Full Stack Development

Experiment 1: Create a Well-Structured HTML Page for a College Profile.

Program:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>College Profile<title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Welcome to ABC Engineering College</h7>
  ABC Engineering College was <b>established in 2001
  <h2>Departments Offered</h2>
  <u1>
    <1i>CSE
    ECE
    Mechanical
  <h2>Useful Links</h2>
  <a hre="https://www.abcengg.ac.in">Visit Official Website</a>
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. <title> not closed properly
 - o Written as <title>College Profile<title> instead of <title>College Profile</title>.
 - o Browser may not show the correct page title.
- 2. Mismatched heading tag

- \circ <h1> ... </h7> used \rightarrow HTML only allows <h1> to <h6>.
- Invalid tag breaks heading structure.

3. Paragraph not closed before new

- \circ ABC Engineering College was established in 2001 \rightarrow missing and .
- o Causes formatting errors in text.

4. Unclosed items in the list

- o CSE, ECE, Mechanical don't have closing
- o Works in some browsers but is invalid HTML.

5. Wrong attribute in <a> link

- Used hre= instead of href=.
- Link won't work when clicked.

Experiment 2: Design a Student Resume Webpage using Headings, Lists, and Links

Program: <!DOCTYPE html> <html> <head> <title>Student Resume<title> </head> <body> <h1>Student Resume<h2> Name: John Doe Email: john.doe@example,com <h2>Skills</h3> <u1>HTML CSS JavaScript

```
<h2>Profile Links</h2>
<a href-"https://www.linkedin.com/in/johndoe">LinkedIn</a>
</body>
</html>
```

<1i>ECE

- 1. Title tag not closed properly
 - o <title>Student Resume<title> instead of </title>.
- 2. Heading tags mismatched
 - o <h1>Student Resume<h2> instead of closing with </h1>.
- 3. Unclosed
b> tag & wrong email
 - never closed.
 - o example,com should be example.com.
- 4. List items missing
 - \circ li> tags not closed properly → invalid HTML.
- 5. Broken link attribute
 - o Used href-"..." instead of href="...".

Experiment 3: Create a College Departments Information Webpage using Ordered, Unordered, and Nested Lists.


```
Mechanical
 <h2>Postgraduate Programs</h2>

    type="decimalx">

   M.Tech in CSE
   M.Tech in ECE
   MBA
 <h2>Nested List Example</h2>
 <ul>
   Science
    <ol>
      Physics
      Chemistry
    Arts
    <ul>
      History
      Political Science
   </body>
</html>
```

1. Title tag not closed properly

- o <title>College Departments<title> instead of </title>.
- 2. Mismatched heading tags
 - \circ <h2>Undergraduate Programs</h3> \rightarrow closed with </h3> instead of </h2>.
- 3. Unclosed <i>i> in UG program list
- 4. Invalid attribute in ordered list
 - o type="decimalx" is invalid. Only "1", "A", "a", "I", "i" are valid.
- 5. Unclosed list items in nested list
 - o Chemistry and History not closed

Experiment 4: Develop a College Website Navigation Page using Basic and In-Page Links.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>College Navigation<title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>ABC Engineering College Website</h1>
  <h2>Navigation Menu</h2>
  <a hre="https://www.abcengg.ac.in">Official Website</a><br>
  <a href="#aboutcollege">About College</a><br>
  <a href="#departments">Departments</a><br>
  <a href="#contact">Contact</a><br>
  <h2 id="aboutcollege">About College<h2>
  ABC Engineering College was established in 2001 and offers various UG and PG
programs.
  <h2 id="departments">Departments</h3>
  <ul>
    CSE
```

```
ECE
Mechanical

42 id="contact">Contact Us</h2>
Email: info@abcengg,ac.in
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title tag not closed properly
 - o <title>College Navigation<title> instead of </title>.
- 2. Broken external link attribute
 - \circ Used hre instead of href. \rightarrow link won't work.
- 3. Mismatched heading tags
 - \circ <h2 id="aboutcollege">About College<h2> \rightarrow should be </h2>.
 - \circ <h2 id="departments">Departments</h3> \rightarrow closed with </h3> instead of </h2>.
- 4. Unclosed list items in Departments list
 - o CSE, ECE, Mechanical not closed.
- 5. Invalid email format
 - o Written as info@abcengg,ac.in (comma instead of dot).

