## **Coordinate Geometry**

**DHA-03** 

- 1. Find the coordinates of the point which divides the join of (-1, 7) and (4, -3) in the ratio 2:3.
  - (A) (1,3)
- (B) (2, 6)
- (C) (3, 4)
- (D) (4, 6)
- 2. The ratio, in which the *Y*-axis divides the line segment joining the points (5, -6) and (-1, -4) is:
  - (A) 1:5
- (B) 5:1
- (C) 2:4
- (D) None of these
- 3. The coordinates of point A, where AB is the diameter of a circle whose centre is (3, -4) and B is (1, 4) is:
  - (A) (2,0)
- (B) (12, -5)
- (C) (5, -12)
- (D) None of the above
- **4.** The fourth vertex D of a parallelogram ABCD whose three vertices are A(-2, 3), B(6, 7) and C(8, 3) is:
  - (A) (0, 1)
- (B) (0,-1)
- (C) (-1,0)
- (D) (1,0)

- 5. If points A(5, p), B(1, 5), C(2, 1) and D(6, 2) form a square ABCD, then 'p' =
  - (A) 7

(B) 3

(C) 6

- (D) 8
- **6.** If *A* and *B* are (-2, -2) and (2, -4) respectively, find the coordinates of *P* such that  $AP = \frac{3}{7}AB$  and *P* lies on the line segment *AB*.
- 7. Find the ratio in which the line segment joining the points (-3, 10) and (6, -8) is divided by (-1, 6).
- **8.** Determine the ratio in which the line 2x + y 4 = 0 divides the line segment joining the points A(2, -2) and B(3, 7).



## Note: Kindly find the Video Solution of DHAs Questions in the DPPs Section.

## **Answer Key**

**1.** (A)

**2.** (B)

**3.** (C)

**4.** (B)

**5.** (C)

**6.**  $\left(\frac{-2}{7}, \frac{-20}{7}\right)$ 

**7.** (2:7)

**8.** (2:9



## **Hints and Solutions**

- **1.** (A) (1, 3)
- **2.** (B) (5:1)
- **3.** (C) (5, -12)
- **4.** (B) (0, -1)

- **5.** (C) Six.
- **6.**  $\left(\frac{-2}{7}, \frac{-20}{7}\right)$
- **7.** (2:7)
- **8.** (2:9)

