

2025

Bharat Mata Ki Jai 19

ACIDS, BASES AND SALTS

Salts and Their Types – Part II

CHEMISTRY

Lecture - 07

BY: SUNIL BHAIYA



Topics

to be covered

- Salts and Their Types On Basis of (v) pH
- 2 Common Salt: Occurrence, Extraction and Uses
- Sodium hydroxide: Manufacturing and Uses (

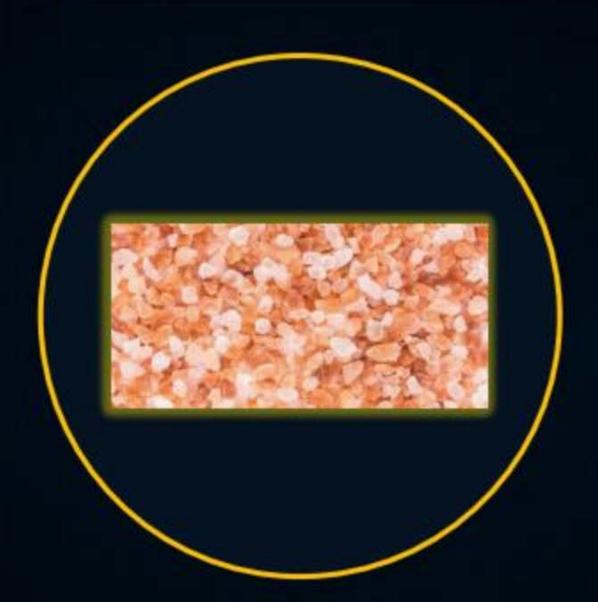






Salts and Their Types – On Basis of pH





Common Salt: Occurrence, Extraction and Uses





Sodium hydroxide: Manufacturing and Uses





RIDDLE WALLAH



Hasmukhlal: Ae Simaila tu ek gaana bta skti hai?

Simaila: Arre bilkul baht gaane sunti hu mein waise bhi...

Hasmukhlal: First word of the song is made from chemical symbols of (Hydrogen, Uranium, Sulphur and Nitrogen), second word from chemical symbols of (Tellurium and Radium), third and fourth word from chemical symbols of (Tantalum, Uranium and Barium).

Simaila: Hasmukhlal beta chup chap nikal jao warna bachoge ni...

HUSN Tera Tauba Tauba

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Hasmukhlalians be like:



