Design of gear for given requirements

Car Model Selected: - Maruti Suzuki Swift VXI

Details on Maruti Suzuki Swift VXI

- 1. Capacity: 1197cc
- 2. Max Power: 61kw @6000rpm
- 3. Max Torque: 113Nm @4200rpm
- 4. No of Cylinders: 4
- 5. Emission Type: BS6

Assumptions: -

- 1. PCD (Pitch Circle Diameter) = m*z = 180 mm.
- 2. m = module (Selected as 10 mm)
- 3. z = No of teeth (Selected as 18)

Power @ max torque (P)= $2\pi NT/60$

$$(P) = 2*3.14*4200*113/60$$

$$(P) = 49,674.8$$
 watt.

Torque = Force*(PCD/2)

Force (F)= torque/ (PCD/2)

$$(F)= 113000/(180/2)$$

$$(F) = 1255.556 \text{ N}.$$

Using Lewis Equation,

$$F = \pi * m * b * y * \sigma$$

Where,

- 1. b = face width (8m <b< 12m According to Design of Machine Elements by V B Bhandari)
- 2. y= Lewis tooth form factor = 0.308. (for pressure angle 20 degree full depth involute system and z=18)
- 3. m = Module = 10.

 σ = allowable stress

 $1255.556 = 3.14*10*100*0.308*\sigma$ (face with b is taken as 100mm) $\sigma = 1.29824$ N/sq.mm.

Now $\sigma < \text{Sut/3}$ (Taken from Design of machine elements by V B Bhandari) (Ultimate Tensile Strength of composite material)/3 $> \sigma$.

From the data on Maximum Tensile strength of composite materials:-

- 1. Maximum Tensile strength of Al-SiC at 15% SiC= 94.21 N/sq.mm.
- 2. Maximum Tensile strength of PC-ABS at (60/40) = 35 N/sq.mm.
- 3. Maximum Tensile strength of CFRP at 50% reinforcement= 52 N/sq.mm.

Checking for allowable stress for composite materials:-

1. Allowable stress for Al-SiC at 15 %SiC=Max Tensile strength/3 =94.21/3=31.4034 N/sq.mm > 1.29824 N/sq.mm.

So, the design is safe.

2. Allowable stress for PC-ABS at (60/40)=Max Tensile strength/3 = 35/3=11.667 N/sq.mm > 1.29824 N/sq.mm.

So, the design is safe.

1. Allowable stress for CFRP at 50% reinforcement=Max Tensile strength/3

=52/3=17.334 N/sq.mm > 1.29824 N/sq.mm.

So, the design is safe.