

UPDAAN

2025

Nationalism In India

History

Lecture - 02

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Topics

to be covered

- 1 Satyagraha Movements
- 2 Khilafat
- 3 Rowlatt Act
- 4



**KYA VRO ! Kabhi Padh Bhi Liya Kar.... Fir Revise Karke
Nahi Aya Na ?**





Source A(NCERT)



Q4Q

fight using
Non-violence

Mahatma Gandhi on *Satyagraha*

'It is said of "passive resistance" that it is the weapon of the weak, but the power which is the subject of this article can be used only by the strong. This power is not passive resistance; indeed it calls for intense activity. The movement in South Africa was not passive but active ...

' Satyagraha is not physical force. A *satyagrahi* does not inflict pain on the adversary; he does not seek his destruction ... In the use of *satyagraha*, there is no ill-will whatever.

' Satyagraha is pure soul-force. Truth is the very substance of the soul. That is why this force is called *satyagraha*. The soul is informed with knowledge. In it burns the flame of love. ... Non-violence is the supreme *dharma* ...

'It is certain that India cannot rival Britain or Europe in force of arms. The British worship the war-god and they can all of them become, as they are becoming, bearers of arms. The hundreds of millions in India can never carry arms. They have made the religion of non-violence their own ...'

Source

Question



Assertion(A) : Satyagraha is passive resistance
Reason(R) : Satyagraha is a pure soul force

active

x

A Both A and R true , R correctly explains A

B Both A and R true , R does not explain A

C A is true , R is false

D A is false , R is true

Question



Which of the following places did Gandhi use Satyagraha to fight injustice successfully ?

A Spain

B New Zealand

C South Africa

D England

Question



In a history class , Aashi was studying about Satyagraha and noted few points about it . Which of the following would best match the ideology of Satyagraha ?

[CBQ] ✓

- A** ✓ Satyagraha is a pure soul force and is active resistance
- B** It is the subject and weapon of the weak ✓
- C** Truth is the substance of the soul
- D** ✓ Both a and c

