

1. Write a Java program to connect to a MySQL database using JDBC.

Program :

```
package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;

public class DB_Conn {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";

        try {

            // Load MySQL JDBC Driver

            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            // Establish connection

            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);

            System.out.println("Connection created");

            // Close connection

            con.close();

        } catch (Exception e) {

            e.printStackTrace();

        }

    }

}
```

Output : Connection created

2. Create a Java class to insert student records into a database table.

Program :

```
package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.*;
```

```

public class Insert_data {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";

        try {

            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);

            String query = "INSERT INTO student(id, name, percentage) VALUES (1, 'Dev', 85.5)";

            Statement st = con.createStatement();

            int rows = st.executeUpdate(query);

            System.out.println(rows + " record inserted successfully!");

            con.close();

        } catch (Exception e) {

            e.printStackTrace();

        }

    }

}

```

Output : 1 record inserted successfully

3. Write a JDBC program to fetch and display all student records from the database.

Program :

```

package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.*;

public class Fetch_data {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";

        try {

```

```

Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);

String query = "SELECT * FROM student";

Statement st = con.createStatement();

ResultSet rs = st.executeQuery(query);

while (rs.next()) {

    System.out.println("ID: " + rs.getInt("id") +

        ", Name: " + rs.getString("name") +

        ", Percentage: " + rs.getDouble("percentage"));

}

con.close();

} catch (Exception e) {

    e.printStackTrace();

}

}

}

```

Output : ID: 1, Name: Dev, Percentage: 85.5

4. Develop a program to search a student by ID using JDBC.

Program :

```

package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.*;

public class Search {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";

        try {

            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

```

```

Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);

int searchId = 1;

String query = "SELECT * FROM student WHERE id = " + searchId;

Statement st = con.createStatement();

ResultSet rs = st.executeQuery(query);

if (rs.next()) {

    System.out.println("ID: " + rs.getInt("id") +
        ", Name: " + rs.getString("name") +
        ", Percentage: " + rs.getDouble("percentage"));

} else {

    System.out.println("No student found with ID " + searchId);

}

con.close();

} catch (Exception e) {

    e.printStackTrace();

}

}
}

```

Output : ID: 1, Name: Dev, Percentage: 85.5

5. Implement an update operation to modify student details in the database using JDBC.

Program :

```

package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.*;

public class UpdateStudent {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";
    }
}

```

```

try {
    Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
    Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);
    String query = "UPDATE student SET percentage = 90.0 WHERE id = 1";
    Statement st = con.createStatement();
    int rows = st.executeUpdate(query);
    System.out.println(rows + " record updated successfully!");
    con.close();
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}
}

```

Output : 1 record updated successfully!

6. Write a Java program to delete a student record from the database using JDBC.

Program :

```

package JDBC_conn;
import java.sql.*;
public class DeleteStudent {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";
        String user = "root";
        String password = "798167";
        try {
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);
            String query = "DELETE FROM student WHERE id = 1";
            Statement st = con.createStatement();
            int rows = st.executeUpdate(query);

```

```

        System.out.println(rows + " record deleted successfully!");
        con.close();
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
}
}

```

Output : 1 record deleted successfully!

7. Design a Java application to perform all CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on an **Employee** table using JDBC.

Program :

```

package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.Statement;
import java.sql.ResultSet;

public class CRUD_operations{

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";

        try {

            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);

            System.out.println("Connection created");

            Statement stmt = con.createStatement();

            String insertQuery = "INSERT INTO emp VALUES (7, 'Rohit', 55000)";

            int rowsInserted = stmt.executeUpdate(insertQuery);

            System.out.println("Rows Inserted: " + rowsInserted);

            System.out.println("Employee Records");

```

```

ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM emp");
while (rs.next()) {
    System.out.println(rs.getInt("id") + " | " +
        rs.getString("name") + " | " +
        rs.getInt("salary"));
}

String updateQuery = "UPDATE emp SET salary = 60000 WHERE id = 2";
int rowsUpdated = stmt.executeUpdate(updateQuery);
System.out.println("Rows Updated: " + rowsUpdated);

String deleteQuery = "DELETE FROM emp WHERE id = 6";
int rowsDeleted = stmt.executeUpdate(deleteQuery);
System.out.println("Rows Deleted: " + rowsDeleted);

con.close();
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}
}

