

2025

Bharat Mata Ki Jaio

CHEMICAL REACTIONS AND EQUATIONS

Redox Reactions and Effects of Oxidation in Daily Life

CHEMISTRY

Lecture - 07

BY: SUNIL BHAIYA



Topics

to be covered

- Double Displacement/Metathesis Reactions and Its Types (Contd.)
- 2 Master Redox Reactions in One Shot(
- Effects of Oxidation in Daily Life Types of Redox Reactions Corrosion (/)

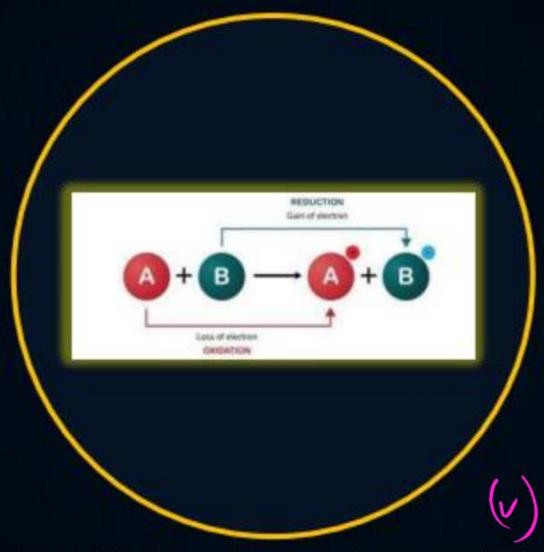






Double Displacement/Metathesis Reactions and Its Types (Contd.)





Master Redox Reactions in One Shot





Effects of Oxidation in Daily Life – Types of Redox Reactions – Corrosion





RIDDLE WALLAH



Can you decode the below element?







RIDDLE WALLAH



Can you decode the below element?







Pyaare Bacche Be Like





Double Displacement/Metathesis Reactions and Its Types (Contd.)

-> Homework!



Give a Thought







(NCERT Textbook)

Take about 2 g barium hydroxide in a test tube. Add 1 g of ammonium chloride and mix with the help of a glass rod. Touch the bottom of the test tube with your palm. What do you feel? Is this an exothermic or endothermic reaction?

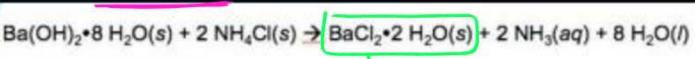


block

Give a Thought



octual Rxn



looks like SNOW

absorbs

Take about 2 g barium hydroxide in a test tube. Add 1 g of ammonium chloride and mix with the help of a glass rod. Touch the bottom of the test tube with your palm. What do you feel? Is this an exothermic or endothermic reaction?