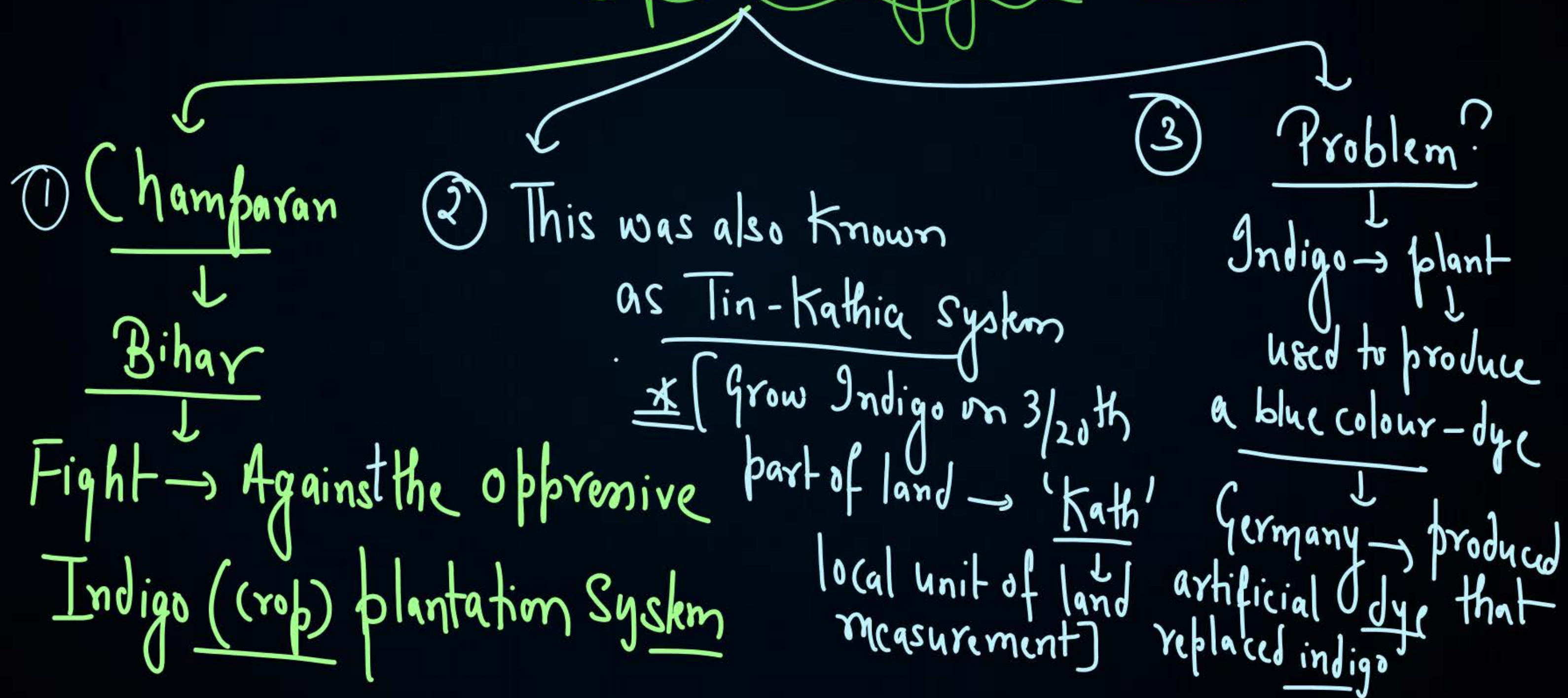




Revise the Class Notes Vro!



Champan Satyagraha (1917)



Champan Satyagraha (1917)

④ As a result

↓
Demand for Indigo
in International Market
fell

⑤ European planters started

facing losses

↓
To recover this

→ Increased
rents ✓

→ Taxes → Increased ✓



