

Problem 2.7

Prove the following properties of the convolution process:

(a) The commutative property:

$$g_1(t) \star g_2(t) = g_2(t) \star g_1(t)$$

Proof:

$$\begin{aligned} g_1(t) \star g_2(t) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_1(\tau) g_2(t - \tau) d\tau \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_2(t - \tau) g_1(\tau) d\tau \end{aligned}$$

Replace $t - \tau$ with λ . That is, $\tau = t - \lambda$. Hence

$$\begin{aligned} g_1(t) \star g_2(t) &= - \int_{+\infty}^{-\infty} g_2(\lambda) g_1(t - \lambda) d\lambda \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_2(\lambda) g_1(t - \lambda) d\lambda \\ &= g_2(t) \star g_1(t) \end{aligned}$$

(b) The associative property:

$$g_1(t) \star [g_2(t) \star g_3(t)] = [g_1(t) \star g_2(t)] \star g_3(t)$$

Proof:

Let

$$\begin{aligned} x(t) &= g_2(t) \star g_3(t) \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_2(\tau) g_3(t - \tau) d\tau \end{aligned}$$

Hence

$$\begin{aligned} I(t) &= g_1(t) \star \underbrace{[g_2(t) \star g_3(t)]}_{x(t)} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_1(\lambda) x(t - \lambda) d\lambda \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_1(\lambda) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_2(\tau) g_3(t - \tau - \lambda) d\tau d\lambda \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

Replace $\tau + \lambda$ with μ ; that is, $\tau = \mu - \lambda$. Hence, keeping λ fixed, we may write

$$I(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_1(\lambda) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_2(\mu - \lambda) g_3(t - \mu) d\mu d\lambda \quad (2)$$

With μ fixed, the integral $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_1(\lambda) g_2(\mu - \lambda) d\lambda$ is recognized as the convolution of $g_1(\mu)$ and $g_2(\mu)$, as shown by

$$g_{12}(\mu) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_1(\lambda) g_2(\mu - \lambda) d\lambda = g_1(\mu) \star g_2(\mu)$$

We may therefore rewrite Eq. (1) as

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Problem 2.7 continued

$$I(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_{12}(\mu)g_3(t-\mu)d\mu = g_{12}(t) \star g_3(t) = [g_1(t) \star g_2(t)] \star g_3(t)$$

(c) The distributive property:

$$g_1(t) \star [g_2(t) + g_3(t)] = g_1(t) \star g_2(t) + g_1(t) \star g_3(t)$$

Proof:

$$\begin{aligned} g_1(t) \star [g_2(t) + g_3(t)] &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_1(\tau)[g_2(t-\tau) + g_3(t-\tau)]d\tau \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_1(\tau)g_2(t-\tau)d\tau + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g_1(\tau)g_3(t-\tau)d\tau \\ &= g_1(t) \star g_2(t) + g_1(t) \star g_3(t) \end{aligned}$$