```

Output : Connection created

Rows Inserted: 1

Employee Records

```

1 | Dev | 80000
2 | Yoga | 90000
3 | Muktha | 85000
4 | Dev | 95000
5 | Yoga | 100000
6 | Sai | 75000
7 | Rohit | 55000

```

Rows Updated: 1

Rows Deleted: 1

8. Create a JDBC-based program to count the total number of rows in a table.

Program :

```
package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.Statement;

public class CountRows {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";

        try {

            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);

            System.out.println("Connection created");

            Statement stmt = con.createStatement();

            ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT COUNT(*) AS total FROM emp");

            if (rs.next()) {

                System.out.println("rows : " + rs.getInt("total"));

            }

            con.close();

        } catch (Exception e) {

            e.printStackTrace();

        }

    }

}
```

Output : Connection created

rows : 6

9. Develop a program to sort student data in ascending order by name using SQL in JDBC.

Program :

```
package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.*;

public class SortStudents {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";

        try {

            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);

            String query = "SELECT * FROM student ORDER BY name ASC";

            Statement stmt = con.createStatement();

            ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(query);

            System.out.println("ID\tName\tPercentage");

            while (rs.next()) {

                System.out.println(rs.getInt("id") + "\t" +

                    rs.getString("name") + "\t\t" +

                    rs.getFloat("percentage"));

            }

            con.close();

        } catch (Exception e) {

            e.printStackTrace();

        }

    }

}
```

Output :

ID	Name	Percentage
5	Arun	70.0
1	Dev	80.5
3	Muktha	75.0
4	Sai	88.5
2	Yoga	90.0

10. Write a program to display all students whose percentage is greater than 75 using JDBC and SQL WHERE clause.

Program :

```
package JDBC_conn;
```

```
import java.sql.*;
```

```
public class Student_Conf {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";
```

```
        String user = "root";
```

```
        String password = "798167";
```

```
        try {
```

```
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
```

```
            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);
```

```
            String query = "SELECT * FROM student WHERE percentage > 75";
```

```
            Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
```

```
            ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(query);
```

```
            System.out.println("ID\tName\tPercentage");
```

```
            while (rs.next()) {
```

```
                System.out.println(rs.getInt("id") + "\t" +
```

```

        rs.getString("name") + "\t\t" +
        rs.getFloat("percentage"));
    }

    con.close();
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}
}

```

Output :

ID	Name	Percentage
1	Dev	80.5
2	Yoga	90.0
4	Sai	88.5

11. Use **PreparedStatement** to insert multiple student records into the database.

Program :

```

package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.*;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class PSInsert {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        try {

            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);

            String query = "INSERT INTO student (id, name, percentage) VALUES (?, ?, ?)";

```

```

PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement(query);

System.out.print("Enter number of students to insert: ");

int n = sc.nextInt();

sc.nextLine();

for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {

    System.out.println("Enter details for student " + i);

    System.out.print("ID: ");

    int id = sc.nextInt();

    sc.nextLine();

    System.out.print("Name: ");

    String name = sc.nextLine();

    System.out.print("Percentage: ");

    float perc = sc.nextFloat();

    sc.nextLine();


    pstmt.setInt(1, id);

    pstmt.setString(2, name);

    pstmt.setFloat(3, perc);

    pstmt.executeUpdate();

}

System.out.println("Records inserted successfully!");

con.close();

} catch (Exception e) {

    e.printStackTrace();

}

sc.close();

}

}

```

Output : Enter number of students to insert: 2

Enter details for student 1

ID: 6

Name: Kiran

Percentage: 78.5

Enter details for student 2

ID: 7

Name: Priya

Percentage: 88.0

Records inserted successfully!

