Dev-ops assignment-2

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Section: A

Difference Between Hypervisor and Docker

Hypervisor	Docker	
Hypervisors can be made to work on software and	Dockers work only on the software of the	
hardware where it works on the operating system or	operating system and not on the hardware	
on the CPU and storage services of the system.	side. It takes the host kernel and works on	
	the principle of virtualization.	
More power and resources are required by the	Resource requirement is low as containers	
systems using hypervisors as different programs are	are working on the same operating system	
being run on the same system with different	and this makes the system share resources	
operating systems.	within the containers.	
Boot time is high for hypervisors as different	Boot time is low for dockers as all the	
operating systems are used. It may take some	containers work on the same machine. User	
minutes to start the system and users can resume	can start the system in seconds and can start	
their work only after booting the machine.	working on the same machine.	
Hypervisor works with host OS and guest OS which	Docker does not have an OS for itself and	
creates layers that run the hardware. We cannot	thus it creates instances and parameters by	
create different instances for the same application in	sitting on top of OS. This helps in	
the system but we can control the hardware and	modifying the instances if needed. It works	
make the system work with both OS.	solely on the host OS and does not control	
	the hardware of the system.	
In a single system, we can use multiple operating	Docker does not allow users to create	
systems with the help of Hypervisor. This makes the	multiple instances of operating systems in	
system to work with multiple users with different	the same computer but it makes	
methods even for the same program. Hence the	virtualization by making containers in the	
same operation is done by different operating	same system. Containers help users to work	
systems.	separately on different or the same	
	applications. The same operations are	
	carried out by containers in the system.	

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Key Differences of Hypervisor vs Docker

Running on an operating system and having the ability to control the run of an operating system is different. This simplifies the understanding of docker and hypervisor. The hardware can also be controlled with a hypervisor and it works with layers of OS in the same system. This makes the system more secure and if any virus attack happens on software, the entire system is notified via hypervisor to protect it from malicious attacks. An additional layer of security is not present in docker and it runs on the OS. It cannot control the OS and thus the system must be protected from virus attacks, if any, that happens in the system.

Hypervisors support Windows, Linux, and Mac systems and work with the same efficiency in any of these systems. Also, users can work on the same physical system and on different operating systems. Hypervisors provide this flexibility to users. But dockers are not this flexible and work only on Linux operating systems. This makes the users be biased about the docker usage in the system as most users will not be flexible with Linux. But programmers using Linux OS always prefer Dockers to Hypervisors and their community is slowly growing.

Hypervisors play a major role in virtualization and it is used in all the systems where virtual machines are used. Almost all cloud computing services use hypervisors to manage their virtual machines. Dockers are used in places where microservices are used. Also, DevOps methodology is in place, it is better to use Dockers as this is faster and has container setup for different environments and to store different levels of code.

When we are developing an application that must be highly secure, it is good to go with Hypervisors. It does not share instances with any other operating systems and none other than the user can access the same through the same physical machine. Tests on different conditions can be performed securely and this application can be isolated from other applications. This is not possible with containers as the instances are shared among containers and hence the security nature of the application will be lost.

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Difference between Container and virtual Machines

Virtual Machines(VM)	Containers		
VM is piece of software that allows you to install	While a container is a software that		
other software inside of it so you basically control	allows different functionalities of an		
it virtually as opposed to installing the software	application independently.		
directly on the computer.			
Applications running on VM system can run	While applications running in a container		
different OS.	environment share a single OS.		
VM virtualizes the computer system.	While containers virtualize the operating		
	system only.		
VM size is very large.	While the size of container is very light;		
	i.e. a few megabytes.		
VM takes minutes to run, due to large size.	While containers take a few seconds to		
	run.		
VM uses a lot of system memory.	While containers require very less		
	memory.		
VM's are useful when we require all of OS	While containers are useful when we are		
resources to run various applications.	required to maximise the running		
	applications using minimal servers.		
VM is more secure.	While containers are less secure.		
VM takes minutes to run, due to large size.	While containers take a few seconds to		
	run.		

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