heat from surroundings

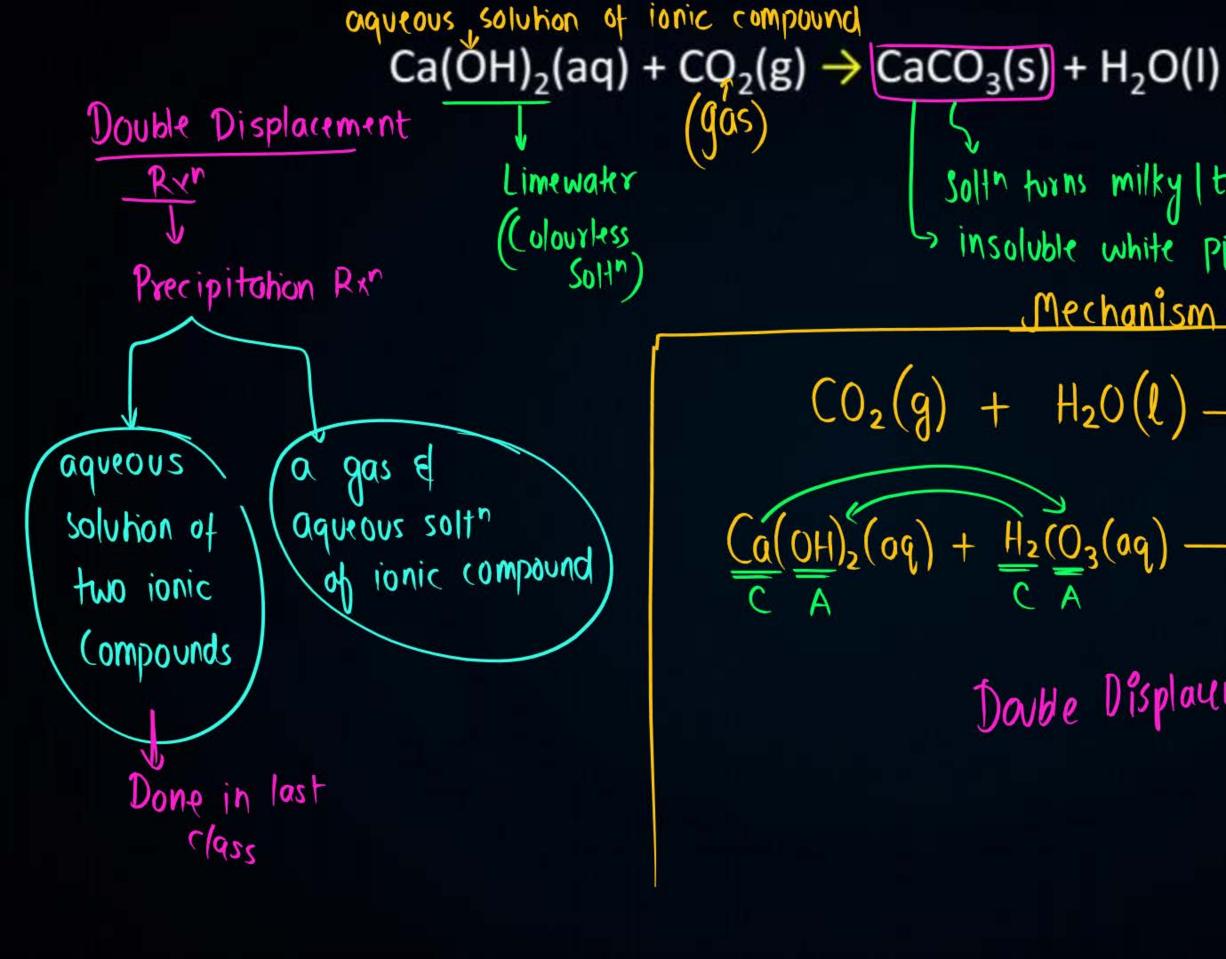
H20



Beaker containing bazium hydroxide Swater & ammonium chloride

Video: Water between wooden block and beaker freezes and that's why beaker got stuck with the wooden block. Hence, it is a/an:

- (Endothermic reaction)
- Solid-solid double displacement reaction



Solfn turns milky | turbid because of Calo3 insoluble white ppt.

