

# UPDAAN



## 2025

### **Tense : Past Tense** (Grammar)

**English**

**Lecture – 02**

**By – Anurag Tyagi Sir**



# Topics

*to be covered*



- 1 Warm-up Game ✓
- 2 Past Tense ✓
- 3 Exercise and Quiz ✓





# Topics *of previous Lecture*

- 1 Warm-up Game
- 2 Introduction to Tenses ✓
- 3 Present Tense ✓
- 4 Exercise and Quiz ✓



**Game time!**

# Solve the riddles!



1. The more you take,  
the more you leave  
behind. What am I?

Footprints

2. What has a head, a  
tail, but no body?

Coin

3. What has keys but  
can't open locks?

Keyboard/Piano



# Solve the riddles!

1. The more you take,  
the more you leave  
behind. What am I?

**'Footsteps'**

2. What has a head, a  
tail, but no body?

**'Coin'**

3. What has keys but  
can't open locks?

**'Piano'**



# Past Tense

---





## Topic : Past Tense



<u>Simple Past</u>		<u>Past Continuous</u>		<u>Past Perfect</u>		<u>Past Perfect Continuous</u>	
HV Do	MV V <sub>2</sub>	HV Be	MV V <sub>1</sub> +ing	HV Have	MV - V <sub>3</sub>	HV Have been	MV - V <sub>1</sub> +ing





## Simple Past

HV 'Do'

MV  $V_2$

①  $S + V_2 + O$

He played football

②  $S + \text{did} + \text{not} + V_1 + O$

He did not (didn't) play football.

③ Did he play football?

④ I.N. Did he not play football?

## Past Continuous

HV Be (was, were)

MV  $V_1 + \text{ing}$

①  $S + \text{was/were} + V_1 + \text{ing} + O$

<sup>S</sup> I, he, she, it, <sup>P</sup> We, you, They

He was playing football.

② He was not playing football.

③ Was he playing football?

④ I.N. Wasn't he playing?

#Q. Use the correct form of verb- negative or positive to complete the following sentences.

(Use Simple Past)

$\checkmark_2$  / did not + V,

✓(A) He returned (return) to India last month.

✓(B) I was in a hurry, so I did not have (have) time to talk to you.

✓(C) X: Did you meet (you/meet) the doctor?

Y: No, I could not.

He was (be) not in his clinic when I visited (visit) it.



#Q. Use the correct form of verb- negative or positive to complete the following sentences. (Use Simple Past)

It was warm, so Karan ----- (take) off his blazer.



- ☒ A took
- ☐ B take
- ☐ C did not take
- ☐ D did not took



#Q. Use the correct form of verb- negative or positive to complete the following sentences. (Use Simple Past)

I wasn't feeling well, so I did not (eat) much.  
*eat* *v,*

- ☐ A ate
- ☒ B did not eat
- ☐ C did not ate
- ☐ D did ate



#Q. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of verb given in the brackets.

(Use Past Continuous Tense)

*was / were + V<sub>1</sub> + ing*

A. They were reading (read) their books.

B. Deepa was buying (buy) a book.

C. The teacher was checking (check) the answer books.

#Q. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of verb given in the brackets.

(Use Past Continuous Tense)

Students \_\_\_\_\_ (come) back home.

*Were coming*

A was coming

B coming

☒ C were coming

D come

#Q. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of verb given in the brackets.

(Use Past Continuous Tense)

She ----- (go) with you.

*was going*

A

going

B

were going

C

go

☒ D

was going





## Topic : Past Indefinite vs Past Continuous



### Simple Past

- ✓ 1. to express past habits or regular action in the past
  - a. He **read** a chapter of Gita everyday.
  - b. He never **smoked**.
- ✓ 2. to express a past event or action, completely unrelated to the present
  - a. I **met** him yesterday.
  - b. When **did** you **meet** him?
3. to express an action which lasted for a period of time in the past
  - a. He **worked** in that office for four years.
  - b. She **lived** in Delhi for a long time.

### Past Continuous

- ✓ 1. to express an action that was in progress at some time in the past
  - a. I **was writing** a letter t 8 o'clock.
- ✓ 2. to express two or more actions in progress at the same time
  - a. While I **was doing** my homework, my brother **was playing** outside.
  - b. The students **were talking** when the teacher **was writing** on the black-board.





