

Problem

Consider the problem of determining whether a DFA and a regular expression are equivalent. Express this problem as a language and show that it is decidable.

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 2

Proof of the decidability of the language:

- Express the language as $L = \langle R, S \rangle \mid R \text{ is a Deterministic Finite Automata(DFA) and } S \text{ is a regular expression with } L(R) = L(S)\}$.
- Recollect the Theorem 4.5 states a Turing machine T that decides the language $EQ_{DFA} = \{ \langle P, Q \rangle \mid P \text{ and } Q \text{ are Deterministic Finite Automata's(DFA) } L(P) = L(Q) \}$.

[Comment](#)

Step 2 of 2

- Assume that T is the Turing Machine which decides language L .
- It can be defined as follows:
- $T =$ "On input $L = \langle R, S \rangle$, where R is a Deterministic Finite Automata(DFA) and S is a regular expression:
- Convert R into a Deterministic Finite Automata(DFA) D_R using the algorithm in the proof of Kleene's Theorem.
- Operate a Turing machine TM as a decider F using Theorem 4.5 on input $\langle R, D_S \rangle$.
- If F accepts, accept the language L .
- If F rejects, reject the language L .

[Comments \(2\)](#)