Mechanism - Easy Language

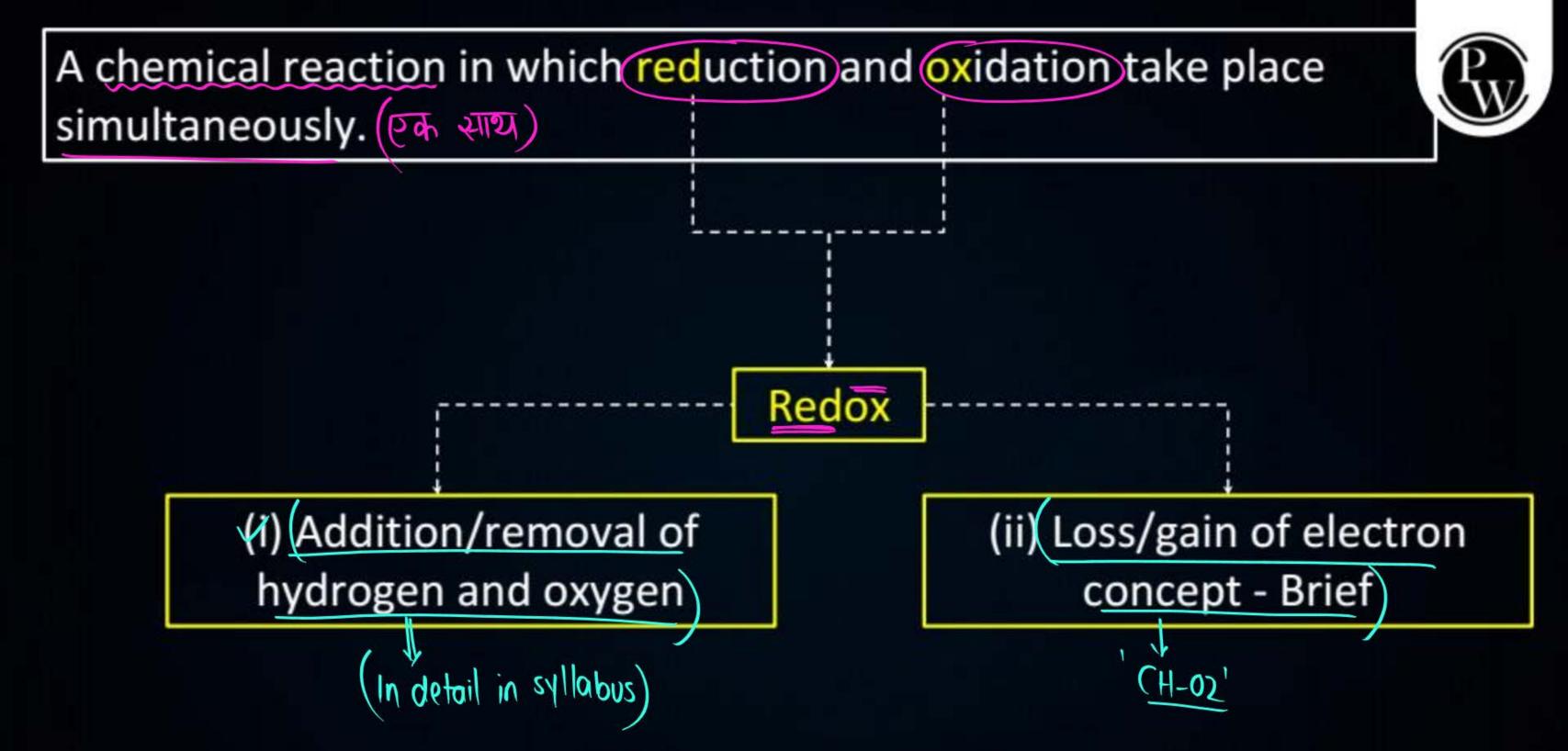
$$CO_2(g) + H_2O(l) \longrightarrow H_2(O_3(aq))$$

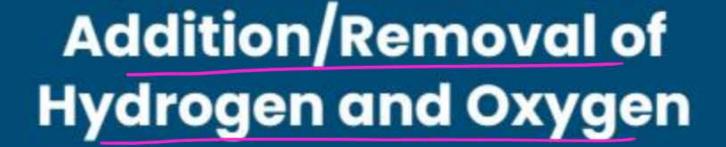
$$\frac{(a(OH)_{2}(Oq) + H_{2}(O_{3}(aq) \longrightarrow (a(O_{3}(s) + 2H_{2}O(l)))}{(a(OH)_{2}(Oq) + CA(O_{3}(s) + 2H_{2}O(l))}$$

Double Displayment Rxn > Precipitation Rxn



Introduction to Redox Reactions







Oxidation

 \rightarrow Addition of oxygen

-Removal of hydrogen

OR

BOTH

Reduction

-Addition of hydrogen

-- Removal of oxygen o

OR

BOTH







Question



Choose the correct option that contains correct statements about the reduction reaction.