Champan Satyagraha (1917)

① Gandhi was called to Champan by a peasant (farmer) named Raj Kumar Shukla

② Gandhi fought against —
Indigo Plantation System

③ Result
↓
This system was abolished



Ahmedabad Satyagraha (1918)

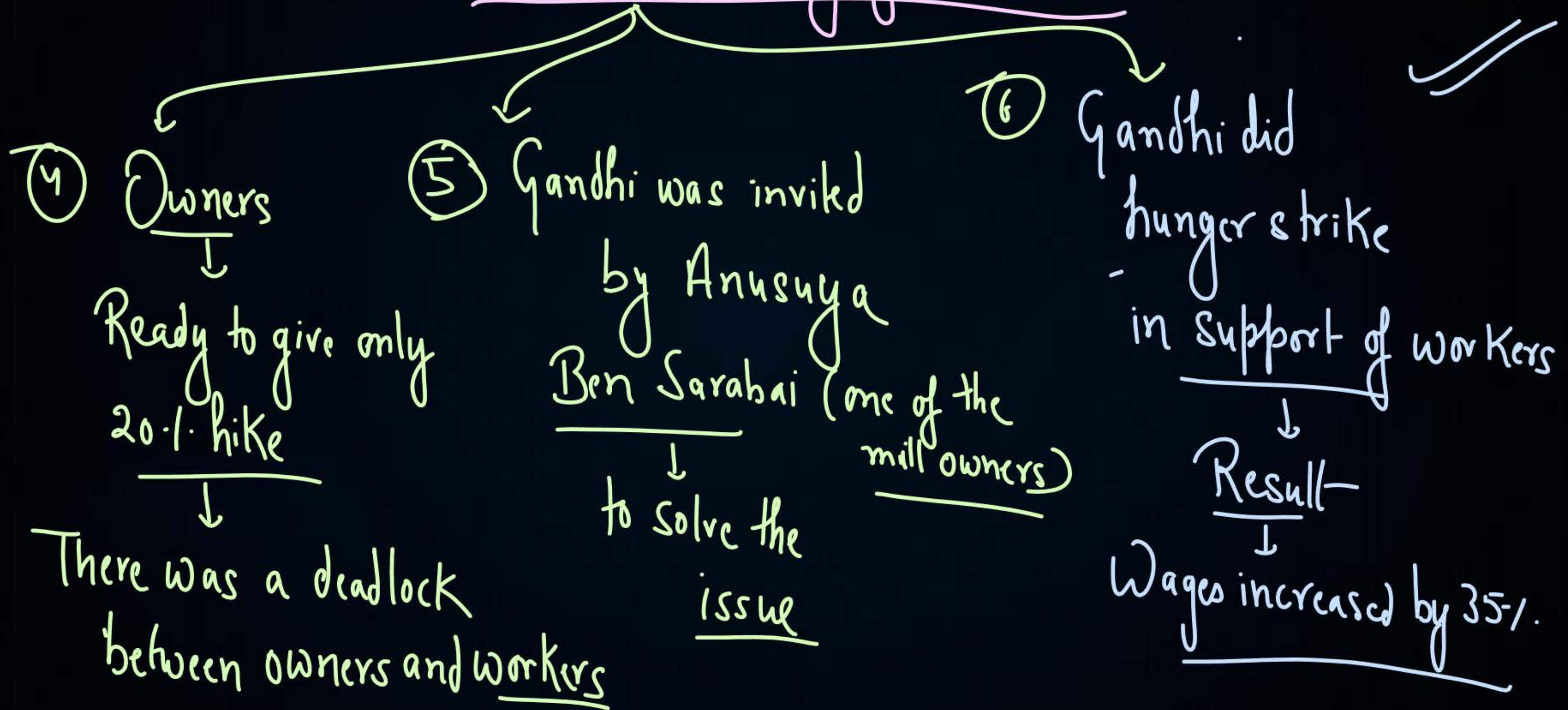
① Also called
Ahmedabad
Cotton mill
Strike

