Pico_w MQTT Client Mosquitto or Ultibo QEMU or Ultibo Hardware RPi3 Broker GPIO Control

Adding a 2nd socket to Pico_W freertos iperf

To provide Debug information previously provided by a hard wired connection to the Pico_W UART

Now two version of picow_freertos_iperf.c.ntp & picow_freertos_iperf.c.rtc ntp is used picow_freertos_iperf.c

or

pub_time is used picow_freertos_iperf.c.rtc is copied to picow_freertos_iperf.c latest changes have not been made to picow_freertos_iperf.c.rtc 04/28/23

The following ver 0.0.04 is using picow_freertos_iperf.c

From: Christoph M. Wintersteiger

Subject: Re: [lwip-users] lwip on pico_w Date: Thu, 27 Apr 2023 22:17:22 +0100

• • •

cyw43_arch_lwip_begin();

err t r = mqtt publish(client, topic, payload, payload length, qos, retain, cb, arg);

cyw43_arch_lwip_end();

devel@pi4-50:~/pico_w-mqtt/pico_w/wifi/freertos/iperf \$ grep "cyw43_arch_lwip_begin()" picow_freertos_iperf.c | wc

12 12 347

devel@pi4-50:~/pico_w-mqtt/pico_w/wifi/freertos/iperf \$ grep "cyw43_arch_lwip_end()" picow freertos iperf.c | wc

12 12 315

were added to picow_freertos_iperf.c

devel@pi4-50:~/pico_w-mqtt/remote1 \$./exe-ocd.sh

Open On-Chip Debugger 0.11.0-g228ede4-dirty (2022-08-27-19:45)

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For bug reports, read

http://openocd.org/doc/doxygen/bugs.html

adapter speed: 1000 kHz

Info: Hardware thread awareness created Info: Hardware thread awareness created Info: RP2040 Flash Bank Command

Info: BCM2835 GPIO JTAG/SWD bitbang driver

Info: clock speed 1001 kHz

.

.

```
xPSR: 0x01000000 pc: 0x00000138 msp: 0x20041f00
  ** Programming Finished **
  ** Verify Started **
  target halted due to debug-request, current mode: Thread
  xPSR: 0x01000000 pc: 0x00000138 msp: 0x20041f00
  target halted due to debug-request, current mode: Thread
  xPSR: 0x01000000 pc: 0x00000138 msp: 0x20041f00
  ** Verified OK **
  ** Resetting Target **
  shutdown command invoked
  Starting FreeRTOS on core 0:
  Connected.
  MQTT client "remote1" connection cb: status 0
  MQTT client "remote1" request cb: err 0
  MQTT client "remote1" request cb: err 0
  Starting server at 192.168.1.176 on port 4001
  ntp_task starts
  ntp address 72.30.35.89
  0x200220d8 0x200220fc 0x200220f4
  Sunday 24 April 14:46:11 2023
                                  got ntp response: 24/04/2023 14:46:10
  ../pi_tcp_tests/cli1
  Socket created successfully
  Connected with server successfully
  Starting FreeRTOS on core 0: ver 0.0.04 remote1
  Connecting to Wi-Fi...Connected. iperf server 192.168.1.176 4001 starting watchdog timer task
mqtt_ip = 0xd401a8c0 mqtt_port = 1883 mqtt_connect 0x0 mq_con 0x1 mqtt_connect 0x1 mq_con
0x1
      24/04/2023 14:48:35
  mqtt_connect 0x1 mq_con 0x1 mqtt_connect 0x1 mq_con 0x1 mqtt_connect 0x1 mq_con 0x1
if line 375 is changed from vTaskDelay(10000); to vTaskDelay(100); the *** PANIC *** will
occur fairly quit after start up.
git diff runtime.c
diff --git a/src/rp2 common/pico runtime/runtime.c b/src/rp2 common/pico runtime/runtime.c
index f9018d0..eee8296 100644
--- a/src/rp2 common/pico runtime/runtime.c
+++ b/src/rp2 common/pico runtime/runtime.c
@@ -275,7 +275,9 @@ void __assert_func(const char *file, int line, const char *func, const char
*fai
void __attribute__((noreturn)) panic_unsupported() {
   panic("not supported");
}
+void PICO_PANIC_FUNCTION(void) {
   printf("my attempt at picp_panic_function\n");
+}
// PICO_CONFIG: PICO_PANIC_FUNCTION, Name of a function to use in place of the stock
panic function or empty string to simply breakpoint on panic, group=pico_runtime
// note the default is not "panic" it is undefined
#ifdef PICO_PANIC_FUNCTION
```

```
*** PANIC ***
pcb->snd queuelen >= pbuf clen(next->p)
Mosquitto or Ultibo QEMU or Hardware RPi3 Broker
main_task
watchdog_task
mqtt_task
gpio_task
rtc_task
socket task
blink_task
Build Steps
RTC time setting
Mosquitto Broker
GPIO
Build Steps
"git clone https://github.com/develone/pico_w-mqtt.git -b dev"
"cd pico w-mgtt"
Modify the script "6remotes.sh" WIFI_SSID with your SSID and WIFI_PASSWORD
with your PASSWORD.
Modify the file "pico w/wifi/freertos/iperf/picow freertos iperf.c" WIFI PASSWORD
with your PASSWORD.
Depending on which broker is going to be used the there are several parameters that can be changed
(port and ip of broker Mosquitto & Ultibo hardware port 1883 Ultibo QEMU 18830)
/*192.168.1.212 0xc0a801d4 LWIP MQTT EXAMPLE IPADDR INIT pi4-50*/
                    #define LWIP_MQTT_EXAMPLE_IPADDR_INIT =
IPADDR4_INIT(PP_HTONL(0xc0a801d4))
```