- Hydrogen is removed OXIDATION
- Oxygen is added II.
- Hydrogen is added > REDUCTION III.
- Oxygen is removed IV.
- I, II
- 1, 111
- III, IV
- II, IV

Let's analyse the below reaction!



⇒ Reduction: Oz

Oxidation: Cu



Give a Thought



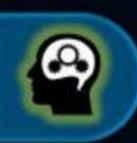


(NCC-RT Textbook) -

Recall Activity 1.1, where a magnesium ribbon burns with a dazzling flame in air (oxygen) and changes into a white substance, magnesium oxide. Is magnesium being oxidised or reduced in this reaction?



Give a Thought





Heating sodium in presence of oxygen forms sodium oxide is a redox

reaction or not?

A. Yes

B. No



Oxidised To







Question



Which among the following gets reduced in the given chemical reaction?

reaction?

 $CuO(s) + H₂(g) \rightarrow Cu(s) + H₂O(g)$

Cu

Addition of oxygen - Oxidation

- CuO
 - H_2O
- H_2

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{11} \\
\overline{11}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\overline{11} \\
\overline{10}
\end{array}$$





Which among the following gets reduced in the given chemical

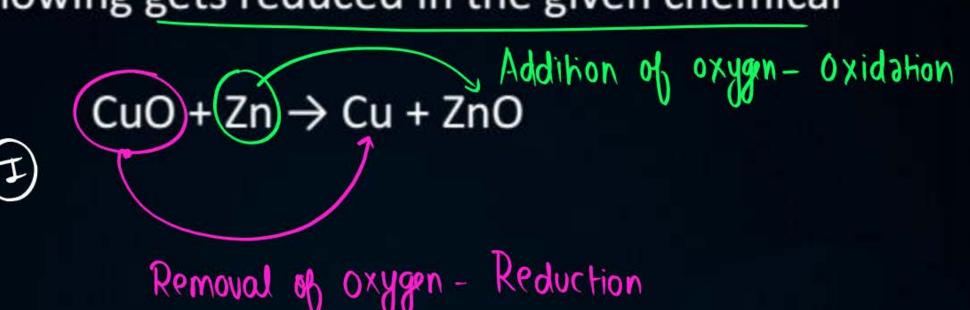
reaction?

