

## Problem

Let  $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$ . Let  $C_1$  be the language of all strings that contain a 1 in their middle third. Let  $C_2$  be the language of all strings that contain two 1s in their middle third.

So  $C_1 = \{xyz \mid x, z \in \Sigma^* \text{ and } y \in \Sigma^* 1 \Sigma^*, \text{ where } |x| = |z| \geq |y|\}$   
and  $C_2 = \{xyz \mid x, z \in \Sigma^* \text{ and } y \in \Sigma^* 1 \Sigma^* 1 \Sigma^*, \text{ where } |x| = |z| \geq |y|\}$ .

- Show that  $C_1$  is a CFL.
- Show that  $C_2$  is not a CFL.

## Step-by-step solution

### Step 1 of 7

**A language**  $L$  is said to be **context-free** if there exist some integer  $q \geq 1$  (it is also known as pumping length) in such a way that all the string  $S$  in  $L$  which is equal or longer than  $q$  symbols or  $|S| \geq q$ .

It can be written as  $S = abcde$  with substring  $a, b, c, d$  and  $e$  such that

- $|bcd| \leq q$
- $|bd| \geq 1$ , and
- $ab^x cd^x e$  is in  $L$  for all  $x \geq 0$ .

[Comment](#)

### Step 2 of 7

**a.**

Consider the language  $C_1$  which is given below:

$$C_1 = \{xyz \mid x, z \in \Sigma^* \text{ and } y \in \Sigma^* 1 \Sigma^*, \text{ where } |x| = |z| \geq |y|\}, \text{ where } \Sigma = \{0,1\}$$

Now, a Push down automata needs to construct which help in determining the language  $C_1$ . The PDA  $M$  that recognizes  $C_1$  is  $(Q, \Sigma, \Gamma, \delta, q_0, F)$ , where:

$$Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{0,1\}$$

$$\Gamma = \{x\}$$

$$F = \{q_2\}$$

[Comment](#)

### Step 3 of 7

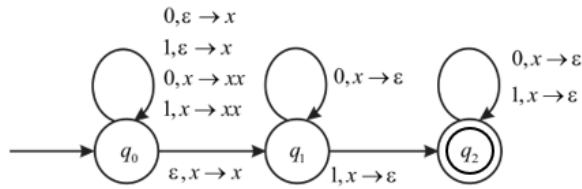
The transition functions  $\delta$  of the represented in a tabular format:

Input :	0		1		$\epsilon$	
Stack :	$x$	$\epsilon$	$x$	$\epsilon$	$x$	$\epsilon$
$q_0$	$\{(q_0, xx)\}$	$\{(q_0, x)\}$	$\{(q_0, xx)\}$	$\{(q_0, x)\}$	$\{(q_1, x)\}$	
$q_1$	$\{(q_1, \epsilon)\}$		$\{(q_2, \epsilon)\}$			
$q_2$	$\{(q_2, \epsilon)\}$		$\{(q_2, \epsilon)\}$			

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#### Step 4 of 7

The state diagram for the PDA  $M$  is given below:



Hence from the above explanation it can be said that there exists a Turing machine which accepts the given language.

Hence,  $C_1$  is a context free language.

[Comments \(4\)](#)

#### Step 5 of 7

b.

Now consider the language  $C_2$  that accepts all the string that contains two 1's in their middle of the string. The language  $C_2$  can be defined as:

$$C_2 = \{xyz \mid x, z \in \Sigma^* \text{ and } y \in \Sigma^* 1 \Sigma^* 1 \Sigma^*, \text{ where } |x| = |z| \geq |y|\}$$

Now, using a pumping lemma to show Language  $C_2$  is not CFL.

Let us assume that  $C_2$  is CFL and obtain a contradiction.

Let pumping length of the pumping lemma is  $p$ .

Let select a string  $S = 0^{p+2}10^p10^{p+2}$  of given language.

[Comment](#)

#### Step 6 of 7

Let, divide  $S$  into five pieces  $S = uvxyz$ , it must satisfy the conditions according to the pumping lemma,

1. For each  $i \geq 0, uv^i xy^i z \in C_2$ ,
2.  $|vy| > 0$ , and
3.  $|vxy| \leq p$

Where

$$u = 0^{p+2}$$

$$v = 1$$

$$x = 0^p$$

$$y = 1$$

$$z = 0^{p+2}$$

[Comments \(1\)](#)

#### Step 7 of 7

Let  $i = 1$

After pumping, string becomes  $S = 0^{p+2}10^p10^{p+2}$ .

According to the pumping lemma third condition, new string  $|10^p| \leq p$  becomes fails, that means, length of the  $vzx$  is greater than the pumping length  $p$ , i.e.  $|vxy| \leq p$ .

Hence,  $C_2$  is not context free language.