## Topic : Past Indefinite vs Past Continuous



Simple Past	✓ Past Continuous
	<p>✖ ✖ ✖</p> <p>3. When one event is more important than another in the past, we can use the <u>past continuous</u> for the <u>background event</u> (the less important event) and the <u>past simple</u> for the main event.</p> <p>✓ a. Lisa <u>was cycling</u> to school when she <u>saw</u> the accident.</p> <p>✓ b. What <u>were you thinking</u> about when you <u>won</u> the <u>race</u>?</p>

#Q. Fill in the blanks using Simple Past Tense or Past Continuous Tense form of verb given in brackets.

She was sleeping when she heard the news.

- A ~~were you doing~~ were sleeping
- ☒ B ~~you did~~ was sleeping
- C ~~are you doing~~ sleep
- D ~~you were doing~~ slept



#Q. Fill in the blanks using Simple Past Tense or Past Continuous Tense form of verb given in brackets.

They were chatting when the teacher entered the classroom.

- ☐ A were entering
- ☒ B entered
- ☐ C enter
- ☐ D was entering

#Q. Fill in the blanks using Simple Past Tense or Past Continuous Tense form of verb given in brackets.

$V_2$

$\text{was/were} + V_1 + \text{ing}$

Yesterday, while I (a) was studying (study) for my exam,

my roommate (b) was playing (play) loud music in the living room.

I (c) tried (try) to concentrate, but it (d) was (be) difficult.

Suddenly, there (e) was (be) a power outage, and everything

(f) went (go) dark.



## Simple Past vs Present Perfect

S + V<sub>2</sub> + O

~~a)~~ We reached the moon in 1969

~~c)~~ We progressed a lot.

★ Adv. of time - Simple Past

No adv. of time /  
recently completed  
actions - Present perfect

S + has/have + V<sub>3</sub> + O

~~b)~~ We have reached the moon in 1969

~~d)~~ We have progressed a lot.

#Q. Put the verb into correct tense.

(Use Simple Past or Present Perfect)

A. I just \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) my homework.

*I have just finished*

☒ A has finished

☐ B finished

☐ C finishing

☐ D finish

#Q. **Put the verb into correct tense.**

(Use Simple Past or Present Perfect)

B. Tom \_\_\_\_\_ (move) to his hometown in 1994.

**A** has moved (Present Perfect)

☒ **B** moved (Simple Past)

**C** moving

**D** move



#Q. **Put the verb into correct tense.**

(Use Simple Past or Present Perfect)

C. My friend ----- (be) in Canada two years ago.

↓  
V<sub>2</sub>

Simple  
past  
↓  
V<sub>2</sub>

☒ **A** was

☐ **B** has been

☐ **C** is

☐ **D** be



#Q. **Put the verb into correct tense.**

(Use Simple Past or Present Perfect)

D. Ravi ~~has~~ \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to America for higher studies.

- ☐ A go
- ☐ B went
- ☒ C has gone
- ☐ D going

↓  
present  
perfect  
↓  
has/have + V<sub>3</sub>



past of past



<b>Past <u>Perfect</u></b>		<b>Past <u>Perfect Continuous</u></b>	
HV - had	MV $V_3$	HV - Had Been	MV $V_1 + ing$
<p>Ⓟ S + had + <math>V_3</math> + D</p> <p>He had played football.</p> <p>Ⓝ He hadn't played football.</p>			

# Past Perfect:



Two actions completed  
in past

1st action  
↓  
Past perfect  
(had + V<sub>3</sub>)

Come - ②  
die - ①

The patient had died  
before the doctor came.

2nd action  
↓  
Simple Past  
(V<sub>2</sub>)

leave - ①  
reach - ②



#Q. Fill in the blanks with the correct form of verb given in the brackets.

(Use Past Perfect Tense)

↓  
had + V<sub>3</sub>

(A) The boys had plucked (pluck) the flowers before the gardener came.

(B) We had completed (complete) our work before Sunday.

(C) The train had left <sup>left</sup> (leave) the station before I came.

(D) He had died (die) before the doctor came.

(E) The house had burnt <sup>burnt</sup> (burn) before the fire brigade came.





