## Problem 7.17

- (a) Examining the continuous phase FSK waveform plotted in Fig. 7.1(c), we observe the following two points (assuming that time t is measured in seconds):
  - (i) The carrier for symbol 00 occupies 3 complete cycles. Therefore,

$$f_2 = \frac{1}{(2 \ \text{seconds})/(3 \ \text{cycles})} = 1.5 \ \text{Hz}$$
 (ii) The carrier for symbol 11 occupies 5 complete cycles. Therefore,

$$f_1 = \frac{1}{(2 \text{ seconds})/(5 \text{ cycles})} = 2.5 \text{ Hz}$$

Hence, the frequency excursion is

$$\delta f = f_1 - f_2$$
  
= 2.5 - 1.5 = 1 Hz

(b) The frequency parameter  $f_0$  is defined by (see Eq. (7.34))

$$f_0 = \frac{1}{4T_b}$$
$$= \frac{1}{4 \times 1 \ \mu s} = 0.25 \ \text{MHz}$$