

## Problem

Write formal descriptions of the following sets.

- a. The set containing the numbers 1, 10, and 100
- b. The set containing all integers that are greater than 5
- c. The set containing all natural numbers that are less than 5
- d. The set containing the string aba
- e. The set containing the empty string
- f. The set containing nothing at all

## Step-by-step solution

### Step 1 of 6

a.

Consider the given information:

The set containing the number of series of 10. It means n contain 10 and 10 to the power of m, contain the series of 0, 1, and 2, is as shown below:

$$\{n : n = 10^m \text{ for some } m \in \{0, 1, 2\}\}$$

[Comment](#)

### Step 2 of 6

b.

Consider the given information:

The set contains the all integer number which is greater than 5.

Thus, the n which contains only those integer numbers which are greater than 5 is as shown below:

$$\{n : n \text{ is an integer and } n > 5\}$$

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### Step 3 of 6

c.

Consider the given information:

The set contains the all natural number which is less than 5.

Thus, the n which contains only those natural numbers which are less than 5 is as shown below:

$$\{n : n \text{ is a natural number and } n < 5\}$$

[Comment](#)

### Step 4 of 6

d.

Consider the given information:

The set contains the string which is aba.

Thus, the n which contains only the string 'aba', is as shown below:

$$\{n : n \text{ contains } \{aba\}\}.$$

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**Step 5 of 6**

**e.**

Consider the given information:

The set contains the empty string. Empty is denoted by  $\epsilon$ .

Thus, the set which contains only the empty string, is as shown below:

$\{\epsilon\}$

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**Step 6 of 6**

**f.**

Consider the given information:

The set contains nothing, it means set contain only null. Null is denoted by  $\phi$ .

Thus, the set which does not contains anything is as shown below:

$\emptyset$

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