## Topic : Past Perfect vs Past Perfect Continuous



### Past Perfect

- ✓ 1. to express an action completed before a certain time in the past (to refer to time up to then)
  - a. 'By 7pm', all the shops had closed.
  - b. At 16 years, she had passed her B.A. examination.
- ✓ 2. to express an action in the past which was completed before another action, also in the past
  - a. We had locked all the rooms before we left the house.
3. to express impossible (unfulfilled) conditions of the past
  - a. If you had worked hard, you would have passed.

### Past Perfect Continuous

1. to express an action that began before a certain time in the past and continued upto that time or stopped just before it
  - a. The baby had been crying for ten minutes when the nurse attended to her.
  - b. Until he reached X class, Ravi had been studying in a village school.
2. to express a repeated action in the past
  - a. He had tried many times to phone her.  
= He had been trying to phone her.

## Topic : Exercise-7



Simple past  
↓  
2

Past perfect  
had + V<sub>3</sub>

(A) Bhim Singh had been (be) in the army for ten years when I first met  
(meet) him.

- A been; met
- B been; had met
- ☒ C had been; met
- D be; meet



(B) Our hero Karan Singh's father \_\_\_\_\_ (die) before his birth.

- ☐ A died
- ☐ B die
- ☒ C had died
- ☐ D dying



(C) The condition of the room indicated (indicate) that someone (come) in my absence.  
 had come

- ☒ A had indicated; came ✗
- ☒ B indicated; had come ✓
- ☐ C indicate; come
- ☐ D Indicating; coming



(D) The officer \_\_\_\_\_ (just join)<sup>①</sup> his new posting when he \_\_\_\_\_ (get)<sup>②</sup> the news of his yet another transfer.

☒ **A** had just joined; got

☐ **B** just joined; had got

☐ **C** just join; got

☐ **D** join; get



(E) The thieves had escaped (escape) <sup>①</sup> by the time the police arrived (arrive). <sup>②</sup>

- A** escaped; arrived
- B** escaped; had arrived
- ☒ **C** had escaped; arrived
- D** escapes; arrives



past of past



## Past Perfect

HV - had

MV  $V_3$

① S + had +  $V_3$  + O

He had played football.

② He hadn't played football.

## Past Perfect Continuous

HV - Had Been

MV  $V_1 + ing$

① S + had been +  $V_1 + ing$  + O + since/for + time

The child had been crying for 10 minutes when the nurse attended her.

② The child had not been crying for

---



had + been + V<sub>1</sub> + ing

#Q. Fill in the blanks with the Past Perfect Continuous form of the Verb in the brackets.

(A) ✓ Meera was delighted with her new keyboard. She had been wanting-----

(want) one for a long time.

(B) ✓ Throughout September, they had been picking----- (pick) apples.

(C) ✓ The little ant had been storing----- (store) food all through the summer,

while the grass hopper had been wasting----- (waste) his time in singing songs.

(D) ✓ Had----- he been writing----- (write) film scripts before he took to writing novels?





## Topic : Homework



1 Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb given in the brackets. (Use simple past)

- A. He \_\_\_\_\_ the heavy stone. (lift)
- B. The washerman \_\_\_\_\_ the clothes. (wash)
- C. He \_\_\_\_\_ the paper yesterday. (tear)
- D. The clock \_\_\_\_\_ five. (strike)
- E. The woodcutter \_\_\_\_\_ the tree. (cut)

2. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of verb given in the brackets. (Use Past Continuous Tense)

- (A) She \_\_\_\_\_ (laugh).
- (B) The boys \_\_\_\_\_ (talk) to him.
- (C) Children \_\_\_\_\_ (make) a noise in the class.
- (D) The picture \_\_\_\_\_ (look) very charming.
- (E) They \_\_\_\_\_ (sing) songs.

3. Put the verb into correct tense. (Use Simple Past or Present Perfect)

(A) I (just/finish) have just finished my homework.

(B) Mary (already/write) \_\_\_\_\_ five letters.

(C) Tom (move) moved to his home town in 1994.  $\checkmark \frac{1}{2}$

(D) My friend (be) \_\_\_\_\_ in Canada two years ago.

(E) I (not/be) \_\_\_\_\_ to Canada so far.

(F) But I (already/travel) \_\_\_\_\_ to London a couple of times.

(G) Last week, Mary and Paul (go) went to the cinema.

(H) I can't take any picture because I (not/buy) \_\_\_\_\_ a new film yet.

★★★ (I) (they/spend) Did they spend their holidays in Paris last summer?





THANK  
YOU