Experiment 5: Create a Webpage with Images and Use them as Links.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Image Example<title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>Our College Gallery</h1>
```

- 1. Title tag not closed properly.
- 2. alt=College Image \rightarrow missing quotes.
- 3. Used scr instead of src for image.
- 4. Width/height attribute not closed properly.
- 5. Missing caption/description text for accessibility.

Experiment 6: Design a Webpage to Embed Audio and Video Files using HTML5 Media Tags.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Media Page<title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>College Media Files</h1>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. Used control instead of controls.
- 3. Wrong extension .mp instead of .mp3.
- 4. Misspelled heigt instead of height.
- 5. Wrong MIME type \rightarrow video/mp-4 should be video/mp4.

Experiment 7: Develop a Webpage with a Student Marks Table using Caption, Rowspan, and Colspan.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Student Table<title>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>Student Marks</h1>
```

```
<caption>Semester Marks</caption>
  >
   Name
   Subjects
  >
   John
   Maths
   >90
  >
   Science
   85
 </body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. 2">Subjects
- 3. $\langle td rowspan=2 \rangle \rightarrow value should be in quotes.$
- 4. 90 not closed.
- 5. Last row not closed.

Experiment 8: Create a Student Registration Form using Labels, Form Controls, Fieldset, and Legend.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Registration Form<title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Student Registration</h1>
  <form action"submit.php" method="post">
    <fieldset>
      <le>egend>Personal Details</le>
      <label Name:</label>
       <input type=text name="studentname"><br><br>
      <label>Email:</label>
      <input type="email" name"email"><br><br>
      <input type="submit" value=Register>
    </fieldset>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. <form action"submit.php" $> \rightarrow$ missing =.
- 3. < label Name: < / label \rightarrow invalid label syntax.

- 4. $\langle input type=text \rangle \rightarrow type should be quoted.$
- 5. name"email" \rightarrow missing = sign.

Experiment 9: Create a Webpage using Frames and Frameset Elements.

Program:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Frames Example<title>
</head>
<frameset rows="50%, 50%">
    <frame scr="header.html" name="top">
        <frame src="content.html" name="main">
        </frameset>
<body>
        Frames Example Page
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed properly.
- 2. Used scr instead of src.
- 3. $\langle \text{frameset} \rangle$ cannot have $\langle \text{body} \rangle$ inside \rightarrow invalid structure.
- 4. Missing closing tag for <frameset>.
- 5. Frame content should include noresize or title attributes for accessibility.

Experiment 10: Apply CSS Styles for Text Formatting and Pseudo-Classes.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>CSS Text Example<title>
  <style>
    body {
      font-famly: Arial;
      background-colr: lightblue;
    h1 {
      color blue;
    a:hover {
      textdecoration: underline;
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Welcome to CSS Page</h1>
  This is a paragraph with styled text.
  <a href="https://www.abcengg.ac.in">Visit Website</a>
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. font-family misspelled \rightarrow should be font-family.
- 3. background-colr \rightarrow should be background-color.
- 4. color blue; \rightarrow missing : (should be color: blue;).
- 5. textdecoration \rightarrow should be text-decoration.

Experiment 11: Use CSS Selectors (Universal, ID, Class, Child, Descendant, Sibling).

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>CSS Selectors<title>
  <style>
    * { margin 0; padding 0; }
    #header { background:lightgrey; font-size=20px; }
    .content { color:blue font-weight:bold; }
    div > p { colr: green; }
    h2 + p { font-stle: italic; }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div id="header">
    <h1>Welcome Header</h1>
  </div>
  <div class="content">
    <h2>Section</h2>
    This is a child paragraph.
  </div>
```

```
</body>
```

```
1. Title not closed.
```

- 2. margin 0; \rightarrow missing :.
- 3. font-size=20px; \rightarrow should use : not =.
- 4. color:blue font-weight:bold; \rightarrow missing; between properties.
- 5. font-stle misspelled \rightarrow should be font-style.

Experiment 12: Demonstrate CSS Box Model with Backgrounds, Lists, and Tables.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Box Model<title>
  <style>
    .box {
      widht: 300px;
      heigt: 200px;
      border 2px solid black;
      padding 10;
      background-clor: yellow;
    table {
      border-collapse collapse;
    }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="box">
```

```
This is an example of CSS Box Model.
</div>

NameMarks

</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. widht and heigt misspelled.
- 3. border 2px solid black; \rightarrow missing :.
- 4. padding 10; \rightarrow should be padding: 10px;.
- 5. border-collapse collapse; \rightarrow missing :.

Experiment 13: Write a JavaScript Program to Display Output using Alert, Console, and Document Write.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>JS Output<title>
<script>

// Display different outputs
alrt("Welcome to JavaScript");
console,log("This is console output");
document.write("Page Loaded")
</script>
</head>
```

```
<br/><body>
<h1>JavaScript Output Example</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. alrt misspelled \rightarrow should be alert.
- 3. console, $\log \rightarrow$ should be console. \log .
- 4. document.write("Page Loaded") missing;.
- 5. Script is written directly in <head> → better inside <body> or with defer.

Experiment 14: Create an External JavaScript File and Link it to a Webpage.