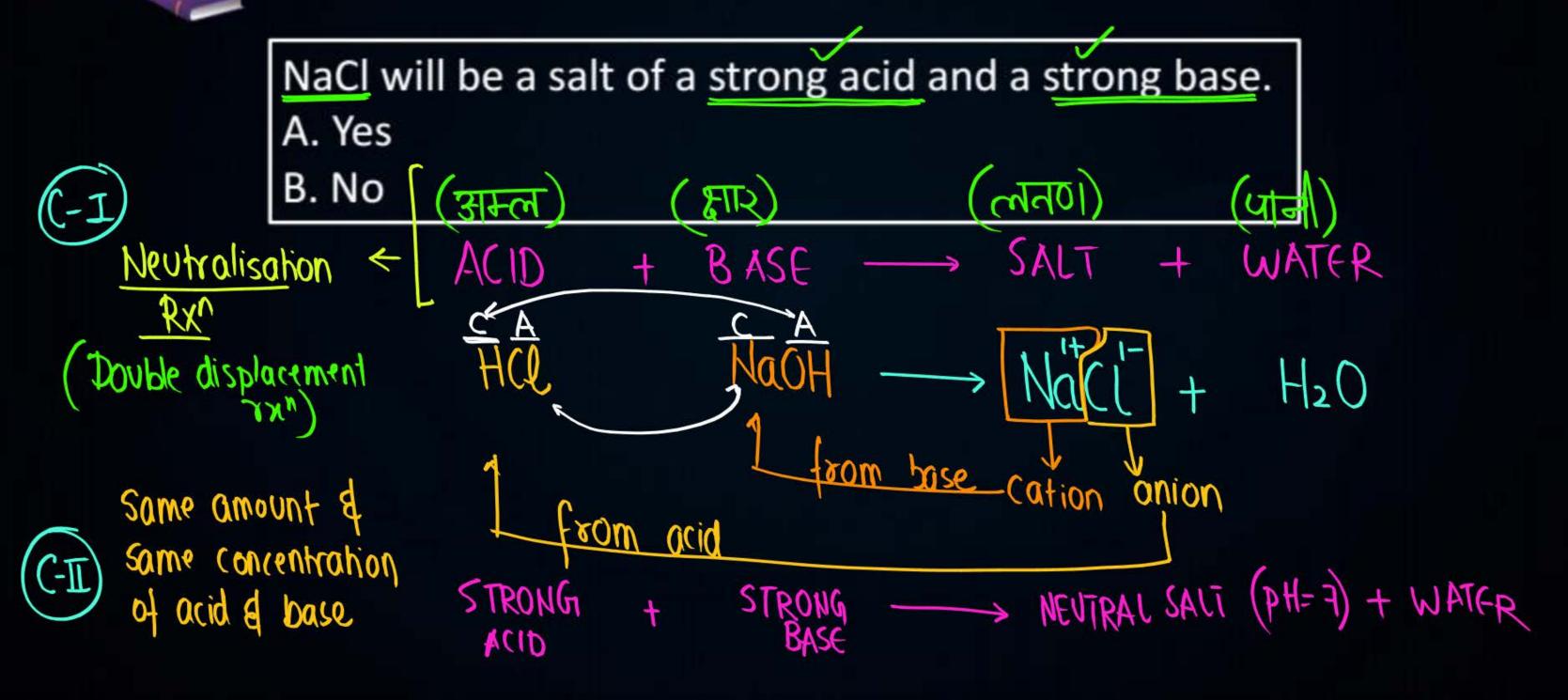




Salts and Their Types – On Basis of pH















		Salt obtained from	
Name of the salt	Formula	Base	Acid
Ammonium chloride	NH ₄ Cl	NH ₄ OH	HCL
C-I ACID + BASE> SALT + WATER			
HCI + NH₄OH]	CI + H ₂ O	
Same amount trom ocid	in base Cati	on arion	
(C-II) & same concentration of acid & base Strong +	Licula Sil	ACIDIC (< -)	+ WATER
of acia & base Strong +	BASE -> /	ACIDIC (PH < 7) SALT	7 1011101

Nature of KIDIC



Give a Thought (4)





CaCO₃ will be a salt of strong base and weak acid.

A. Yes

B. No

(-1)

ACID + BASE
$$\longrightarrow$$
 SALT + WATER
 $H_2(O_3 + (a(O+1)_2 \longrightarrow Ca(O_3^2 + H_2O)$
 $from acid base$ cation anion



same amount same concentration weak + → Bosic (PH>7) + Water of acid & bose acid

CONCLUSION







Give a Thought





Can salts be only formed after neutralisation reactions?

A. Yes

B. No



Give a Thought





Can salts be only formed after neutralisation reactions?

A. Yes

B. No

No, as they are also formed when metal reacts with dilute acids or bases, metal bicarbonates/carbonates react with acids. etc.

