

Use python libraries such as numpy to solve the following problems.

- 1) Compute the determinant of the following matrix.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 2 \end{vmatrix}.$$

- 2) Find the eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors to matrix A, where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & -3 \\ 2 & 4 & 9 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- 3) Find the inverse of the matrix B, where B =

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- 4) Use matrix multiplication to verify that  $B \times B = I$ , where I is the identity matrix.

- 5) Compute the matrix given by  $AB + 2A^2 - 3B$

- 6) From your answer in question 2, find the matrix Q and D such that  $A = QDQ^{-1}$

- 7) Solve the following system of linear equations

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 4y + 9z = -38 \\ 4x - 3y + 8z = -26 \\ -2x + 4y - 2z = 17 \end{cases}$$

- 8) Find the dimensions and transposes of matrices C and D, where

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

9) Verify that  $(CD)^T = D^T C^T$

10) Reshape the following matrix into a 6 x 2 matrix.

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[[ 1 2 4 ]  
 [ 3 4 6 ]  
 [ 7 8 5 ]  
 [ 9 2 1 ]]
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11) This is an advanced question : not required for the course.

Download the following dataset. "iris.data.csv". Details of the dataset are found here: <https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/iris>

We are going to use the data from columns 1-4, namely sepal length, sepal width, petal length, petal width. Use pandas and numpy here.

- A) Scale/Normalise each column by subtracting its mean and dividing by its standard deviation.
- B) Find the covariance matrix explaining the covariances between each pair of elements of a random vector. (This should be a 4 x 4 matrix with diagonal values close to 1)
- C) Find the Eigenvalues and eigenvector of the covariance matrix
- D) Divide each eigenvalue by the sum of eigenvalues to obtain percentage of explained variance per principal component. What percentage of the data is explained by the first 2 principal components?
- E) Project the data onto the first 2 principal components (a.k.a. the 2 eigenvectors with the largest eigenvalues)
- F) Using matplotlib, seaborn. Scatter plot the projected data and compare it with a scatter plot of any 2 variables of the original data. Notice any differences?