.getJSON(url, data, callback)
//Loads, and executes, a local JavaScript file using an HTTP GET request.
jQuery.getScript(url, callback)
//Load a remote page using an HTTP POST request.
jQuery.post(url, data, callback, type)
```

Other

Effects

- show(), hide(), slideDown(), fadeIn(), animate()

Utilities

- jQuery.support, .each(), .map(), .inArray(),.unique(), .isFunction(), .isArray()
- .get(i), .eq(i), .index()

Demo - Full Version



The End.