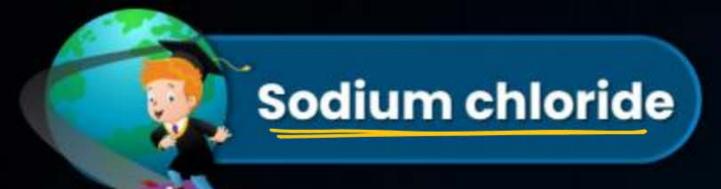
KYA BOLTI PUBLIC







Common Salt:
Occurrence, Extraction
and Uses



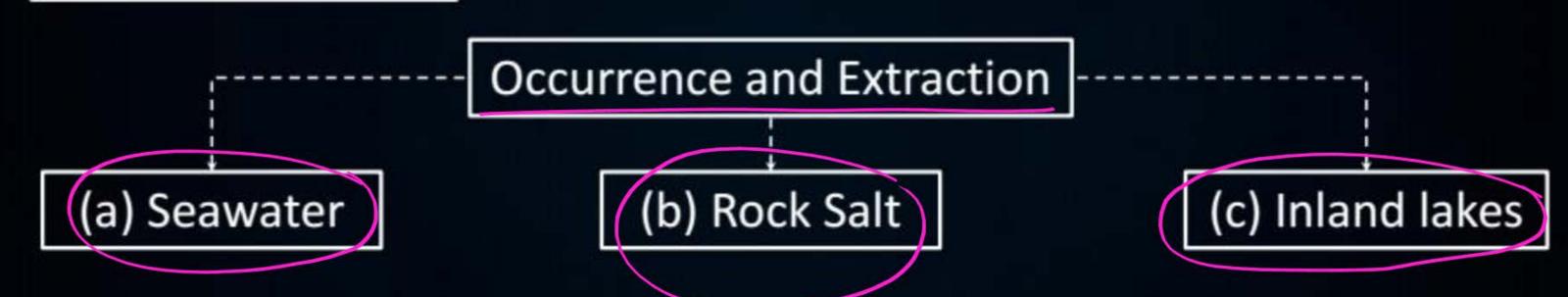


-> White colour solid

> M.P.: 800°C



Chemical Formula: Nacl





Sodium chloride

a highest concentration



Nacl + KCl + MgCl + Cacl2 etc.

1 mixture of different salts

(a) <u>Seawater</u>: <u>Seawater</u> contains different salts dissolved in it, most of which is <u>sodium chloride</u>. It is obtained after the <u>evaporation of</u> seawater.

SUN & WIND

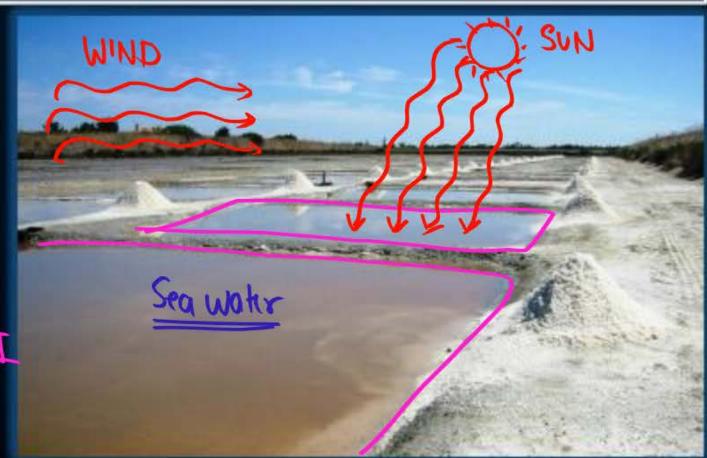
Wakr will evaporate

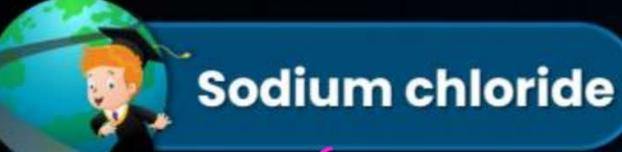
Mixture of different

Salts is left

Sold as lodised common salt

Pudified & KI NaI









(b) Rock salt: Common salt is found in the form of solid deposits which are formed when seas of bygone ages dried up. It is brown due to the presence of earthly impurities.

Places where deposits are found:

Mandi (In HP) and Khewra of Punjab (In Pakistan).