A Zn

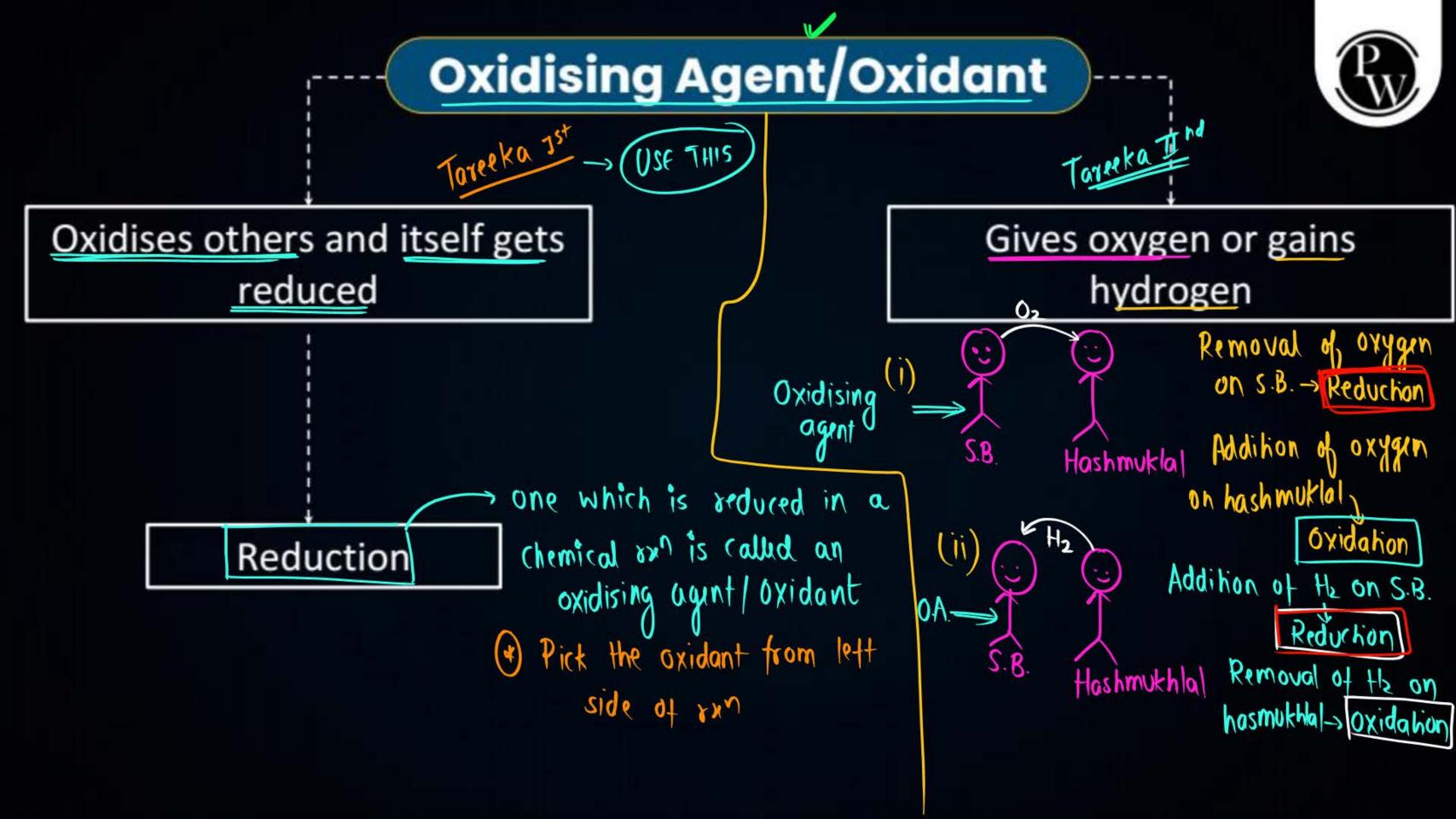


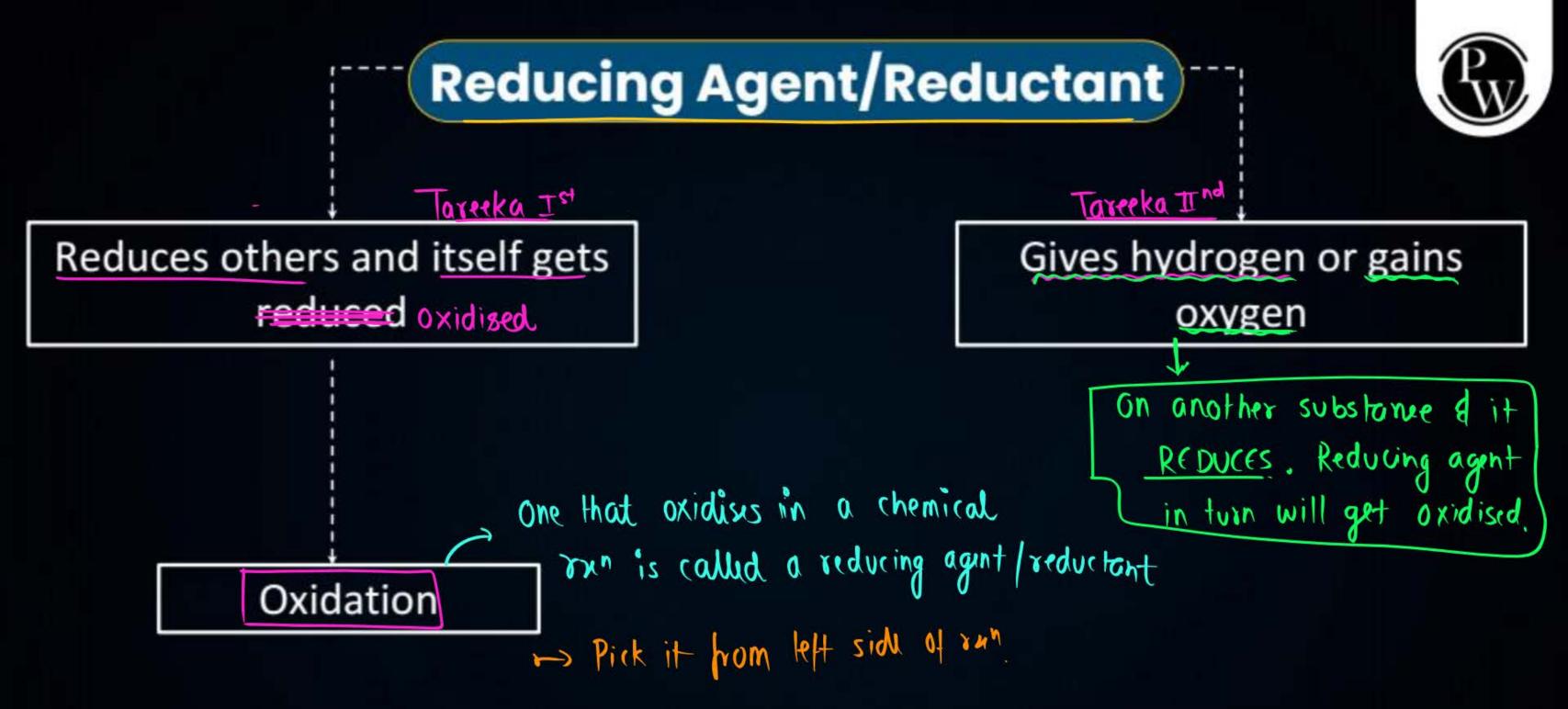
C ZnO

D Cu



$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\boxed{I} & CuO & Reduced to & Gu \\
Zn & Oxidised to & ZnO
\end{array}$$











Question



Identify the oxidising and reducing agent in the given chemical reaction. CuO(s) +
$$H_2(g) \rightarrow Cu(s) + H_2O(g)$$

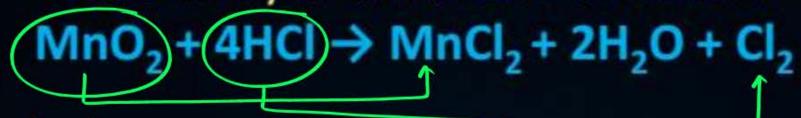


Removal of Oxygen - (REDUCTION) - OXIDISING AGENT)

- CuO: Oxidising agent, Cu: Reducing agent
- CuO: Reducing agent, H₂: Oxidising agent
- CuO: Oxidising agent, H₂: Reducing agent
- H₂: Reducing agent, CuO: Oxidising agent

Let's analyse the below reaction!





Removal

Removal

hydrogen - Oxidation - Reducing Agent

REDUCTION -> oxidising agentu

Reduced to (A) \rightarrow Mn(/2

Oxidised to

MnOz: Oxidising agent (B)

H(R: Reducing agent





PYQs' Wallah



PW Ka ChemStar!



In the reaction:

$$MnO_2 + 4HCl \rightarrow MnCl_2 + 2H_2O + Cl_2$$

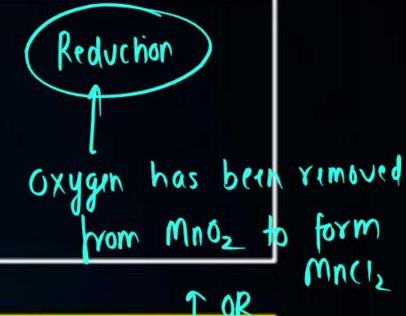
- (a) Name the compound (i) oxidised (ii) reduced.
- (b) Define oxidation and reduction on its basis.