12. Implement a program using **transaction management** in JDBC (i.e., commit and rollback).

Program :

```
package JDBC_conn;
```

```
import java.sql.*;
```

```
public class Transaction {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";
```

```
        String user = "root";
```

```
        String password = "798167";
```

```
        try {
```

```
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
```

```
            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);
```

```
            con.setAutoCommit(false);
```

```
            String query = "INSERT INTO student (id, name, percentage) VALUES (?, ?, ?)";
```

```
            PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement(query);
```

```
            pstmt.setInt(1, 8);
```

```
            pstmt.setString(2, "Anjali");
```

```
            pstmt.setFloat(3, 82.5f);
```

```
            pstmt.executeUpdate();
```

```

        pstmt.setInt(1, 8);
        pstmt.setString(2, "Rahul");
        pstmt.setFloat(3, 91.0f);
        pstmt.executeUpdate();
        con.commit();
        System.out.println("Both records inserted successfully!");
        con.close();
    } catch (Exception e) {
        System.out.println("Error occurred: " + e.getMessage());
        try {
            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);
            con.rollback();
            System.out.println("Transaction rolled back.");
        } catch (SQLException se) {
            se.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
}
}

```

Output : Error occurred: Duplicate entry '8' for key 'PRIMARY'

Transaction rolled back.

13. Write a JDBC program to handle exceptions (like invalid ID, connection errors) gracefully.

Program :

```

package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Statement;

```

```

public class ExceptionHandle {

    public static void main(String[] args) throws ClassNotFoundException {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/myd";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";

        try {

            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);

            System.out.println("Connection created");

            Statement stmt = con.createStatement();

            ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM emp WHERE salary > 40000");

            System.out.println("\nEmployees");

            while (rs.next()) {

                System.out.println(rs.getInt("id") + " | " +

                    rs.getString("name") + " | " +

                    rs.getInt("salary"));

            }

            con.close();

        } catch (SQLException e) {

            System.out.println("Database not found");

        }

    }

}

```

Output : Database not found

14. Create a login system using JDBC where user credentials are verified from the database.

Program :

```

package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.*;

import java.util.*;

```

```

public class Login {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter username: ");

        String username = sc.nextLine();

        System.out.print("Enter password: ");

        String password = sc.nextLine();

        try {

            // 1. Load and register JDBC driver

            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            // 2. Connect to DB

            Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb",
"root", "798167");

            // 3. Create PreparedStatement

            String query = "select * from users where username = ? and password = ?";

            PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement(query);

            pstmt.setString(1, username);

            pstmt.setString(2, password);

            // 4. Execute query

            ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery();

            if (rs.next()) {

                System.out.println("Login Successful!");

            } else {

                System.out.println("Invalid username or password.");

            }

            // 5. Close connections

            rs.close();

            pstmt.close();

            con.close();

        } catch (Exception e) {

            e.printStackTrace();

        }

    }

}

```



```

    }

    sc.close();
}
}

```

Ouput : Enter username: admin

Enter password: admin123

Login Successful!

15. Implement a Java application to take dynamic input from the user and perform insertion, search, or update using menu-driven logic.

Program :

```

package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.*;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Test1 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        Connection con = null;

        try {

            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);

            int choice;

            do {

                System.out.println("\nMENU ");

                System.out.println("1. Insert Student");

                System.out.println("2. Search Student by ID");

                System.out.println("3. Update Student Percentage");

```

```

System.out.println("4. Exit");

System.out.print("Enter choice: ");

choice = sc.nextInt();

sc.nextLine();

switch (choice) {

    case 1:

        System.out.print("Enter ID: ");

        int id = sc.nextInt();

        sc.nextLine();

        System.out.print("Enter Name: ");

        String name = sc.nextLine();

        System.out.print("Enter Percentage: ");

        float perc = sc.nextFloat();


        String insertSQL = "INSERT INTO students (id, name, percentage) VALUES (?, ?, ?)";

        try (PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement(insertSQL)) {

            pstmt.setInt(1, id);

            pstmt.setString(2, name);

            pstmt.setFloat(3, perc);

            int rows = pstmt.executeUpdate();

            System.out.println(rows + " record(s) inserted.");

        }

        break;


    case 2:

        System.out.print("Enter Student ID to search: ");

        int searchId = sc.nextInt();

        String searchSQL = "SELECT * FROM students WHERE id = ?";

        try (PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement(searchSQL)) {

            pstmt.setInt(1, searchId);

            ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery();