Sodium chloride



(c) Inland lakes: Large quantities of the salt are obtained by the natural evaporation of the water of inland lakes, e.g., Sambhar lake in Rajasthan (India), Great Salt Lake (Utah, USA) etc.





Uses of Common Salt



maintains blood pressure of body

transportation of nutrients

- (a) It is an essential constituent of our diet.
- (b) It is an important raw material for the production of other materials of daily use such as sodium hydroxide, bleaching powder, baking soda and more.



Sodium hydroxide: Manufacturing and Uses

Sodium hydroxide

Common name: - Coustic soda Lye

Chemical Formula: NaOH

Manufactured by: — Chlorine Chlorine NaOH

(by-product) (main product)

MAIN PRODUCT -> Primary

product for which

process is done

BY-PRODUCT -> secondary product(s)
formed along with
main product



Imp. To Know

a Oxidation is loss of electron(s)



(I) -> Oxidation: Loss of electron(s)

Reduction: Gain of electron(s) RIG Reduction is gain of electron(s)

III) → BRINE SOLTN: [Na(L in H20]

Anode [connected to the terminal of] -> OXIDATION

(I) → Cathode - 11 --- -ve -11--- TEDUCTION

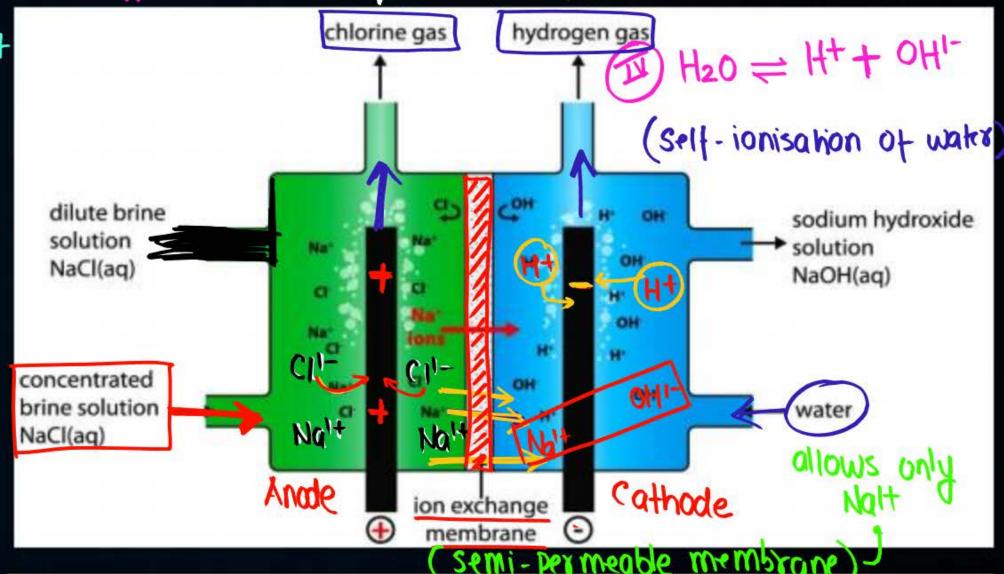
Manufacturing of Sodium hydroxide Opposite charges attract each other H+ + e- → H At cathode: $2H^+ + 2e^- \rightarrow$ anode At anode: Chlorine gas At anode: Clz gas At cathode: the gas

Near the

(Membrane Based Process)