/*192.168.1.231 0xc0a801d4 LWIP_MQTT_EXAMPLE_IPADDR_INIT ultibo*/ #define LWIP MQTT EXAMPLE IPADDR INIT =

IPADDR4_INIT(PP_HTONL(0xc0a801e7))

openocd -f interface/raspberrypi-swd.cfg -f target/rp2040.cfg -c "program pico_w/wifi/freertos/iperf/picow_freertos_iperf_server_mqtt.elf verify reset exit"

It also runs the script "build_cli.sh". The IP of the pico_w remotes in the file client.c on your network need to modified to your network.

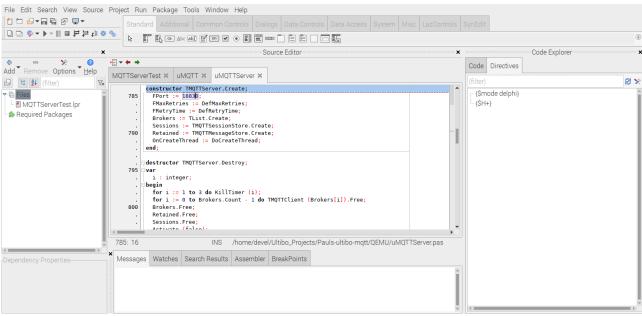
The script "build cli.sh" creates 6 programs (cli1, cli2, cli3, cli4, cli5, and cli6) in the folder pi tcp tests. #!/bin/bash

[&]quot;./6remotes.sh" creates 6 copies of the program

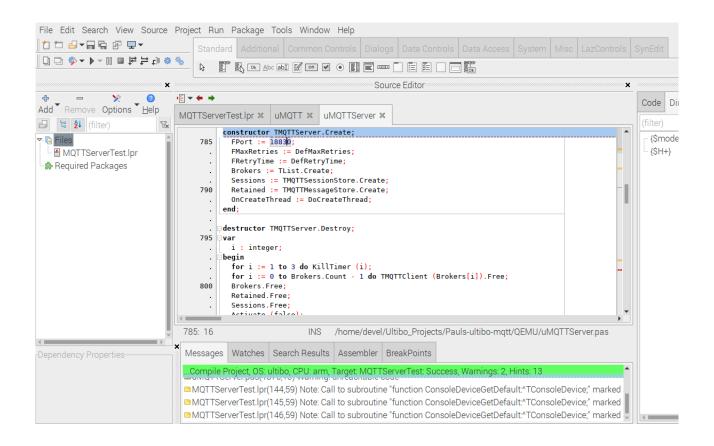
[&]quot;remotex/pico_w/wifi/freertos/iperf/picow_freertos_iperf_server_mqtt.elf" each with a different hostname. In addition copies "exe-ocd.sh" to each of the six folders remotex.