② During plague [a disease caused
by rats]
epidemic
↳ Cotton mill owners announced
plague bonus (extra money) to
attract workers → But refused
bonus → after the plague was over.

③ Workers
went on
Strike demanding
a 50-1. hike
(increase)
in wages

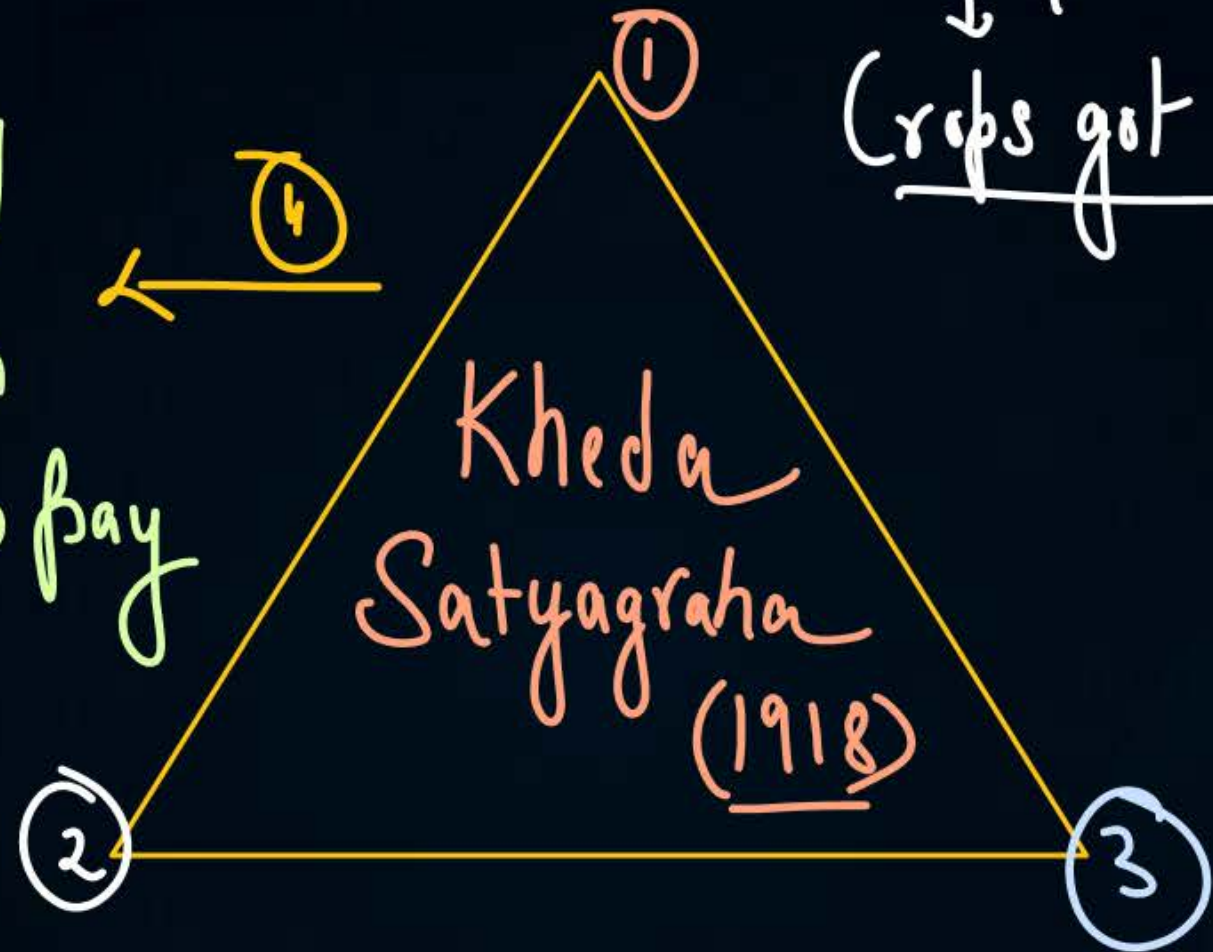


Ahmedabad Satyagraha (1918)



Kheda → Excessive rainfall

↓
Crops got destroyed.



Result

↓
Rent was remitted and only those who can afford were asked to pay the rent.

Farmers → Not able to pay the rent and want it to be remitted (मीफ कर देना)
↓
(किराया)

Gandhi does Satyagraha to support poor peasants of Kheda

ROWLATT ACT 1919



✓

Rowlatt Act (1919)

① 1917

↓
Governor General

↓
Lord Chelmsford

↓
Appointed a Seditious Committee

② Committee was led by
Justice Sidney
Rowlatt

↓
So → It is also called Rowlatt
Committee

③ Objective

↓
To Keep
a check on
nationalist
activities

↓
To suggest
a solution
to stop
them



(Request/Argument)

Rowlatt Act (1919)

① Rowlatt Act

Was passed on
18 March 1919

By Imperial Legislative Council

Despite the united opposition of the Indian members

②

This act gave powers to the
police

To arrest anyone found doing
activity against the British

Police did not
need a warrant

Person can be
put into
prison
for upto 2 yrs
Without any
trial

③ It is also called a Black Act
"No defence, No Appeal, No defence"
(lawyer) defence

POLICE



PEOPLE

Kuch Nahi Hua Vro ! Thoda Zyada Satyagraha Kardiya



British Bura Man Gaye

The First World War, Khilafat and Non Cooperation



Question



While studying about the Indian national movement . Rajat came across a place in northern part of India where farmers were troubled due to indigo plantation system. Identify the place

A Bundelkhand

B Meerut

C Champaran

D Rohtak

Question



Gandhi organised satyagraha in _____ to support the cotton mill workers

A Spain

B New Zealand

C Ahmedabad

D Surat

Question

Assertion(A) : Rowlatt Satyagraha increased the powers of the police

Reason(R) : The British wanted to control the nationalist activities

Act

Ques
Last



A Both A and R true , R correctly explains A

B Both A and R true , R does not explain A

C A is true , R is false

D A is false , R is true



Homework



Module → Discuss the initial Satyagraha movements of
Gandhi in India (5)



THANK
YOU