Program:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>External JS<title>
    <script src="script.jss"></script>
</head>
<body>
    <h1>External Script Example</h1>
    <button onclick="sayhello()">Click Me</button>
</body>
</html>
script.js
funtion sayhello() {
    alert("Hello, Welcome to JS");
}
```

Bug Explanations

1. Title not closed.

- 2. Wrong file extension .jss \rightarrow should be .js.
- 3. Function name sayhello not matched correctly with button (case-sensitive issues possible).
- 4. funtion misspelled \rightarrow should be function.
- 5. Missing semicolon inside JS function.

Experiment 15: Write a JavaScript Program using Variables, Operators, and String Concatenation.

Program:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Variables<title>
    <script>
        var name = "John"
        var age = 20;
        var msg = "My name is " + name + " I am " + age years old;
        alret(msg);
        </script>
</head>
<body>
        <h1>JS Variables Example</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. Missing semicolon after var name = "John".
- 3. "I am " + age years old; \rightarrow invalid string concatenation (should be "I am " + age + " years old").
- 4. alret misspelled \rightarrow should be alert.
- 5. Best practice: use let or const instead of var.

Experiment 16: Write a JavaScript Program to Demonstrate Functions, Conditional Statements, and Loops.

Program:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Functions<title>
  <script>
    fucntion checkEvenOdd(num) {
      if(num \% 2 = 0) {
         return "Even"
       } else {
         return "Odd"
    for(var i=1; i<=5; i++) {
      console.log("Number " + i + " is " + checkEvenOdd(i));
  </script>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>JS Functions and Loops</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. function misspelled \rightarrow should be function.
- 3. if(num % 2 = 0) \rightarrow assignment instead of comparison (should be == or ===).

- 4. Missing closing brace } for function.
- 5. Missing closing brace } for loop.

Experiment 17: Demonstrate JavaScript Predefined Objects (Window, Document, Math, String, Array).

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Predefined Objects<title>
  <script>
    // Window object
    windw.alert("Welcome to JS Objects");
    // Document object
    docment.write("This text is written using document object<br/>br>");
    // Math object
    var num = Math.squrt(16);
    // String object
    var str = "Hello World;
    console.log(str.toUperCase());
    // Array object
    var arr = [10,20,30];
    console.log(arr.lenght);
  </script>
</head>
<body>
```

```
<h1>Predefined Object Demo</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. windw.alert \rightarrow misspelled window.
- 3. document.write \rightarrow misspelled document.
- 4. Math.squrt \rightarrow should be Math.sqrt.
- 5. str.toUperCase() → misspelled toUpperCase; also missing closing quote in string.

Experiment 18: Access DOM Elements by ID, Class, and TagName.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Access DOM<title>
  <script>
    function changeText() {
       var heading = document.getElementId("title");
       heading.innerHtml = "Updated Heading";
       var paras = document.getElementsByClasName("para");
       paras[0].innerText = "First paragraph updated";
       var allDivs = document.getElementByTagName("div");
       allDivs[0].style.backgrounColor = "yellow";
  </script>
</head>
<br/><body onload="changeText()">
```

```
<h1 id="title">Original Heading</h1>
Paragraph 1
Paragraph 2
<div>Some content</div>
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. getElementId \rightarrow should be getElementById.
- 3. innerHtml \rightarrow should be innerHTML.
- 4. getElementsByClasName → misspelled Class.
- 5. backgrounColor → should be backgroundColor.

Experiment 19: Update Content Using textContent, innerText, and innerHTML.

```
Original P3
<button onclick="updateContent()">Click to Update</button>
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. textcontent \rightarrow should be textContent (case-sensitive).
- 3. innertext \rightarrow should be innerText.
- 4. innerHtml("...") \rightarrow invalid, should be innerHTML = "...";.
- 5. Missing semicolons after each statement.

Experiment 20: Add and Remove Elements Dynamically from the DOM Tree.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<title>DOM Manipulation<title>
<script>
function addElement() {
    var newPara = document.createElemnt("p");
    newPara.innerHTML = "New Paragraph Added";
    document.body.apendChild(newPara);
}

function removeElement() {
    var para = document.getElementById("removeme");
    document.body.removechild(para);
}
</script>
</head>
```

```
<br/>
<body>
<h1>DOM Add/Remove Example</h1>
cp id="removeme">This will be removed
<button onclick="addElement()">Add Paragraph</button>
<button onclick="removeElement()">Remove Paragraph</button>
</body>
</html>
```

- 1. Title not closed.
- 2. createElemnt → should be createElement.
- 3. apendChild \rightarrow should be appendChild.
- 4. removechild \rightarrow should be removeChild (case-sensitive).
- 5. If element not found, removeChild will throw an error (needs check).