[&]quot;exe-ocd.sh" uses openocd to program the Pico_W #!/bin/bash

```
cd pi_tcp_tests
rm -f cli1 cli2 cli5 cli6
gcc -v client.c -Drem1 -o cli1
gcc -v client.c -Drem2 -o cli2
gcc -v client.c -Drem3 -o cli3
gcc -v client.c -Drem4 -o cli4
gcc -v client.c -Drem5 -o cli5
gcc -v client.c -Drem6 -o cli6
https://github.com/develone/Tools/blob/master/Installer/Core/Linux/ultiboinstaller.sh can be use to
installed Lazarus IDE (Ultibo Edition) on RPi. The script requires
requirePackage "libgtk2.0-dev"
requirePackage "libcairo2-dev"
requirePackage "libpango1.0-dev"
requirePackage "libgdk-pixbuf2.0-dev"
requirePackage "libatk1.0-dev"
requirePackage "libghc-x11-dev"
git clone <a href="https://github.com/develone/Ultibo">https://github.com/develone/Ultibo</a> Projects.git
The IP of the host needs to match your host system virtual bare metal RPi
         MQC.Host := '192.168.1.212';
         MQC.Username := 'testuser';
         MQC.Password := 'password123';
         MQC.LocalBounce := false;
         MQC.Activate (true);
         MQC.Publish ('pub_time', #0#11'hello there', qtEXACTLY_ONCE, false);
       end;
```



Depressing the Run/Compile or Run/Cleanup and Build



When the green bar appears the project is ready to run as virtual bare metal RPi.

```
Mosquitto Broker
```

diff /usr/share/doc/mosquitto/examples/mosquitto.conf /etc/mosquitto/mosquitto.conf 512c512,522

- < #allow_anonymous false
- ---
- > #listener 8883 192.168.1.211
- > #listener 1884 192.168.1.211
- > listener 9883
- > #listener 9883 192.168.1.175
- > listener 1883
- > user testuser
- > per_listener_settings true
- > #password_file /etc/mosqitto/mosquitto-pw
- > password file /home/devel/mosquitto-pw
- > #acl file file /etc/mosquitto/acl file.conf
- > allow_anonymous false
- 513a524
- > #log_dest stdout

```
mosquitto -c /etc/mosquitto/mosquitto.conf
mosquitto_sub -t 'update/memo' -u 'testuser' -P 'password123'
mosquitto sub -h pi4-60 -p 1883 -t 'update/memo' -u 'testuser' -P 'password123'
```

Ultibo QEMU "https://github.com/develone/Ultibo_Projects/tree/master/Pauls-ultibo-mqtt"

u16_t mqtt_port = 18830; instead of default u16_t mqtt_port = 1883;

 $devel@pi4-50: \sim /Ultibo_Projects/Pauls-ultibo-mqtt/QEMU \$./startqemu.sh \#!/bin/bash$

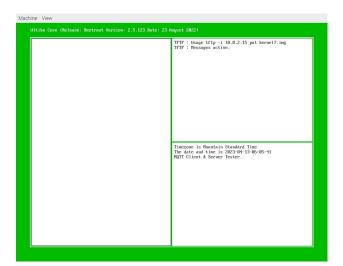
 $qemu\mbox{-system-arm}$ -machine versatilepb -cpu cortex-a8 -kernel kernel.bin \backslash -net

