

Problem

Show that single-tape TMs that cannot write on the portion of the tape containing the input string recognize only regular languages.

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 3

Let M be the single – tape Turing machine that cannot write on the portion of the tape containing the input string.

$$M = (Q, \Sigma, \tau, q_0, q_{\text{accept}}, q_{\text{reject}})$$

M works on an input string x as follows.

Here we consider two events.

(i) **Out event:**

In out event, the tape head moves from input portion to non – input portion, i.e., the portion of the tape on the right of the $(x)^{\text{th}}$ cell.

(ii) **In event:**

In In-event tape head moves from non – input portion to input portion.

[Comment](#)

Step 2 of 3

Consider the state q_x for Turing machine $M = (Q, \Sigma, \tau, q_0, q_{\text{accept}}, q_{\text{reject}})$ when it first enters the non – input portion (i.e., after it's first *out event*)

• In case M never enters the non – input portion.

(a) If M accepts x , assign $q_x = q_{\text{accept}}$

(b) If M does not accept x , assign $q_x = q_{\text{reject}}$

For any $q \in Q$, define a characteristic function f_x such that

$$f_x(q) = q'$$

That implies

If M is in the state q and about to perform an “*in event*”, the next “*out event*” will change M in state q'

• In case M never enters the non – input portion again,

(a) If M enters the accept state inside the input portion, assign $f_x(q) = q_{\text{accept}}$

(b) If M does not enter the accept state, assign $f_x(q) = q_{\text{reject}}$

For two strings x and y ,

If $q_x = q_y$ for all q , $f_x(q) = f_y(q)$, then x and y are indistinguishable by M . That is, M accepts xz if and only if M accepts yz .

[Comments \(1\)](#)

Step 3 of 3

As there are finite choice of q_x and f_x (Precisely $|Q|^{|Q|+1}$ such choices), the number of indistinguishable strings are finite.

“Myhill – Nerode theorem” is used to prove whether the language is regular or not.

Statement:

A language L over alphabet Σ is regular if and only if the set of equivalent classes of I_L is finite.

I_L is the relation on Σ^* such that for two strings x and y of Σ^*

$$x I_L y \Leftrightarrow \{z \mid xz \in L\} = \{z \mid yz \in L\}$$

That is $x I_L y$ if and only if they are indistinguishable with respect to L

So, by Myhill – Nerode theorem the language recognized by M is regular.

[Comments \(1\)](#)