$A \leq_{\mathrm{T}} B$ and $B \not\leq_{\mathrm{T}} A$.

Show that for any language A, a language B exists, where

Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 3

Given that

A and B are two Languages.

We have to show that

$$A \leq_T B$$
 and $B \not\leq_T A$

That means

• A is Turing reducible to B.

But B is not Turing reducible to A.

Let $A = E_{TM}$ (Empty Turing machine)

$$= \{ \langle M \rangle | M \text{ is a TM and } L(M) = \phi \}$$

And $B = A_{TM}$ (Oracle Turing machine)

= $\{\langle M, w \rangle$, machine M accepts $w \}$

Comment

Step 2 of 3

(i) $A \leq_T B$:

To show $A \leq_T B$, we have to show that $E_{TM} \leq_T A_{TM}$.

We know that E_{TM} is decidable relative to A_{TM} .

Since $E_{TM} \leq_T A_{TM}$, then A is decidable relative to B then $A \leq_T B$.

Comments (1)

Step 3 of 3

(ii) $B \not\leq_T A$

To shown $B \not\leq_T A$ we have to show that

$$A_{TM} \not \leq_T E_{TM}$$

Let us assume the contradiction $\,A_{\rm TM} \leq_{\rm T} E_{\rm TM}\,.$

By mapping reducibility rules for any two languages $x \leq_m y \Leftrightarrow \overline{x} \leq_m \overline{y}$

Language x is mapping reducible to language y, written $x \leq_m y$, if there is a computable function $f: \Sigma^* \to \Sigma^*$, where for every w, f called reduction of x to y.

$$w \in x \Leftrightarrow f(w) \in y$$

According to given mapping reducibility we have to derive $A_{TM} \leq_T E_{TM} \Leftrightarrow \overline{A_{TM}} \leq_m \overline{E}_{TM}$

However \overline{E}_{7M} is Turing recognizable, but \overline{A}_{7M} is not Turing recognizable Accor " 10^{-1} g mapping reducibility rules

 $x \le_m y$ and y is Turing – recognizable then x must be Turing recognizable.

Therefore this gives a contradiction.

Therefore our assumption that $A_{\mathit{TM}} \leq_{\mathit{T}} E_{\mathit{TM}}$ is wrong.

Hence $A_{TM} \not \leq_T E_{TM \text{ i.e.,}} B \not \leq_T A$

From (i) and (ii) we have showed that there exist two languages A and B such that

$$A \leq_T B$$
 But $B \not\leq_T A$

Comments (1)