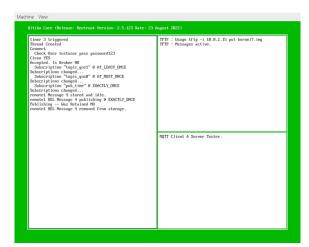
user, host fwd = tcp:: 5080 - : 80, host fwd = tcp:: 5023 - : 23, host fwd = tcp:: 18830 - : 18830, host fwd = udp:: 5069 - : 1883

-:69,hostfwd=tcp::6050-:5050 -net nic \setminus

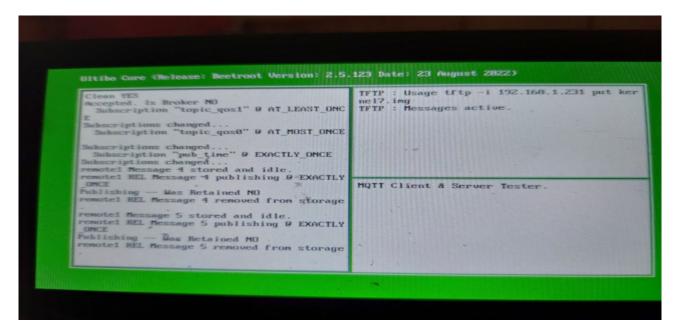
-drive file=disk.img,if=sd,format=raw

Starts a 3 pane Window. First step would be depressing '5': MQ.Activate (true);





This is a Ultibo RPi3B with 7in display.



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/MQTT

MQTT (originally an <u>initialism</u> of **MQ Telemetry Transport**[a]) is a lightweight, <u>publish-subscribe</u>, <u>machine to machine</u> network <u>protocol</u> for <u>message queue/message queuing service</u>. It is designed for connections with remote locations that have devices with resource constraints or limited network <u>bandwidth</u>, such as in the <u>Internet of Things</u> (IoT). It must run over a transport protocol that provides ordered, <u>lossless</u>, bi-directional connections—typically, <u>TCP/IP.[1]</u> It is an open <u>OASIS</u> standard and an <u>ISO</u> recommendation (**ISO/IEC 20922**).

```
RTC time setting
```

In the process of converting my "https://github.com/develone/pico_w-remotes.git".

This version used ntp for setting the RTC in Pico_W. The new version

"https://github.com/develone/pico_w-mqtt.git" uses a RPI to publish date and time information to topic 'pub_time' and the Pico_W subscribes to topic 'pub_time'.

../pub-time pi4-50

2023-04-07-05-38-18

In the function "mqtt_incoming_data_cb" parses the received time information and sets the Pico_W RTC.

t 0x0 &t 0x0 *pt 0x200220a0

t_ntp 0x0 &pt_ntp 0x0 *pt_ntp 0x200220dc

2023

04

07

05

38

18

2023-04-07-05-38-18

2023/04/07 05:38:27

Time information is reported to users using tcp_debug socket.

../pi_tcp_tests/cli1

Socket created successfully

Connected with server successfully

Starting FreeRTOS on core 0: ver 0.0.02 remote1

Connecting to Wi-Fi...

Connected. iperf server 192.168.1.176 4001

starting watchdog timer task

mqtt_ip = 0xd401a8c0 mqtt_port = 1883

mgtt connect 0x0 mgtt connect 0x1

2023-04-07-05-38-18

2023/04/07 05:38:2nnect 0x1

2023/04/07 05:42:37

mqtt_connect 0x1 mqtt_connect 0x1

40:57

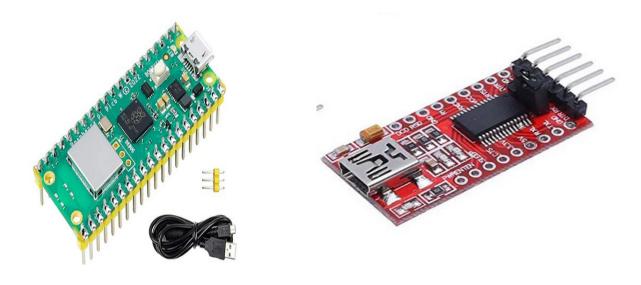
mqtt_connect 0x1 mqtt_connect 0x1

2023/04/07 05:41:22

mqtt ���

I have several pico_w connected to my home Wifi. Currently a 512 byte debug is sent to RPi4-4GB using (cli1, cli2, cli3, cli4, cli5, and cli6).

