

Problem

Rice's theorem. Let P be any nontrivial property of the language of a Turing machine. Prove that the problem of determining whether a given Turing machine's language has property P is undecidable.

In more formal terms, let P be a language consisting of Turing machine descriptions where P fulfills two conditions. First, P is nontrivial—it contains some, but not all, TM descriptions. Second, P is a property of the TM's language whenever $L(M_1) = L(M_2)$, we have

$$\langle M_1 \rangle \in P \text{ iff } \langle M_2 \rangle \in P.$$

Here, M_1 and M_2 are any TMs. Prove that P is an undecidable language.

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 1

Rice's theorem

Given P non trivial property of language of Turing machine, it is required to prove that P is un-decidable. Consider on the contrary that P is decidable language that satisfies the properties. Consider R_P be a Turing machine that decides P . Now it is required to show that how to decide A_{TM} using R_P by constructing Turing machine S .

First, let T_ϕ be a Turing machine that always reject, so $L(T_\phi) = \phi$. It can be consider that $\langle T_\phi \rangle \notin P$ without loss of generality, because it is possible to proceed with \bar{P} instead of P if $\langle T_\phi \rangle \in P$. Because P is non-trivial, there exist a Turing machine T with $\langle T \rangle \in P$. Now construct S based on T and R_P as follows:

$S =$ " On input $\langle M, w \rangle$:

1. Use M and w to construct the following Turing machine M_w .

$M_w =$ " On input x :

1. Simulate M on w . If it halts and rejects, reject.
2. Simulate T on x . If T accepts x , accept."

2. Use TM R_P to determine if $\langle M_w \rangle \in P$. If YES, accept, else reject."

Note that TM M_w has property that (1) if M accept w , $L(M_w) = L(T)$, and (2) if M does not accept w , $L(M_w) = \phi = L(T_\phi)$.

In other words, $\langle M_w \rangle \in P$ if and only if M accept w .

Since the construction of M_w from T , M and w takes finite steps, the TM S is decider for A_{TM} . This creates a contradiction since A_{TM} is an undecidable language. In conclusion, P is un-decidable.

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