Problem

In certain programming languages, comments appear between delimiters such as /# and #/. Let C be the language of all valid delimited comment strings. A member of C must begin with /# and end with #/ but have no intervening #/. For simplicity, assume that the alphabet for C is $\Sigma = \{a, b, /, \#\}$.

- a. Give a DFA that recognizes C.
- **b.** Give a regular expression that generates C.

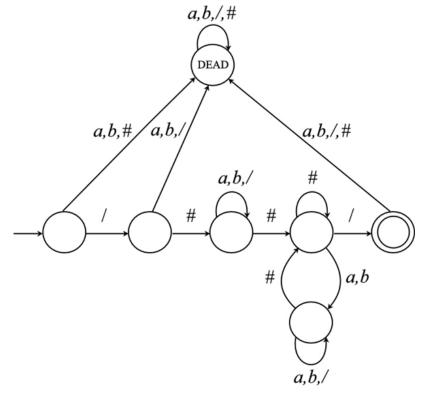
Step-by-step solution

Step 1 of 2

- (a) Consider the language C of all valid delimited commented strings
- A member of C must begin with '/#' and end with '#/' but have no intervening '#/'.
- The alphabet of *C* is $\Sigma = \{a, b, /, \#\}$

Let M be the DFA that recognize the language C.

The state diagram of M is as follows



So this is the DFA that recognizes the languages of C.

Comments (2)

Step 2 of 2

Comments (3)				