```

```
        if (rs.next()) {  
            System.out.println("ID: " + rs.getInt("id"));  
            System.out.println("Name: " + rs.getString("name"));  
            System.out.println("Percentage: " + rs.getFloat("percentage"));  
        } else {  
            System.out.println("Student not found.");  
        }  
    }  
    break;
```

case 3:

```
    System.out.print("Enter Student ID to update: ");  
    int updateId = sc.nextInt();  
    System.out.print("Enter new Percentage: ");  
    float newPerc = sc.nextFloat();
```

```
    String updateSQL = "UPDATE students SET percentage = ? WHERE id = ?";  
    try (PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement(updateSQL)) {  
        pstmt.setFloat(1, newPerc);  
        pstmt.setInt(2, updateId);  
        int rowsUpdated = pstmt.executeUpdate();  
        System.out.println(rowsUpdated + " record(s) updated.");  
    }  
    break;
```

case 4:

```
    System.out.println("Exiting program...");  
    break;
```

default:

```
    System.out.println("Invalid choice! Try again.");
```

```

    }
    } while (choice != 4);

    } catch (Exception e) {
        System.out.println("Error: " + e);
    }
}
}

```

Output : MENU

1. Insert Student
2. Search Student by ID
3. Update Student Percentage
4. Exit

Enter choice: 2

Enter Student ID to search: 2

ID: 2

Name: Yoga

Percentage: 82.3

MENU

1. Insert Student
2. Search Student by ID
3. Update Student Percentage
4. Exit

Enter choice : 4

Exiting Program...

16. Design the schema for a **Library Management System** and write JDBC programs for:

Adding a book, Viewing all books, Issuing a book to a member, Returning a book

Program :

```

package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.*;

```

```

import java.util.Scanner;

public class Library {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";

        String user = "root";

        String password = "798167";

        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        Connection con = null;

        try {

            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password);

        } catch (Exception e) {

            e.printStackTrace();

        }

        int choice;

        do {

            System.out.println("\nLIBRARY MENU");

            System.out.println("1. Add Book");

            System.out.println("2. View All Books");

            System.out.println("3. Issue Book");

            System.out.println("4. Return Book");

            System.out.println("5. Exit");

            System.out.print("Enter choice: ");

            choice = sc.nextInt();

            sc.nextLine();

        } while (choice != 5);

        switch (choice) {

            case 1:

                System.out.print("Enter Book ID: ");

                int id = sc.nextInt();

                sc.nextLine();

                System.out.print("Enter Title: ");
    
```

```
String title = sc.nextLine();
```

```
System.out.print("Enter Author: ");
```

```
String author = sc.nextLine();
```

```
String insertSQL = "INSERT INTO books (book_id, title, author, available) VALUES (?,  
?, ?, TRUE)";
```

```
try (PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement(insertSQL)) {
```

```
    pstmt.setInt(1, id);
```

```
    pstmt.setString(2, title);
```

```
    pstmt.setString(3, author);
```

```
    int rows = pstmt.executeUpdate();
```

```
    System.out.println(rows + " book(s) added.");
```

```
}
```

```
break;
```

case 2:

```
String viewSQL = "SELECT * FROM books";
```

```
try (Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
```

```
    ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(viewSQL)) {
```

```
    System.out.println("\n--- Book List ---");
```

```
    while (rs.next()) {
```

```
        System.out.printf("%d | %s | %s | %s%n",
```

```
            rs.getInt("book_id"),
```

```
            rs.getString("title"),
```

```
            rs.getString("author"),
```

```
            rs.getBoolean("available") ? "Available" : "Issued");
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
break;
```

case 3:

```
System.out.print("Enter Book ID to issue: ");

int issuelId = sc.nextInt();

String checkSQL = "SELECT available FROM books WHERE book_id = ?";
try (PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement(checkSQL)) {
    pstmt.setInt(1, issuelId);
    ResultSet rs = pstmt.executeQuery();
    if (rs.next()) {
        if (rs.getBoolean("available")) {
            String issueSQL = "UPDATE books SET available = FALSE WHERE book_id = ?";
            try (PreparedStatement upstmt = con.prepareStatement(issueSQL)) {
                upstmt.setInt(1, issuelId);
                upstmt.executeUpdate();
                System.out.println("Book issued successfully.");
            }
        } else {
            System.out.println("Book is already issued.");
        }
    } else {
        System.out.println("Book not found.");
    }
}
break;
```

