SECTION - A

ASSIGNMENT 2

1. Comparison between Hypervisor and Docker.

S.No	Hypervisor	Docker
1.	Hypervisors can be made to work on software and hardware where it works on the operating system or on the CPU and storage services of the system.	Dockers work only on software of the operating system and not on the hardware side. It takes the host kernel and works on the principle of virtualization.
2.	In a single system, we can use multiple operating systems with the help of Hypervisor. This makes the system to work with multiple users with different methods even for the same program. Hence the same operation is done by different operating systems.	Docker does not allow user users to create re instances of operating system in the same computer but virtualization by making containers in the same system. Containers help users to work separately on different or same applications. The same operations are carried out by containers in the system.
3.	More power and resources are required by the systems using hypervisor as different programs are being run on the same system with different operating systems.	Resource requirement is low as containers are working on the same operating system and , which makes the system resources within the containers.
4.	Boot time is high for hypervisors as different operating systems are used. It may take some minutes to start the system and users can resume their work only after booting the machine.	Boot time is low for dockers as all the containers work on the same machine. User Users can start the system in seconds and working on the same machine.
5.	We cannot test the same application with different parameters in hypervisor as there is no container method available. This application needs to be developed and tested in the system. If the parameters must be changed, it should be modified in the same operating system itself.	If the same application needs to be tested in the system with different instances, we can use containers as different parameters can be given to the application in the same container and can be tested at the same time. Dockers support this method of working which is called an agile model.

2. Comparison between Containers and Virtual Machines.

Containers	Virtual Machines
1. While a container is a software that allows different functionalities of an application independently.	VM is piece of software that allows you to install other software inside of it so you basically control it virtually as opposed to installing the software directly on the computer.
2. While applications running in a container environment share a single OS.	Applications running on VM system can run different OS.
3. While containers virtualize the operating system only.	VM virtualizes the computer system.
4. While the size of container is very light; i.e., a few megabytes	VM size is very large.
5. While containers take a few seconds to run.	VM takes minutes to run, due to large size.
6. While containers require very less memory.	VM uses a lot of system memory.
7. While containers are less secure.	VM is more secure.