In the reaction:

 $MnO_2 + 4HCl \rightarrow MnCl_2 + 2H_2O + Cl_2$

- (a) Name the compound (i) oxidised (ii) reduced.
- (b) Define oxidation and reduction on its basis.



(a) Hydrogen is removed from HCl to form Cl₂. Hence, HCl has been oxidised to Cl₂ and it is obvious that MnO₂ has been reduced.

(b) Oxidation is a process in which there is a removal of hydrogen from a substance while reduction is a process in which there is a removal of oxygen from a substance.

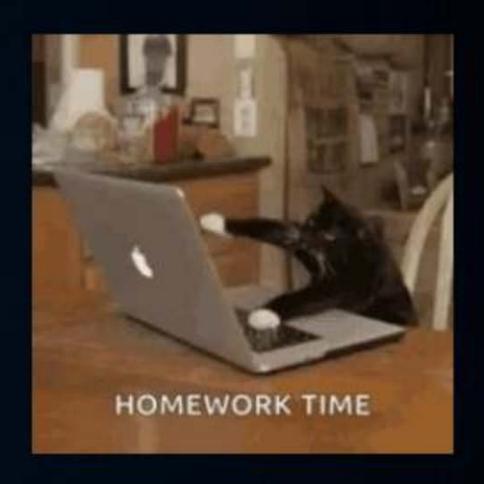
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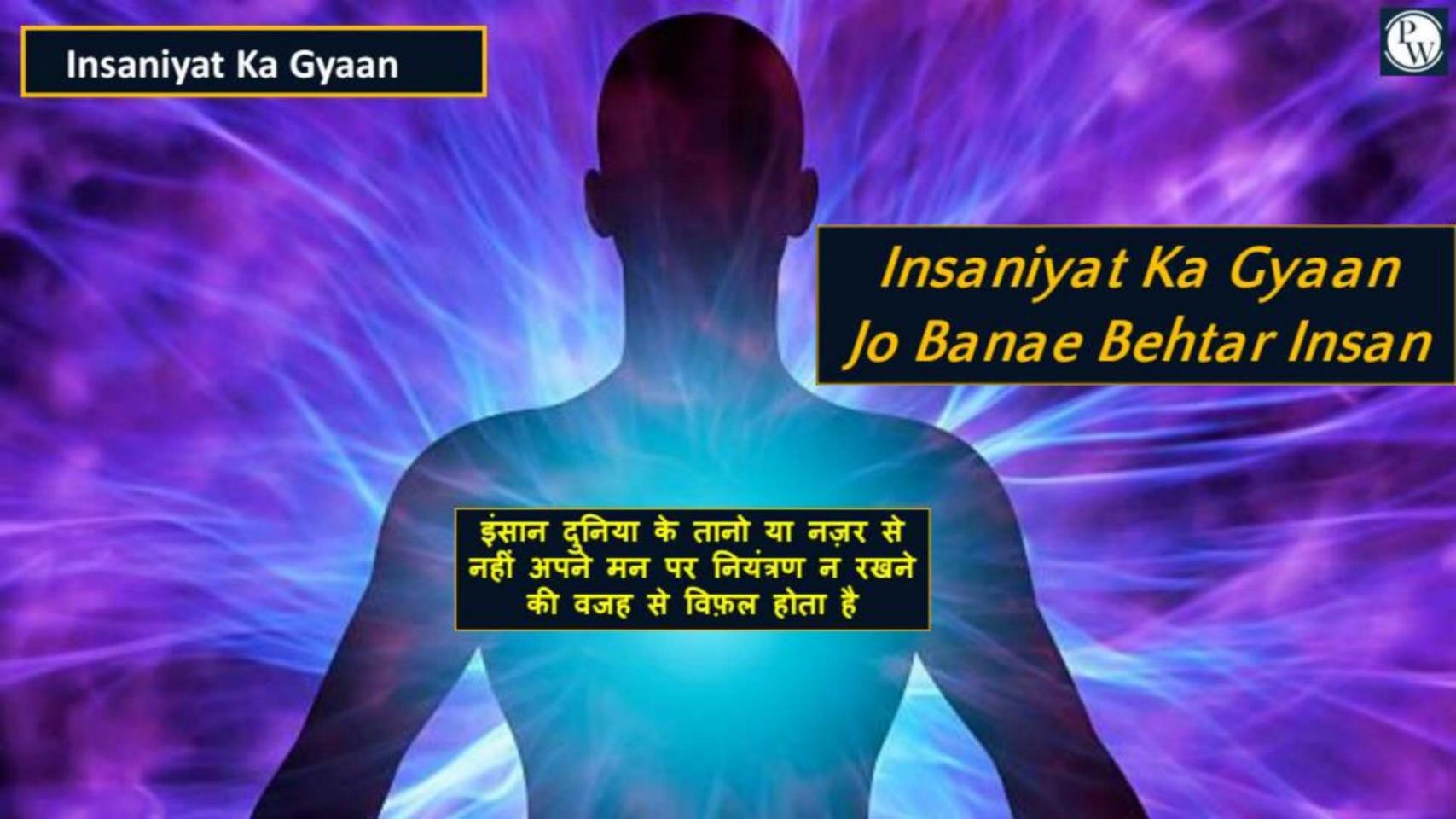
Identify the oxidising and reducing agent in the given chemical reaction. $H_2S(g) + Cl_2(g) \rightarrow 2HCl(g) + S(s)$

