

## UDAAN 2025

## SST

DHA: 2

## Nationalism In India

- Q1** Satyagraha in Champaran was against the oppressive  
(A) Indigo Plantation system  
(B) Banana Plantation system  
(C) Jute Plantation system  
(D) Sugarcane Plantation system
- Q2** In 1918, Gandhi moved to Ahmedabad to organise a Satyagraha struggle amongst  
(A) Cotton mill owners  
(B) Cotton mill workers  
(C) Peasants  
(D) Both (A) and (C)
- Q3** When was the Rowlatt Act enacted?  
(A) 1918 (B) 1916  
(C) 1914 (D) 1919
- Q4** The Non-cooperation Movement began on which one of the following dates?
- (A) December 1920 (B) November 1921  
(C) December 1921 (D) May 1921
- Q5** Why were the slogans demanding "Swatantra Bharat" important?  
(A) It showed the greatness of Mahatma Gandhi.  
(B) They were going beyond their own locality and emotionally identifying with an all-India movement.  
(C) They were a unifying force of the NonCooperation Movement.  
(D) The various ways in which 'Swaraj' was interpreted by different people.
- Q6** What were boycotted during the Non-cooperation movement?  
(A) Foreign goods (B) Food  
(C) Water (D) Wheat and Rice



## Answer Key

Q1 (A)

Q2 (B)

Q3 (D)

Q4 (A)

Q5 (B)

Q6 (A)



# Hints & Solutions

Note: scan the QR code to watch video solution

**Q1 Text Solution:**  
Indigo Plantation system

**Video Solution:**



**Q2 Text Solution:**  
Cotton mill workers

**Video Solution:**



**Q3 Text Solution:**  
1919

**Video Solution:**



**Q4 Text Solution:**  
December 1920

**Video Solution:**



**Q5 Text Solution:**  
They were going beyond their own locality and emotionally identifying with an all-India movement.

**Video Solution:**



**Q6 Text Solution:**  
Foreign goods

**Video Solution:**



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