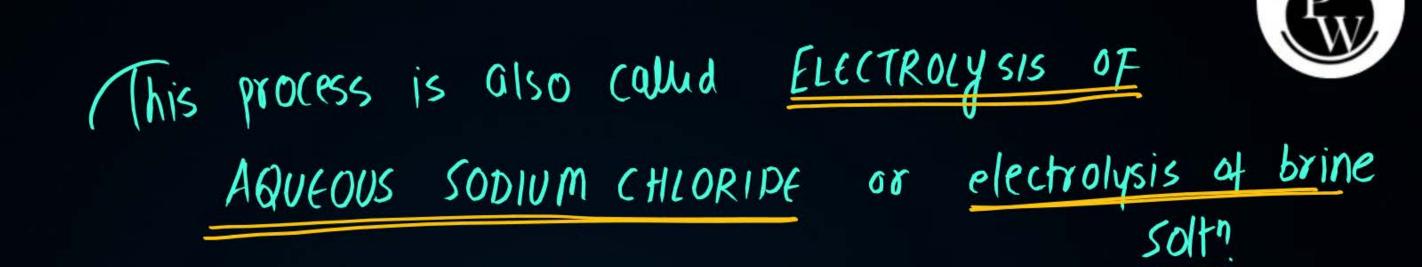


Nacl(s) - dissolve > Nacl(aq) --> NaH(aq) + cl-(aq)



The complete reaction of the process will be:

 $2\text{NaCl}(aq) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(1) \rightarrow 2\text{NaOH}(aq) + \text{H}_2(g) + \text{Cl}_2(g)$









QUESTION

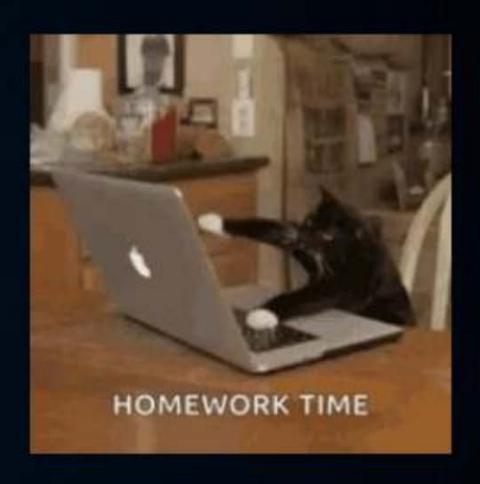


Identify the correct representation of reaction occurring during chloralkali process