case 4:

```
System.out.print("Enter Book ID to return: ");

int returnId = sc.nextInt();

String returnSQL = "UPDATE books SET available = TRUE WHERE book_id = ?";
try (PreparedStatement pstmt = con.prepareStatement(returnSQL)) {
```

```

        pstmt.setInt(1, returnId);

        int updated = pstmt.executeUpdate();

        if (updated > 0) {

            System.out.println("Book returned successfully.");

        } else {

            System.out.println("Book not found.");

        }

    }

    break;

case 5:

    System.out.println("Exiting Library System...");

    break;

default:

    System.out.println("Invalid choice! Try again.");

}

} while (choice != 5);

} catch (Exception e) {

    System.out.println("Error: " + e);

}

}

}

```

Output :

LIBRARY MENU

1. Add Book
2. View All Books
3. Issue Book
4. Return Book

5. Exit

Enter choice: 2

--- Book List ---

1 | Java Programming | James Gosling | Available

2 | Effective Java | Joshua Bloch | Available

3 | Clean Code | Robert C. Martin | Available

LIBRARY MENU

1. Add Book

2. View All Books

3. Issue Book

4. Return Book

5. Exit

Enter choice: 5

Exiting Library System...

17. Create a **Hospital Management System** database. Using JDBC, implement:

Register new patient, Assign doctor, Generate billing

Program :

```
package JDBC_conn;
```

```
import java.sql.*;
```

```
public class HospitalManagement {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";
```

```
        String user = "root";
```

```
        String password = "798167";
```

```
        try (Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password)) {
```

```
Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
```

```
String insertPatient = "INSERT INTO patient VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?)";
```

```
try (PreparedStatement ps = con.prepareStatement(insertPatient)) {  
    ps.setInt(1, 1);  
    ps.setString(2, "Yoga");  
    ps.setInt(3, 30);  
    ps.setString(4, "Flu");  
    ps.executeUpdate();  
    System.out.println("Patient Registered");  
}
```

```
String insertDoctor = "INSERT INTO doctor VALUES (?, ?, ?)";
```

```
try (PreparedStatement ps = con.prepareStatement(insertDoctor)) {  
    ps.setInt(1, 101);  
    ps.setString(2, "Dr. Smith");  
    ps.setString(3, "General Physician");  
    ps.executeUpdate();  
    System.out.println("Doctor Assigned");  
}
```

```
String insertBill = "INSERT INTO billing VALUES (?, ?, ?)";
```

```
try (PreparedStatement ps = con.prepareStatement(insertBill)) {  
    ps.setInt(1, 1001);  
    ps.setInt(2, 1);  
    ps.setDouble(3, 500.00);  
    ps.executeUpdate();  
    System.out.println("Bill Generated");  
}
```

```
System.out.println("\nPatient Records:");
```

```

try (Statement st = con.createStatement();
    ResultSet rs = st.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM patient")) {
    while (rs.next()) {
        System.out.println(rs.getInt("patient_id") + " | " +
            rs.getString("name") + " | " +
            rs.getInt("age") + " | " +
            rs.getString("disease"));
    }
}

} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}
}

```

Output : Patient Registered

Doctor Assigned

Bill Generated

Patient Records:

1 | Yoga | 30 | Flu

18. Write a JDBC-based report generator that exports data from a MySQL table to a text or CSV file.

Program :

```

package JDBC_conn;

import java.sql.*;
import java.io.FileWriter;

public class ReportGenerator {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";
    }
}

```

```

String user = "root";

String password = "798167";


try (Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection(url, user, password)) {

    Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");


    String query = "SELECT * FROM emp";

    try (Statement st = con.createStatement();

        ResultSet rs = st.executeQuery(query);

        FileWriter fw = new FileWriter("emp_report.csv")) {

        fw.append("ID,Name,Salary\n");


        while (rs.next()) {

            fw.append(rs.getInt("id") + ",")

                .append(rs.getString("name") + ",")

                .append(rs.getInt("salary") + "\n");

        }

        System.out.println("done");

    }

} catch (Exception e) {

    e.printStackTrace();

}

}

```

Output : done