Is the following formula satisfiable?

$$(x \lor y) \land (x \lor \overline{y}) \land (\overline{x} \lor y) \land (\overline{x} \lor \overline{y})$$

### Step-by-step solution

#### **Step 1** of 3

The formula  $(x \lor y) \land (x \lor \overline{y}) \land (\overline{x} \lor y) \land (\overline{x} \lor y) \land (\overline{x} \lor \overline{y})$  is not satisfiable.

### **Explanation:**

- · A Boolean formula is satisfiable if some assignment of 0s and 1s to the variables makes the formula evaluate to 1.
- We know that

 $0 \land 0 = 0$   $0 \lor 0 = 0$   $\overline{0} = 1$   $0 \land 1 = 0$   $0 \lor 1 = 1$   $\overline{1} = 0$   $1 \land 0 = 0$   $1 \lor 0 = 1$  $1 \land 1 = 1$ .  $1 \lor 1 = 1$ 

Comment

#### **Step 2** of 3

Specified Boolean formula is

$$(x \lor y) \land (x \lor \overline{y}) \land (\overline{x} \lor y) \land (\overline{x} \lor y) \land (\overline{x} \lor \overline{y})$$

Here consider x and y are variables.

#### Case 1:

Assign x = 0 and y = 1

$$\text{Then } \big(0 \vee 1\big) \wedge \big(0 \vee \overline{1}\big) \wedge \big(\overline{0} \vee 1\big) \wedge \big(\overline{0} \vee 1\big) \wedge \big(\overline{0} \vee 1\big) \wedge \big(\overline{0} \vee \overline{1}\big)$$

$$= 1 \wedge \left(0 \vee 0\right) \wedge \left(1 \vee 1\right) \wedge \left(1 \vee 0\right)$$

$$=1 \land 0 \land 1 \land 1$$

$$= 0 \wedge 1$$

=0

Comment

# **Step 3** of 3

## Case 2:

Assign 
$$x = 1$$
 and  $y = 0$ 

$$_{\text{Then }} (1 \vee 0) \wedge \left(1 \vee \overline{0}\right) \wedge \left(\overline{1} \vee 0\right) \wedge \left(\overline{1} \vee 0\right) \wedge \left(\overline{1} \vee \overline{0}\right)$$

$$=1\wedge (1\vee 1)\wedge (0\vee 0)\wedge (0\vee 1)$$

$$=1 \land 1 \land 0 \land 1$$

$$=1 \land 0$$

From case 1 and case 2 of the Boolean values for *x* and *y*, the formula always evaluated to 0, but we know that if some assignment of 0s and 1s to the variables makes the formula evaluate to 1 then a Boolean formula is satisfiable.

So, the formula	$(x \lor y) \land (x \lor \overline{y}) \land (\overline{x} \lor y) \land ($	$(\overline{x} \lor y) \land (\overline{x} \lor \overline{y})$ is not satisfiable.	
Comment			