GPIO



The USB to UART is currently used to see the debug from pico_w. This will be removed and debug will be available using programs (cli1, cli2, cli3, cli4, cli5, and cli6).

and connected to the RPi4B 4Gb USB to see the debug output.

Now this can be done with the programs (cli1, cli2, cli3, cli4, cli5, and cli6).

Examples of the programming & debug are found

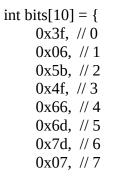
"https://github.com/develone/pico_w-mqtt/blob/dev/doc/info.txt".

Modified output "https://github.com/develone/pico_w-mqtt/blob/dev/doc/info_1.txt".

The buffer now is 512 bytes. The first 256 is used for booting information and the next 256 are used following the connection to WiFi. Note: mqtt_connected 0 then mqtt_connected 1 which is when the connection to the Mosquitto Broker.

```
devel@pi4-30:~/pico_w-mqtt/remote5 $ ../pi_tcp_tests/cli1
Socket created successfully
Connected with server successfully
Starting FreeRTOS on core 0: ver 0.0.02 remote1
Connecting to Wi-Fi...
Connected. iperf server 192.168.1.176 4001
starting watchdog timer task
mqtt_ip = 0xd401a8c0 mqtt_port = 1883
mqtt_connect 0x0 mqtt_connect 0x1
2023-04-07-05-38-18
2023/04/07 05:38:2nnect 0x1
2023/04/07 05:42:37
mqtt_connect 0x1 mqtt_connect 0x1
40:57
mqtt_connect 0x1 mqtt_connect 0x1
2023/04/07 05:41:22
mqtt ���
GPIO
```

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	3f 06 5b 4f 66 6d 7d 07 7f	0011 1111 0000 0110 0101 1011 0100 1111 0110 0110 0110 1101 0111 1101 0000 0111 0111 1111
_		
9	67	0110 0111





```
0x7f, // 8
    0x67 // 9
};
GPIO2 pin 4 pico w blue A
GPIO3 pin 5 pico_w red B
GPIO4 pin 6 pico_w blue C
--A--
F B
--G--
E C
--D--
void gpio_task(__unused void *params) {
  //bool on = false;
  printf("gpio_task starts\n");
//We could use gpio_set_dir_out_masked() here
  for (int gpio = FIRST_GPIO; gpio < FIRST_GPIO + 7; gpio++) {
     gpio_init(gpio);
    gpio_set_dir(gpio, GPIO_OUT);
    // Our bitmap above has a bit set where we need an LED on, BUT, we are pulling low to light
    // so invert our output
    gpio_set_outover(gpio, GPIO_OVERRIDE_INVERT);
  }
  gpio_init(BUTTON_GPIO);
  gpio_set_dir(BUTTON_GPIO, GPIO_IN);
  // We are using the button to pull down to 0v when pressed, so ensure that when
  // unpressed, it uses internal pull ups. Otherwise when unpressed, the input will
  // be floating.
  gpio_pull_up(BUTTON_GPIO);
  //int val = 0;
  while (true) {
    int val = 0;
    if (!gpio_get(BUTTON_GPIO)) {
       if (val == 9) {
         val = 0;
       } else {
         val++;
     } else if (val == 0) {
       val = 9:
     } else {
       val--;
    // We are starting with GPIO 2, our bitmap starts at bit 0 so shift to start at 2.
    int32_t mask = bits[val] << FIRST_GPIO;</pre>
```

```
gpio_set_mask(mask);
sleep_ms(250);
gpio_clr_mask(mask);

vTaskDelay(200);
}
```