- A H₂S: Oxidising agent, Cl₂: Reducing agent
- B H₂S: Reducing agent, Cl₂: Oxidising agent
- C H₂S: Reducing agent, S: Oxidising agent
- Cl₂: Oxidising agent, HCl: Reducing agent

Question



Is it right to say that generally all displacement reactions are exothermic and redox reactions?





CBSE **QUESTION & CONCEPT BANK**

Chapter-wise & Topic-wise

Includes Point-wise Answers with Step-wise Marking

CLASS 10th SCIENCE





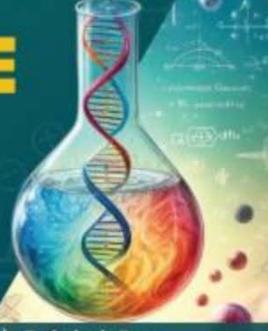






MOCK TESTS

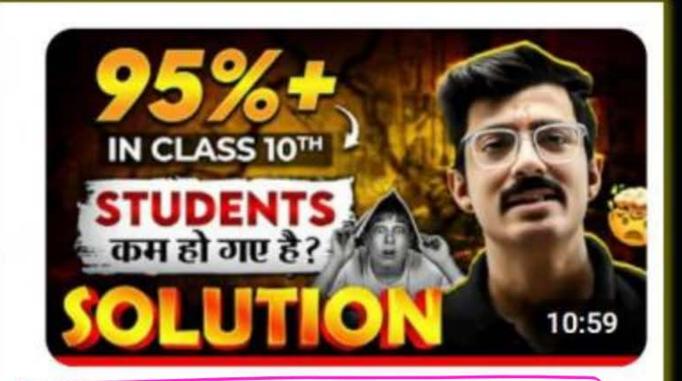
2025



- Rakshak Dua
- Samridhi Sharma
- 📤 Sunil Vijay Hingorani

Detailed Review and Importance of the Book in One Video.

Channel: PW Foundation YouTube



Class 10th में 95%+ लाने वाले बच्चे घटे ?



Reason and Solution



outube Shorts -> Amla Benefits

