

2025

Water Resources

Geography

Lecture - 01

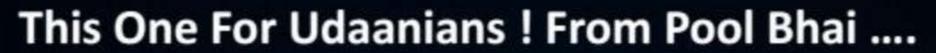
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CS to be covered

- Water Resources
- Water Scarcity









QUESTION



Which of the following water can be used for drinking?

- A Sea Water
- B Ocean Water
- C Water in polluted pond
- Potable Water





SAVE WATER! SAVE LIFE!







Some Amazing Facts



96.5% of world's water is found in oceans

This is salty water

India receives 4% of world's precipitation.

Rank -133

-> rainfall

2.5% exists in the form of freshwater

Water fresent in rivers, lakes,



Less than 30% is stored as groundwater

70% of freshwater exists as ice sheets and glaciers



Water -> It is a renewable resource

Water gets recharged through

the hydrological cycle (water cycle)





- It is predicted that by 2025 -> 2 billion feefle Will be facing water scarcity.



Ques

India receives ___ of the world's forecipitation

(a) 10-1.

(b) y.1.

(c) 14.1.

(d) 24.1.

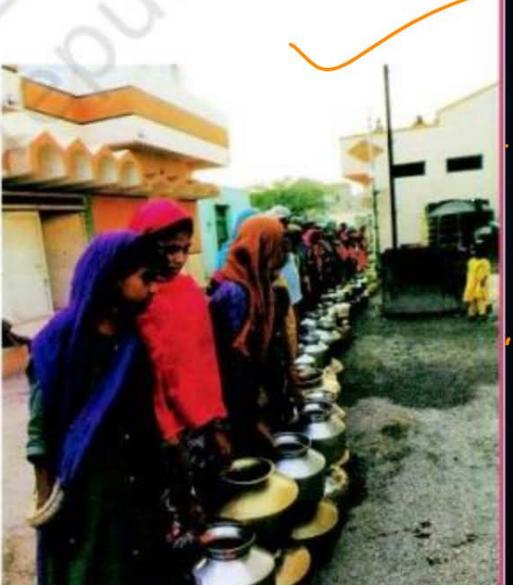


Water, Water Everywhere, Not a Drop to Drink: After a heavy downpour, a boy collects drinking water in Kolkata. Life in the city and its adjacent districts was paralysed as incessant overnight rain, meaning a record 180 mm, flooded vast area and disruted traffic.



A Kashmiri earthquake survivor carries water in the snow in a devastated village.

एक और इजराइल जैसे 25 सेमी, औसत वार्षिक वर्षा वाले देश में जल का कोई अभाव नहीं है तो दूसरी ओर 114 सेमी, औसत वार्षिक वर्षा वाले हमारे देश में प्रति वर्ष किसी भाग में सुखा अवश्य पड़ता है। देश में जल की उपलब्धता और उसके स्वरूप के अनुसार समुधित जलप्रबंधन न होने के कारण ही वर्षा का जल नदी-नालों में तेजी से बहकर समुद्र में चला जाता है जिससे वर्षा के बाद के लगभग नौ महीने देश के लिए पानी की कमी के होते हैं। ये ही मूल कारण हैं देश में जलीय अभाव के, जिसे हम उधित प्रबंधन के द्वारा ही नियंत्रित कर सकते हैं।









Water Scarcity Sunke Yahi Wala Situation Imagine Kar Raha Tha Na Vro ..



9 mfr

-> The amount of rainfall received varies with respect to place and time

Reason?

Depends on Seasonal and annual precipitation (rainfall)



Water Scarcity



1) A Situation where enough water is not available to meet the demands of the feeble

2) Water may not be available (a) Poor Quality (b) Less Quantity



Water Scarcity
It has two aspects

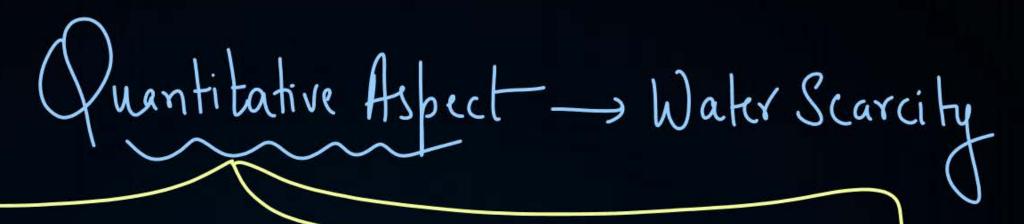
Quantitative (Based On Quantity)

Qualifative

(Based On Quality)



"Water Scarcity may be caused due to Qualifative and Quantitative aspects" Discuss (3/5)





D Large Growing Population 2) Industrialisation and Urbanisation 3) Increased
Domestic
Use



Water scarcity may be caused due to large growing population Large

Scason agriculture

A large population needs water for domestic purposes and for growing crops

3) So to facilitate higher (support) grain froduction Water resources are being overused to enpand irrigated areas for dry



Trigated agriculture

Largest consumer of

Water

5 Solutions

- -> Revolutionise the agriculture
- Develop drought resistant crops
- -> Practise Dry farming techniques



Farmers use tubewells on farms -> for irrigation This puts a fromuse on groundwater
resources -> [Result -> decline in groundwater
levels

Also, it can effect the water availability and food security

of the people





- ___ is the largest consumer of water
- (a) Irrigated agriculture
 - (b) Only cities
 - (C) Only Rural Areas
 - (d) Nonc



Inkresting Fact > 22-1. of power yeeds of India - Comes from hydroelectric



- is one of the major Causes for decline in groundwater levels in rural areas.
- (9) Scientific Method of Grrigation
- (b) Drip irrigation
 (c) Tubewell Irrigation
 (d) All



Homework



Explain how a large growing population has caused from your on water resources? (3)

