<u>DEVOPS ASSIGNMENT – 02</u>

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Topic – (Hypervisor v/s Docker),

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(Virtual Machine v/s container)

Section - A

1. Difference Between Hypervisor and Docker?

HYPERVISOR	DOCKER		
Hypervisors can be made to work on	Dockers work only on the software of the		
software and hardware where it works on	operating system and not on the hardware		
the operating system or on the CPU and	side. It takes the host kernel and works on		
storage services of the system.	the principle of virtualization.		
In a single system, we can use multiple	Docker does not allow users to create		
operating systems with the help of	multiple instances of operating systems in		
Hypervisor. This makes the system to	the same computer but it makes		
work with multiple users with different	virtualization by making containers in the		
methods even for the same program.	same system. Containers help users to work		
Hence the same operation is done by	separately on different or the same		
different operating systems.	applications. The same operations are		
	carried out by containers in the system.		
More power and resources are required	Resource requirement is low as containers		
by the systems using hypervisors as	are working on the same operating system		
different programs are being run on the	and this makes the system share resources		
same system with different operating	within the containers.		
systems.			
Boot time is high for hypervisors as	Boot time is low for dockers as all the		
different operating systems are used. It	containers work on the same machine. User		
may take some minutes to start the system	can start the system in seconds and can start		
and users can resume their work only	working on the same machine.		
after booting the machine.			

2. Difference between Container and Virtual Machines?

Virtual Machine	Container			
The hardware is virtualized to execute several	Containers facilitate a way for virtualizing the			
Operating system instances with VMs	operating system so that several workloads			
	can execute on an individual operating system			
	instance			
VM is managed via hypervisor and uses VM	Containers give services of OS from an			
hardware.	underlying host and also separate the			
	applications utilizing virtual-memory			
	hardware.			
VM facilitates the abstract machine which	Container facilitates the abstract operating			
utilizes device drivers addressing an abstract	system.			
machine.				
VM technologies are well-known within	The container has been grown on several			
various embedded communities.	clouds and servers with organizations like			
	Google and Facebook. For example, all			
	services of Google Docs get a			
	container/instance.			
Higher overhead	Lower overhead			
VM permits us for installing other software so	The containers are software that permits			
virtually we control it as disputed to install the	distinct application's functionalities			
software on a computer directly.	independently.			
Applications executing on virtual machine	Applications executing within the container			
system can execute distinct OS.	environment contribute to an individual OS.			
VM facilitates a way for virtualizing any	Container only virtualizes the OS.			
computer system.				
VMs have a large size.	Containers are very light (some megabytes).			
VM runs in minutes due to its large size.	Containers run in seconds.			
It utilizes a lot of memory of the system.	Containers utilize very less system memory.			
It is highly secured.	It is less secure.			