- 2NaCl(I) + 2H₂O(I) \rightarrow 2NaOH(I) + Cl₂(g) + H₂(g)
- B $2NaCl(aq) + 2H₂O(aq) \rightarrow 2NaOH(aq) + Cl₂(g) + H₂(g)$
- 2NaCl(aq) + 2H₂O(I) \rightarrow 2NaOH(aq) + Cl₂(I) + H₂(g)
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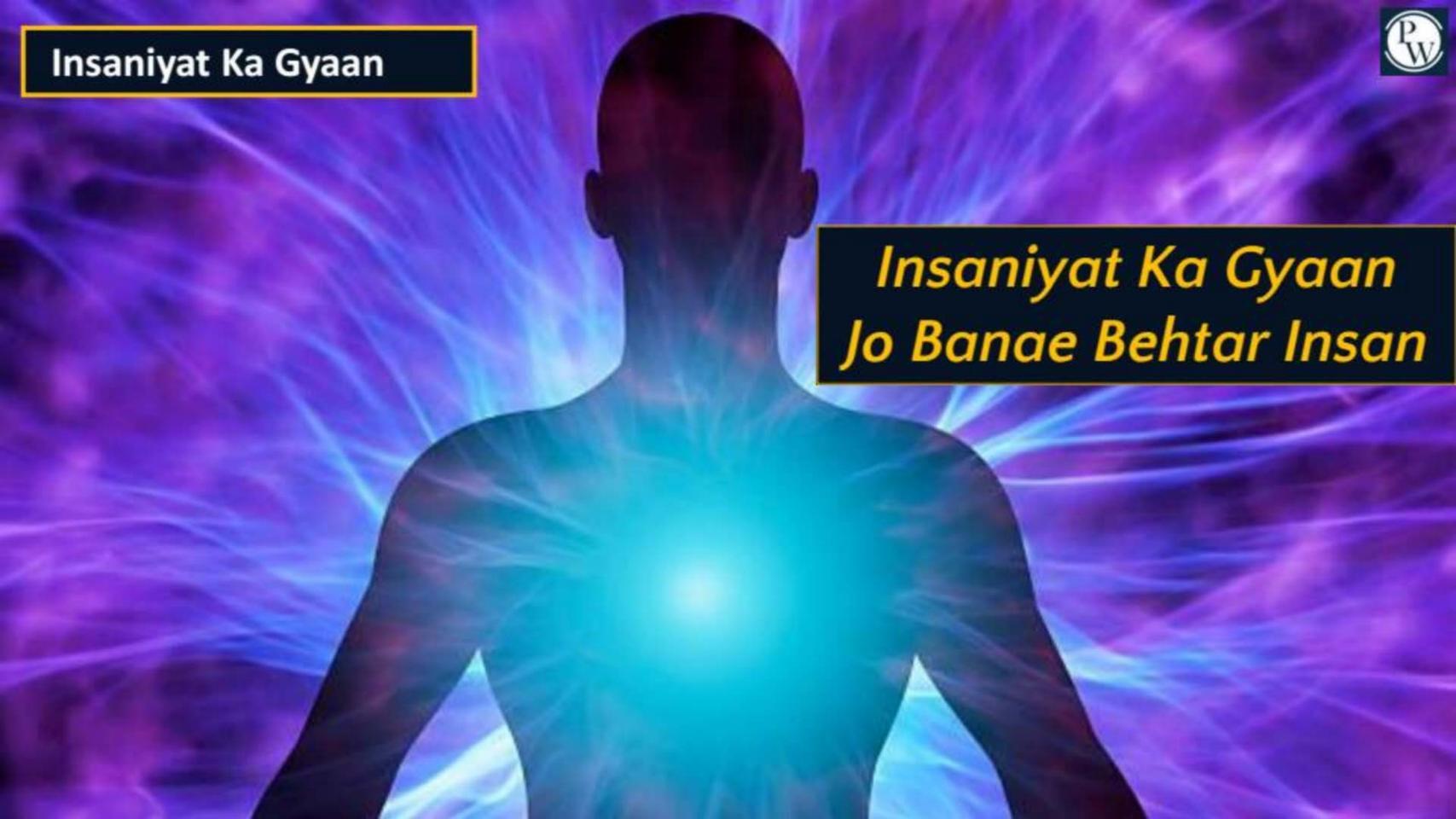






What is iddised salt? Why it is used?







CBSE **QUESTION & CONCEPT BANK**

Chapter-wise & Topic-wise

Includes Point-wise Answers with Step-wise Marking

CLASS 10th SCIENCE



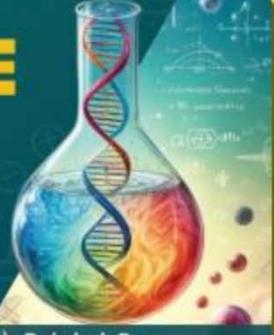








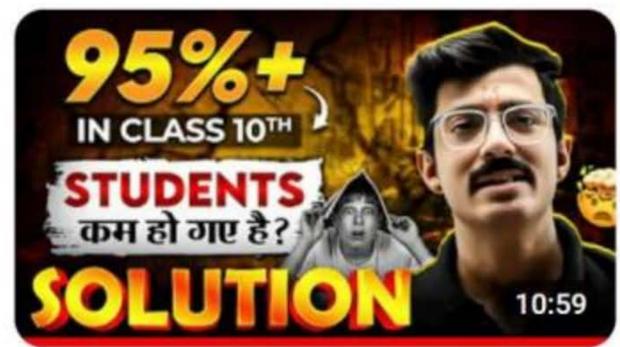
2025



- Rakshak Dua
- 🔌 Samridhi Sharma
- 📤 Sunil Vijay Hingorani

Detailed Review and Importance of the Book in One Video.

Channel: PW Foundation YouTube



Class 10th में 95%+ लाने वाले बच्चे घटे ?



Reason and Solution





